

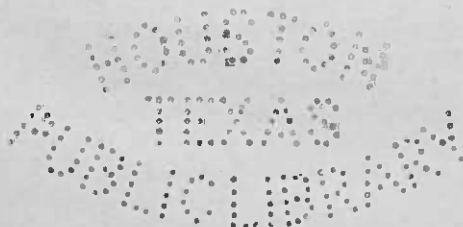
REVISED EDITION
OF
THE NAME AND FAMILY OF FAIRCHILD

Gen.

Thomas March
COMPILED BY
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OF
IOWA CITY, IOWA

ASSISTED BY
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THE NAME AND FAMILY OF FAIRCHILD

PART ONE

CHAPTER I

The name of Fairchild was derived from the Scotch name of Fairbairn. The name of the first wife of Thomas Fairchild, one of the founders of Stratford, Connecticut, has been referred to by writers as Emma, Sarah, and as Faith. Evidently it was Emma Seabrook.

In Dr. James Sullivan's History of New York State is a biographical sketch of Eli Wheeler Fairchild from which the following excerpts are taken with regard to the name of Fairchild:

"The name of Fairchild is of ancient origin believed to have originated in Scotland as 'Fairbairn' and to have received its present form in England where child means 'bairn'. The family has been identified with the development of the New England states and the newer sections of the country, including among its notable members, a Governor of Wisconsin.

"The American progenitor was Thomas Fairchild, who probably arrived in Stratford, Connecticut, about 1638, with his brother-in-law, Thomas Sherwood. A prominent citizen, Thomas Fairchild was elected deputy of the General Court in 1654 and in 1664: was four times nominated for Assistant Governor, and served on various committees. He was a merchant and owned a home on what is now Elm Street, Bridgeport. He married (first) Emma Seabrook, daughter of Robert Seabrook in England."

(Note: In William Howard Wilcoxson's History of Stratford, Connecticut, the lot on which Thomas Fairchild established his home is shown on a plat as Number 16.)

In a genealogical sketch of the Springer family in America written about 1903, is the following reference to the Fairchild family and Ruth Fairchild, sister of the writer's great grandfather:

"Daniel Springer, born Sept. 1763, in Albany County, N. Y., died June 15, 1826, married Ruth Fairchild, a woman of fine intelligence, great energy and courage. The Fairchilds were early settlers in America. Fairchild is an Old Barnstable (England) name and is still represented in that neighborhood. The Mayors of this old English town in 1678, 1718 and 1725 bore that name."

A. W. Dellques, in his work entitled "These Names of Ours" writes with reference to the name of Fairchild as follows:

"The name Fairbairn is usually an early personal name, meaning 'The fair child' although it may sometimes be in the altered form of Fairburn (fair brook), or of Fairban (fair hill). Fairbairn is equivalent in meaning to the name of Fairchild which is the usual English form of the Scottish Fairbairn."

The following paragraphs with reference to the Fairchild family are taken from the Media Research Bureau Manuscript relative to the name of Fairchild:

"The name of Fairchild is believed to have been derived from the nickname 'The fair child', being used in France in the form of Beau-sitz. It is found in ancient English records in the various spelling Fayrechylde, Fayrchilde, Fairchylde, Farechilde, Fayrchild, Fairchilde, Fairechilde, Farechild, Farchilde, and Fairchild, of which the last is most generally used in America today.

"Families bearing this name were to be found at early dates in the English Counties of Oxford, Cambridge, Norwich, Somerset and London. It appears that these families were, for the most part, of the landed gentry and yeomanry of the British Isles.

"Among the earliest records of the name in England are those of Margaret Fairechilde of the latter twelfth century: Robert Fairechilde, of the time of King Henry the Third, about 1250: Adam Fayrchild, of Oxfordshire in 1273: Ralph Fayrchild, of Cambridgeshire, about the same time: John Fairchild, of Somersetshire, about the beginning of the reign of King Edward, the Third, in 1327: and John Fairchild, bailiff of Norwich in 1354.

"It is generally believed that most, if not all, of the American Fairechilts trace their descent from Thomas Fairchild, who came from England to America about the year 1639 and settled in Stratford, Connecticut. By his first wife, Sarah Seabrook, he had issue of Samuel, Faith or Sarah (perhaps both), John, (died young), Thomas, Dinah, Zachariah and Emma."

The history of Stratford, Connecticut, 1639-1939, by William Howard Wilcoxson, contains many references to the Fairchild family and recites how a little band of Englishmen, together with their minister, the Reverend Adam Blakeman, settled in the primitive wilderness and laid out and founded Stratford in 1639. He writes that this spot had probably first been visited or seen by white men about two years before but the first settlement was in the spring of 1639 when this little band of pioneers settled there and laid out their home lots and soon after erected a palisade as a protection against attacks by Indians, and built their first meeting house.

This history by Mr. Wilcoxson contains short biographical sketches of many of those early settlers and founders of Stratford, among which is the name of his own American ancestor, William Wilcoxson, who came to America in 1635, and afterwards settled in Stratford. As time went on many of the descendants of those early settlers intermarried and thus the lines of descent of many old families in America today trace back to common ancestors.

On page 63 of his history Mr. Wilcoxson writes as follows:

"If we could, perchance, transport ourselves into the past and there for a brief hour, breathe over again the atmosphere of that first decade of town life; catch some occasional glimpses of the Blakemans, Beardsleys, Booths, Curtiss, Fairchilds, Hawleys, Hurds, Nichols, Judsons, Wilcoxsons and other adventurers who chose this spot of earth for a home, as they go about their daily tasks, providing the new common fields for the pasturing of the cattle, or the planting of the corn, etc."

Many other names are mentioned by Mr. Wilcoxson in various parts of his history among which will be found the names which are borne by many we meet in the present time, thus indicating, to some extent at least, their lines of descent.

Of Thomas Fairchild, he writes as follows:

"Thomas Fairchild, Sr., a native of England was among those who first settled in Stratford in 1639, but was not, as stated by Dr. Trumbull, Hollister and Barber, the first magistrate of the town. The family is one of long standing in England, the coat-of-arms indicating that the members of it were in the Crusades from A. D. 1096 to A. D. 1400. The name is said to have been Fairbairn in Scotland from whence the name passed into England. The date of Mr. Fairchild's first coming to America is not known. His name is not found elsewhere in Massachusetts or Connecticut, except in Stratford, where is recorded the birth of his son Samuel, born August 31, 1640. He was probably the first white child born in the town. Mr. Fairchild was among the most prominent and respected men in Stratford and in one record is called 'Merchant'. He was appointed by the General Court in 1654, with Thomas Sherwood and the Constables of Stratford, 'to press men and necessaries' from the town for the then proclaimed Narragansett War and in 1657 the Court appointed 'Goodman Groves and Goodman Fairchild leather-sealers for Fairfield'. He was deputy of the General Court from Stratford in April 1646; Sept. 1654; May 1655; Oct. 1655; May 1659; Oct. 1659; May 1660; Oct. 1664; and Oct. 1665. He was nominated for Assistant Governor in 1663, and the same for three successive years thereafter, but was not elected. In 1664 he was appointed a Commissioner, an office similar to justice of the peace in more modern times, and was reappointed afterwards several times.

"Mr. Fairchild's first wife was a daughter of Robert Seabrook and therefore a sister of the wives of Thomas Sherwood, an early

settler in Stratford; William Preston, of New Haven, and Lieutenant Thomas Wheeler of Milford. In what year Mrs. Fairchild died is not known, but Mr. Fairchild's last child by his first wife was born in 1653, and he married, second, Katherine Cragg of London, England, a relative of Mrs. Elizabeth Whiting of Hartford. . . . He died December 14, 1670."

The manuscript with reference to the Fairchild family published by the Media Research Bureau of Washington, D. C., gives the name of the first wife of Thomas Fairchild as *Sarah Seabrook*, and in the biographical sketch of Eli Wheeler Fairchild, written by Dr. James Sullivan in his 'History of New York State', she is referred to as *Emma Seabrook*, and in the Orcutt History of Stratford and Bridgeport, Connecticut, she is referred to as "a sister of William Preston's wife." In Wilcoxson's History of Stratford she is referred to as "a daughter of Robert Seabrook" as is above set out, and on page 109 of his history Mr. Wilcoxson again writes as follows:

"Robert Seabrook seems to have been among the first settlers of Stratford and probably came with his son-in-laws, Thomas Sherwood and Thomas Fairchild in 1639. He was well advanced in years at his first coming. His daughter *Sarah*, who was the wife of Thomas Sherwood was 34 years of age in 1637. He was also the father of William Preston's wife of New Haven, and in his will gave his home lot in Stratford to his grandsons, Jehiel Preston of New Haven and Thomas Fairchild, Jr., of Stratford. He is also supposed to have been the father of Lieutenant Thomas Wheeler's wife."

Again, on page 71 of Mr. Wilcoxson's History of Stratford we find the following note by Mr. Wilcoxson:


"We find also that Robert Seabrook, another early settler here, was the father of *Alice*, wife of Thomas Sherwood, and another of his daughters was the wife of Thomas Fairchild, married, perhaps before they came to Stratford."

The following paragraph is taken from page 976 of the abridged Compendium of American Genealogy:

"FAIRCHILD, Thomas, (1610-1670) from England, a founder of Stratford, Connecticut, 1639, was first magistrate of the town; Deputy of the General Court of Connecticut 1646, served eleven sessions. Was appointed by the General Court to press men for the Narragansett Expedition; married *Faith*, daughter of Robert Seabrook; married 2nd., Catherine Cragg, a widow."

Thus it will be noticed that the first wife of Thomas Fairchild has been referred to in various genealogical sketches as *Sarah*, *Emma* and *Faith*, with not much evidence in addition to the

foregoing to justify any conclusion as to which one of the foregoing names was really her name. However, in view of the foregoing and in the light of the fact that she had a daughter named Sarah, who was probably named after her sister, Sarah Sherwood, and another daughter named Dinah, and, also, a daughter named Emma, I conclude that she probably named the daughter Emma after herself, as her name is recorded in the biographical sketch of Eli Wheeler Fairchild, above referred to, and for that reason she is referred to as *Emma* (Seabrook) Fairchild in the following pages of this work.



CHAPTER II

MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS

Mr. Wilcoxson in his History of Stratford makes many references to the members of the Fairchild family among other families who resided in Stratford about the time of the Revolutionary War, as well as at other periods, among which we find the description of the home lots on which the early settlers lived, including that of Thomas Fairchild on which he settled when Stratford was first laid out. We also find "An account of ye draught of ye lots voted to be drawn at the proprietors' meeting, Oct. 3, Monday, 1738", a century after the first settlement, and we find the following names among those who drew lots at that meeting when a division of the common property appears to have been made among the proprietors:

Heirs of Joseph Fairchild; James Fairchild; Heirs of Timothy Fairchild;

Heirs of Nathan Fairchild and Ensign Samuel Fairchild.

Mention is also made of Robert Fairchild, (1703-1793), Number 58 of the Orcutt genealogy herein set out, who was the Clerk of Stratford from 1759 to 1789. He was an attorney at law and Judge of Probate in Stratford for many years. He recorded many of the resolutions and public acts of the town during the Revolutionary period. Mention is also made of Daniel Fairchild, Number 93 of the Orcutt genealogy, as the moderator at some of the meetings of the citizens during the Revolutionary War, and of Charles O. Fairchild, Clerk of Stratford in 1848 and 1849. This is probably the same Charles Fairchild, born in 1798, son of John Fairchild, born in 1770, and his wife, Abigail (Patterson) Fairchild, and hence was a grandson of John Curtiss Fairchild, born 1746, Number 105 of the Orcutt genealogy.

The Daniel Fairchild above mentioned as moderator of some of the Stratford meetings, one of which was held July 29, 1779, probably was the same Daniel Fairchild (1719-1807), as Number 93 of the Orcutt genealogy. His son, Daniel Fairchild, Number 121 of the Orcutt genealogy, apparently moved from Stratford soon after his marriage in 1771. In the family of his father, Daniel Fairchild, the moderator of the Stratford meetings, Number 93 of the Orcutt genealogy, there were three daughters and

six sons, the names of the sons being Timothy Fairchild, Number 119 of the Orcutt genealogy; Lewis Fairchild, number 120 of the Orcutt genealogy; Daniel Fairchild, Number 121 of the Orcutt genealogy; Nehemiah Fairchild, number 122 of the Orcutt genealogy; Benjamin Fairchild, Number 125 of the Orcutt genealogy; and Abel Fairchild, Number 126 of the Orcutt genealogy.

At least three of these sons, Daniel, Benjamin, and Abel moved to Chenango County, New York. Daniel Fairchild first moving to Dover, N. Y., and from there to Chenango County, N. Y.

Perhaps some of these sons of Daniel Fairchild, Number 93 of the Orcutt genealogy, and moderator of the Stratford meetings during the Revolution, were connected with Eliza Fairchild and Mercy Fairchild, mentioned in the following paragraph:

The earliest record in Dutchess County, N. Y., of land transfers with reference to the Fairchild family is recorded on page 285, Liber 53 of Deeds in which Eliza Fairchild and Mercy Fairchild, County of Chenango, N. Y., are mentioned among the grantees in an indenture dated November 25, 1853.

Three of the sons of Daniel Fairchild, Number 93 of the Orcutt genealogy, viz., Benjamin Fairchild, Abel Fairchild and Lewis Fairchild, enlisted in the Revolutionary War, according to the list of Stratford men in the Revolution recorded in Wilcoxson's History of Stratford.

There is a record in the Ontario Land Records of two petitions having been received by the Land Board of Upper Canada (Ontario) at York (now Toronto) June 27, 1789: One was filed by Henry Fairchild praying for land as a settler. The petitioner to be twelve months in the Province before he applies for land.

The other was by "Daniel Fairchild praying for land as a Subaltern who served in the last American War and has brought his family into the province. Ordered 200 acres under the new regulations. Public Records and Archives of Ontario."

No further information regarding either of these men was found.

The United States census of 1790, the first census taken by the United States after the Revolution, records a Daniel Fairchild as the head of a family in Stratford, Connecticut. This doubtless was the Daniel Fairchild (1718-1807), Number 93 of the Orcutt genealogy and the moderator of the Stratford meetings during the Revolutionary War as recorded by Mr. Wilcoxson in his History of Stratford. Another Daniel Fairchild, the son of Moses Fairchild is reported in the 1790 census as being the head

of a family at Sheffield, Berkshire County, Massachusetts, and still another Daniel Fairchild is reported by this census as being the head of a family at Shelburne, Chittenden County, Vermont.

There appears to be no question but that the Daniel Fairchild reported in the 1790 census as being the head of a family at Sheffield, Berkshire County, Massachusetts, was the son of Moses Fairchild, 1st, born in 1721 and Number 54 of the Orcutt genealogy, who was the ancestor of Henry Martin Fairchild of Milbrook, N. Y., hereinafter referred to, and ancestor of Grandison Fairchild, James Harris Fairchild, of Oberlin College, Edward Henry Fairchild of Berea College and George Thompson Fairchild of the Kansas State College, all of whom are hereinafter referred to in Chapters XI and XII of this work.

However, the Daniel Fairchild (1763-1838) Number 110½ of the Orcutt genealogy, who is recorded by the U. S. census of 1790 as being the head of a family at Shelburne, Chittenden County, Vermont, doubtless was Stephen Fairchild's son, Number 46 of the Orcutt genealogy, and who was one of the early settlers in Fairfield, Vermont. This Stephen Fairchild was a brother of Benjamin Fairchild, Sr., Number 44 of the Orcutt genealogy, and was also a brother of Samuel Fairchild, 3rd, Number 40 of the Orcutt genealogy, who resided at Queensbury, N. Y., near Ft. Edward in Washington County when the 1790 census was taken. Benjamin Fairchild, Sr., and his aged wife Melissa and their adult children moved to Ontario in 1792, or soon after the 1790 census was taken. The Canadian Records and Archives record that they moved into Canada in 1792.

The eldest son of this Benjamin Fairchild, Sr., viz., the Reverend Peter Fairchild was reported in the 1790 census as being the head of a family near Queensbury, N. Y., and the Records of Canada record that he moved into Ontario in 1792. His sixth child, Sarah Fairchild, was born March 26, 1794, in the pioneer cabin a short distance from where Brantford now is, she was the first white child born in the county, probably Norfolk County, although the pioneer cabin in which she was born must have been very near the Brant County line when it was later surveyed. See Pioneer Sketches of the Long Point Settlement by E. A. Owen, Chapter XXII of this work. Her father, the Reverend Peter Fairchild was one of the founders and first pastor of "The Old Boston Baptist Church" near Brantford, Ontario, probably the first church built by white men in the Province of Ontario.

Another brother of Stephen Fairchild, Samuel Fairchild, 3rd, and Benjamin Fairchild, Sr., was Oliver Fairchild, the father

of Jesse Fairchild, who is shown by the New York, Colonial Records XXXI, page 35, March 10, 1772, to have petitioned for a license to purchase a tract of land from the Indians on the West Side of Lake Champlain and directly across the lake from Chittenden County, Vermont, where his first cousin, Daniel Fairchild, Number 110½ of the Orcutt genealogy, was the head of a family according to the 1790 census of the United States, and very likely was the same Daniel Fairchild who joined with his cousins Benjamin Fairchild, Isaac Fairchild, Peter Fairchild and Mordecia Sayles in petitioning for land in Ontario in 1798.

The claim shown by the N. Y. Colonial Records, filed by Samuel Fairchild, 3rd, September 17, 1787, for 600 acres adjoining the southwest corner of Queensbury, N. Y., "in virtue of possession"—Vol. XLV, page 181—the affidavit signed by this same Samuel Fairchild, 3rd, and his brother Benjamin Fairchild, Sr., before Adrel Sherwood, July 14, 1787, at Argyle, near Ft. Edward, in Washington County, N. Y.—the census of 1790—the petition of Jesse Fairchild, son of Oliver Fairchild, their brother, for a license to purchase land from the Indians on the West Side of Lake Champlain in 1772—the early settling of Stephen Fairchild in Fairfield, Vermont—the census record of Daniel Fairchild, son of this Stephen Fairchild, being the head of a family residing at Shelburne, Chittenden County, Vermont, all indicate that the descendants of Samuel Fairchild, 2nd, Number 13 of the Orcutt genealogy were moving northward to the newer sections of New York and Vermont about the time of the Revolutionary War, and without doubt some of them afterwards moved into Ontario as is shown by the Canadian Land Records.

This relationship and this general movement by the members of this family group towards the newer portions of the country including Canada, suggests to the writer that perhaps this Daniel Fairchild who received the land grant of 200 acres from the Canadian Land Board June 27, 1798, as hereinbefore noted, may have been the same Daniel Fairchild shown by the census of 1790 to have been the head of a family at Shelburne, Vermont, and that he afterwards, probably about 1792, with the other members of the Fairchild family, moved into Ontario and took his family with him as is recorded in the petition filed with the Land Board, although the Orcutt genealogy at Number 110½ states that Daniel Fairchild, the son of Stephen Fairchild, married, first Eleanor Wheeler, daughter of Joseph Wheeler of Vermont, and second, her sister Eunice Wheeler, and that he was the father of eight children, whose names are all set out in

the Orcutt genealogy, among which is that of the Reverend John Fairchild, born August 21, 1804, Number 155 of the Orcutt genealogy, who was educated in Vermont, a Presbyterian minister, and who had been in the ministry for 50 years and had two daughters and five sons living near Marinette, Wisconsin, in 1884. This would seem to indicate that there must be a record of this Daniel Fairchild's children in Vermont, and if he is the same man who obtained the 200 acres of land from the Ontario Government in 1798, he must have moved to Ontario soon after the census of 1790 was taken and again moved back to Vermont sometime before his son, John Fairchild, finished his education because he was educated in Vermont. See Number 155 of the Orcutt genealogy.

Another thought suggested to the writer by the above record is that the *Azor* Fairchild, reported by the United States census of 1790, for New York, as the head of a family at Queensbury, was perhaps *Agur* Fairchild, the son of Stephen Fairchild, and this Daniel Fairchild's brother, and that his name has been misread because of imperfect writing on the part of the census taker. Apparently no other *Agur* Fairchild is reported anywhere else in the States by the census of 1790, and Stephen Fairchild had a son named *Agur* Fairchild. One can easily understand how an imperfect "g" and "o" would result in spelling the name as it is written.

Mr. Wilcoxson records the occasion of Zachariah Fairchild and Daniel Brinsmead having been chosen Constables of Stratford in 1693, and when they refused to act as constables "they were fined 20 shillings according to law." He also states that Stratford at the time of the Revolution was the largest town in Fairfield County, Connecticut, with a population of 5555 persons, and that at some of the town meetings held in Stratford in 1774, Daniel Fairchild acted as moderator and Robert Fairchild was clerk, and that the people voted to appoint a committee "to observe ye conduct of all persons relative to said association and proceed thereon according to ye advice therein given." This was at a time when there was considerable feeling abroad regarding the alleged conduct of some of its citizens with reference to the Revolution.

In the War of 1812-14 there were Stratford men who enlisted of all ages from 17 to 50 years and in the list of names given by Mr. Wilcoxson are the following by the name of Fairchild:

Corporal John Fairchild, Musc. Lewis Fairchild, Drummer Robert Fairchild, and Aaron Fairchild who was 36 years old when he enlisted in 1814, and doubtless was the same man as Number 165 of the Orcutt genealogy, born in 1778: Private Benjamin Fairchild and Private Curtis Fairchild also enlisted.

Of Stratford men who served in the Civil War he mentions Douglas Fairchild, John C. Fairchild and Lewis H. Fairchild. He also sets out a picture of the home of Squire Robert Fairchild, (1703-1793), Number 58 of the Orcutt genealogy, the town clerk during the Revolutionary War, and writes with reference to him and his home as follows:

"Attached to the northwest corner (of the house) was his little old law office where much of the town's business was transacted and where the ballots are said to have been cast at many a town election, for Squire Fairchild was one of the remarkable men of Stratford. He was born in 1703 and died in 1793. Here he practiced law for many years, being the first Judge of Probate of the Stratford district when it was created in 1782, and was Town Clerk from 1759 until 1789. That he was a firm patriot during the Revolution is evident from many of the resolutions appearing upon the Town Records, many of which were in all probability the work of his pen, and if so, they show the energy, decision and earnestness with which he labored and used his pen during the great conflict, altho he was then past the age of 'three score and ten'."

In a long list of Stratford men in the Revolution, Mr. Wilcoxson names the following by the name of Fairchild:

Benjamin Fairchild. Probably one of the Benjamin Fairchilds mentioned in the Orcutt genealogy under Number 115 or 123.

Abel Fairchild, very likely the same man as Number 126 of the Orcutt genealogy.

John Curtiss Fairchild, Number 103 of the Orcutt genealogy, and without doubt the same man who climbed the tavern pole to assist in waving the National Ensign when George Washington visited the town June 28, 1775, as hereinafter set out.

Joseph Fairchild, probably Number 102, or 110 of the Orcutt genealogy;

Lewis Fairchild, probably Number 120 of the Orcutt genealogy;

Lieutenant Philip Fairchild, Number 113 of the Orcutt genealogy;

Captain Robert Fairchild. He was a silversmith and moved to New Haven in 1769. He was not the same man as Robert Fairchild, the Town Clerk, Attorney at Law and Judge of Probate;

William Fairchild.

On page 548 of the Wilcoxson history is the following reference to the visit of George Washington to the town of Stratford, June 28, 1775:

"The late Mr. Thomas B. Fairchild, (Number 190 of the Orcutt genealogy) often related the story that on that occasion the town had no 'liberty pole' and that his grandfather, Benjamin Fairchild, then a very young man, climbed the tavern pole and rove balyards with which to hoist the National Ensign, in honor of the distinguished visitor."

Evidently some error has been made in the name of the grandfather of Thomas B. Fairchild in the above paragraph because his grandfather's name was John Curtiss Fairchild, Number 103 of the Orcutt genealogy.

It is stated in the biographical sketch of Timothy Marsh Fairchild, grandfather of the compiler of this work, (1799-1884), printed in the Brantford Expositor of Brantford, Ontario, April 10, 1884, that his father, Isaac Fairchild and Isaac's brother Benjamin Fairchild, Jr., the Indian captive and Indian interpreter, were born in Dutchess County, N. Y., and with the view of obtaining additional information regarding the family of Benjamin Fairchild, Sr., the Loyalist, a search of the various records of Dutchess County, N. Y., was made without obtaining any information regarding Benjamin Fairchild, Sr., Number 44 of the Orcutt genealogy and ancestor of most of the Canadian Fairchilds.

However, such information as was obtained is set out here with the belief that it may prove of value at some time in connecting up some of the lines of descent:

The earliest record of transfer or sale of real property with regard to the Fairchild family is in the record and archives of the Clerk's office of Dutchess County wherein is recorded on page 285, Liber of Deeds, a transfer in which Eliza Fairchild and Mercy Fairchild, County of Chenango, State of New York, are mentioned as among the grantees in a deed dated November 25, 1833.

Apparently there is some connection between the grantees in this deed and the sons of Daniel Fairchild, Number 93 of the Orcutt genealogy and who was the moderator at the Stratford meetings above referred to, and three of whose sons moved to Chenango County, N. Y., as hereinbefore stated; viz., Abel Fairchild, Benjamin Fairchild and Lewis Fairchild.

In the Enrollment Book, containing the names of persons liable for military duty in the New York State militia as required according to Section 2, Chapter 425, Laws of 1863 the following by the name of Fairchild were enrolled:

Joseph Fairchild, residing at Wappingers Falls, age 26, 1st, Class.
Henry G. Fairchild, residing at Fishkill Plains, age 38, 2nd, Class.

DUTCHESS COUNTY SURROGATE COURT RECORDS

Fairchild, Aaron K. Died September 29, 1849. Lived at time of death in Town of Hyde Park.

Widow: Sarah M. Fairchild.

Children: Mary J. Fairchild.

Lucy A. Fairchild.

Sarah E. Fairchild.

File Box Number 1990 — Surrogate's Records.

Fairchild, Henry. Died May 13, 1876. Lived at time of death in city of Poughkeepsie.

Widow: Nancy Fairchild.

Children: Hellen T. Fairchild.

Ada A. Adams, wife of George S. Adams.

Belle V. Fairchild.

Mella D. Ainsley, wife of David A. Ainsley.

File Box Number 8639 — Surrogate's Records.

Fairchild, Ida Jane. Died May 5, 1926. Lived at time of death: 29 Washington Street, Beacon, New York.

Children: Charles W. Fairchild, Philadelphia, Pa.

Leila M. Fairchild, 120 Autumn Court, Passaic, N. J.

Edith L. Heaney, 29 Washington Street, Beacon, N. Y.

File Box Number 29651 — Surrogate's Records.

In the Office of Secretary of State, Albany, New York, are found the following records relative to the Fairchild family:

In the Record of Marriage Bonds are the following:

March 24, 1760 — Fairchild, Reuben and Mary Wells. Volume 3, Page 91.

December 22, 1778 — Fairchild, Thomas and Elizabeth Vandewater, Volume 26, Page 91.

August 1, 1781 — Fairchild, Anne and Jacob Simmons. Volume 33, Page 26.

In the New York Colonial Manuscript Land Papers are the following:

"March 10, 1772. Petition of Jesse Fairchild and associates for a license to purchase of the Indians a tract of land on the west side of Lake Champlain. Volume XXXI, Page 35."

"September 17, 1787. Claim of John Van Dusen, Samuel Fairchild, Daniel Mills, Philip Lint and Elisha Ily for 600 acres of land adjoining the southwest corner of Queensbury (N. Y.) in virtue of possession." Volume XLV, Page 181. (This Samuel Fairchild was a brother of Benjamin Fairchild, Sr., of Ontario.)

The following excerpt is from the Proceedings of the Loyalist Commission, Montreal, Canada, 1787-8. Volume XII. Before Commissioner Dundas:

"Montreal, 9th January, 1788, 293. Evidence on the claim of Joseph Jessup, late of Albany County, New York Province.

"Produces the affidavit of Benjamin Fairchild and Samuel Fairchild before Adrel Sherwood, at Argyll, near Ft. Edward, 14th July, 1787, to Claimant being in possession of stock and furniture, L 73.18 Y Cury, with Grain, etc., etc., and that the above were taken for the use of the Public by order of a Committee. Witness Major Jessup sworn. . . . Knows Benjamin and Samuel Fairchild. They are men of veracity." See Chapter XVI for a further account of this record.

In the Public Records and Archives of Ontario at Ottawa the petition of Peter Fairchild, son of the Benjamin Fairchild above, and who is reported by the U. S. census of 1790, as being the head of a family at Queensbury, Washington County, N. Y., states that "Peter Fairchild was born in the Province of New York, joined the Royal Army under General Burgoyne in 1777 and remained till the capitulation when he returned to his father's house which was at that time within the British lines." See Canadian records in Chapter XXI hereinafter set out for further information relative to this family. Also see Chapter XV for data regarding Nathaniel Fairchild, one of the earliest settlers of Middlesex County, Ontario, and Chapter XV for information regarding Eleazer Fairchild, whose daughter Anna Fairchild married a man named Tryon, probably a relative of Governor Tryon of the Province of New York. See further as to Eleazer Fairchild in Chapters XV and XXI.

Sarah Ellen (Fairchild) Filter, wife of First Lieutenant Chester Filter, B.S.C.E., of the United States Army, gathered the following items from the libraries of Iowa City and Dubuque, Iowa:

From a book entitled, "New York in the Revolution as Colony and State." These records were discovered, arranged and classified in 1895-6-7-8 by James A. Roherts, Controller:

Abner Fairchild, page 32, The line — Second Regiment.

Amos Fairchild, page 145, Dutchess County Militia, Sixth Regiment.

James Fairchild, page 208, Westchester County Militia, Second Regiment.

Jesse Fairchild, page 21, The line — First Regiment.

Page 42, The line — Third Regiment.

Page 248, Dutchess County Militia—Land and Bounty rights, Sixth Regiment.

Matthew Fairchild, page 120, Albany County Militia, Twelfth Regiment.

Nathaniel Fairchild, page 155, Dutchess County Militia, Regiment of minute men.

Oliver Fairchild, page 145, Dutchess County Militia, Sixth Regiment.

Stephen Fairchild, page 112, Albany County Militia, Sixth Regiment.

Page 253, Orange County Militia, First Regiment.
Land and Bounty rights.

Ephriam Fairchild, page 32, The line — Second Regiment.

In Volume 14 page 234 of the New England Historical and Genealogical Register of 1847 to date, it is written that Oliver Fairchild was born in 1724 in Connecticut. (Also see Number 45 of the Orcutt genealogy) and that Jesse Farchild, his son, was born in Sharon, Connecticut, and died in Cambridge, N. Y. Both served in the Sixth Dutchess County Militia during the Revolution.

Also in Volume 30, page 317 of the above, Stephen Fairchild of Vermont, born 1725, (see Number 46 of the Orcutt genealogy) married Lavina Beardsley, was born in Connecticut. (In the Orcutt genealogy it is stated he married Eunice The Beardsley family members were early settlers in Stratford.)

In Volume 54, page 456, of the New England Historical and Genealogical Register of 1847 to date, the following notice was found among the book notices:

BOOK NOTICES

"Ontario Historical Society — Papers and Records. Volume H. The United Empire Loyalists Settlement at Long Point, Lake Erie, by L. H. Tasker, M.A., Toronto, William Briggs, 1900 L. 8v. page 128.

"After introductory chapters rehearsing the hardships in general endured by the Loyalists for their fidelity to their convictions, there is a full and very interesting account of that particular Loyalist body designated in the title of the above paper. The family of each settler is treated in a manner more or less serviceable to the genealogist and for that reason we copy a list of the names: Anderson; Austin; Berdan; Buchner; Bowlby; Brown; Culver; Cope; Davis; Dedrick; Daugharty; Freeman; Finch; Foster; Fairchild; Green; Gilbert; Glover; Hayinland; Hozen; Hutchinson; Johnson; Moby; Munro; Montross; Millard; Matthews; McCall; McMichael; Powell; Ryerse; Smith; Sprugin; Secord; Shaw; Tisdale; Teeple; Welch; Williams; Wycoff; Wilson.

See excerpts from the work of L. H. Tasker, M.A., and also see excerpts from E. A. Owen's Pioneer Sketches of the Long Point Settlement in Chapter XXII of this work.

Regarding the hardships endured by the Loyalists for their fidelity to their convictions, see quotation from Lossings Field

Book of the American Revolution in the first part of Chapter XV of this work. Also see the historical novel based upon the Loyalists viewpoint of the American Revolution, entitled, *Oliver Wiswell*, by Kenneth Roberts, published in 1940, the preface of which and the list of the histories consulted by the writer of this novel are set out in the first part of Chapter XV of this genealogy.

The following information and miscellaneous biographical sketches are mostly with reference to members of the Fairchild family of whom I have been unable to obtain their complete lines of descent. The data herein set out were obtained from correspondence and culled from various publications found on the shelves of libraries, such as the *National Encyclopedia of American Biography*, *Who's Who in Government*, *Education*, *Engineering*, etc., *Compendium of American Genealogy*, *First Families in America*, *Dictionary of American Biography*, *The Abridged Compendium of American Genealogy*, and like publications.

FAIRCHILD, LEWIS BENJAMIN, Lawyer and Congressman in the 54th Congress from the 16th New York District, 1895-97, and in the 65th, 67th, and 68th Congress from the 24th District of New York, was born in Sweden, Monroe County, New York, January 5, 1863, son of Benjamin and Calista (Schaeffer) Fairchild, educated in the public school of D. C., graduated from the Law Department of Columbian University, L.L.B., 1883; L.L.M., 1885: married in New York City in 1893 to Anna E. Crumbie. Their children were, Franklin Crumbie Fairchild, born in 1895, who lost his life in the European War. His first wife died November 24, 1902, and he married second in Washington, D. C., April 21, 1922, Elinor Gardiner Parsons. He was a draughtsman in the U. S. Patent Office at the age of 14, later was clerk in the U. S. Treasury Department, 1879-1885: afterwards practiced law in New York City.

Attention is also called to the fact that Charles Stebbins Fairchild was Secretary of the Treasury in President Cleveland's cabinet.

FAIRCHILD, THOMAS, (1667-1729), Gardner, born probably in 1667, established himself about 1690 as a nurseryman and florist at Hoxton in the Parish of St. Leonard, Shorditch, where he carried on a prosperous trade and was one of the leading cultivators of a vineyard in England. His gardens are said to have

extended from the west end of Ivy Lane to the New North Road; and were known as "The City Gardens" and "were greatly resorted to as well for the delectable fruits as for the curious plants therein contained." Richard Bradley, F.R.S., frequently speaks of him in the highest terms. In one passage (*Philosophical Account of the Works of Nature*, 1721) he mentions "that curious garden of Mr. Thomas Fairchild at Hoxton where I find the greatest collection of fruits I have ever yet seen" and adds that no one in Europe excels him in the choice of curiosities, and continues to tell about the different kinds of plants he had. He corresponded with Linnaeus and it may fairly be claimed for him that he was one of those who prepared the way for the theory of evolution; he helped by his experiments materially to establish the existence of sex in plants, and he was the first person in this country or any other who succeeded. He died October 10, 1729. In accordance with his direction he was buried "in some corner of the farthest church belonging to the Parish of St. Leonard, Shoreditch, where the poor people are usually buried." On his monument which has been more than once renewed, he is said to have died in the 63rd year of his age. In his will he bequeathed 30 L. to his daughter-in-law, Mary Price, the wife of James Price. No mention is made of his wife or child in the will. He left the bulk of his property to his nephew, John Bacon of Hoxton, who was a member of the Society of Gardeners and died on February 20, 1737, age 25 years.

FAIRCHILD, JESSE, (1753-1813), son of Oliver Fairchild (1724-....), Number 45 of the Orentt genealogy, who married Zerviah Doty in 1783, had nine children and doubtless was the same Jesse Fairchild who petitioned, with his associates, for a license to purchase land from the Indians on the West Side of Lake Champlain, March 10, 1772, as recorded in the Colonial Land Manuscript Papers, Volume XXXI, Page 35, of New York.

There was another Jesse Fairchild, who at a later date married Belle Morenus. They were the parents of George Winthrop Fairchild, and Jennie Fairchild of Oneonta, N. Y., and the grandparents of Sherman Mills Fairchild of aviation.

The United States Census of 1790 records only two men who were the heads of families by the name of Jesse Fairchild in the States at that time. Both of these men were living in Vermont at the time the census was taken, and judging from the fact that George Winthrop Fairchild was born at Oneonta, New York, May 6, 1854, it becomes quite evident that neither of these men was the father of George Winthrop Fairchild.

The two paragraphs following with reference to George Winthrop Fairchild and his son, Sherman Mills Fairchild, of the Fairchild Engine and Airplane Corporation and of the Fairchild Aviation Corporation, were culled from biographical sketches found on the shelves of the Library of the Iowa State University:

"FAIRCHILD, GEORGE WINTHROP, Financier and Congressman, was born at Oneonta, N. Y., May 6, 1854, and died Dec. 31, 1924, son of Jesse and Belle (Morenus) Fairchild and a descendant of Thomas Fairchild, who came to this country from England in 1639, and settled in Stratford, Connecticut. The line traces through his son Samuel, (1639-1692) the first white child born in Stratford, and Samuel, Jr. His early education was secured in the public schools. At the age of 13 he left school to earn his own living. After devoting a year to the farm work he began his apprenticeship as a printer in 1868 and three years in an Oneonta newspaper office. He then entered the employ of a newspaper in N. Y., gaining experience. He then returned to Oneonta and worked on the 'Herald'. He secured an interest in the paper and in 1890 acquired complete ownership. He was possessor of the Oneonta Herald Publishing Company, and the paper was one of the most influential Republican papers of Otsego County. He is president of the International Times Record Company, most extensive manufacturer of records in the world; Director of several manufacturing and financial companies; elected Congressman from the 24th District in 1906, traveled extensively; married in New York City, February 18, 1891, to Josephine Mills Sherman and has one son, Sherman Mills Fairchild."

FAIRCHILD, SHERMAN MILLS, Manufacturer and engineer: born in Oneonta, N. Y., April 7, 1896, son of George Winthrop Fairchild and Josephine Mills (Sherman) Fairchild: University of Arizona, Harvard and Columbia University: formed and was president of Fairchild Aerial Camera Corporation; commercialized methods of making maps from aerial photographs; invented first automatic aerial camera, 1918. This camera adopted as standard, U. S. Air Service; Director International Bus. Mach. Corporation; President of Fairchild Aerial Camera Corporation; Published Multiple Lens Aerial Cameras in Mapping in 1933."

QUEENIE FAIRCHILD, the December, 1925, number of Review of Reviews, page 654, quoted a portion of an article printed in the Queen's Quarterly, published by the University of Kingston, Ontario, which had been written by Miss Queenie Fairchild. It was an exceptionally interesting and instructive article and was with reference to the part her great grandfather on her mother's side took in the Revolutionary War. The writer procured a copy of the Queen's Quarterly and read the entire article and also learned from the publisher that Miss Queenie Fairchild had died since the article was written. He was furnished the address of her sister to whom he wrote. The reply to that letter follows and from it the writer learned for the first time that

there was at least another family by the name of Fairchild in America that did not trace its descent from Thomas Fairchild, the Stratford pioneer.

"Tillery Convent
Bergerville, P. O. Quebec,
Canada.

December 20, 1925

"Dear Mr. Fairchild:

"I do not think we can claim the same descent as my grandfather came over from England and was born in Devonshire. My father was born in Quebec and was the author of several books on Canadian life besides being quite an authority on historical subjects. My sister also published a little book entitled, 'My French Canadian Neighbors.'

"I was much pleased to hear from you that my sister's article had been noticed by the 'Review of Reviews' and have secured a copy. Both my father and sister were intense lovers of everything connected with Quebec, both past and present, and on my mother's side we have French descent.

"Thanking you for drawing my attention to the article in the 'Review of Reviews', I am,

Yours sincerely,
Constance N. Fairchild."

W. RAY FAIRCHILD

In December, 1932, when corn was selling at the elevators in Northern Iowa at about 7 cents per bushel, a picture was printed in the Chicago Tribune of immense cribs of corn grown by W. Ray Fairchild, of Rembrant, Iowa, and on writing him a line congratulating him on his success as an Iowa corn grower, the following letter was received from him:

"Rembrant, Iowa,
December 9, 1932.

"Mr. T. M. Fairchild:

"I am rather anxious to know just who you are that would carry such a wonderful name as Fairchild. The Fairchilds around here came from Illinois, near Danville, where there is a large settlement of them. I am wondering where you came from and if we are any relation. . . ."

W. Ray Fairchild."

Closely connected with the above are the following clippings from Bloomington, Illinois papers sent the writer by a friend who formerly resided in Bloomington:

"Dr. Fairchild of Decatur Dies,
Was Leader Among Illinois Methodists."

"DR. W. D. FAIRCHILD, of Decatur, one of the leaders of the Methodist Episcopal Conference, died at 1:55 p.m. (May, 1938) at

his home after two months illness of heart disease. He was the father of Dr. R. W. Fairchild, president of Illinois State Normal University. The funeral will be held at 1:30 p.m., Wednesday at the First Methodist Episcopal Church of Decatur and burial will be at the Spring Hill cemetery in Danville.

"Educational Leader: Wilbur Daniel Fairchild was born 1866, north of Danville and married Miss Cerena M. Johnson in 1888. He was a graduate of DePauw University, Greencastle, Indiana, and at one time was assistant to the president there. Formerly engaged in educational work, he was principal of Bismarck, Potomac and Fairmount schools in Vermillion County and served on the Illinois Wesleyan University faculty in 1903. He was on the Wesleyan Board of Trustees.

"Decatur Superintendent: He has honorary D.D. degrees from Wesleyan and DePauw, and served as pastor of the Methodist Episcopal Churches at Murdock, Homer, Pana, Paxton and Clinton. At the time of his death he was superintendent of the Decatur District of the Methodist Episcopal Church, and he formerly served Danville and Hattoon Districts in a similar capacity. From 1924 to 1932 he was secretary for world service in the Methodist Chicago area. He is survived by his widow; two sons, Dr. Fairchild of Normal and Donald H. Fairchild, a mining engineer in Tucson, Arizona; and two grandsons, Ralph B. and Robert F. Fairchild, of Normal, Illinois."

The following was taken from a Bloomington, Illinois, paper under date of May, 1939:

"DR. RAYMOND W. FAIRCHILD, president of Illinois State Normal University is entitled to congratulations for the surprise honor which was bestowed on him by his alma mater, Northwestern University. Once each year, one of its sons is given an award 'in recognition of worthy achievements which has reflected credit upon Northwestern University and each of her alumni. But one such award is made annually among the thousands of graduates throughout the United States. The 1939 award therefore selects Dr. Fairchild from a very large and worthy company as an outstanding son of Northwestern whom the great University is delighted to thus honor. As a basis for the award were listed the many and various organizations and activities in which Dr. Fairchild serves with energy and distinction. Some of these are in the professional sphere, such as the chairman of the standards and survey committee of the American Association of Teachers' Colleges; the presidency of the largest teachers training college in the country; member of important committees in the Illinois Educational Association, and others. Mentioned also is his work for philanthropic groups, such as the Illinois council for juvenile delinquency, head of the local Community Chest work in the Y.M.C.A., in the civic affairs committee of the Association of Commerce, program committee of the Rotary Club. Religious work in several spheres composes another class of worth while activity in which Dr. Fairchild is well known, in the educational board of the Methodist Episcopal Church.

"This summary of the far flung humanitarian interest of Dr. Fairchild when brought to the attention of the Northwestern's com-

mittee of award, was heartily approved as marking him for the 1939 award.

"Northwestern University knows Dr. Fairchild as a man of eminence in these various fields of endeavor. Bloomington and Normal know him as a loyal citizen, a willing helper in every worthy cause, who upholds the ideals of culture and good will among all our people. One of the more recent examples of his helpfulness for community achievement was his assistance in promoting the great Central Illinois Art Exposition which proved such a source of inspiration for more than 40,000 people who viewed it.

"In felicitations on the occasion messages passed between the local gathering of Northwestern alumni and the Evanston campus gathering in which other special honors marked the climax of the career of the retiring president, Dr. Walter Dill Scott. In all, it was a red letter day for Northwestern's president and for Normal University president."

FAIRCHILD, OSCAR H., designing and constructing engineer, was born in Danville, Illinois, in 1872, son of Harrison and Sarah Fairchild, student in DePauw University two years and a student of engineering in University of Illinois three years. Married Mabel Bushnell of Danville, 1898. Their children are Merrill and Ivan.

Recently (1941) a Bloomington, Illinois, paper printed copies of paintings of desert scenes by Donald Hurlstone Fairchild, a brother of President R. W. Fairchild of the Illinois State Normal University, from which paper the following is quoted:

"A collection of paintings by Hurlstone Fairchild showing desert scenes in the west and southwest is on exhibit in the Milner art gallery until December 19. These were shipped here from the Anderson art gallery in Chicago. Mr. Fairchild is a brother of R. W. Fairchild of Illinois State Normal University. He went to Arizona in 1915 as a metallurgical and mining engineer and consultant to many corporations and individuals. He was graduated from the University of Illinois and the Missouri School of Mines (Rolla, Mo.). The tremendous attraction of the desert forced him to begin painting as a hobby. He was started by an old Lyme painter who told him he 'wouldn't show him how, but if he were an artist he would work it out for himself and if he were not he should stick to his engineering.' What he has accomplished has been due to his intimacy with and love for the great desert."

FAIRCHILD, DONALD HURLSTONE, was born in Danville, Illinois, January 30, 1893, son of Daniel and Serena M. (Johnson) Fairchild. He attended the University of Illinois, 1911-1914, and the School of Mines and Metallurgy, Rolla, Mo., 1915. He married in Denver, January 8, 1916, to Bertha Elizabeth Weber. He invented the "Fairchild Twin Discharge Ball Mill" used in

crushing and grinding ores in order to separate their mineral contents.

The Bloomington, Ill., paper of April 15, 1940, contained a notice of the selection of Forrest Fairchild, of Bloomington, as president of Rotarians as follows:

"FORREST FAIRCHILD, 614 East Walnut Street, was chosen president of the Bloomington Rotary Club, Monday noon at a meeting of the new board of Directors, elected by the club last week.

"Mr. Fairchild is classified as butter manufacturer in the membership roll of the Rotary Club, where each member is admitted as representative of a business or profession. He is manager of the Farmers' Creamery Co., 411 North Center Street. Mr. Fairchild has served as vice-president of the club during the last year. He will take over the presidency the first of July."

JOHN FAIRCHILD, or JONATHAN FAIRCHILD, of Luzerne County, Pennsylvania. In May, 1940, Milton J. Fairchild of Sigourney, Iowa, loaned the writer of this genealogy a copy of a printed genealogy of the branch of the Fairchild family from which he descended and which indicates that his branch descended from an immigrant in Connecticut who emigrated from England and settled in Connecticut, by the name of JOHN FAIRCHILD, and that his branch of the family did not descend from the original Thomas Fairchild, one of the founders and settlers of Stratford, Connecticut, in 1639. This genealogy was prepared by Eunice Fairchild Spear and was published under the direction of the Fairchild Family Association of which John M. Fairchild of Berwick, Pa., is president and Charles L. Fairchild of Nanticoke, Pa., is secretary. The work traces the descendants of the said John Fairchild down to the present generation and supplies the names and places of residence of most of the descendants of the said John Fairchild.

The writer of the present work calls attention to the fact that the time and place of the alleged immigration by this John Fairchild into Connecticut are not stated, and further calls attention to the fact that while the compiler of the genealogy of this Pennsylvania branch of the family alleges that this John Fairchild had four sons and perhaps one daughter and that they moved into Luzerne County, Pennsylvania, soon after the Revolutionary War, yet the first census of the United States taken in 1790, and seven years after the close of the war records only one head of a family in all of Pennsylvania by the name of Fairchild and that was Jonathan Fairchild in Luzerne County, Pa., who apparently had four free white males in his family under

16 years of age, and two females, one of which probably was his wife and the other probably was his daughter. For the above reasons it appears to the writer of this work that this family in Luzerne County, Pa., when the census was taken in 1790, must have been the descendants of the original Thomas Fairchild who settled in Stratford, Connecticut in 1639, and very probably this Jonathan Fairchild was the ancestor of the Fairchilds now in Luzerne County, Pa.

On the first page of this genealogy by Eunice Fairchild Spear is the following:

"The descendants of JOHN FAIRCHILD, who emigrated from England and settled in Connecticut. After the Wyoming Massacre, in 1778, they moved to Luzerne County, Pa. There were four brothers and one sister. (Apparently the same family reported by the 1790 census as the family of Jonathan Fairchild.)

- (1) ABRAM FAIRCHILD, who had three or four sons; two of whom were, MOSES FAIRCHILD and GEORGE FAIRCHILD. They moved from Newport, Luzerne County, to Ohio.
- (2) PETER FAIRCHILD, who had one son, WILLIAM FAIRCHILD.
- (3) JOHN FAIRCHILD, who had four daughters and four sons:

MARY FAIRCHILD	SOLOMON FAIRCHILD
JANE FAIRCHILD	JOHN FAIRCHILD
RACHAEL FAIRCHILD	JACOB FAIRCHILD
ELIZABETH FAIRCHILD	PETER FAIRCHILD
- (4) SOLOMON FAIRCHILD, born Oct. 17, 1788; died Sept. 16, 1857, had thirteen children:

POLLY FAIRCHILD	PRISCILLA FAIRCHILD
ANNA FAIRCHILD	SOLOMON FAIRCHILD
MARGARET FAIRCHILD	ISABELL FAIRCHILD
JOHN FAIRCHILD	MARTHA FAIRCHILD
ROSANNA FAIRCHILD	EMILY FAIRCHILD
WILLIAM FAIRCHILD	ABRAM FAIRCHILD
ELIZABETH FAIRCHILD	
- (5) POLLY, or MARY FAIRCHILD, married a man named Lines and had five children.

JOHN FAIRCHILD: In 1941, a letter was received from John Fairchild, 828 Pearl Street, Joplin, Missouri, in which he wrote as follows:

"I was taken from Iowa in 1875, was born in 1873, was very small and in 1939 was my first visit back to the state. I lost my brother WILLIS C. FAIRCHILD at that time. We were of the J. E. FAIRCHILD family near Onawa (Monona County), Iowa. I railroaded 46 years and have retired."

(Note: He was a first cousin of HERBERT E. FAIRCHILD, banker of St. Paul, Minn., who died in Florida. See fuller notes with reference to this group in the last pages of this chapter.)

BENJAMIN RICH FAIRCHILD: September, 1941, a letter was received from Mary Elizabeth Fairchild of Lebam, Pacific County, Washington, from which the following paragraph is taken:

"My great grandfather, Benjamin Rich Fairchild, came from Ohio to Iowa and later to Kansas. He had two brothers, ALONZO FAIRCHILD and JEFFERSON FAIRCHILD, who lived near Toledo, Ohio. In the 1880's, when Benjamin Rich Fairchild, lived at Westmoreland, Kansas, his two brothers and their families visited him. That is practically all we know of Alonzo and Jefferson Fairchild. Benjamin Rich Fairchild had one son, THOMAS A. FAIRCHILD of Kansas, who is now deceased: the latter had four sons and one daughter: ARTHUR HAVENS FAIRCHILD, WILLIAM BENJAMIN FAIRCHILD, (my father), THOMAS ZOOK FAIRCHILD, deceased, HAROLD HAVENS FAIRCHILD, and BETH FAIRCHILD, deceased. My name is Mary Elizabeth, Elizabeth being the name of my great grandmother and Mary is my mother's name."

Again, on October 9th, 1941, she wrote that her great grandfather moved from Ohio and lived in Kansas from 1850 on and that her grandfather was Judge Thomas A. Fairchild; that she has an uncle named HAROLD H. FAIRCHILD living at Holton, Kansas.

HAROLD H. FAIRCHILD. In a letter dated August 30, 1942, her uncle Harold H. Fairchild of Holton, Kansas, wrote that his father was named Thomas A. Fairchild; that he knows but little about his father's people; that his grandfather's brothers in Toledo, Ohio, were the only members of the family he ever heard of and he writes as follows:

"All of the information I have of the Fairchild family is what I have heard my father tell. I have heard him tell of the two brothers who came from England and settled in Connecticut. As I remember the story, as told by him, this was in the 1600's. One of the brothers was captured by the Indians and taken to Canada. Our branch of the family descended from the one remaining in Connecticut. There was a space of a good many years before my father again picked up the line in New York State. There a Fairchild was the father of 14 sons. I cannot recall whether it was his grandfather, or his grandfather's father who had the 14 sons."

While Harold H. Fairchild's recollection of the family tradition told him by his father is not exactly in accord with the history of the Canadian Fairchilds, nevertheless the reference to the two brothers having settled somewhere and one of them was stolen by the Indians and carried into Canada, strongly

indicates that if his line of descent could be fully established it might connect with the Canadian Fairchilds' line of descent, for in that branch of the family two brothers, Benjamin Fairchild, Jr., and Isaac Fairchild, the Brant County, Ontario, pioneers, settled in Canada after Benjamin Fairchild, Jr., had been stolen by the Indians and taken into Canada. See the history of the Canadian Fairchilds set out in Chapter XVIII of this work.

Attention is called to the statement of Mary Elizabeth Fairchild above, wherein she refers to her great grandfather as Benjamin Rich Fairchild, who moved from Ohio to Iowa and then to Kansas—to the fact that the line of descent was lost for a number of years and then taken up again in New York, and while the use of the Christian name of Benjamin in both families and the family tradition of one of the family having been stolen by the Indians and taken into Canada may be merely coincidental with like facts well established in the Canadian family and in the family of Isaac Fairchild the brother of the captive, and the pioneer in Brant County, Ontario, nevertheless the circumstances are so much out of the ordinary as to entitle them to due consideration as competent evidences of a connection between the families.

In the history of the Canadian Fairchilds, Isaac Fairchild, the first settler in Brant County, Ontario, and who established the first trading post there with the Mohawk Indians, had a brother named Benjamin Fairchild who was stolen by the Indians in New York State and taken into Canada and kept a captive there for some time. His brother, Isaac Fairchild, started for Canada to search for the lost brother after the treaty of peace was signed, and found him near Niagara. Isaac then settled in Ontario and raised a large family there. Among his children was a son named Benjamin Fairchild, who married Mary Westbrook and moved to Michigan, and all records of his further movements were lost. Still another son of Isaac Fairchild the Brant County pioneer, named Isaac Fairchild married Ann Misner and also moved to Michigan, and all trace of him was also lost, and another son of Isaac Fairchild named Joseph Kilbourne Fairchild, moved to Wisconsin and no trace of him is now available. Some of these men may have again moved to Toledo, Ohio, which lies very close to the Michigan line. It is also noticeable that the Christian names in the Fairchild family often are transmitted from generation to generation. When the foregoing letters are compared with the above established facts they at once suggest

that there may be some connection between these two groups of the Fairchild family. See the children of Isaac Fairchild and Lucy (Kilbourne) Fairchild, Chapter XVII following. Also see the names of the descendants of Benjamin Fairchild, Jr., Reverend Peter Fairchild and Joshua Fairchild, brothers of Isaac Fairchild, many of whose descendants moved to the States and some of them enlisted in the Civil War. See Part Two of this genealogy.

LINUS PRESUME FAIRCHILD. Several years ago the writer met a Mr. Fred Fairchild, assistant Postmaster in Mt. Pleasant, Henry County, Iowa, and in the conversation at that time he mentioned a family history which his family had and which the writer understood was a history of the Fairchild family. Mr. Fred Fairchild has been dead several years, and for the purpose of acquiring more information regarding his family letters were addressed to his brother and sister, Mr. Wade A. Fairchild, proprietor of "A Store For Men" No. 9339 Washington Blvd., Culver City, California, whose wife is Gladys Fairchild, and home No. 10327 Glenbare Ave., Los Angeles, Calif., and Mrs. Zee Fairchild Westerfield, in Pasadena, California. An answer was received from each of them to the effect that the family history they had was on their mother's side. A portion of the letter from Mrs. Westerfield is as follows:

"In regard to the family history, I am afraid that I cannot enlighten you much as the genealogy I have is on my mother's side. However, I do hope you will be able to compile one as completely as the one I have of the Makepeace side as it dates back to George Washington's family.

"I had an interesting article about my grandfather Fairchild being the first settler, or one of the first settlers in Henry County (Iowa) but I have misplaced it. In case I find it will send it to you. His name was Linus Presume Fairchild.

"Have you written to the Archives Department in New York State for any information? They were a great help to me when I joined the D. A. R. Wishing you lots of luck, and would like to know later how you get along.

Very sincerely yours,
Zee F. Westerfield
Pasadena, California"

WADE A. FAIRCHILD later sent me a copy of the article referred to in the letter of Mrs. Zee F. Westerfield, which had been printed in the Mt. Pleasant Weekly News of January 30, 1924, published at Mt. Pleasant, Henry County, Iowa, from which the

following excerpts are taken, with reference to the crossing of the Skunk River west of Mt. Pleasant:

"The building of the primary highway west from town brings up some interesting early history in connection with the crossing in early days and brings to light that there was a difference of opinion then as to the best place to cross the river. The first crossing was at Kinney's Ford, at which place the new primary highway will cross on a new modern bridge. In the early days when the stage of the water permitted, traffic east and west crossed there by fording, but as it was sand bottom the crossing was not always safe. Later a ferry was established at Rome proper and operated by the father of the Scott boys who now live out there. . . . It did not pay, and finally one day it broke away from its moorings during high water, floated down stream and went aground where it rotted away.

"And now the controversy as to the best location of the highway bridge is up again. Those to the south of Rome fought for the present location and those to the north renewed their fight for the Kinney location and this time the latter won out and next year a great modern steel structure will span the river where the little ferry boat struggled in vain for support and could not get it. They call the place the Kinney Ford because several families of Kinneys located there on the west side of the river in the early days.

"On the west of the Kinney farms were the broad acres of Linus Fairchild, grandfather of Mr. Fred Fairchild of this city. He must have been a prominent man in those days for his name has been perpetuated in the Fairchild cemetery, the Fairchild school house and a street in Rome is named after him. The sturdy old pioneer was living in Hartford, Connecticut, when he decided to try the far west. Hitching up a cow and a horse to his wagon he started westward and drove through the entire distance. He crossed the (Mississippi) river at Ft. Madison and then proceeded on west until he arrived at the top of the hill just east of the Fairchild cemetery. Here he located about 1835. Mt. Pleasant had a few houses and a store or two and there was nothing of Rome whatever. Mr. Fairchild built the usual log cabin, and being unmarried, settled down to develop his farm. Later the agency state road was laid out and developed and abandoning his log house he built on the highway one of the finest houses in this part of the state. As you drive west and after leaving Rome you cross the old road bed of the Burlington now used as a township road, just as you cross the old right of way there is a house on the right with a barn on the left. This is the old Fairchild homestead and nearby the school house and over to the north across the tracks is the cemetery, where the old gentleman is buried.

"In 1856 the railroad was being built westward and reaching the Skunk River it stopped for a while. As this was the terminal of the railroad the town of Rome sprang into existence as a camp for the construction gang and terminal of the transportation system. Here the people came to ferry over the river and take the train, and here people brought their produce and got it on the cars. In a short time the railroad leaped the river and built on but for a long time Rome was a town of railroad men and at one time had a population of five hundred people.

"When the right of way was surveyed Linus Fairchild donated the

land. Years later when the new right of way was surveyed it again passed through the farm and this time squarely thru the school house named for him. The school house was moved further south to its present location. The new primary road will cross the river at the Kinney ford, pass directly west on the old highway almost to the Fairchild cemetery then swing southerly around the cemetery and angle to the railroad in a southwesterly direction crossing the railroad on a new highway ridge east of the present highway ridge, and there connect up with the fine road that goes on west. Rome is left off the main highway by half a mile. . . ."

It has been said that the motto of the Fairchild family is: "They Never Fail." Be that as it may, nevertheless the indomitable spirit and will to succeed manifested by the pioneer members of the family and so apparent in the above account of Linus Fairchild moving from Hartford, Connecticut, to Henry County, Iowa, in a wagon drawn by a horse and a cow at that date enduring the hardships of traversing so many miles of roads that were mere trails through the wilderness and sparsely settled country, leads to success in any line of endeavor.

The Seattle Times of Seattle, Washington, October, 1941, contained a picture of a Joseph Fairchild under which was the following note:

"Joseph Fairchild, Seattle builder who yesterday announced that nine homes in the new Fairchild Addition on 35th Avenue Southwest have been sold and that forty-one of the 377 houses planned in the district are now completed or under construction."

The following names were found in the Seattle directory in 1942:

Fairchild Bros., Contractors, Inc., 35th Street, Southwest, 102

Robert Fairchild, 303 14th Street North (Residence)

Joseph Fairchild, 8247 Interlake (Residence)

Wade Fairchild, E. J. Fairchild, Nora Fairchild, Jasper Fairchild, A.

M. Fairchild, Edward Fairchild, Stanley Fairchild, T. R. Fairchild.

During the summer of 1942, the papers printed a picture of a newly completed Fairchild AT-13 twin engined training bomber built almost entirely of plastic to save vital war material for use in combat planes.

April 12, 1942, a radio call was heard for Harold Fairchild, insurance agent from Britt, Iowa.

There was a banker for many years in Minneapolis during the early 1900's named Herbert Fairchild. He died in Babson

Park, Florida, in 1941. See Chapters XI and XIII. And see John Fairchild of Joplin, Missouri, and following pages of this chapter regarding Herbert Fairchild of Minneapolis and Florida.

The Iowa Supreme Court on April 7, 1942, handed down a decision with regard to the estate of Andrew F. Fairchild and his brother Matt Fairchild, who died intestate in Jones County, Iowa, leaving only collateral heirs.

April 7, 1942, Lee Brown Atwood, an Attorney at Law, of Lordsburg, New Mexico, wrote to inquire for information relative to Betsey Fairchild, born in Vermont in the decade 1790-1800, married Sylvanus Warren. Probably married in Middlesex County, Ontario. I could not furnish any information relative to her. It may be possible that she is in some way connected with the Daniel Fairchild who obtained 200 acres from the Ontario Land Board hereinbefore referred to in this chapter.

There was a Sidney Warren Fairchild shown in a very early map in the City of London, Ontario, as a lot owner. London is in Middlesex County, Ontario. See following pages in this chapter.

In a letter received from James Thome Fairchild of Bethlehem, Pa., under date of July 2, 1942, writing from Pilgrim, Michigan, he states that he would be 80 years old July 28, 1942, and is in the best of health. He also inquired whether I had any information relative to a Hoxie Fairchild whose name he had noticed in the N. Y. Times a number of times. He also stated that there were two brothers about 2½ miles from Pilgrim at Frankfort, Michigan, named Charles Fairchild and Walter Fairchild, carrying on a grocery business. Their father was Albert Fairchild from Black Rock, N. Y., and their grandfather was named Charles Fairchild.

In a letter from him dated October 18, 1941, he wrote:

"I notice that you mention that one branch of the Fairchilds descended from John who in 1778, or thereabouts, had moved to Luzerne County, Penns. This fits with some item I got last spring. There was a Fairchild Candy Company who had a store for several months (not at present) on Main Street here (Bethlehem). On inquiring what branch of the family they represented we learned from a clerk that there are a lot of Fairchilds up in Luzerne County and that the candy people came from there. Luzerne County is northwest of us in the rough hill mining country."

With best regards, James Thome Fairchild."

December 1941, a letter was received from Edwin Charles Welch of Lake Forrest, Ill., from which the following is an excerpt:

"Malinda Welch, daughter of Thomas Welch and Martha Dougherty Welch, was born March 3, 1802. Her father moved to Illinois in 1832. She was the oldest of eleven children. Her brother Thomas Welch, Jr., moved to West Point, Lee County, Iowa. Apparently Malinda visited Thomas Jr., for quite a while after her husband, John Fairchild of Yamhill County, Oregon, died in 1838. They were married March 26, 1824.

JOHN FAIRCHILD, and his wife Malinda (Welch) Fairchild were the parents of:

1. James Fairchild

2. John Fairchild

3. Martha Fairchild who married 1st, Parkes and 2nd, Egan.

Malinda Fairchild apparently returned to Oregon where she died in 1874. . . .

Edwin Charles Welch"

FAIRCHILD, CHARLES STEBBINS, an American lawyer and statesman; born in Cazenovia, Madison County, New York, April 30, 1842, died Nov. 24, 1924; graduated from Harvard in 1863, and practiced law in New York City. In 1874 he was Deputy Attorney-General of New York, and from 1876 to 1878, was Attorney-General. In 1885 he was appointed assistant secretary of the Treasury in Mr. Cleveland's Cabinet, which office he held until March 5, 1889. He married Helen Linklaen of Cazenovia, June 1, 1871.

His parents, Sidney Thompson Fairchild and Helen (Childs) Fairchild, had come from Stratford, Connecticut. He and his wife, who survived him, continued association with "Lorenze", the old home at Cazenovia, where he died. His father for many years was the attorney for the New York Central Railroad and one of the leading attorneys in central New York. A sketch of Charles Stebbins Fairchild is printed in the Harvard Grads Magazine of June, 1925. See also Dictionary of American Biography.

FAIRCHILD, CHARLES B., JR., executive assistant, Philadelphia Rapid Transit Company, wrote "Training for the Electric Railway Business" published in 1919. Also "Street Railways; their construction, operation and maintenance." Editor of the Street Railway Journal, published in 1892.

FAIRCHILD, MERIDITH ROWLAND, soap manufacturer of Chicago, was born at Flushing, Long Island, N. Y., November 27, 1872; son of Elijah and Louisa E. (Leavitt) Fairchild; was educated in the public schools of Flushing and the Flushing Institute to 1890; married Maud R. Lee, Jan. 12, 1910; has one son, Meridith R. Fairchild, Jr. He came to Chicago in 1890 as a manufacturer of soap and cleansing preparations; joined by his brother, A. E. Fairchild in 1898, and formed the firm of M. R. Fairchild and Bros., Inc., 1910.

FAIRCHILD, CLARENCE A., coffee merchant, born Flushing, N. Y., Sept. 19, 1871, son of Elias A. Fairchild and Laura (Seymour) Fairchild. Unmarried. Home in Flushing, N. Y.

FAIRCHILD, MALCOLM, from Chicago, was killed by the Japanese attack on Pearl Harbor December 7, 1941. Mrs. Maud Fairchild, mother, Chicago.

FAIRCHILD, HERMAN LEROY, an American educator; born in Montrose, Pennsylvania, April 29, 1850; graduated at Cornell University; taught for two years in Kingston, Pa., spent several years in scientific work in New York City; became president of the Rochester Academy of Science in 1889; Secretary of the Geological Society of America in 1890; general secretary in 1894, and vice-president in 1898; contributed articles to Popular Science Monthly. He was the son of Harmon C. and Mary A. Bissel Fairchild. Lived in Rochester, N. Y.

The following excerpts are from an obituary prepared by Charles P. Berkey and printed in the April 7, 1944, number of Science:

On the 29th of November, Emeritus Professor Fairchild, of the University of Rochester, long an outstanding figure in American geology, passed on at the age of 93 years. Professor Fairchild was the last of a famous geological group belonging to an earlier generation, boasting many names that will be remembered as long as geologic science, as we know it, lasts.

For more than 70 years he devoted his life to education in science-teaching, lecturing, organizing, advising, investigating and writing—all with marked success. His more than 200 published writings cover a large field and shed luster on the institution that he served with great devotion for more than a half century. He contributed much to organized science. No one in his time was more continuously engaged or more successful in developing scientific organizations to

larger usefulness. He was a constructive person. Whatever he touched seemed to be improved. Every organization grew. And it was at least in part his enthusiasm and confident service that made them grow.

In his early years, fresh from college, he became secretary of the New York Academy of Science. For sixteen years he was secretary of the Geological Society of America. For very many years longer he maintained close administrative and advisory relations with the American Association for the Advancement of Science, becoming a member of its executive and policy committee. He was the guiding spirit of the Rochester Academy through more than a lifetime. His intimate knowledge of the steps that led to their founding and development in each case made him the natural authority on their history, and his volumes are everywhere consulted on these matters.

To Harmon C. and Mary Bissell Fairchild the boy named Herman Le Roy was born April 29, 1850, at Montrose in northeastern Pennsylvania, where his boyhood and youth were spent on a farm, and where also, he secured from the country schools the foundations of an education that gave bent to a long lifetime of surprisingly productive efforts and wide influence. It should be noted, also, that he began at this time to show interest in geology by making a collection of fossils of his own. Later he was to develop special interest and reputation in glacial history and the interpretation of surface features of lands affected by those events. . . .

His chief life's effort, however, was spent in teaching in established educational institutions and in scientific and civic endeavor growing out of these relations. His 276 titles, several of them books and monographs, furnish a measure of his productive scholarship.

Immediately upon completing his college course at Cornell, he was engaged as a teacher of natural science in Wyoming Seminary, at Kingston, Pennsylvania, and while there he married Miss Alice Egbert. . . .

At the age of 38, and close upon his engagements in New York City, Fairchild had accepted a call to the University of Rochester, where he was to spend the rest of his long life. He became professor of geology and natural history there in 1888-1896 and professor of geology, 1896-1920. For ten years he was secretary of the faculty, and for thirty years curator of the Geological Museum, containing the famous Henry A. Ward Collection of geological material. In 1920 he became emeritus professor. . . .

He is survived by his second wife, Minnie C. Michael, whom he married in 1924, and two daughters, four grandchildren and one great-grandchild.

In memory of a poetically gifted daughter, who died in early womanhood, the Lillian Fairchild Fund was established by him, providing an annual award to a young artist poet or writer. His own works are his memorial—these together with the affection lingering in the hearts of those who had listened to his vibrant voice and who had fallen under the spell of his impressive personality and had caught his message.

FAIRCHILD, JULIAN P., banker; born Babylon, L. I., New York, Aug. 15, 1881: son of Julian D. Fairchild and Florence I.

(Bradley) Fairchild; married in Boston, Mass., Helen L. Fitch; children: Julian Douglas Fairchild, 2nd, Helen Louise Fairchild.

On Sunday, May 23, 1937, Florence Irene Bradley died. She was the widow of Julian Douglas Fairchild, and beloved mother of Florence Simmons. Services at Spencer Memorial Presbyterian Church. Interment at Danbury, Connecticut.

FAIRCHILD, WILLIAM WARREN, Superintendent of schools in Rutland, Vermont, 1931. Born at Knoxboro, N. Y., Aug. 5, 1880.

There was a Sidney Warren Fairchild who owned a lot at the northwest corner of Hill and Wellington Streets in London, Ontario, as shown by a map of London compiled in 1848. Also see letter of Lee Brown Atwood in the preceding pages of this chapter.

FAIRCHILD, EDWARD THOMPSON, born in Doylestown, Ohio, Oct. 30, 1854, son of Samuel and Elizabeth Jane (Huestis) Fairchild, and grandson of Isaac and Amy (Sprague) Fairchild, and great-grandson of Stephen Fairchild, whose wife was Salome Tompkins and who came to America from England in the latter part of the 18th century and settled in Connecticut. His father was a Methodist minister. Educated in Ohio Wesleyan and Wooster Universities, and in 1872 began his career as a teacher in rural schools of Ohio, continuing teaching in public schools. Married Oct. 10, 1883, to Frances L., daughter of Albert Postlewaite of Ohio by whom he had four children: Fred P.; Louise F., wife of Henry C. Holdren; Edward T. Jr.; and Frances Faith Fairchild. He died in Durham, N. H., Jan. 23, 1917. Apparently he lived in Topeka, Kansas. (?)

FAIRCHILD, T. I., State Senator, born June 22, 1865, Pilot Hill, California, son of S. C. and Winifred E. (Litchford) Fairchild. Address: Tuscarora, Nevada.

FAIRCHILD, ALICE BIDWELL, (Mrs. George Harvey Fairchild) San Francisco, California, born in Greenville, California; daughter of Henry Codman Bidwell, married in San Francisco Aug. 19, 1890, to George Harvey Fairchild; their children were Hollis Bidwell Fairchild and George Harvey Fairchild, Jr.

FAIRCHILD, ELIJAH STITES, clergyman, born May 23, 1833, died Feb. 6, 1918.

FAIRCHILD, NELLIE REBECCA, born South Hadley Falls, Massachusetts. Daughter of Arthur Whittlesey and Ella M. (Hone) Fairchild; educated in Miss Wheeler's School, Providence, Rhode Island; Smith College, B.L., 1898; graduated from Brown University; interested in work for working girls.

FAIRCHILD, CLAUDE H., Principal of high school, Albion, Nebraska, 1925. Born St. Augustine, Illinois.

FAIRCHILD, HELEN E., music supervisor, New Raymer College, 1925. Black Hawk, Colorado.

FAIRCHILD, GEORGE THOMPSON, educator, died 1901. See Who's Who, 1901-02.

FAIRCHILD, THOMPSON EVERETT, educator, Clergyman, born April 8, 1894; died April 19, 1934. See Who's Who, Vol. 18 (1934-35).

FAIRCHILD, JAMES ILLER, Chief of Division of Trade Standards, Bureau of Standards, mechanical engineer; born at Hastings, Michigan, Oct. 4, 1890; son of James Robert and Mermeta (Shively) Fairchild; educated in Hastings high school and Michigan State College, B.S.M.E. in 1914-1928; married Vera Fae Ward, July 16, 1914. Designer of first Navy hydro-pneumatic recoils. Author of numerous articles, etc. See Who's Who in Gov. Vol. 2, 1932 and Who's Who in Engineering, 1922-23.

FAIRCHILD, SAMUEL E., Jr., Civil and Mining Engineer; born in Philadelphia, April 18, 1872, son of Samuel E. and Nellie C. (Regnault) Fairchild, married Lavina Barnett in Philadelphia, October 19, 1899. Children: Francis Regnault Fairchild, George Barnett Fairchild. Since 1910 president Cruse-Kemper Co., Steel Plate Construction.

FAIRCHILD, WILLIAM D., U. S. Engineer's Office, Civil Engineer: born Morrow, Ohio, Dec. 28, 1869: son of Josiah and

Nannie E. (Rodgers) Fairchild; married April 25, 1912, to Bertha M. Shaw. Children: Dorothy Fairchild, Getty Fairchild, William Fairchild, Eleanor Fairchild. U. S. Assistant Engineer in charge of Monongahela River and Emsworth locks and dams, Ohio River since 1903.

The following was taken from A Dictionary of American Authors by Adams, 4th edition:

FAIRCHILD, ASHBEL GREEN, N. J. 1796-1864. A Presbyterian Clergyman of Pa., among whose writings are *The Great Supper*, long a popular defense of Calvinism; *Baptism; Faith and Works; Confession of Faith*.

In October, 1941 WALTER FAIRCHILD, at Attorney-at-Law in New York City, brother of Clarissa (Fairchild) Cushman, the novel writer mentioned in the Grandison Fairchild branch of the family in Chapter XII of this work, sent the writer a clipping from the Rural New Yorker of October 13, 1941, of an article published by that paper with regard to Clarence A. Fairchild as follows:

"CLARENCE A. FAIRCHILD, who runs a large poultry farm near New Berlin, N. Y., has taken to raising ponies as an interesting sideline. Brought up in the West, Mr. Fairchild was accustomed to handling horses and wanted his children to learn to handle them. About two years ago he purchased a spotted pony which the children named Lulubelle, and when she foaled a few months later, her colt naturally became Scotty. Now he has from ten to fifteen on hand all the time and is rapidly developing a profitable sideline. He does his own breeding. He got his first stallion in New Jersey, but he proved difficult to handle and was disposed of and another purchased which the children can handle safely.

"Mr. Fairchild says that the main thing about raising ponies is to have them gentle, and to do this you must be gentle with them and handle them constantly. He, as he calls it, 'plays with them' from the time they are born. He puts a halter on them the day after they are born and they learn to lead easily. They have a saddle on them before they are a year old, although they are not ridden or driven until they are over a year old. They are never frightened.

"Some of the ponies are solid color and some are spotted; the latter are worth more. The ponies are from 30 to 44 inches tall. They are kept in regular stalls and let out doors every day possible in winter. In summer they are kept in a pasture with an electric fence. About eight tons of hay fed this herd last winter. They are fed grain only if they are worked a great deal, or if the condition of the mares with foal warrants it.

"The price of the ponies vary from \$25.00 for weanlings to an average of \$150.00 for full grown ones. . . .

"Mr. Fairchild has six children of his own, ranging from five

months to ten years old. All but the baby ride or drive. Three year old Betty, who has ridden since she was a year and a half old, prefers riding, while the next older, Melvin, would much rather drive. In the father's absence, the oldest, Harry, can show the horses and handle them as well as his father. Even Betty can go up to any pony in the pasture and catch it. Customers come from as far as Massachusetts to buy Fairchild ponies. The owner welcomes any visitor to the farm and the ponies are sure worth the trip."

In the picture accompanying the above article five ponies and their riders are shown and under the picture is the following: "The Fairchild children on their ponies. Left to right: Harry on Zero, Betty on Lulubelle, Philip on Betty, June on Zaide and Melvin on Molly."

Following are excerpts from a letter received August 1942, from Clarence James Fairchild, of New Berlin, N. Y., who is the father of Clarence A. Fairchild above mentioned. In his letter he enclosed a clipping from a newspaper showing a picture of himself in his poultry yard with 3000 layers. This picture was taken September 28, 1939. Clarence James Fairchild is also the father of Clinton M. Fairchild engaged in the poultry business in Hamilton County, N. Y.:

"... My mother died when I was about six years old. I have three sisters. My only brother was killed when he was about eleven years old. My father was born in Ohio and his folks went to Michigan when he was about two and one-half years old. His name was John Amos Fairchild. His father died when he was about four years old. My father was born July 6, 1852. Charles Fairchild of Astabula, Ohio, one of father's cousins, came to visit us, that is the only relative by the name of Fairchild I ever saw other than our own family. My father went west first in 1876. He went to the Black Hills in South Dakota. I and my youngest sister were born in Western Nebraska, the other three children were born in Michigan. My father has been dead about seven years. I have two sons, both married and have families. Clarence A. Fairchild is the oldest. He has a chicken farm here. The other is Clinton M. Fairchild; he has a chicken farm in Hamilton County, N. Y., and has two children, a boy and a girl. My folks moved to Ottumwa, Iowa, when I was small and then back to western Nebraska, north of Kimball in Scotts Bluff County. There is where my mother died, and then we moved to southern Wyoming where the towns of Grand Encampment and Riverside were. We were there just ahead of the gold rush. I have lived in Colorado, Wyoming, Idaho, Utah, Oregon, Nebraska, North Dakota, South Dakota, Iowa and New York. My oldest sister is Mrs. L. T. Sparks, address Greenacre, Missoula, Montana. (Cora Fairchild Sparks).

"My father told me about 25 or 26 years ago that he had a distant cousin by the name of Fairchild living in the State of Washington, but I don't remember his address.

Sincerely yours,

C. J. Fairchild

CORA FAIRCHILD. September, 1942, a letter was received from Mrs. Cora (Fairchild) Sparks of Greenacre, Missoula, Montana, who is a sister of the Clarence James Fairchild of New Berlin, N. Y., writer of the preceding letter. In her letter Mrs. Sparks writes as follows:

GEORGE FAIRCHILD. "I can only go back to my grandfather, George Fairchild of Ohio, who in 1848 or 1849 married my grandmother, Mary Ann Chaffin, born about 1831. To them were born Margaret Fairchild, born 1850; John Amos Fairchild (my father) born 1852; Lillian Fairchild, born 1854. My grandfather, George Fairchild, died of typhoid fever at Findley, Ohio, when he was about 25 years of age in about 1856 and his widow and children moved to Gratiot, Michigan, to reside. John Amos Fairchild grew to manhood there. When thirteen years of age he tried to enlist in the Civil War but was rejected because he was not old enough. He then worked in the North Woods of Michigan, and when about seventeen years of age he went West with wagon freight and freighted from Deadwood, South Dakota, West. Eventually he returned to Ithaca, Michigan, and married Cornelia M. Nichols in 1878. Their children were Cora Fairchild, now Mrs. Cora Sparks of Missoula, Montana, Clella Fairchild; Claude Fairchild; Clarence James Fairchild and Clara Fairchild. Claude Fairchild died when he was about eleven years of age.

"CLARENCE JAMES FAIRCHILD, married Ethyl Tatro at Hettinger, South Dakota. They have two sons, Clarence A. Fairchild of New Berlin and Clinton M. Fairchild of Hamilton County, N. Y.

The following clipping from the *Gratiot County Herald* of Ithaca, Michigan, was sent to the compiler of this genealogy late in 1944 by Clarence James Fairchild of New Berlin, N. Y.

In the letter enclosed with the clipping he states that the clipping was sent to him by his step-mother, who was also his father's second cousin and that she was 93 years of age and her grandmother on the Fairchild side was born in Connecticut.

I have been unable to connect the parties mentioned with an particular branch of the Fairchild family.

E. H. FAIRCHILD HAS 90TH BIRTHDAY

About 40 relatives of E. H. Fairchild gathered at the home of Mrs. Ethel Pless in Middleton Saturday evening, July 1, to help celebrate his 90th birthday. Among the guests were his two sisters, Mrs. Edith Lane of Miami, Florida, and Mrs. Wm. Wise of Detroit. Mrs. Lane is 83 and Mrs. Wise is 88, also his granddaughter, Danee Lou is 5 weeks old, the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Fairchild.

Later in the evening a daughter, Mrs. Emma Vibber, invited the guests to her home where a pot-luck supper was served. Everyone enjoyed visiting and humorous readings by Mrs. Wise and vocal selections by Verlyn and Mary Lynne Fairchild.

At a late hour they left for their homes after wishing Grandpa Fairchild good-night and many more happy birthdays.

Isaac V. Dennis and his wife, Elizabeth (Fellows) Dennis, ancestors of the Dennis families, were neighbors of the writer's parents in Johnson County, Iowa. Mrs. Dennis' parents settled on the farm on which she lived the balance of her long lifetime, she having died when well past ninety years of age. Her parents came to Johnson County when she was 16 years of age in 1838, and when Johnson County was first opened to settlement by the Government. Her son Lucien Dennis, in 1942, 88 years of age and was still residing in the old home, west from Iowa City on "The Old Forty-niners' California Trail." Immediately south of the Dennis farm on the south bank of Clear Creek is the Morman camp ground and cemetery, where the Mormans encamped during the bitter cold winter immediately preceding their start across the plains on foot drawing all of their earthly possessions in rude hand made carts which had been made during the winter of their encampment. Many died from exposure and malnutrition during that winter, and I believe some of Joseph Smith's wives or connections died there that winter. I can recall of seeing this cemetery when a boy, all overgrown with hazel brush with a few graves still enclosed with fences, and on one occasion some men evidently connected with the leaders of this expedition, visited the spot endeavoring to identify certain graves.

Mrs. Dennis was always very bitter in her condemnation of the leaders of this particular group, because of the suffering the women and children endured in this camp that winter.

ARTEMUS O. FAIRCHILD. The Records of Deeds in the Office of the Recorder of Johnson County, Iowa, Vol. 13, page 462, show that one Artemus O. Fairchild, whose wife was Catherine, at one time owned Lot 6, in Block 85, in Iowa City, Iowa, which he acquired in 1856. This lot lies immediately north of the Old State Capitol Building, now used as a part of the State University of Iowa, and in the early days there was a hotel thereon known as the Swan Hotel, established by Chauncy Swan, in 1839, an early settler and a man of influence in the early days of Iowa. It appears that Artemus Fairchild also operated a Hotel at this place. It is probable that Fairchild Street in Iowa City was named after Artemus O. Fairchild, operator of one of the first hotels in Iowa City, Iowa.

ROSWELL S. S. FAIRCHILD. The records of Johnson County, Iowa, also record a land transfer of 160 acres of land in Section 6, Twp. 78, Range 6 west of the 5th, P.M., by Roswell S. S. Fair-

child and his wife Margaret Fairchild, of Huron County, Ohio, in Deed Records, Vol. 10, page 415, dated April 17, 1853.

JULIUS M. FAIRCHILD, see "Summary" from National Archives, under Aaron Fairchild in Chapter XI of this work. He resided in Willsboro, N. Y. in 1857.

PETER FAIRCHILD, a carpenter who lived with his family for a time in Iowa City, Iowa, about 1940-1942 and stated his father lived in Florida and that his grandfather Fairchild came from England.

Miss Addie Fairchild, of Benton City, Missouri, a descendant of Moses Fairchild, 1st, and Susannah (Bosworth) Fairchild and of their son Aaron Fairchild, Chapter XI of this genealogy, refers in one of her letters to a Mr. and Mrs. Joe Fairchild, of Covington, Oklahoma, and to an Eliza Fairchild of Watonga, Oklahoma, as names she read in articles printed in newspapers.

She also made reference to J. A. Fairchild, County Extension Agent of Perryville, Missouri, and to a Mrs. Pearl Fairchild, a teacher in Kingman, Kansas, but could furnish no further information regarding any of them.

Another item she furnished was as follows:

"E. G. FAIRCHILD, New Berlin, Illinois, April 7, 1931, wrote that he and his brother WILLIS C. FAIRCHILD, were raised in Monona County, Iowa. Willis went to Seward County, Nebraska, in 1879, and E. G. Fairchild went to Little Rock, Arkansas, the same year. He wrote this to a friend of ours. Someone told him that my father looked enough like him to be his brother and he wrote thinking he might locate this brother from whom he had not heard. I wrote to him but got no reply."

Note: The compiler of this genealogy wrote to his address after receiving the above letter from Miss Addie Fairchild, but the letter was returned with the P. O. notation thereon to the effect that he could not be found.

WILLIS C. FAIRCHILD. Closely connected with this E. G. Fairchild, and evidently his brother, is John Fairchild, of Joplin, Missouri, referred to in the following pages of this chapter, who was born in Monona County, Iowa, about 1873 and who wrote as follows:

"I was taken from Iowa in 1875. Was very small and 1929 was my first visit to the state. I lost my brother WILLIS C. FAIRCHILD, at that time. We were of the J. E. FAIRCHILD family near Onawa, (Monona County), Iowa. I railroaded 46 years and have retired."

In a recent letter received from him (Nov. 1942), he wrote as follows:

"Replying to your letter; my letter you spoke of should have been, I left Iowa in 1875, as I was not born until Feb. 12, 1873. The family that came to Arkansas, J. E. FAIRCHILD and Mrs. J. E. Fairchild, her maiden name was Halley. She passed away at Little Rock, in the summer of 1882, and father passed away at Arkansas City, Arkansas, in 1888. In early 1891 brother Edward or Edwin, I think his name was EDWIN FAIRCHILD, I do not remember whether he had a middle name or not. He left Arkansas and went back to Illinois. In 1895 I was in the St. Louis hospital and Edwin came to see me from Springfield, Illinois, where he was working part time as policeman and as carpenter. I heard he passed away at Alton, Illinois, sometime later.

Dora, the youngest sister was married and lived at Atlanta, Georgia. She was married to Charles Kirby. She passed away in 1890. They left three small children. I was very small at that time.

Emma Clary, my oldest sister, married a W. G. Robinson from southern Illinois, at Little Rock, Ark., late in 1880. He was an engineer on the St. Louis, Iron Mountain and Southern R. R., between St. Louis and Texarkana. They had three girls. Alice, the oldest, married C. G. Farrow, a dentist at Little Rock, and moved to Los Angeles, California, now lives at 210 Doran St., Glendale, Calif. The next daughter, Marjorie married Frank M. Streamer, a druggist and lives at Boulder, Colorado, and Florence married C. S. Eckel, a teacher in the University at Boulder, Colorado.

DELBERT FAIRCHILD is the only one left besides myself. He lives at Claremore, Okla., Box 171. Willis C. Fairchild and Emma Clary, were born in Northern Illinois. Guess Dora and Delbert were born there also, but I do not know at what place. I think I was the last and only one born near Onawa in Monona County, (Iowa).

Back to the oldest brother Willis C. Fairchild, I located in Palisade, Nebraska, in 1933. He passed away at Palisade, 1941, after raising three boys and four girls. Sister passed away at Boulder, Colorado, in 1931.

HERBERT E. FAIRCHILD. I have corresponded with Herbert E. Fairchild, who passed away in Babson Park, Florida, 1941. His wife passed away only a short time later. She was Adella Wilson Fairchild. Herbert Fairchild was a banker in Minneapolis or St. Paul before going to Florida. She wrote me about Herbert and her brother Alonzo E. Wilson wrote me about her death. We were first cousins.

I do not know whether this E. G. Fairchild is a brother or not. Delbert can tell you more about him.

Yours respectfully,

John Fairchild, 828 Pearl Ave., Joplin, Mo."

JOHN FAIRCHILD of Joplin, Mo., furnished the following from the Orlando Morning Sentinel, Babson Park, Florida, of February 26-27, 1941:

"Mr. H. E. Fairchild, pioneer citrus grower, dies at Lake Wales. Babson Park citrus men of the Ridge section will gather at funeral

services for Herbert E. Fairchild, 76, Friday afternoon at 2 o'clock to pay tribute to a man who was one of their pioneers and for many years one of their leaders.

Fairchild died at his home here Tuesday about 7 P. M., after an illness of two days. The rites will be from Draper Funeral Home in Lake Wales to the Winter Haven mausoleum where burial will be made. Dr. Richard Vaughn, pastor of Community Church here, will deliver the sermon.

At the time of his death Mr. Fairchild was president of the Babson Park Citrus Growers Association; President of the Citrus Grove Development Company; Vice-President of the Florida Highlands Light and Power Company, and a member of the village council of Hillcrest Heights. A leader in the citrus industry for 30 years, he was one of the original members of the Committee of Fifty, which sought to unite warring factions in the industry and put through legislation that would help it.

The Citrus Grove Development Company, which he helped organize in 1911, was one of the first groups to plant citrus trees in this vicinity. Mr. Fairchild has been president of the local Citrus Growers Association for ten years. He also built Hillcrest Lodge, a local resident hotel, later selling it.

Survivors include his wife, Mrs. Adella Fairchild, and a sister, Mrs. Myrtle Brown of Altadena, California."

Following is a letter received from Mrs. Adella (Wilson) Fairchild, by John Fairchild of Joplin, Mo. (No date on letter).

Dear Mr. Fairchild:

Your card left at house I think Herbert never saw. You may not know he passed away with a heart attack February 25 (1941). Was only sick two days—came on very suddenly. I am sorry he did not see you when you were in Florida as he always kept in touch with you. His loss is a sad one for me and for the community. I can hardly be reconciled to it—am just recovering from a very severe attack of the flu that nearly took me out—am still very weak.

With kindest regards,

Babson Park, Fla.

Sincerely, Della Fairchild

The Lake Wales Daily, Saturday, July 12, 1941

Funeral Services for Mrs. Fairchild, Monday Morning

Passed Away at Lakeland Hospital, Saturday Morning

ADELLA WILSON FAIRCHILD, 75, widow of the late Herbert E. Fairchild of Hillcrest Heights, passed away Saturday morning at 6 o'clock at the Lakeland hospital where she has been ill for ten weeks. Funeral services will be conducted at the Draper funeral home Monday morning at 10:30 with the Rev. A. C. Bowdish officiating. The family requests no flowers. Pall bearers will be Max Waldron, John F. Stafford, J. J. Ahern, C. H. Matthews, John Rust-gard of Babson Park and V. A. Sims of Lake Wales.

Mrs. Fairchild was born July 16, 1865, in Madison, Wisconsin, and married the late H. E. Fairchild in 1887. He preceded her in death last February. They came to Florida to make their home in 1919.

Mr. Fairchild was the originator and president of the Citrus Grove Development Company and also originated the town of Hillcrest Heights.

Mrs. Fairchild has been very active in the civic affairs in Hillcrest Heights and Babson Park having served as an officer in the Garden Club and the Women's club there for a number of years. She was also a faithful worker in the Red Cross. Mrs. Fairchild served in the capacity of Treasurer of the Polk County Federation of Women's Clubs.

Surviving include one brother, Alonzo Wilson, Babson Park, three sisters, Mrs. C. C. Barre, California, Mrs. W. C. Nicholson, Detroit, and Mrs. W. R. Adams, Chicago, four nieces and three nephews. Mrs. Barre and Mrs. Adams arrived several weeks ago to be with Mrs. Fairchild. Due to ill health it will be impossible for Mrs. Nicholson to be present at the funeral.

Burial will be in the Mausoleum in Winter Haven.

LAMBERT FAIRCHILD, an officer in the American Legion, and at the present time, (1943), Chairman of the Committee for Republican Integrity, 2211 Broadway, New York, and the only surviving son of Henry Shields Fairchild of St. Paul, Minnesota, (see Chapter XII of this work), wrote with reference to Herbert E. Fairchild as follows:

"Bert Fairchild, (Herbert E.) was a black bearded banker in Minneapolis and ran the State Institute For Savings, I think it was called . . . We used to meet occasionally in a business way and I have just an impression that he was one of the Canadian scions."

In August, 1943, Mrs. Alice Fairchild Saam of Western Springs, Ill., a granddaughter of Emily Frances (Fairchild) Fairfield, who was a sister of James Harris Fairchild of the Oberlin College, informed me that she had mislaid some information she wished to send me regarding Charles Fairchild of Elgin, Ill., who was an ex-banker there; that he had descended from a Daniel Fairchild, related to her ancestor, Grandison Fairchild, (see Chapter XII); that the information was furnished to her by Mrs. Charles Fairchild and her daughter Margaret Fairchild.

Mrs. Saam also furnished several other items of interest among which was the following announcement she had clipped from an Omaha Sunday paper under date of September 1st, 1929. Mrs. Saam and her husband were living in Council Bluffs, Iowa, at that time.

**"FAIRCHILDS WED FIFTY YEARS. NINE CHILDREN AND
ELEVEN GRANDCHILDREN ATTEND GOLDEN
ANNIVERSARY PARTY**

"Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Fairchild, 4811 Douglas Street, (Omaha, Neb.) celebrated their golden wedding anniversary Saturday. All of their nine children and eleven grandchildren attended the dinner at their family home.

"Mr. and Mrs. Fairchild were married at Old Washington, Ohio, September 2, 1879; both were teachers and graduates of the National Normal University of Lebanon. Mr. Fairchild was later principal of the Blair, Nebraska, high school. In 1884, they moved to a Nebraska farm, where they lived until coming to Omaha in 1916.

"The children are H. G. Fairchild of Osmund, Neb.; R. E. and E. O. Fairchild of Kennard, Neb.; A. M. Fairchild of Oakland, Calif.; Mrs. W. L. Johnson of Chicago; Mrs. M. E. Isaacs of Marquette, Neb.; and Dr. Nora M. Fairchild, Mrs. L. H. Crapeholf and Mrs. Charles P. Nelson of Omaha."

One of their sons, Homer G. Fairchild, of Osmond, Neb., under date of August 11, 1943, furnished the following additional information:

"My father was George W. Fairchild. He had brothers named Thomas Fairchild, Ulysses Fairchild, John Fairchild and James Fairchild, who have all passed away. My mother is still living and her address is 684 North 57th Ave., Omaha, Neb. . . . I am the oldest of the family, 62 years. Have one brother Ralph and one Edgar of Blair, Neb., and Aubrey somewhere in the State of Washington; two sisters in Omaha and one in Chicago, Ill., and one in Los Angeles, California. I have a wife, and I have two daughters who live at Herman Neb. . . .

Yours truly, Homer G. Fairchild"

In another letter Mrs. Alice Saam wrote as follows:

"The Fairchild I mentioned of Minneapolis, was Edwin Kellogg Fairchild, born in Brecksville, Ohio, Oct. 11, 1854; A.B. Oberlin in 1876; married Oct. 7, 1880, to Ellen F. Webster. He lived at Keokuk, Iowa, when he was a student at Oberlin, and later was a lawyer in Minneapolis, Minn. He was related in some way to Josephine Isabel Fairchild (Mrs. Charles A. Houston of Park Rapids, Minn.). She was born at Kasson, Minn., June 2, 1879 and married Oct. 21, 1913. Josephine Isabel Fairchild was a sister of Charles E. Fairchild of Elgin (the ex-banker) and they were grandchildren of Daniel Fairchild, brother of Grandison Fairchild. The Fairchilds of Elgin gave me their family tree about five years ago, but I have mislaid it."

See the full line of descent of Charles E. Fairchild in first part of Chapter XII.

Note: Probably Ebenezer Fairchild (1729-1807) who married Sarah Kimberly in 1751, was connected with the Moses Fairchild, or Grandison Fairchild branch of the family. My notes appear to indicate that his son Clement Fairchild (1764-1849) married Sarah

Platt, and their son Beman Fairchild (1793-1885), married Polly Ann Fairchild (1796-1861), in 1815, who was the daughter of Joseph Fairchild and granddaughter of Captain Silas Fairchild; that the daughter of Beman Fairchild and Polly Ann Fairchild, Lucinda Fairchild (1828-1858) married William Cook Williams. See further notes in the last part of Chapter XII.

In the latter part of 1943, I found among my notes a letter written by a Bertha Ball containing the following paragraph:

"Not long ago, I spent the afternoon with Mrs. Pearce and her mother in San Francisco. . . . I think I am correct about these names Mrs. Pearce gave me: Her father was Edward S. Fairchild, her grandfather was Edward Platt Fairchild and his father was Beman Fairchild. They came from Stratford, Connecticut." See last part of Chapter XII for fuller line of descent of Ebenezer Fairchild.

Note: The first census of the U. S., taken in 1790 shows the following names as being the heads of families:

Silas Fairchild in Dummerston, Windham County, Mass.

Silas, of Silus Fairchild in Newton, Fairfield County, Conn.

Clemon Fairchild in Newton, Fairfield County, Conn.

Ebenezer Fairchild, Harpersford, Montgomery County, New York.

Probably Silas Fairchild and Clemon Fairchild of Newton, Fairfield County, Conn., are the same men referred to above as the ancestors of Beman Fairchild.

It appears that the first census of the United States, taken in 1790, in New Jersey, was destroyed by fire during the War of 1812 and in a search for some data regarding the Fairchild family near New Brunswick, New Jersey, evidently referred to in Owen's History of the Long Point Settlement on Lake Erie, I wrote to Adrain Ely Mount, Editor of Genealogy and History, Washington, D. C., who answered my letter in part as follows:

"Although the family was not listed in the index of 'New Brunswick, N. J., in History' the family was represented in New Jersey however, in abstracts of wills 1781-5. New Jersey Archives has reference to six of that surname: Jesse Fairchild on Dec. 3, 1764, witnessed a will, probated 1789, of Jacob Vanderruf in Bergen County; Matthew Fairchild was co-maker of an inventory of the estate of Peter Hill, Morris County, Jan. 24, 1787; Nathaniel Fairchild was co-maker of an inventory in the estate of Jedidiah Gregory of Morris County Jan. 16, 1783; Phinehas Fairchild owned land SW of Forge Pond, Morris County.

New Brunswick is in Middlesex County, N. J."

DEBORAH FAIRCHILD, born in Cooperstown, N. Y., 1786. The following excerpts are taken from a letter received from Amelia Pope Sutherland of Long Beach, Calif., in 1944, regarding De-

borah Fairchild, who married Price and had Abigail Price, great-grandmother of Amelia Pope Sutherland:

"As I recall it, Deborah Fairchild, married Price and had Abigail Price, my great-grandmother, who married John Price and had Martha Amelia Price, my grandmother, also had Charlotte and Melvin Price. Deborah Fairchild Price had Martha, who married a Spencer and had a daughter named Emma Spencer, who was adopted by Abigail Price upon the death of her mother. Deborah Fairchild Price had a daughter named Charlotte Price who died in young womanhood. My mother was named Charlotte, also. . . .

"Mrs. Lucia G. (Fairchild) Fletcher, born in Ovid, New York, wife of John B. Fletcher, was a descendant of Abijah Fairchild. She was the daughter of Corydon Fairchild, (1816-1899) and his wife Martha R. (Spencer) Fairchild (1819-1892), married in 1838, and granddaughter of David Fairchild (1791-1866) and great-granddaughter of Abijah Fairchild and his wife, Sarah (Howell) Fairchild, married in 1779.

"Abijah Fairchild (1758-1857) entered the army as a private at the age of 17 and served at Long Island. He was born at Morristown, New Jersey, and died at Cooperstown, New York. See also No. 12401, D. A. R. Lineage Book."

(Note: The place of birth of Abijah Fairchild at Morristown, N. J., suggests to the writer of this genealogy that he may have been a descendant of Zechariah Fairchild, 1st, (1652-1703) some of whose sons settled in the Berkshire Valley and in Morris County, New Jersey, as is recorded in Chapter XIII of this genealogy. The family names of Deborah, Abigail and David appear to strengthen this conclusion. The only Abijah Fairchild I have been able to find in the U. S. Census, taken in 1790, is the Abijah Fairchild who is recorded as the head of a family at Southbury, Litchfield, Conn., who is shown at that time to be the head of a family there with one male in the family under 16 years of age and three females, one of whom would probably be his wife.)

"NATHANIEL FAIRCHILD (1752-1836) was placed on the pension roll of Erie County, as private and sergeant in the N. Y. Militia. His wife Elizabeth Munson, b. 1763, had a daughter named Margaret Fairchild."

(Note: The census of 1790 records only one head of a family by the name of Nathaniel Fairchild, who was at Derby, in New Haven County, Conn. There was a Nathaniel Fairchild about 1810 living

The following item was clipped from a California paper and received late in 1944:

CORREGIDOR FIRST WHITE CHILD LOSES HUSBAND

LOS ANGELES—(UP)—Mrs. Mary F. Fairchild, the first white child born on Corregidor, P. I., Wednesday said she was notified that he husband, 2d Lt. Rayne B. Fairchild, jr., had been missing since July 4, their first wedding anniversary.

Fairchild failed to return from a combat flying mission over France.

She is the niece of Maj. Gen. Terry Allen, commander of the first division in North Africa.

CHAPTER III

THE FIRST CENSUS TAKEN IN THE UNITED STATES

The first census taken in the United States was in 1790, and records the following heads of families by the name of Fairchild in the following named states. The census shows where each family resided at the time the census was taken; the names of the head of each family and the number of all males over sixteen years of age; the number of all males under sixteen years and all females of all ages including the heads of families, if any.

The census taken in 1790 shows none by the name of Fairchild in Maine and New Hampshire; the states of Maryland and Delaware were not examined by the writer and are not reported here; neither is the state of New Jersey as the 1790 census for that state was destroyed by fire in the War of 1812.

There were sixty heads of families by the name of Fairchild in Connecticut as shown by the census of 1790; six by that name in Massachusetts; twenty in New York; two in North Carolina; one in Pennsylvania; one in Rhode Island, four in South Carolina and nine in Vermont.

THE CENSUS OF CONNECTICUT

Name of Head of Family	Number of males over 16 years including heads of families	Number of males under 16 years	Number of females of all ages includ- ing head of family	Name of Town	Name of County
Ezra Fairchild	1	.	1	Kent	Litchfield
Abel Fairchild	1	2	2	Kent	Litchfield
Stephen Fairchild	2	.	2	Kent	Litchfield
Samuel Fairchild	1	.	3	Kent	Litchfield
Oliver Fairchild	1	2	3	Greenwich	Fairfield
Ezekiel Fairchild	1	2	2	Greenwich	Fairfield
John Fairchild	3	.	2	Huntington	Fairfield
Joseph Fairchild, Jr.	2	.	4	Huntington	Fairfield
Joseph Fairchild, Sr.	1	.	1	Huntington	Fairfield
Enoch Fairchild	2	1	4	New Fairfield	Fairfield
Alexander Fairchild	2	.	1	New Fairfield	Fairfield
Andrew Fairchild	2	.	2	New Fairfield	Fairfield
William A. Fairchild	1	1	3	Newton	Fairfield
Apheus Fairchild	2	3	3	Newton	Fairfield
John Fairchild	1	1	6	Newton	Fairfield
Ager Fairchild	2	.	1	Newton	Fairfield
Jonathan Fairchild	1	1	1	Newton	Fairfield
Peter Fairchild	1	2	2	Newton	Fairfield

THE CENSUS OF CONNECTICUT (Continued)

Name of Head of Family	Number of males over 16 years including heads of families	Number of males under 16 years	Number of females of all ages includ- ing head of family	Name of Town	Name of County
Silas Fairchild	2	1	4	Newton	Fairfield
Seth Fairchild	3	1	3	Newton	Fairfield
James Fairchild	1	.	2	Newton	Fairfield
James Fairchild	1	2	3	Newton	Fairfield
Filo Fairchild	1	1	2	Newton	Fairfield
Zadoc Fairchild	1	4	3	Newton	Fairfield
Clemon Fairchild	1	.	1	Newton	Fairfield
Eben Fairchild	3	.	2	Newton	Fairfield
Josiah Fairchild	1	5	2	Newton	Fairfield
Ranson Fairchild	1	2	1	Newton	Fairfield
Samuel Fairchild	1	.	2	Norwalk & Stamford	Fairfield
Ezekiel Fairchild	2	1	2	Ridgefield	Fairfield
John Fairchild	2	3	4	Stratford	Fairfield
Daniel Fairchild	1	.	2	Stratford	Fairfield
Robert Fairchild	2	3	3	Stratford	Fairfield
Joel Fairchild	1	.	2	Weston	Fairfield
Noami Fairchild	.	.	2	Weston	Fairfield
Gershom Fairchild	1	1	2	Weston	Fairfield
Ephraim Fairchild	3	1	3	Weston	Fairfield
Abraham Fairchild	2	.	2	Reading	Fairfield
Stephen Fairchild	1	3	1	Reading	Fairfield
Samuel Fairchild	1	.	2	Reading	Fairfield
John Fairchild	1	2	1	Reading	Fairfield
Andrew Fairchild	3	.	2	Reading	Fairfield
David Fairchild	1	1	4	Litchfield	Litchfield
Abraham Fairchild	1	4	5	New Milford	Litchfield
Eleazer Fairchild, 1st	2	1	2	New Milford	Litchfield
Eleazer Fairchild, 2d	1	2	1	New Milford	Litchfield
Abel Fairchild	1	2	3	New Milford	Litchfield
Curtis Fairchild	2	3	2	Southbury	Litchfield
Abijah Fairchild	1	1	3	Southbury	Litchfield
Seth Fairchild	1	.	5	Woodbury	Litchfield
Samuel Fairchild	1	1	3	Middletown	Middlesex
Abigail Fairchild	1	.	2	Middletown	Middlesex
Joel Fairchild	1	3	3	Middletown	Middlesex
Zachariah Fairchild	2	.	2	Derby	New Haven
Nathaniel Fairchild	2	.	4	Derby	New Haven
Abiel Fairchild	1	1	1	Derby	New Haven
Joseph Fairchild	1	2	5	Derby	New Haven
Edmund Fairchild	1	1	4	Durham	New Haven
Mahitabel Fairchild	.	4	2	Guilford	New Haven
Asher Fairchild	1	2	4	Guilford	New Haven

THE CENSUS OF MASSACHUSETTS

Moses Fairchild	1	2	3	Alford	Berkshire
Zachariah Fairchild	1	2	5	Great Barrington	Berkshire
Daniel Fairchild	2	.	3	Sheffield	Berkshire
John Fairchild	3	1	2	Sheffield	Berkshire
Anson Fairchild	1	1	5	Granville	Hampshire
David Fairchild	1	.	1	Boston	Suffolk

THE CENSUS OF VERMONT

Name of Head of Family	Number of males over 16 years including heads of families	Number of males under 16 years	Number of females of all ages including head of family	Name of Town	Name of County
Daniel Fairchild	3	1	1	Shelburne	Chittenden
Jesse Fairchild	2	1	4	Arlington	Bennington
Jesse Fairchild	2	2	1	South Hero	Chittenden
Joel Fairchild	1	2	2	Georgia	Chittenden
Levi Fairchild	1	2	2	Pownal	Bennington
Sherman Fairchild	3	.	.	Bennington	Bennington
Silas Fairchild	1	2	3	Dummerston	Windham
Stephen Fairchild	3	.	2	Georgia	Chittenden
Stephen Fairchild, Jr.	2	.	3	Georgia	Chittenden

THE CENSUS OF RHODE ISLAND

Major Fairchilds	1	.	5	New Port	New Port
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THE CENSUS OF PENNSYLVANIA

Jonathan Fairchild	1	4	2	Not given	Luzerne
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THE CENSUS OF SOUTH CAROLINA

Sam Fairchild	2	.	3	— (46 slaves)	Beaufort Di
William Fairchild	1	1	2	96 District (1 slave)	Edgefield Co
Abraham Fairchild	1	.	1	96 District	Edgefield Co
John Thomas Fairchild	2	3	5	— (8 slaves)	Orangeburg Dist.

THE CENSUS OF NEW YORK

Aaron Fairchild	1	2	2	Newburgh	Ulster
Abijah Fairchild	2	3	5	New Cornwell	Orange
Azur (Agur) Fairchild	1	2	5	Queensbury	Washington
Benjamin Fairchild	2	4	2	Hudson	Columbia
Benjamin Fairchild	3	.	2	Queensbury	Washington
David Fairchild	1	3	2	Chenango	Montgomery
Ebenezer Fairchild	1	1	4	Harpersfield	Montgomery
Ephriam Fairchild	2	2	4	Eastchester	Westchester
James Fairchild	3	1	6	Southcast	Dutchess
John Fairchild	1	2	6	Hillsdale	Columbia

THE CENSUS OF NEW YORK (Continued)

Name of Head of Family	Number of males over 16 years including heads of families	Number of males under 16 years	Number of females of all ages including head of family	Name of Town	Name of County
Jonathan Fairchild	2	2	7	Kinderhook	Columbia
Matthew Fairchild	1	3	4	Caughnawaga	Montgomery
Oliver Fairchild	4	.	1	Westchester	Westchester
Peter Fairchild	1	1	5	Queensbury	Washington
Robert Fairchild	1	1	3	Pawling Town	Columbia
Samuel Fairchild	1	2	5	Queensbury	Washington
Seth Fairchild	2	1	3	Jamaica	Queens
Stephen Fairchild	3	1	2	New Cornwall	Orange
Sweton Fairchild	3	1	3	Granville	Washington
Thomas Fairchild	1	1	2	Flushing	Queens

THE CENSUS OF NORTH CAROLINA

Eben Fairchild	1	2	4	Morgan District Third Company	Wilkes
Elijah Fairchild	2	.	2	Morgan District Third Company	Wilkes

Attention is called to the census of New York showing the residence of Benjamin Fairchild, Sr., Samuel Fairchild and Peter Fairchild at Queensbury when the census of 1790 was taken. There is no doubt but that this Samuel Fairchild and this Benjamin Fairchild, Sr., were brothers and the sons of Samuel Fairchild, 2d, Number 13 of the Orcutt genealogy, and that Peter Fairchild was the son of Benjamin Fairchild, Sr., shown by the census to have been the head of a family there and at that time with one son and four daughters in his family, and clearly he was the same man as the Reverend Peter Fairchild who moved to Norfolk County, Ontario, about 1792, and whose fifth daughter, Sarah, was the first white child born in Norfolk County, or as is also claimed, the first white child born between the Grand River and Lake Erie. See Chapters II and XVI of this genealogy.

CHAPTER IV

THE MANUSCRIPT OF THE MEDIA RESEARCH BUREAU

This Chapter IV is a copy of the Manuscript of the Name and Family of Fairchild published by the Media Research Bureau of Washington, D. C.

"The name of Fairchild is believed to have been derived from the nickname of 'the fair child' being used in France in the form of Beaufitz. It is found in ancient English records in the various spelling of Fayrechilde, Fayrchilde, Fairchylde, Farechilde, Fayrechild, Fairechilde, Farichilde, Farechild, Farchilde, and Fairchild, of which the last is the form most generally used in America today.

"Families bearing this name were to be found at early dates in the English Counties of Oxford, Cambridge, Norwich, Somerset, and London. It appears that these families were, for the most part, of the landed gentry and yeomanry of the British Isles.

"Among the earliest records of the name in England are those of Margaret Fairechilde of the latter twelfth century; Robert Fairchilde of the time of King Henry the Third, about 1250; Adam Fayrchild of Oxfordshire in 1273; Ralph Fayrchild of Cambridgeshire about the same time; John Fairchild of Somersetshire about the beginning of the reign of King Edward the Third, in 1327; and John Fairchild, bailiff of Norwich in 1354.

"It is generally believed that most, if not all, of the American Fairchilds trace their descent from Thomas Fairchild, who came from England to America about the year 1639 and settled at Stratford, Conn. By his first wife, Sarah Seabrook, he had issue of Samuel, Faith or Sarah (perhaps both), John (died young), Thomas, Dinah, Zachariah, and Emma. He returned to England about 1662 and was there married to the Widow Catherine Cragg or Craig of London, by whom he had further issue in America of three children, Joseph, John, and Priscilla.

"Samuel, eldest son of the immigrant Thomas, made his home at Woodbury, Conn., and had issue by his wife, Mary Wheeler, of Robert, Samuel, Edward, and Jonathan. Of these, the second son, Samuel, had issue by his first wife Ruth Beach, whom he married in 1705, of Anna, Mary, Samuel, Ephraim, Abigail, Eunice and Benjamin; and the third son Edward, made his home at Newton and was married in 1710 to Elizabeth Blakeman, by whom he was the father of Mary, Jonathan, Thomas, Moses, and Betty.

"Thomas, son of the immigrant Thomas, also resided at Woodbury and was married to Sarah Preston about the year 1672. They were the parents of, among others, Emma, Samuel, and Alexander. The son Samuel was married in 1699 to Mary Lewis, who gave him five children, Thomas, Dinah, Robert, Curtis, and Edmund; and the younger son, Alexander, married Deborah Beardsley before 1702 and

had issue by her of John, Alexander, Deborah, Sarah, Hannah, Andrew, and Ruth.

"Zachariah, son of the immigrant Thomas, married Hannah Beach in 1681 and had issue by her, mostly at Stratford, of nine children, Mehitable, Hannah, David, Augur or Agur, Caleb, James, Mary, Zachariah, and Abiel. Of these, the eldest son, David, had issue at Newtown by his wife Deborah Hawley, whom he married in 1711, of John Agur, Henry, and David; the second son, Augur or Agur married Mary Booth in 1710 and had issue by her of Mehitable and Abiel; the third son, Caleb, was probably the father of Hezekiah and Sarah; the fourth son, James, had issue by his wife Abigail Beardsley, whom he married in 1723, of Eliezer, Hannah, Zachariah, Rebecca, Abigail, Mehitable, and James; and the youngest son, Abiel, was married in 1728 to Lois Riggs, by whom he had issue of Lois, Agur, Nehemiah, Ebenezer, and David. See Chapter XIII."

(Note: It is very likely that Noah Fairchild and his sister, Rebecca (Fairchild) Smith, mentioned by E. A. Owen in his Pioneer Sketches of the Long Point Settlement, Lake Erie, Chapters XIII and XXII following, descended from Zachariah Fairchild and his descendants in New Jersey.)

"Joseph, son of the immigrant Thomas, was married sometime before 1687 to Johannah Wilcoxson, by whom he had issue of Timothy, Jeremiah, Joseph, Nathan, Sarah, Johannah, Katherine, John, Phebe, and Thomas. Of these, the first son, Timothy, married Sarah Thompson in 1715 and was the father of William, Timothy, Daniel, and Sarah; Joseph married Catherine Coe in 1725 and had issue by her of Catherine and Joanna; Nathan was married in 1724 to Phebe St. John, who gave him one child named Hannah, and in 1727 to Obedient Curtis, by whom he had another daughter named Phebe; John was married about 1723 to Joanna Phippeny, by whom he was the father of James, John, Joanna, and Joseph; and the youngest son, Thomas, married Mary Hall in 1737 and had issue at Fairfield, Conn., of twins, Timothy and Bille.

"The offspring of these and possibly of other branches of the family in America have removed to every State in the Union and have made a worthy contribution to the progress of the nation. An energetic, ambitious, resourceful, and keen-minded race, the Fairchilds have been successful in almost every field of endeavor.

"Among the Fairchilds who fought in the War of the Revolution were Clement, Alexander, Benjamin, Edmund, Gershom, James, Joseph, Jesse, Nathan, Peter, Samuel, and Sherman, of Connecticut, as well as numerous others from various other New England States.

"Robert, John, Thomas, Samuel, Edward, Jonathan, Alexander, David, Agur, Nathan, Joseph, and James are some of the Christian names favored by the family for its male progeny.

"A few of the many members of the family who have distinguished themselves in America in more recent times as the following:

"James Harris Fairchild (1817-1902), of Massachusetts, educator
Lucius Fairchild (1851-1896), military officer. (Governor of Wisconsin)

George Thompson Fairchild (1838-1901), of Ohio, educator

Charles Stebbins Fairchild (1842-1924), of New York, financier.

Herman LeRoy Fairchild (b. 1850), of Pennsylvania, educator and writer.

- David Grandison Fairchild (b. 1869) of Michigan, botanist
 Benjamin Lewis Fairchild (b. 1863) of New York, lawyer and Congressman
 Fred Rogers Fairchild (b. 1877) Nebraska and Connecticut, political economist
 Henry Pratt Fairchild (b. 1880) of Illinois and New York, social scientist
 Edwin Milton Fairchild (b. 1865) of Michigan and Washington, D. C., educationist
 Edward Thomas Fairchild (b. 1872) of Pennsylvania and Wisconsin, Jurist
 Raymond Wilber Fairchild (b. 1889) of Illinois, President of the Illinois State Normal University.
 "The coat of arms used most frequently by the Fairchild family in America is that described thus (Crozier, *General Armory*, page 55):
 ARMS—'Azure, a fess between three lions' heads erased or.'
 CREST—'A tiger sejant ermine.'
 MOTTO—'Illi nunquam cedunt.'

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CHAPTER V

THE ORCUTT GENEALOGY

The material in this chapter was taken from a small genealogy of the Fairchild family obtained from "The Book Shop" in Iowa City, Iowa, which doubtless was copied from Orcutt's History of Stratford and Bridgeport, Connecticut, and for that reason in referring to the material in this chapter in the preceding and following pages of this work it is referred to as "The Orcutt Genealogy."

Many of the lines of descent in this Orcutt genealogy have been extended in the following pages of this work.

1. Fairchild, Thomas, m. 1st, so said, the daughter of Robert Seabrook in England; m., 2d, Catherine Craig, of London, England. He died Dec. 14, 1670, and she m., 2d, Jeremiah Judson. His first wife was sister to Thomas Sherwood's wife, so said, yet Thomas Sherwood's wife was 47 years of age in 1634 and Mr. Fairchild appears to have been married first about 1639. This first wife was also sister to Wm. Preston's wife, of New Haven.
2. Samuel, b. Aug. 31, 1640. Probably the first white child born in Stratford, Conn.
3. Sarah, b. Feb. 19, 1641-2; m. Jehiel Preston, her cousin.
4. John, b. May 1, 1644; d. y.
5. Thomas, b. Feb. 21, 1645.
6. Dinah, b. July 14, 1648.
7. Zechariah, b. Dec. 14, 1651.
8. Emma, b. Oct. . . , 1653; m. Hackaliah Preston.
9. Joseph, b. Apr. 18, 1664.
10. John, b. June 8, 1666.
11. Priscilla, b. Apr. 30, 1669.
2. Samuel, son of Thomas Fairchild, m. Mary, daughter of Moses Wheeler. He died about 1704, and she m. 2d, Benjamin Beach, Sen., Dec. . . , 1705
12. Robert, b. . . . , 1681; to whom Moses Wheeler left property.
13. Samuel, b. . . . , 1683.
14. Edward; removed to Newton before 1705 (?) m. Elizabeth Blake-man, Jan. 25, 1710.
15. Jonathan (see biographical record of Eli Wheeler Fairchild in Chapter X of this work.)
5. Thomas, 2d, son of Thomas Fairchild, 1st m. Sarah Preston and removed to Woodbury, and died Mar. 27, 1686-7.
16. Emma, b. Aug. 30, 1672.
17. Samuel
18. Alexander

7. Zechariah, son of Thomas Fairchild, 1st m. Hannah Beach, Nov. 3, 1681. He was a blacksmith and joined the Stratford church in 1699; died June 23, 1703, and his widow m. John Burritt before 1711.
- 19.. Mehitable, b. Mar. 29, 1682-3; d. Sept. 1684.
20. Hannah, b. Aug. 1, 1685; m. Daniel Searles, Dec. ..., 1706
21. David, b. May 16, 1688; Deborah; settled in Newtown; had Agur in 1713.
22. Augur, b. Oct. 1, 1691; d. in 1712; m. Mary Booth.
23. Caleb, b. Sept. 10, 1693
24. James, b. Feb. 12, 1696-96.
25. Mary, b. May 7, 1698; m. Samuel Adams (prob. son of Edward of New Haven, Milford and Fairfield. They had 6 children, one of whom, Andrew, b. 1736, became Chief Justice of Connecticut. The family removed to Litchfield not long before Mr. Adams' death in 1788, A.E. 85. Mrs. Adams lived until Aug. 29, 1803; in her 106th year. She lived in three centuries).
26. Zechariah, b. Nov. 21, 1701.
27. Abiel, b. Jan. 15, 1703-4.
9. Joseph, son of Thomas and Catherine Fairchild, m. Johannah, daughter of Timothy Wilcoxson. He owned lands in Durham. He died July 25, 1713. She died Aug. 15, 1713.
28. Timothy, b. Dec. 9, 1687; m. Sarah Thompson in 1715, and died in 1726, aged 39.
29. Jeremiah, b. Dec. 27, 1691.
30. Joseph, b. Dec. 28, 1689.
31. Nathan, b. Jan. 29, 1692-3.
32. Sarah, b. Nov. 26, 1694; m. John Wildman, April, 1716.
33. Johannah, b. Feb. 2, 1696-7; d. unm. in 1723.
34. Katherine, b. Apr. 16, 1699; d. in 1723; had Joanna, Bapt. Sept. 1727.
35. John, b. June 19, 1701; d. in Ripton in 1780, age 79.
36. Phebe, b. Dec. ..., 1704; d. unm. Oct. 20, 1728
37. Thomas, b. May 4, 1712.
13. Samuel, 2d, son of Samuel and Mary (Wheeler) Fairchild, m. 1st, Jan. 3, 1705, Ruth, daughter of John Beach, Jr. She died Jan. 20, 1722, and he m. 2d, Jan. 24, 1723, Dinah Burwell of West Haven.
38. Anna, b. Oct. 12, 1706; d. Feb. 9, 1722
39. Mary, b. 27, 1708; m. Samuel Adams in 1729.
40. Samuel, b. Feb. 3, 1710
41. Ephraim, b. Aug. 28, 1713; settled in Weston
42. Abigail, b. Dec. 15, 1715
43. Eunice, b. May 20, 1718; d. Apr. 21, 1721
44. Benjamin, b. Mar. ..., 1721. (See Chapter XVI, and the Canadian Records in Chapter XXI of this work).
The children of Samuel Fairchild, 2d and Dinah (Burwell Fairchild, were:
45. Oliver, bapt. June, 1724; lived in Stamford
46. Stephen, bapt. Sept. 1726; m. Eunice; had Agur, bapt. Dec. 8, 1751, in Stratford (also Daniel, see 110 1-4)
47. Peter, bapt., 1729

- 48. Andrew, bapt. . . . , 1729, in Redding
- 49. Josiah, bapt. Aug. 1732
- 50. Charles, bapt. Mar., 1736

(Note: The writer of this genealogy is fully convinced that the Benjamin Fairchild above referred to at No. 44 as the last child of Samuel Fairchild, 2d, and his first wife, Ruth Beach Fairchild, is the same Benjamin Fairchild, Sr., mentioned in the Public Records and Archives of Canada, found in Toronto and Ottawa, and from whom the Brant County, Ontario, branch of the Fairchild Family descended. Copies of excerpts from said Canadian records and a full list of the children and grandchildren of this Benjamin Fairchild, Sr., together with the names of many of his later descendants are set out in the following pages. See Chapter XVI.

However, attention is called to the excerpts from E. A. Owen's Pioneer Sketches of the Long Point Settlement in Canada, wherein mention is made of a Noah Fairchild as the descendant of Abiel Fairchild of New Jersey, and where Owen erroneously connects Peter Fairchild with this branch of the Fairchild family).

- 14. Edward, son of Samuel and Mary (Wheeler) Fairchild, m. Elizabeth Blakeman, Jan. 25, 1710-1711.
 - 51. Mary, b. Apr. 6, 1713
 - 52. Jonathan, b. Aug. 2, 1715
 - 53. Thomas, b. Sept. 19, 1720
 - 54. Moses, b. Oct. 1, 1721
 - 55. Bettee, b. July 19, 1726
- 17. Samuel, son of Thomas, 2d, and Sarah Fairchild, m. Nov. 22, 1699. Mary, daughter of Benjamin Lewis. His will was probated in May, 1752; left wife and children.
 - 56. Thomas, b. Aug. 23, 1700. Perhaps he was the Thomas who settled in Norwalk.
 - 57. Dinah, b. Mar. 12, 1702; m. Ebenezer Allen, Dec. 1756.
 - 58. Robert, b. Nov. 18, 1703; m. Anne Curtiss, May, 1730
 - 59. Curtis, m. Mary Wells
 - 60. Edmund
- 18. Alexander, son of Thomas, 2d, and Sarah Fairchild, m. Deborah, daughter of Thomas Beardslee; residence in Stratford, now Fairfield Ave., Bridgeport.
 - 61. John, bapt. Dec. 1702
 - 62. Alexander, bapt. July, 1704
 - 63. Deborah, bapt. May, 1706
 - 64. Sarah, bapt. June, 1708
 - 65. Abraham, bapt. May, 1711
 - 66. Hannah, bapt. June, 1713
 - 67. Andrew, bapt. Apr. 1716
 - 68. Ruth, bapt. Jan. 1718
- 21. David, son of Zechariah and Hannah Fairchild, m. Deborah Hawley, April 20, 1711.

69. John, b. Feb. 25, 1712
70. Agur, b. Aug. ..., 1713
71. Henry, b. May ..., 1715
72. David, b. Apr. 19, 1717
22. Agur, son of Zechariah and Hannah Fairchild, m. Mary Booth, Sept. 20, 1710. He died May 14, 1712, and she m. 2d, Ephraim Burritt in 1722, and died in 1726.
73. Mehitable, b. ..., 1711
74. Abiel, b. ..., 1712; prob. m. Hannah Chatfield, 1757 (?)
23. Caleb, son of Zechariah and Hannah Fairchild, m.
75. Hezekiah, b. Feb. 1717
76. Sarah, b., 1719
24. James, son of Zechariah and Hannah Fairchild, m. Agigail, daughter of Daniel Beardslee, Apr. ..., 1723; residence in Stratfield, where they joined the church in 1731.
77. Eliezer, b. Dec. 1, 1724. (See Canadian Records, Chapter XV of this genealogy).
78. Hannah, b. July 31, 1726
79. Zechariah, b. Apr. 1, 1728
80. Rebecca, b. Sept. 9, 1729
81. Abigail, b. July 7, 1731; m. prob. John Blakeman
82. Mehitable, b. July 24, 1734
83. James, b. Mar. 28, 1739
27. Abiel, son of Zechariah and Hannah Fairchild, m. 1st, Lois Riggs, Aug. 8, 1728; m. 2d, Mrs. Mary Peck, May, ..., 1757.
84. Lois
85. Agur
86. Nehemiah
87. Ebenezer, b., 1747
88. David, b., 1751
28. Timothy, son of Joseph and Johanna Fairchild, m. Sarah Thompson, of New Haven,, 1715. He died Nov. 23, 1726, aged 39.
91. William, b. June 30, 1716; d. Dec. 31, 1716
92. Timothy, b. Oct. 25, 1717
93. Daniel, b. Feb. 18, 1719
94. Sarah, b. Jan. 17, 1721-2; m. Ephraim Booth
30. Joseph, son of Joseph and Johannah Fairchild, m. Catharine Coe, Nov. ..., 1725. He died in 1727, aged 37. His widow m. in Aug. 1728, David Colhoon.
95. Catharine, bapt. Oct. ..., 1726
96. Joanna, bapt. Sept. 27, 1727
31. Nathan, son of Joseph and Johannah Fairchild, m. 1st, Phebe St. John, of Norwalk, Apr. 22, 1724. She died Sept. 16, 1726, and he m. 2d, Obedient Curtis, Feb. 14, 1727-8. He died Jan. 9, 1730, aged 38.

97. Hannah, b. Aug. 23, 1726
 98. By second wife
 Phebe, bapt. Sept. 11, 1728
35. John, son of Joseph and Johannah Fairchild, m. Joanna Phippeny, Dec. 26, 1723.
 99. James, b. 12, 1724; d. in 1801, aged 77
 100. John, b. Mar. 6, 1726
 101. Joanna, b. Jan. 6, 1732, in Unity, m. prob. John Beardsley in 1752
 102. Joseph, b., 1728; d. at Ripton in 1802, aged 74
37. Thomas, son of Joseph and Johannah (Wilcoxson) Fairchild, m. Mary Hall, Sept. 22, 1737, in Fairfield.
 102½ Timothy)
 102¼ "Billie")
 Twins, b. Oct. 22, 1738
40. Samuel, 3d, son of Samuel, 2d, and Ruth (Beach) Fairchild, m. Mary, dau. of John Curtiss, Apr. 5, 1745. She died in 1783, aged 64. He died in 1790, aged 84.
 103. John Curtiss, b. Feb., 1746
 104. Abel, bapt. Jan., 1753
 105. Robert
 (See footnote on page of this outline)
58. Robert, son of Samuel and Mary (Lewis) Fairchild, m. Anne Curtis, May .., 1730.
 106. Elizabeth, b. June, 1743; d. in 1745
 107. Robert, b. Mar., 1749; d. in 1765. (See Chapter VI)
59. Curtis, son of Samuel and Mary (Lewis) Fairchild, m. widow Mary Wells, perhaps widow of William, Apr. .., 1753.
 108. Sarah, bapt. Nov. 1754
 109. Sarah, bapt. Oct. 1756
 110. Joseph, bapt. Oct. 1756
- (Note: Curtis Fairchild probably was the father of a daughter born in 1762, named Catherine Fairchild, who married Jonas Hinman. See letter of Mrs. Colin Frank Campbell of Glendale, California, Chapter VI of this genealogy.)
46. Stephen, son of Samuel, 2d, and Dinah (Burwell) Fairchild, m. Eunice He was one of the early settlers of the town of Fairfield, Vermont.
 110¼. Agur, bapt. Dec. 8, 1751, in Stratfield
 110½. Daniel, b. in 1763
62. Alexander, son of Alexander and Deborah (Beardslee) Fairchild, m. Ann Benjamin,, 1757. He was a blacksmith.
 111. Glorianna, b. Mar., 1758; m. Johiah Beers

(Note: Stephen Fairchild referred to at No. 46 above was a brother of Benjamin Fairchild referred to at No. 44 of this outline.)

112. Rhoda, b. Feb., 1760; m. Thomas Bailey
113. Philip
114. Alexander, bapt. Apr. 1762; m. Mary Plumb and had David, b. June, 1787.
115. Benjamin, bapt. Jan. 1764
83. James 2d, son of James and Abigail (Beardsley) Fairchild, m. Mary Stannard, Dec. 6, 1759.
 116. Abigail, bapt. Oct. 5, 1760
 117. Sarah, b. Apr. 22, 1762
 118. Elijah, bapt. Feb. . ., 1765
93. Daniel, son of Timothy and Sarah (Thompson) Fairchild, m. Hepzibah, dau. of Samuel Lewis, of Old Mill,, 1743. He died June 9, 1807. She m. 2d, William Peet, July 12, 1827. Daniel Fairchild was among the first settlers in Trumbull.
 119. Timothy, b. July 30, 1744; m. Joanna Uffoot
 120. Lewis, b. Mar. 14, 1746; m. Mary Uffoot
 121. Daniel, b. Jan. 4, 1747-8
 122. Nehemiah, b. Oct. 22, 1749
 123. Sarah, bapt. Feb. 23, 1752; d. y.
 124. Mehitable, b. Dec. 10, 1755; m. Capt. Lewis, son of Rev. James Beebec, and settled in Pompey, N. Y.
 125. Benjamin, b. May 30, 1758; removed to Chenango, N. Y.
 126. Abel, b. Nov. 6, 1761; removed to Chenango, N. Y.
 127. Sarah, b. July 9, 1765; m. Eben Burritt and settled in Roxbury, Conn.
100. John, 2d, son of John and Joanna (Phippeny) Fairchild, m. Beulah Thompson, of North Stratford, Oct. 12, 1749. She died in 1790, aged 61 years. He died in Ripon in 1791, aged 65 years.
 128. Sherman, bapt. July 13, 1750; d. Oct. 22, 1750
 129. Ruth, b. Oct. 12, 1751
 130. Curtiss, bapt. Dec. 30, 1753
 131. Abijah, b. Nov. . ., 1756
 132. Sarah, bapt. Feb. 19, 1758
 133. Beulah, bapt. Jan. 11, 1761
 134. Nathan, bapt. Feb. 27, 1763
 135. Mary, b. Dec. 16, 1764
 136. Ruth, b. Feb. . ., 1768
 137. John, bapt. Mar. 28, 1770
102. Joseph, son of John and Joanna (Phippeny) Fairchild, m. "Mary" Botchford, Nov. 2, 1756.
 138. Anna, b. Nov. 2, 1757
 139. Abigail, b. Feb. 16, 1762
 140. Joseph, b. Oct. 13, 1764
 141. Mary, b. Aug. 31, 1766
103. John Curtiss, son of Samuel, 3d, and Mary (Curtiss) Fairchild, m. Elizabeth Bureh, Nov. 6, 1768. She died in 1804, aged 53.

142. William, b., 1769
143. John, b., 1770; d. in 1800; m. Abigail Patterson, May 31, 1795; had Charles, b. June 8, 1796
144. Joseph, b., 1772; d. in 1775
145. Sarah, b., 1773
146. Curtiss, b., 1775
147. Tabitha, b., 1777: d. in 1778
148. Ruth, b., 1779; m. Brown
149. Benjamin, b., 1781
150. Reuben, b., 1784

- 110½. Daniel, son of Stephen and Eunice Fairchild, m. 1st, Eleanor, dau. of Joseph Wheeler, of Fairfield, Vt. She died in 1825, and he m. 2d, Eunice Wheeler, sister of his first wife. He died in 1839. (See Chapter II of this work).

151. Fanny, d. unm.
152. Marcia, d. unm.
153. Daniel W., d. unm.
154. Catharine, d. unm.
155. John, b. Aug. 21, 1804
156. Lucia, d. unm.
157. Addison, d. unm.
158. Hiram, d. unm.

113. Philip, son of Alexander and Ann (Benjamin) Fairchild, m. Charity Blakeman, of Huntington.

159. Betsey, b. Mar. 1792; m. James Burritt
160. Lewis, b. May, 1794
161. Robert
162. Isaac
163. Maria, b. July, 1795; m. Bassett

119. Timothy, son of Daniel and Hepzibah (Lewis) Fairchild, m. Joanna Uffoot, June 26, 1766.

163. Nehemiah, bapt. Sept. 30, 1770
164. Eli, b. Jan. . ., 1776
165. Aaron, b. Jan. . ., 1778
166. Joanna, b. Oct. 11, 1780
167. Hepsy, bapt. Sept. 6, 1784

120. Lewis, son of Daniel and Hepzibah (Lewis) Fairchild, m. Mary Uffoot, Sept. 22, 1768.

168. Lewis, b. May 1774
- 168½. Polly H., b. 1780; m. Silas Nichols
- 168 1/3. Reuben, b. 1782; m. Anna Hawley
- 168¼. Eben, b. 1784; m. Betsey A. Nichols
- 168 1/5. Jane, b. 1789; m. Eben Ufford
- 168 1/6. Sarah, b. 1793; d. 1810

121. Daniel, 2d, son of Daniel and Hepzibah (Lewis) Fairchild, m. Hannah, dau. of Abraham Brinsmade,, 1771. They removed to Dover, N. Y., and thence to Chenango Co., N. Y.

169. Abraham Brinsmade, b. June 8, 1772
170. Abigail, b. Oct. 12, 1773
171. Daniel Munson, b. Apr. 14, 1775
172. Truman, b. Apr. 26, 1777
173. Mary, b. Oct. 11, 1781
174. Sarah Rebecca, b. Nov. 11, 1784; d. July 19, 1791
142. William, son of John Curtiss and Elizabeth (Burch) Fairchild, m. Hannah, dau. of Samuel Well.
175. William, d. unm.
176. Robert
177. Eliza, m. Samuel Plumb
178. Susan, m. William Plumb
146. Curtiss, son of John Curtis and Elizabeth Burch Fairchild, m. Eunice, daughter of Joseph Whiting (or Betsey).
179. Joseph, m. Celene Candee, of New Haven. (See Chapter IX of this genealogy)
180. George, m. Laura Gray of Newtown
181. Cornelia, m. Charles Benjamin
182. Mary, m. Bidwell, of New Haven
149. Benjamin, son of John C. and Elizabeth Burch Fairchild, m. Eunice, dau. of Thomas Elwood, of Fairfield, Nov. . . , 1804.
183. John Curtiss, b. Dec. 10, 1805
184. Catharine Anne, b. Nov. 4, 1808
185. Samuel William, b. Mar. 30, 1811; lost in Steamer Pacific in 1856
186. Robert Russell, b. May 2, 1815; d. in 1849
187. Sarah Betsey, b. Jan. 16, 1817
188. Lewis Chamberlain, b. Aug. 16, 1821; d. in 1829
189. Susan Ann, b. Aug. 7, 1823
190. Thomas Benjamin, b. Jan. 14, 1826
155. Rev. John, son of Daniel and Eleanor (Wheeler) Fairchild, m. Laura Porter, dau. of Reuben Bigelow, of Vt. He received a classical education at the University of Vermont, and his theological at Andover, Mass., and the Union Theol. Sem. of Va. He was an active Presbyterian minister more than fifty years. He had five sons and two daughters—all living near him in 1884, at Marinette, Wis. (See note below and references to Daniel Fairchild, Number 110½ in Chapter II of this work.)
168. Col. Lewis, son of Lewis and Mary (Uffoot) Fairchild, m. Martha, daughter of Andrew Nichols. He was a farmer and a manufacturer of paper with his brother. He died in 1850, aged 76 years.
191. Bryant, b. 1801
192. Betsey, b. 1806
193. Daniel
194. Plum N., m. Jennett H. Lewis
195. LeGrand
196. Sarah Ann
197. Celina Abiah
198. Juliet F.

193. Daniel, son of Col. Lewis and Martha (Nichols) Fairchild, m. Ann Eliza, dau. of Horace Hungerford, Sept. 11, 1833.
 199. Horace L.

-
1. Fairchild, John, perhaps son of John (b. in 1728; d. Aug. 28, 1771, aged 43), m. Ruth Farnsey, who was b. 1728 and died in 1758, aged 30.
 2. John, b. in 1751
 3. Hamlet, b.; d. Jan. 1773
 4. George
 2. John, 2d, son of John and Ruth (Garnsey) Fairchild, m. Martha, dau. of John Allen of Fairfield, Feb. . ., 1773. He died Sept. . ., 1777, aged 26, at Durham.
 5. Robert, b. Jan. . ., 1775
 5. Robert, son of John and Martha (Allen) Fairchild, m. Esther, daughter of John Brooks, Aug. 10, 1795. He died July 9, 1835, aged 60 years. She was born Aug. 11, 1776, and died Dec. 19, 1819, aged 43 years. He was Marshal of Connecticut, appointed by President Madison and re-appointed by President Monroe, and was in office from 1809 to 1821.
 6. John, b. May . ., 1796; d. in 1829, unm.
 7. Maria, b. Aug. . ., 1798
 8. Julia Ann, b. Aug. . ., 1800; d. in 1806
 9. Robert George, b. Dec. . ., 1802; m. Sarah Brintnall
 10. Jane Emeline, b. Jan. . ., 1805
 11. Alfred, b. June . ., 1807; d. in 1832; mysteriously drowned
 12. Julia, b. Dec. . ., 1809; d. in Troy
 13. Frederick, b. Feb. . ., 1812; d. in May, 1862
 14. Cornelia, b. Apr. 12, 1814; died in 1836
 15. Catherine, b. Apr. 12, 1814; died in 1814 by laudanum administered by mistake.
 16. Sidney, b. Apr. 12, 1814; d. in 1814
 Triplets
 17. Henry, b. Aug. 19, 1815; m. Eliza Shelton
 18. Samuel Allen, b. Dec. 19, 1819

(Note: The Samuel Fairchild referred to at number 40 of the foregoing copy of Orcutt's genealogy, was a brother of Benjamin Fairchild, Sr., Number 44 of the Orcutt genealogy, who is mentioned in the Public Records and Archives of Ontario and who is mentioned in the following chapters of this genealogy as the ancestor of most of the Canadian Fairchilds. Also Stephen Fairchild, Number 46 of the Orcutt genealogy who was one of the earliest settlers in the northern part of Vermont, and was the father of Daniel Fairchild, Number 110½ of the Orcutt genealogy, was a brother of Samuel and Benjamin Fairchild above referred to. This Daniel Fairchild was the father of the Reverend John Fairchild who later settled at Marinette, Wisconsin; see Numbers 46 and 155 of the Orcutt genealogy. When the first census of the United States was taken in 1790, Samuel Fairchild, Benjamin Fairchild and Benjamin Fairchild's oldest son, Peter Fairchild,

were recorded in the census as being heads of families at Queensbury, N. Y., not far from the Vermont line, and at the same time Daniel Fairchild was recorded by the census as being the head of a family at Shelburne, Chittenden County, Vermont, not far from the western line of Vermont. This Daniel Fairchild and the sons of Benjamin Fairchild were first cousins, and it is the opinion of the compiler of this genealogy, based upon the relationship of these men, notwithstanding the fact that Daniel Fairchild's son, the Reverend John Fairchild, Number 155 of the Orcutt genealogy, received his education in Vermont and New York, nevertheless this Daniel Fairchild was the same Daniel Fairchild who, on July 24, 1793, joined with his cousins, Benjamin Fairchild, Jr., Isaac Fairchild, and the Reverend Peter Fairchild, sons of Benjamin Fairchild, Sr., and the brother-in-law of Benjamin, Isaac and Peter, whose name was Mordecia Sayles, in petitions to the Ontario Government for land grants, which petitions appear to have been separate petitions all filed at the same time, to-wit, July 24, 1793, as is shown by the Canadian records, and in which Daniel Fairchild states that he has moved into Ontario and has brought his family with him.) See Chapter XXI of this work.

It may be that Arthur W. Fairchild of Milwaukee is connected with the Reverend John Fairchild because he was born in Marinette, Wisconsin, Dec. 11, 1876, and received his education in the University of Wisconsin.

CHAPTER VI

THE FIRST GENERATION IS INDICATED BY THE LETTER "A"

THE SECOND GENERATION IS INDICATED BY THE LETTER "B"

THE THIRD GENERATION IS INDICATED BY THE LETTER "C"

The material in Chapters I and II and the following chapters of this work, supplementing the Orcutt genealogy set out in Chapter V of this work was gathered and compiled from many sources by T. M. Fairchild, LL.B., of Iowa City, Iowa, assisted by his daughter, Sarah Ellen (Fairchild) Filter, wife of First Lieutenant Chester Filter, B.S.C.E., who saw service in the Army of the U. S. in Africa in 1942.

A number of the lines of descent set out in the Orcutt genealogy have been extended and supplemented by such additional family history as we have been able to obtain from research and correspondence which are set forth in the pages of this work for the benefit of those who may have occasion to search for information relative to their lines of descent. However, we have not been able to obtain sufficient information to complete the full lines of descent of some of the branches of this family.

In order to set out such additional information and at the same time avoid as much as possible the confusion which results from the same names of different members of the family in different family groups or branches, it appears advisable to set out the full line of descent from the original Thomas Fairchild, Sr., for each group, or family, although the result is some repetition of the earlier generations of the family.

A.—THOMAS FAIRCHILD, SR., progenitor of the American family of Fairchild, was born in England in 1610; died Dec. 14, 1670; Number 1 of the Orcutt genealogy set out in Chapter V of this work. He was married twice, his first wife being Emma Seabrook, daughter of Robert Seabrook, whom he married in England before coming to America. They settled in the wilderness of Connecticut together with a number of other settlers from England, in 1639. Possibly the locality where they settled, and which they named Stratford, was first seen by white men two years before this settlement, but no settlement had ever been made there until this little band of pioneers from England landed there and proceeded to lay out their home lots; built their meeting house and their homes and erected a palisade against attacks by Indians and wild animals. See the biographical sketch of Thomas Fairchild, Sr., from William Howard Wilcoxson's History of Stratford in Chapter I of this work. Also see the above history for biographical sketches of

many of those early settlers, including that of Robert Seabrook and his son-in-laws. Also see the manuscript of the Media Research Bureau, Chapter IV of this work and the excerpt taken from Dr. James Sullivan's History of New York in Chapter X following.

Thomas Fairchild and his wife Emma (Seabrook) Fairchild were the parents of the following named children, all of whom are recorded in the Orcutt genealogy under numbers 2 to 8 inclusive. His children by his second wife are also set out in the following pages of this chapter:

- B.—SAMUEL FAIRCHILD, 1st, of the second generation as is indicated by the letter "B", Number 2 of the Orcutt genealogy, the first child of Thomas Fairchild and Emma (Seabrook) Fairchild, was born in Stratford, Conn., Aug. 31, 1640, and died in 1704. It is claimed that he was the first white child born in Stratford. He married Mary Wheeler, daughter of Moses Wheeler, one of the first settlers in Stratford, who, according to the Wilcoxson history, first arrived in Boston in 1638, and probably settled in New Haven in 1639, and later moved to Stratford where he operated a ferry across the Housatonic River. He appears to have been a ship carpenter by trade. He died January 15, 1698 at the age of 100 years.

Many of the members of the Fairchild family mentioned in the following pages of this work descended from Samuel Fairchild and Mary (Wheeler) Fairchild. For the names of their children see Numbers 12 to 15, inclusive, of the Orcutt genealogy and the following pages of this genealogy for the names of many of their later descendants.

- B.—SARAH FAIRCHILD, daughter of Thomas Fairchild, Sr., was of the second generation, as is indicated by the letter "B", Number 3 of the Orcutt genealogy; was born Feb. 19, 1642, and married Jehiel Preston, her cousin, as will be observed from an examination of their lines of descent because William Preston, father of Jehiel Preston, married a sister of the wife of Thomas Fairchild. See the biographical sketch of "Sergt. Jehiel Preston" on page 223 of Wilcoxson's History of Stratford, wherein it is written:

"His home lot was just south of Mac's Creek on the west side of Elm Street. He is called 'Sergt. Jehiel Preston' in 1675, and was appointed by the town committee 'to act according to ye orders of ye General Court respecting fortifications'. He was also one of the building committee for the second meeting house in 1678. He went as Deputy to the General Court from Stratford in May, 1676, and again in Oct. 1683, besides being Constable, Auditor, and in 1689 was one of the Townsmen."

- B.—JOHN FAIRCHILD, son of Thomas Fairchild, Sr., born May 1st, 1644; died young.
- B.—THOMAS FAIRCHILD, JR., of the second generation of American Fairchilds, son of the original Thomas Fairchild, Sr., is Number 5 of the Orcutt genealogy; was born Feb. 21, 1645-6, and died 1686-7. He probably married Sarah Preston, his cousin, as is stated in the manuscript of the Media Research Bureau set out in Chapter IV of this work. In the Orcutt genealogy it is stated that he married Sarah
- The names of his children are given under numbers 16 to 18, inclusive, of the Orcutt genealogy and their names together with the names

of many of their descendants are set out in the following pages of this genealogy.

- B.—**DINAH FAIRCHILD**, Number 6 of the Orcutt genealogy, daughter of Thomas Fairchild, Sr., was born July 14, 1648, and was therefore of the second generation.
- B.—**ZECHARIAH FAIRCHILD**, of the second generation of American Fairchilds, Number 7 of the Orcutt genealogy, son of Thomas Fairchild, Sr., was born Dec. 14, 1651, and died in 1703. He married Hannah Beach, probably a descendant of Richard Beach, the father of John Beach and Benjamin Beach. Richard Beach came from New Haven to Stratford. He was one of the original signers of the New Haven compact. His son, John Beach, bought his first land in Stratford, May 21, 1660, at which time he had a wife and four children and his brother Benjamin at that time was a single man. See short sketch of Richard Beach and John Beach on page 217 of the Wilcoxson History of Stratford.

The spelling of the name Zechariah here is the same as that in the Orcutt genealogy and the Manuscript of the Media Research Bureau and for that reason will be used in the following pages of this genealogy whenever the same spelling appears in other records.

The names of the children of Zechariah Fairchild and Hannah (Beach) Fairchild, are given in the Orcutt genealogy under numbers 19 to 27, inclusive, and their names and those of many of their descendants will be found in the following pages of this work. One of the nine children of Zechariah Fairchild and Hannah (Beach) Fairchild was,

- C.—**MARY FAIRCHILD**, of the third generation as is indicated by the use of the letter "C" and recorded in the Orcutt genealogy under Number 25, born May 7, 1698, who married Samuel Adams. They had six children, one of whom became the Chief Justice of Connecticut. She died Aug. 29, 1803, in the 106th year of her age, having lived in three centuries.

There was another Mary Fairchild who also married a man named Samuel Adams who should not be confused with the Mary Fairchild above mentioned. See Chapter VIII of this work.

- C.—**JAMES FAIRCHILD**, of the third generation, Number 24 of the Orcutt genealogy, son of Zechariah Fairchild and Hannah (Beach) Fairchild, married Abigail Beardsley. Their children are recorded in the Orcutt genealogy under Numbers 77 to 83, inclusive.

- B.—**EMMA FAIRCHILD**, of the second generation of American Fairchilds, Number 8 of the Orcutt genealogy, daughter of the original Thomas Fairchild, Sr., was born Oct. 1653. She married Hackaliah Preston, evidently her cousin, see the preceding pages of this chapter. It appears probable that Emma Fairchild was named after her mother, Emma (Seabrook) Fairchild. See notes in Chapter I of this genealogy.

- A.—**THOMAS FAIRCHILD, SR.**, (1610-1670), progenitor of the American Fairchilds and his second wife, Catherine Craig, or Cragg, whom he married in England after the death of his first wife, Emma (Seabrook)

Fairchild, had the following named children. The second wife of Thomas Fairchild, Sr., is referred to in the Wilcoxson History of Stratford as "Katherine Craig of London, England, a relative of Mrs. Whiting of Hartford, Conn." The children of Thomas Fairchild and Catherine (Craig) Fairchild are recorded in the Orcutt genealogy under the numbers 9 to 11, inclusive. Their names and also the names of many of their descendants are mentioned in the following pages of this genealogy.

- B.—JOSEPH FAIRCHILD, of the second generation, Number 9 of the Orcutt genealogy, the eighth child of the original Thomas Fairchild, Sr., was born April 18, 1664, and died July 25, 1713. He married Johannah, daughter of Timothy Wilcoxson. She died Aug. 15, 1713, one month after the death of her husband. The names of their children are recorded in the Orcutt genealogy under numbers 28 to 37, inclusive. The Orcutt genealogy also furnishes the names of many of their descendants and many of their descendants are mentioned in the following pages of this work.

Probably Timothy Wilcoxson was a brother of William Wilcoxson, ancestor of William Howard Wilcoxson, the Stratford Historian from whose History of Stratford many items for this work were taken. In this History of Stratford is a biographical sketch of William Wilcoxson, but I fail to find any reference to Timothy Wilcoxson and therefore conclude that he must have resided in some other town not far from Stratford.

- B.—JOHN FAIRCHILD, of the second generation, son of Thomas Fairchild, Sr., and Catherine (Craig) Fairchild, is mentioned in the Orcutt genealogy under Number 9. He was born June 8, 1666, and is apparently the same John Fairchild mentioned in the last part of the Orcutt genealogy, Chapter V of this work, where some of his descendants are named. One of his descendants was:

ROBERT FAIRCHILD, Number 5 in the last part of the Orcutt genealogy, born Jan. 1775; died July 9, 1835; son of John Fairchild and Martha (Allen) Fairchild. He was Marshal of Connecticut and resided in Stratford as is indicated by the following quotation from page 736 of the Stratford History by William Howard Wilcoxson in his description of the Judson house, now the home of the Stratford Historical Society:

"There are also a number of interesting old portraits. The most interesting being that of Commodore Stephen Decatur, hero of the War of 1812, and presented by him to Robert Fairchild of Stratford, who was Marshal of Connecticut from 1803 to 1821."

Note: The above mentioned Robert Fairchild was not the same man as Robert Fairchild, (1703-1793), Number 58 of the Orcutt genealogy who was the Attorney at Law, Judge of Probate and Clerk of Stratford for many years and whose line of descent is set out in the following chapter.

- B.—PRISCILLA FAIRCHILD, daughter of Thomas Fairchild, Sr., and Catherine (Craig) Fairchild, was born April 20, 1669.

CHAPTER VII

THE THIRD, FOURTH AND FIFTH GENERATIONS ARE INDICATED
BY THE LETTERS "C" "D" AND "E"

- B.—SAMUEL FAIRCHILD, 1st, (1640-1704), of the second generation, Number 2 of the Orcutt genealogy, the first child of Thomas Fairchild, Sr., and his first wife, Emma (Seabrook) Fairchild, and the first white child born in Stratford, Connecticut, married Mary Wheeler, daughter of Moses Wheeler, one of the early settlers of Stratford. They had the following children, recorded in the Orcutt genealogy under numbers 12 to 15, inclusive, and listed here as the third generation under the letter "C".
- C.—ROBERT FAIRCHILD, (1681-....), son of Samuel Fairchild, 1st, Number 12 of the Orcutt genealogy. He was of the third generation as is indicated by the letter "C".
- C.—SAMUEL FAIRCHILD, 2d, (1683-....), of the third generation, Number 13 of the Orcutt genealogy, son of Samuel Fairchild, 1st, and Mary (Wheeler) Fairchild. He married his first wife, Ruth Beach, in 1705. She was probably a relative of the wife of Zechariah Fairchild, his brother, and was very likely a sister of Zechariah Fairchild's wife Hannah (Beach) Fairchild. Ruth (Beach) Fairchild died January 30, 1722, ten months after the birth of her last child, Benjamin Fairchild, Sr., ancestor of the principal branch of the Fairchild family in Ontario, including the compiler of this genealogy. After the death of Ruth Fairchild, Samuel Fairchild, 2d, married Dinah Burwell of New Haven, Connecticut, January 24, 1723. See extended notes regarding the descendants of Samuel Fairchild, 2nd, in the following chapters of this genealogy.
- C.—EDWARD FAIRCHILD, of the third generation, number 14 of the Orcutt genealogy, son of Samuel Fairchild, 1st, removed to Newtown, before 1705. He married Elizabeth Blakeman, January 25, 1910. She probably was a descendant of the Rev. Adam Blakeman, who settled in Stratford about the time of its founding by the first settlers and probably came from England with the first company to settle there. He was the first and only minister in Stratford for many years. See W. H. Wilcoxson's History of Stratford wherein it is stated that the Reverend Adam Blakeman's wife appears to have been a sister of Moses Wheeler and that his home lot was on the opposite corner from the first meeting-house wherein he officiated as pastor.
- The names of the children of Edward Fairchild are recorded in the Orcutt genealogy under numbers 51 to 55, inclusive. See the following chapters of this work for the names of many others of his descendants, including the Grandison Fairchild family group and relatives, and the Horace Jones Fairchild line.
- C.—JONATHAN FAIRCHILD, (1692-1772), of the third generation of American Fairchilds, Number 15 of the Orcutt genealogy, son of Samuel

Fairchild, 1st, married Eleanor Whiting of Norwalk, Connecticut. There was a Colonel Samuel Whiting at Stratford during the Revolutionary War. See the following pages of this work for the names and for further information regarding the descendants of Jonathan Fairchild, among whom are Eli Wheeler, an Attorney at Law in the State of New York, and David Sturges Fairchild, nationally known physician and surgeon of Clinton, Iowa.

There is now in Iowa City, Iowa, a Samuel Whiting, Attorney-at-Law and a former County Superintendent of Schools, and also a former member of the Iowa State Legislature, who is a descendant of the Whiting family of Connecticut.

B.—THOMAS FAIRCHILD, 2nd, (1645-1686-7), of the second generation of American Fairchilds, Number 5 of the Orcutt genealogy, the third child of the original Thomas Fairchild and his wife Emma (Seabrook) Fairchild. He married Sarah Preston, his cousin. Their children are recorded in the Orcutt genealogy under numbers 16 to 18, inclusive, and are as follows:

C.—EMMA FAIRCHILD, of the third generation, born Aug. 30, 1672, daughter of Thomas Fairchild, 2nd, and Sarah (Preston) Fairchild, is recorded in the Orcutt genealogy under Number 16.

C.—SAMUEL FAIRCHILD, of the third generation of American Fairchilds, the second child of Thomas Fairchild, 2nd, and Sarah (Preston) Fairchild, Number 17 of the Orcutt genealogy, married Mary Lewis, daughter of Benjamin Lewis, Nov. 22, 1699. His will was probated in May, 1752. The names of their children are recorded in the Orcutt genealogy under numbers 56 to 60, inclusive, among whom was Robert Fairchild (1703-1793), who married Anne Curtiss, May, 1730. Robert Fairchild was an Attorney-at-Law, and Judge of Probate in Stratford for many years and was Town Clerk before, during and after the Revolutionary War.

Another Samuel Fairchild, who was Samuel Fairchild the 3rd, a son of Samuel Fairchild, 2nd, and Nathan Fairchild, also married into the Curtiss family.

Samuel Fairchild, the son of Thomas Fairchild, 2nd, and Samuel's wife Mary (Lewis) Fairchild's five children are as follows:

D.—THOMAS FAIRCHILD, of the fourth generation, son of Samuel Fairchild and Mary (Lewis) Fairchild, was born Aug. 23, 1700, and is recorded in the Orcutt genealogy under Number 56.

D.—DINAH FAIRCHILD, daughter of Samuel Fairchild and Mary (Lewis) Fairchild, Number 57 of the Orcutt genealogy, was born March 12, 1702. She married Ebenezer Allen, who probably was some relation to the Martha Allen who married Robert Fairchild, Marshal of Connecticut, heretofore referred to.

D.—ROBERT FAIRCHILD, (1703-1793), of the fourth generation, Number 58 of the Orcutt genealogy, son of Samuel Fairchild and Mary (Lewis) Fairchild, married Anne Curtiss, May 1730. They had two children, named Elizabeth, born June, 1743; died in 1743, and Robert Fairchild, born March, 1749; died 1765.

Mr. Wilxonson shows a picture of the house of Robert Fairchild in his History of Stratford and on page 684 writes with reference to Robert Fairchild and his house as follows:

"Attached to the northwest corner of his house was his little old law office where much of the town business was transacted and where the ballots are said to have been cast at many a town election, for Squire Fairchild was one of the remarkable men of Stratford. He was born in 1703 and died in 1793. Here he practiced law for many years, being the first Judge of Probate of the Stratford District when it was created in 1782, and was Town Clerk from 1759 until 1789."

D.—CURTIS FAIRCHILD, of the fourth generation, Number 59 of the Orcutt genealogy, son of Samuel Fairchild and Mary (Lewis) Fairchild, married Mary Wells, perhaps the widow of William (Wells), April, 1753. Orcutt records the names of three of their children under numbers 108 to 110, inclusive, as follows:

E.—SARAH FAIRCHILD, bapt. Nov. 1754. (The letter "E" indicates the fifth generation).

E.—SARAH FAIRCHILD, bapt. Oct. 1756

E.—JOSEPH FAIRCHILD, bapt. 1756

It is probable that they were the parents of another daughter named Caty, or

E.—CATHERINE FAIRCHILD, if the following excerpts from a letter received from Mrs. Colin Frank Campbell of Glendale, Calif., Oct. 23, 1943, correctly gives the names and dates therein set out, in which letter she writes as follows:

"The information I have is from the pension record of Jonas Hinman which states that his wife, Caty, Cata, or Catherine, was the daughter of Curtis Fairchild. She was born Aug. 16, 1762, at Stratford, Connecticut; died Oct. 3, 1836, at Pitcher, N. Y. She married Jonas Hinman, probably at Stratford, May 15, 1779. A New York record says that she came to Pitcher from Trumbull, Conn., and it was before May, 1799, at which time their oldest daughter, Polly, was married to John Wilson, which was the first marriage in Pitcher. Their first child was born Aug. 14, 1780; died 1793, probably at Stratford, was named John Curtis Hinman. The History of Woodbury says that Caty Fairchild's mother was a *Curtis*.

"The only record I have been able to find of a Curtis Fairchild who would be the right age to have been the father of Caty Fairchild (b. 1763) was the marriage of Curtis Fairchild and the widow Mary Curtis April 1752, at the Congregational Church in Stratford. . . ."

Apparently there is some error somewhere in the records because it is stated in the Orcutt genealogy that Curtis Fairchild, above referred to, Number 59 of the Orcutt genealogy, the son of Samuel Fairchild and Mary (Lewis) Fairchild, "married *Mary Wells*, perhaps the widow of William, April, 1753." It appears from the foregoing letter that the Congregational Church record of Stratford states Curtis Fairchild married the widow Mary Curtis. However, be that as it may, the fact

that Orcutt recorded a rather full and accurate record of all of the members of the Fairchild family down to and including the fourth generation, and omitted many names of later generations, especially those who had moved from Stratford, and the further fact that Orcutt gives no clue to any other member of the Fairchild family by the name of Curtis Fairchild who could have been the father of this Catherine Fairchild born in 1762, and the further fact that Robert Fairchild, brother of this Curtis Fairchild, married Anne Curtis, whose children are recorded in the Orcutt genealogy, lends support to the conclusion that Curtis Fairchild was the father of this Catherine Fairchild, providing the above letter sets out the correct dates and records.

It is also probable that Mary Curtis and Mary Wells was one and the same person, known to old acquaintances and to the recorder of the church record as Mary Curtis, probably her maiden name, although her name was in fact Mary Wells because of her former marriage to William Wells as is indicated by Orcutt. Even in this day we frequently notice married women being referred to by old acquaintances by their maiden names.

- D.—EDMUND FAIRCHILD, of the fourth generation, Number 60 of the Orcutt genealogy, son of Samuel Fairchild and Mary (Lewis) Fairchild.
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- C.—ALEXANDER FAIRCHILD, of the third generation, Number 18 of the Orcutt genealogy, son of Thomas Fairchild, 2nd, and Sarah (Preston) Fairchild, married Deborah Beardslee (Beardsley). The names of their children are recorded in the Orcutt genealogy under numbers 61 to 68, inclusive.

Mr. Wilcoxson in his History of Stratford gives a lengthy biographical sketch of William Beardsley, the progenitor of the Beardsley family in America, who was in all probability one of the first settlers in Stratford. He also gives the names of his wife and his seven children. Evidently he was one of the prominent men in Stratford when the town was first founded. As his children appear to have been born about 1630 to 1644, it is evident that Deborah Beardsley whom Alexander Fairchild married, must have been a descendant of one of his children. See James Fairchild in the following pages of this chapter.

- B.—ZECHARIAH FAIRCHILD, of the second generation of the American Fairchilds, born Dec. 14, 1651-2; died June 23, 1703, Number 7 of the Orcutt genealogy, was the sixth child of the original Thomas Fairchild, Sr., and his first wife, Emma (Seabrook) Fairchild. He married Hannah Beach. Their children were:
- C.—MEHATABLE FAIRCHILD, of the third generation, daughter of Zechariah Fairchild and Hannah (Beach) Fairchild, born March 29, 1682-3; died Sept. 1684, Number 19 of the Orcutt genealogy.
- C.—HANNAH FAIRCHILD, of the third generation, daughter of Zechariah Fairchild and Hannah (Beach) Fairchild, was born Aug. 1, 1685; married Daniel Searles in 1706. She is recorded in the Orcutt genealogy under Number 20.

- C.—**DAVID FAIRCHILD**, of the third generation, son of Zechariah Fairchild and Hannah (Beach) Fairchild, is recorded as Number 21 of the Orcutt genealogy. He was born May 16, 1688, married Deborah Hawley and settled in Newtown; had Agur in 1713. The names of their children are set out in the Orcutt genealogy under numbers 69 to 72, inclusive. Joseph Hawley was one of the early settlers in Stratford and one of its leading business men and officials for many years. Mr. Wilcoxson devotes about three pages of his history to a biographical sketch of him and refers to his brother Thomas and his sisters Elizabeth and Hannah. He writes that Joseph Hawley's public service as Town Recorder, Colony Commissioner, etc., was almost continuous from the time he settled in Stratford until his decease, May 20, 1690, at an advanced age.
- C.—**AUGUR FAIRCHILD**, of the third generation, son of Zechariah and Hannah (Beach) Fairchild, born Oct. 1, 1691; died in 1712; married Mary Booth Sept. 20, 1710. Orcutt lists two of their children under numbers 73 and 74. One of their children was named Abiel Fairchild of the fourth generation, born in 1712, Number 74 of the Orcutt genealogy, who probably married Hannah Chatfield in 1757. See notes and references to Abiel Fairchild of New Jersey under the name of Abiel Fairchild following. Wilcoxson in his history refers to a Richard Boothe and his son Ephraim Booth, and writes that a statement by his son, Ephraim Booth, leaves the impression that his father was among the very first settlers in Stratford. Mr. Wilcoxson further writes that Richard Booth was a prominent citizen, and one of the most reliable in the town. His name appears often in the town records of his day as "Townsmen", "Selectman" and in other commissions of office and trust.
- C.—**CALEB FAIRCHILD**, of the third generation, born Sept. 10, 1693, Number 23 of the Orcutt genealogy, son of Zechariah Fairchild and Hannah (Beach) Fairchild, died in 1777. He married Ann Sherwood Thowbridge and evidently moved to Whippany, New Jersey. See the following pages for additional information regarding the descendants of Caleb Fairchild and his wife Ann (Sherwood) Fairchild. Orcutt lists two of his children under numbers 75 and 76. See the correspondence regarding him in Chapter XIII following.
- C.—**JAMES FAIRCHILD**, of the third generation, Number 24 of the Orcutt genealogy, born Feb. 12, 1695-6, son of Zechariah and Hannah (Beach) Fairchild, married Abigail Beardslee (Beardsley) April, 1723. She was the daughter of Daniel Beardslee. They resided in Stratfield where they joined the church in 1731. Their seven children are recorded in the Orcutt genealogy under numbers 77 to 83, inclusive. The Beardsley family were early settlers in Stratford. See reference to the biographical sketch of the ancestor of the Beardsley family in the forepart of this chapter, also see Alexander Fairchild in the preceding pages of this chapter.
- C.—**MARY FAIRCHILD**, of the third generation, daughter of Zechariah and Hannah (Beach) Fairchild was born May 7, 1698; died Aug. 29, 1803, Number 25 of the Orcutt genealogy where it is stated that she lived in three centuries and died at the age of 106 years. She married Samuel Adams and they had six children, one of whom, Andrew Adams,

became Chief Justice of the State of Connecticut. She should not be mistaken for the Mary Fairchild, Number 39 of the Orcutt genealogy, daughter of Samuel Fairchild, 2nd, and Ruth (Beach) Fairchild, who also married a Samuel Adams.

C.—**ZECHARIAH FAIRCHILD**, of the third generation, son of Zechariah Fairchild and Hannah (Beach) Fairchild, was born Nov. 21, 1701; died 1777, Number 26 of the Orcutt genealogy, wherein his name is written as above. He married Deborah Fairchild, his cousin, who was the daughter of Alexander Fairchild and Deborah Beardsley Fairchild, see the preceding pages of this chapter. For the names of some of their descendants see the following pages of this genealogy, and see notes under Caleb Fairchild in Chapter XIII following.

C.—**ABIEL FAIRCHILD**, of the third generation, born January 15, 1703-4, Number 27 of the Orcutt genealogy, son of Zechariah Fairchild and Hannah (Beach) Fairchild, married first, Lois Riggs, Aug. 8, 1728, and second Mrs. Mary Peck, May 1757. See numbers 84 to 88, inclusive, for the names of his children. See reference to Abiel Fairchild in Owen's History of the Long Point Settlement in Ontario, Chapter XXII of this genealogy.

⌚Note: A. E. Owen in his History of the Long Point Settlement, entitled, Pioneer Sketches of the Long Point Settlement in Ontario, refers to Abiel Fairchild as the ancestor of some of the Canadian Fairchilds including Noah Fairchild, and Jamina Fairchild McCall, wife of Duncan McCall, married in New Jersey. He also (erroneously) includes the Reverend Peter Fairchild from New York in this group, and states that the Fairchilds were numerous in New Jersey.

Inasmuch as Caleb Fairchild, Number 23 of the Orcutt genealogy, as above set out, was a brother of the above named Abiel Fairchild, and moved to and settled in New Jersey, and one of the grandsons of this Caleb Fairchild fought in the Revolutionary War from New Jersey, it is probable that the above named Abiel Fairchild, Number 27 of the Orcutt genealogy, also moved to New Jersey and was the same Abiel Fairchild mentioned by Owen in his Pioneer Sketches of the Long Point Settlement, as the ancestor of some of the Canadian Fairchilds, altho there was another Abiel Fairchild, Number 74 of the Orcutt genealogy, who was a nephew of the above named Abiel Fairchild and who was a grandson of Zechariah and Hannah (Beach) Fairchild. There appears to be some discrepancy in the records with reference to this group. See the letter of Mrs. Louise Halliday Neff of Cario, Illinois, in Chapter XIII of this genealogy.

B.—**JOSEPH FAIRCHILD**, of the second generation, born April 18, 1664; died July 25, 1713, son of the original Thomas Fairchild and his second wife, Catherine (Craig) Fairchild, and Number 9 of the Orcutt genealogy, married Johannah Wilcoxson, daughter of Timothy Wilcoxson, evidently of the family by that name from which W. H. Wilcoxson, writer of the Stratford History, descended. Johannah Fairchild died Aug. 15, 1713, less than a month after the death of her husband. See notes with reference to Timothy Wilcoxson under Joseph Fairchild in Chapter VI of this work.

The names of the children of Joseph Fairchild and Johannah (Wilcoxson) Fairchild were as follows:

- C.—TIMOTHY FAIRCHILD, of the third generation of American Fairchilds, the first child of Joseph Fairchild and Johannah (Wilcoxson) Fairchild, is recorded in the Orcutt genealogy under Number 28, was born Dec. 9, 1687; died Nov. 1726, aged 39 years. He married Sarah Thompson of New Haven in 1715, and their children are recorded in the Orcutt genealogy under numbers 91 to 94, inclusive. His heirs are mentioned in "Ye draught of lots" in the early records of Stratford, quoted in the History of Stratford by Mr. Wilcoxson.
- C.—JEREMIAH FAIRCHILD, of the third generation, the second child of Joseph Fairchild and Johannah (Wilcoxson) Fairchild, Number 29 of the Orcutt genealogy, was born Dec. 27, 1691.
- C.—JOSEPH FAIRCHILD, JR., of the third generation, the third child of Joseph Fairchild and Johannah (Wilcoxson) Fairchild, was born Dec. 28, 1689; died 1727; is recorded as Number 30 of the Orcutt genealogy. He married Catherine Coe, Nov. 1725. The names of his two children are set out in the Orcutt genealogy under numbers 95 and 96. Catherine Coe was doubtless a descendant of Robert Coe, (Cooe) born in Boxford, County of Suffolk, England, in 1626 and came to America with his father, Robert Coe, Sr., in 1634, and was among the company who settled on the Connecticut River at Wetherfield, and in 1641 was among the first settlers in the founding of Stamford. Robert Coe, Jr., later settled in Stratford.
- C.—NATHAN FAIRCHILD, of the third generation, the fourth child of Joseph Fairchild and his wife Johannah (Wilcoxson) Fairchild, was born January 29, 1692-3; died January 1730. He is recorded in the Orcutt genealogy under Number 31. He first married Phebe St. John of Norwalk, Apr. 22, 1724. She died Sept. 26, 1726, and he married Obedient Curtis Feb. 14, 1727-8. The names of his children are recorded in the Orcutt genealogy under numbers 97 and 98. The heirs of Nathan Fairchild are mentioned in "ye draught of lots" in the early records of Stratford.
- C.—SARAH FAIRCHILD, daughter of Joseph Fairchild and Johannah (Wilcoxson) Fairchild, was born Nov. 26, 1694; she is Number 32 of the Orcutt genealogy. She married John Wildman, April, 1716.
- C.—JOHANNAH FAIRCHILD, born Feb. 2, 1696-7, died unmarried.
- C.—KATHERINE FAIRCHILD, Number 34 of the Orcutt genealogy, born Apr. 16, 1699; died in 1723. She had Joanna, baptized Sept. 1727.
- C.—JOHN FAIRCHILD, of the third generation, the eighth child of Joseph Fairchild and Johannah (Wilcoxson) Fairchild, was born June 19, 1701. He is recorded as Number 35 of the Orcutt genealogy. He died at Ripon in 1780, aged 79 years. He married Joanna Phippeny Dec. 26, 1723. Their children are recorded under numbers 99 to 102, inclusive, in the Orcutt genealogy.
- C.—PHEBE FAIRCHILD, born Dec. 1704, died unmarried Oct. 30, 1728.

C.—**THOMAS FAIRCHILD**, of the third generation, the tenth child of Joseph Fairchild and Johannah (Wilcoxson) Fairchild, was born May 4, 1712, and is recorded under number 37 of the Orcutt genealogy. He married Mary Hall, Sept. 22, 1737, in Fairfield, Connecticut. They had twin boys named Timothy and Bille, born Oct. 22, 1738.

B.—**JOHN FAIRCHILD**, of the second generation, son of the original Thomas Fairchild, Sr., and his second wife, Catherine (Craig) Fairchild, was born June 8, 1666, and is recorded in the Orcutt genealogy as Number 10.

There appears to be no authentic record of this John Fairchild and his descendants. However, in the last part of the Orcutt genealogy, set out in Chapter V of this work, mention is made of a John Fairchild as being "perhaps the son of John", evidently referring to the above John Fairchild, Number 10 of the Orcutt genealogy. It is there stated that this supposed son of John Fairchild was born in 1728 and died Aug. 28, 1771; that he married Ruth Garnsey, or Farnsey and they had three children named as follows:

D.—**JOHN FAIRCHILD**, of the fourth generation, the first child of John Fairchild and Ruth Garnsey, or Farnsey, Fairchild, was born in 1751; died in 1777 at the age of 26 years, at Durnham. He married Martha Allen of Fairfield, Conn., and they had one son named:

E.—**ROBERT FAIRCHILD**, of the fifth generation, son of the above named John Fairchild and Martha (Allen) Fairchild, was born January 1776, and died July 9, 1835, aged 60 years. He married Esther Allen Aug. 10, 1795, and they had thirteen children whose names are all recorded in the Orcutt genealogy under numbers 6 to 18, inclusive, in the last part of Chapter V of this work. This Robert Fairchild was Marshal of Connecticut, as has been heretofore stated.

D.—**HAMLET FAIRCHILD**, of the fourth generation was another son of John Fairchild and Ruth Garnsey Fairchild.

D.—**GEORGE FAIRCHILD**, of the fourth generation was another son of John Fairchild and Ruth Garnsey Fairchild.

Note: The above mentioned John Fairchild, Hamlet Fairchild and George Fairchild, sons of John Fairchild and Ruth Garnsey Fairchild, would be grandchildren of the first John Fairchild, Number 10 of the Orcutt genealogy, who was a son of the original Thomas Fairchild, the progenitor of the American Fairchilds.

CHAPTER VIII

- C.—SAMUEL FAIRCHILD, 2d, (1683-....), of the third generation, Number 13 of the Orcutt genealogy, son of Samuel Fairchild, 1st, and Mary (Wheeler) Fairchild, and grandson of the original Thomas Fairchild had the following named children by his first wife, Ruth (Beach) Fairchild all of whom are recorded in the Orcutt genealogy under numbers 38 to 44, inclusive. His children by his second wife, Dinah (Burwell) Fairchild are also named in the Orcutt genealogy under numbers 45 to 50, inclusive, and are also set out in this genealogy following the names of the children by Samuel's first wife, Ruth (Beach) Fairchild.
- D.—ANNA FAIRCHILD, of the fourth generation, (1706-1722), Number 38 of the Orcutt genealogy was the first child of Samuel Fairchild and Ruth (Beach) Fairchild.
- D.—MARY FAIRCHILD, Number 39 of the Orcutt genealogy, the second child of Samuel Fairchild, 2d, and Ruth (Beach) Fairchild was born in 1708 and married Samuel Adams in 1729. However, she is not the Mary Fairchild (1698-1803), daughter of Zechariah Fairchild who lived in three centuries, Number 25 of the Orcutt genealogy, who married a man named Samuel Adams and whose son, Andrew Adams, became the Chief Justice of the State of Connecticut. This Mary Fairchild, daughter of Samuel Fairchild and Ruth (Beach) Fairchild, who is recorded by Orcutt under Number 39 was a niece of the mother of Andrew Adams the Chief Justice. See Chapter VI. The same names in the same generations appear to indicate another marriage of cousins.
- D.—SAMUEL FAIRCHILD, 3rd, Number 40 of the Orcutt genealogy, son of Samuel Fairchild, 2nd, and his first wife, Ruth (Beach) Fairchild, was born Feb. 3, 1710, and probably died in 1790, although it is also recorded that he was 84 years of age when he died. He married Mary Curtiss, April 5, 1745. Their three children are listed in the Orcutt genealogy under numbers 103 to 105, inclusive, and many of their descendants are mentioned in the Orcutt genealogy. Some of their descendants are still residing near Stratford. See Chapter IX of this work.

Note: The members of the Curtiss family were among the first settlers in Stratford. The name is now written Curtis instead of the spelling Curtiss as written in the early records. Mr. Wilcoxson devotes more than two pages to the members of this family in his History of Stratford.

On page 113 he writes as follows:

"Widow Elizabeth Curtis came to Stratford with her three sons, John, William and Thomas, probably with the first company in 1639. . . . It was erroneously supposed that Widow Elizabeth Curtis was the wife of William Curtis who came over in the 'Lion', arriving in Boston Harbor Sept. 16, 1632, settling at Roxbury, Mass. Recent investigation in England, prove quite conclusively that she was the wife of John Curtis of Nazing, County of Essex, England, and later of Roxbury, who was an uncle of the William Curtis who came in the ship 'Lion'."

On page 120 of his History of Stratford, Mr. Wilcoxson writes as follows:

"Sergt. John Curtiss, son of Widow Elizabeth Curtiss, was born in Nazing, County of Essex, England, where he was baptized Feb. 25, 1614-15. He came to Stratford in company with his mother, widow Elizabeth Curtis and two younger brothers, William and Thomas, being then 24 years of age. He married, probably Elizabeth Welles. (Supposed to have been a sister of Gov. Thomas Welles), by whom he had seven children."

Other children of Samuel Fairchild, 2nd, and his first wife Ruth (Beach) Fairchild, were:

- D.—EPHRIAM FAIRCHILD, of the fourth generation, Number 41 of the Orcutt genealogy, born Aug. 28, 1713.
- D.—ABIGAIL FAIRCHILD, of the fourth generation, Number 42 of the Orcutt genealogy, daughter of Samuel Fairchild, 2nd, and his first wife Ruth (Beach) Fairchild, was born Dec. 15, 1715.
- D.—EUNICE FAIRCHILD, of the fourth generation, Number 43 of the Orcutt genealogy, daughter of Samuel Fairchild, 2nd, and Ruth (Beach) Fairchild, was born May 20, 1718.
- D.—BENJAMIN FAIRCHILD, born March, 1721; died in Ontario 1792-6, Number 44 of the Orcutt genealogy, was the last child of Samuel Fairchild and Ruth (Beach) Fairchild, and was born about ten months before the death of his mother. See reference to the Beach family under Zechariah Fairchild, Number 7 of the Orcutt genealogy, in the preceding pages of this genealogy. Also see Chapter XVI following.

Note: Ruth (Beach) Fairchild died about ten months after Benjamin Fairchild, above, was born and when Benjamin was less than two years old. On January 24, 1723, his father married Dinah Burwell of West Haven. It appears that about the time of the Revolutionary War Benjamin Fairchild settled at Queensbury, N. Y., and was the head of a family there when the first census of the United States was taken in 1790, and sometime between the taking of this census and 1792 he moved with his aged wife and their adult children to Ontario. As has been heretofore stated, he was the ancestor of the compiler of this genealogy. Having been born in March, 1721, he was therefore about 71 years of age when he moved to Ontario. The fact that two of his sons, Benjamin Fairchild, Jr., and Isaac Fairchild, the Brant County, Ontario, pioneers, were born in Dutchess County, N. Y., indicates that this Benjamin Fairchild, Sr., son of Samuel and Ruth (Beach) Fairchild, must have resided there before moving northward with his family and before he settled near Queensbury, N. Y., where he was recorded as being the head of a family when the 1790 census was taken. He was a Loyalist under General Burgoyne in the Revolutionary War, which indicates that he was residing near Queensbury during the War and that when his oldest son, Peter Fairchild, who was also a soldier under General Burgoyne, returned to his father's house after Burgoyne's capitulation in 1777 "which was at that time within the British lines" as recorded in the Ontario records, it was to his father's house at Queensbury, N. Y., that he returned and where he was living when the

1790 census was taken. As before stated, in 1792, two years after the taking of the census and nine years after the treaty of peace was signed, Sept. 3rd, 1783, Benjamin Fairchild, Sr., and his aged wife and their adult children moved to Ontario.

Following are the names of the children of Samuel Fairchild, 2nd, and his second wife, Dinah (Burwell) Fairchild, whom he married at West Haven, Conn., Jan. 24, 1723. These children are also recorded in the Orcutt genealogy under numbers 45 to 50, inclusive:

D.—OLIVER FAIRCHILD, of the fourth generation, Number 45 of the Orcutt genealogy, the first child born to Samuel Fairchild, 2nd, and his second wife, Dinah (Burwell) Fairchild, was bapt. June 1724. He married Sarah Turner from Connecticut. They were the ancestors of Lucius Fairchild, the ninth Governor of Wisconsin. See Chapter XIV of this genealogy.

Note: One of Oliver Fairchild's children, Jesse Fairchild, is mentioned in the New York Colonial Land Manuscript Papers, or Records, Vol. XXXI, page 35, as having applied for a license to purchase a tract of land from the Indians on the west side of Lake Champlain, March 19, 1772. See the line of descent from Oliver Fairchild to Governor Lucius Fairchild and his brother Cassius Fairchild set out in the following pages, Chapter XIV.

D.—STEPHEN FAIRCHILD, of the fourth generation, Number 46 of the Orcutt genealogy, son of Samuel Fairchild, 2nd, and Dinah (Burwell) Fairchild, was bapt. June 1724. He married Eunice, and had Agur Fairchild, bapt. Dec. 8, 1751, in Stratford, Conn. They also had Daniel Fairchild, Number 110½ of the Orcutt genealogy, of whom much has been written in Chapter II of this work and who is again referred to in the second part of this genealogy devoted to the history of the Canadian branches of the Fairchild family.

Daniel Fairchild, 110½ of the Orcutt genealogy, was the father of the Reverend John Fairchild of Marinette, Wisconsin, Number 155 of the Orcutt genealogy.

Doubtless Stephen Fairchild and Eunice Fairchild had other children after they settled in Vermont and at least had a son named Stephen Fairchild, Jr., because the United States census for 1790 records a Stephen Fairchild, Jr., as the head of a family at Georgia in Chittenden County, Vermont, at that time.

Note: Stephen Fairchild was one of the early settlers in Fairfield, Northern, Vermont. See the notes under miscellaneous items in Chapter II of this work with reference to Daniel Fairchild, son of Stephen Fairchild and Eunice Fairchild, wherein attention is called to Samuel Fairchild, 3rd, Benjamin Fairchild, Sr., Daniel Fairchild, Agur Fairchild, Jesse Fairchild and Peter Fairchild, and perhaps others of this same family group settling in the northern part of Vermont and on the eastern and western sides of Lake Champlain and at Queensbury, N. Y., indicating a general northward movement of this particular family group, all de-

scendants of Samuel Fairchild, 2d. The suggestion is there offered to the effect that perhaps this general movement about the time of the Revolutionary War may have been influenced to some extent by the attitude of the Continentals towards those who probably were favorable to the Loyalist point of view.

- D.—PETER FAIRCHILD, bapt. Sept. 1729, Number 48 of the Orcutt genealogy, was the third child of Samuel Fairchild, 2d, and his second wife, Dinah (Burwell) Fairchild, was the fourth generation as is indicated by the letter "D". Evidently Benjamin Fairchild, Sr., the ancestor of most of the Canadian Fairchilds, named his first son, the Reverend Peter Fairchild, founder of the "Old Boston Baptist Church" in Ontario, after his brother, the above named Peter Fairchild, Number 48 of the Orcutt genealogy.
- D.—ANDREW FAIRCHILD, bapt. Sept. 1729, in Redding, Conn., of the fourth generation, was the fourth child of Samuel Fairchild, 2nd, and his second wife, Dinah (Burwell) Fairchild.
- D.—JOSIAH FAIRCHILD, bapt. Aug. 1732, Number 49 of the Orcutt genealogy, was their fifth child, and
- D.—CHARLES FAIRCHILD, bapt. 1736, Number 50 of the Orcutt genealogy was the last child of Samuel Fairchild, 2d, and Dinah (Burwell) Fairchild.
-

E.—JESSE FAIRCHILD, of the fifth generation as is indicated by the letter "E" was born in 1754 and died in 1813. He was the son of Oliver Fairchild, Number 45 of the Orcutt genealogy and Sarah (Turner) Fairchild, and therefore a grandson of Samuel Fairchild, 2d, and Dinah (Burwell) Fairchild. His brother Sueton Fairchild was the ancestor of Lucius Fairchild and Cassius Fairchild of Milwaukee, Wis. Lucius Fairchild having been the ninth Governor of Wisconsin; see Chapter XIV of this genealogy. Jesse Fairchild married Zerviah Doty in 1783, and they had nine children, seven of whom are named below. He was the same Jesse Fairchild who filed the petition with the Colonial Land Board of New York, when it was a Colony, March 10, 1772, for a license to purchase a tract of land from the Indians on the west side of Lake Champlain as is recorded in the New York Colonial Manuscript papers, Vol. XXXI, page 35, as heretofore stated.

- E.—SUETON FAIRCHILD, another son of Oliver Fairchild, and a grandson of Samuel Fairchild, 2d, and his second wife, Dinah (Burwell) Fairchild, married Lucy Hubble, as was stated under Jesse Fairchild, above. Sueton Fairchild was the ancestor of Lucius Fairchild, the ninth Governor of Wisconsin. See Chapter XIV of this genealogy for the full line of descent from the original Thomas Fairchild down to Lucius Fairchild of Wisconsin.

Note: The United States census of 1790 records two men by the name of Jesse Fairchild in Vermont as the heads of families at that time and records none elsewhere in the New England States. One of these two men was reported as being the head of a family in Chittenden County, Vermont, which is directly east from where Jesse Fairchild petitioned

for a license to purchase land from the Indians in 1772, and where Stephen Fairchild, the brother of Oliver Fairchild, Jesse's father, was reported as being the head of a family in 1790, and where Daniel Fairchild, Stephen's son, was reported as being the head of a family at the time the census was taken.

Because the members of this particular family group, including Benjamin Fairchild, Sr., and his brother Samuel Fairchild, 3rd, were locating and settling in that locality on both sides of Lake Champlain, when all of that country was one vast wilderness, I am convinced that another son of Stephen Fairchild named Agur Fairchild was also the head of a family at Queensbury when the 1790 census was taken and that he was the same man listed in the census as Azur Fairchild as the head of a family at Queensbury, and that his name has been misread because of imperfect writing on the part of the census taker.

It appears there was another Jesse Fairchild at a later date who married Belle Morenus and who were the parents of George Winthrop Fairchild, an Attorney and Congressman in New York, born May 6, 1854, at Oneonta, N. Y., whose sister, Jennie Fairchild, still was living there in 1943. His son, Sherman Mills Fairchild, is connected with the Fairchild Aerial Corporation. See Chapter II of this work.

The census of 1790 records the other Jesse Fairchild as the head of a family at Arlington, Bennington County, Vermont. The name does not appear anywhere else in the census of the United States for 1790.

I have been unable to connect the line of descent of George Winthrop Fairchild of Oneonta, N. Y., with either of these men and conclude that the Jesse Fairchild from whom he descended must have belonged to a later generation.

Following are the names of seven of the children of Jesse Fairchild, the son of Oliver Fairchild and Sarah (Turner) Fairchild. They are of the sixth generation.

- F.—NANCY FAIRCHILD, (1788-1847), married Thomas Fairchild
- F.—NABBY FAIRCHILD, married Reuben Stone
- F.—OLIVA FAIRCHILD, (1790-1830)
- F.—HENRY FAIRCHILD, (1794-1802)
- F.—HARRIET FAIRCHILD, (1797-1863)
- F.—WILLIAM FAIRCHILD, (1797-1854)
- F.—MARIE FAIRCHILD, (1801-1821)

Note: Stephen Fairchild, Number 46 of the Orcutt genealogy, the second child of Samuel Fairchild, 2d, and his second wife Dinah (Burwell) Fairchild, apparently had their first son Agur Fairchild before they moved to Vermont because he was bapt. in Stratfield. Daniel Fairchild and Stephen Fairchild, Jr., were probably born after Stephen Fairchild, Sr., moved to Vermont, and probably other children were born after moving to Vermont which explains why their names are not recorded in the Orcutt genealogy. There certainly was a son named Stephen and very probably a son named Daniel Fairchild mentioned in the United States census of 1790 where two men are recorded as being the heads of families by the names of Stephen Fairchild and Stephen Fairchild, Jr., in Georgia, Chittenden County, Vermont.

The 1790 census also records a Stephen Fairchild as the head of a family at Reading, Fairfield County, Connecticut, and another as the

head of a family at New Cornwell Town, Orange County, New York, and also records a Daniel Fairchild as the head of a family at Shelburne, Chittenden County, Vermont.

Orcutt in his genealogy reports that Stephen Fairchild, son of Samuel Fairchild, 2d, and his second wife, Dinah (Burwell) Fairchild as one of the early settlers in Fairfield, Franklin County, Vermont. See numbers 46, 110 $\frac{1}{4}$ and 155 of the Orcutt genealogy, set out in Chapter V of this work.

There are a number of prominent men in America who trace their line of descent through the Fairchilds of Vermont, and without doubt on my part, some of the lines of descent trace back to the Stephen Fairchild, Number 46 of the Orcutt genealogy, and his wife Eunice Fairchild. Among those who trace their lines of descent back through the Vermont Fairchilds are, David Sturges Fairchild, Sr., of Clinton, Iowa, nationally known physician and surgeon, and his son David Sturges Fairchild, Jr., M.D., a United States Army Colonel, who was graduated from the Medical school at the State University of Iowa, and who, together with his wife, Helen (Brown) Fairchild, were accidentally killed in an automobile accident at Waynesboro, Va., Nov. 11, 1940. See following pages for fuller account.

The Honorable Edward Thomas Fairchild, Associate Judge of the Supreme Court of Wisconsin, also traces his line of descent from the Vermont Fairchilds, and very likely traces the line of his descent through this Stephen Fairchild and one of the sons herein referred to, as is indicated in the excerpt from his letter herein set out.

One of the sons of Daniel Fairchild, Number 110 $\frac{1}{4}$ of the Orcutt genealogy, son of Stephen Fairchild, Sr., Number 46 of the Orcutt genealogy, brother of Samuel Fairchild, 3rd, and Benjamin Fairchild, Sr., was the Reverend John Fairchild, probably born in Vermont, altho he may have been born in Ontario, as there is some indication that his father, Daniel Fairchild, was the same man who took his family into Ontario and obtained 200 acres of land from the Ontario Land Board as a Subaltern as is recorded in the Ontario Land Records. See notes under miscellaneous items in Chapter II of this genealogy, wherein reference is made to a Daniel Fairchild as having filed his petition for a land grant with the Ontario Land Board, June 27, 1798.

The Reverend John Fairchild was educated in Vermont and if he were the son of the above named Daniel Fairchild, the family must have moved to Ontario after the 1790 census was taken, and then have returned to Vermont before the Reverend John acquired his education. See reference to him under 155 of the Orcutt genealogy.

The following excerpt is from a letter the writer received from the Honorable Edward Thomas Fairchild of Madison, Wisconsin, under date of January 12, 1939:

"THE STATE OF WISCONSIN,
SUPREME COURT CHAMBERS,
Madison, January 12, 1939

"Dear Mr. Fairchild:

* * * * *

"My grandfather, Samuel Fairchild, after his marriage, moved to Danville, New York, and we were brought up on the history that his father was of the line of those who descended from those moving from Stratford, Connecticut, into the sections of Vermont, where the town-

ships of Georgia, Fairfield and Sheldon Falls are. My father was born in Danville and after the Civil War, he, and two comrades engaged in the business of conducting a general store at Towanda, Pennsylvania. There my brother and I were born. Later my father moved to Danville where we lived until I started practicing law in Milwaukee in 1898. . . ."

Very truly yours,

Edward Thomas Fairchild''

EDWARD THOMAS FAIRCHILD, Associate Justice of the Supreme Court of Wisconsin was born June 16, 1872, at Towanda, Pennsylvania. He is the son of Harvey Arthur Fairchild and Mary Elizabeth Fairchild. He married Helen McCurdy Edwards, June 30, 1903, at Danville, N. Y.

CHAPTER IX

EXTENDED LINES OF SAMUEL FAIRCHILD, 3RD, AND MARY (CURTISS) FAIRCHILD

EACH GENERATION IS INDICATED BY THE LETTERS A, B, C, D

- A.—THOMAS FAIRCHILD, 1st, born 1610, died Dec. 14, 1670; the progenitor of the American Fairchilds, Number 1 of the Orcutt genealogy in Chapter V of this work, was one of the founders and first settlers of Stratford, Conn. He married first, Emma Seabrook before coming to America from England, and second, Catherine Craig, whom he married in London, England, probably having returned to England for that purpose. The names of his children have been heretofore set out in this work. His first child,
- B.—SAMUEL FAIRCHILD, 1st, (1640-1704), of the second generation, Number 2 of the Orcutt genealogy, was the first white child born in Stratford. He married Mary Wheeler. See the preceding pages of this work for further information regarding him. The second child of Samuel Fairchild, 1st, and Mary (Wheeler) Fairchild was,
- C.—SAMUEL FAIRCHILD, 2d, of the third generation, born 1683, Number 13 of the Orcutt genealogy, married, first, Ruth Beach, January 1st, 1705. She died January 30, 1722, and he married Dinah Burwell of West Haven, January 24, 1723. For the names of their children see numbers 38 to 50, inclusive, of the Orcutt genealogy. The third child of Samuel Fairchild, 2d, and Ruth (Beach) Fairchild was,
- D.—SAMUEL FAIRCHILD, 3rd, of the fourth generation, born Feb. 3, 1710; died 1790; Number 40 of the Orcutt genealogy. It is also recorded that he was 84 years of age at the time of his death. He married Mary Curtiss and they had three sons, named, John Curtiss Fairchild, born January 1746, Number 103 of the Orcutt genealogy; Abel Fairchild, born January, 1753, Number 104 of the Orcutt genealogy, and Robert Fairchild, Number 105 of the Orcutt genealogy. Apparently these sons of Samuel Fairchild served in the Revolutionary War. See the names of those from Stratford by the name of Fairchild, who served in the Revolutionary War taken from Mr. Wilcoxson's History, in Chapter II of this work.
- I am satisfied that this is the same Samuel Fairchild who resided at Queensbury, N. Y., and was the head of a family there when the 1790 census of the United States was taken as is stated in Chapters II and VIII of this genealogy.
- E.—JOHN CURTISS FAIRCHILD, mentioned in the preceding paragraph, under Samuel Fairchild, 3rd, of the fifth generation, was born Feb. 1746, Number 103 of the Orcutt genealogy. He either did not move from Stratford when his father settled at Queensbury, N. Y., or returned to Stratford about the time of his marriage to Elizabeth Burch,

Nov. 6, 1768. They had nine children whose names are given in the Orcutt genealogy under numbers 142 to 150, inclusive.

Mr. Wilcoxson on page 548 of his *History of Stratford*, evidently refers to him in writing of the visit of George Washington to Stratford, June 28, 1775, as follows:

"The late Thomas Benjamin Fairchild often related that on that occasion the town had no 'liberty pole' and that his grandfather, Benjamin Fairchild, when a young man, climbed the tavern pole and rove halyards with which to hoist the National Ensign in honor of the distinguished guest."

Note: Evidently Mr. Wilcoxson has made a mistake in the name of the grandfather of Thomas Benjamin Fairchild, because, as will be seen from the following outline, the grandfather of Thomas Benjamin Fairchild was John Curtiss Fairchild, above referred to.

F.—BENJAMIN THOMAS FAIRCHILD, of the sixth generation, son of John Curtiss Fairchild and Elizabeth (Burch) Fairchild, Number 149 of the Orcutt genealogy, was born in 1781, and married Eunice Elwood, a descendant of Lieutenant Thomas Elwood who served under Paul Jones. They had eight children whose names are numbered 183 to 190, inclusive, in the Orcutt genealogy. Their last child was,

G.—THOMAS BENJAMIN FAIRCHILD, (1826-1901), of the seventh generation, Number 190 of the Orcutt genealogy. He married Susan Ann Fairchild, daughter of Isaac Fairchild and Betsy Fairchild. This probably is the same Isaac Fairchild referred to at Number 162 of the Orcutt genealogy, as the son of Philip and Charity (Blakeman) Fairchild. There was a Lieutenant Philip Fairchild in the Revolutionary War listed among the names of the Stratford men in the Revolution in Wilcoxson's *History* at page 543, and at page 571 mention is made of Isaac Fairchild as one of the subscribers toward the building of the new church in Stratford in 1839.

The names of the children of Thomas Benjamin Fairchild and Susan Ann Fairchild, were,

H.—BENJAMIN THOMAS FAIRCHILD, (1850-1939), of the eighth generation, son of Thomas Benjamin Fairchild, Number 190 of the Orcutt genealogy, and Susan Ann Fairchild, is referred to as the Reverend Benjamin Thomas Fairchild by Mr. Wilcoxson. He married Mrs. Helena Rutherford Ely. They had no children. He was the creator of the Fairchild Connecticut Garden of 128 acres, Quaker Ridge, North Greenwich, Conn., created in 1895, and incorporated by his nephew, Benjamin Tappen Fairchild and others in 1941. See the description of this garden in the following pages of this chapter. He and his brother Samuel William Fairchild, (1852-1927), were the founders of the firm of Fairchild Brothers & Foster referred to under Samuel William Fairchild following:

H.—MYRTIS VIRGINIA FAIRCHILD, of the eighth generation, daughter of Thomas Benjamin Fairchild, Number 190 of the Orcutt genealogy, above referred to, still resides in the home of her father in Stratford. The compiler of this genealogy received a Christmas greeting from her in 1941 in the form of a nice little calendar, and in 1940 the librarian of the Stratford Library Association wrote regarding her as follows:

"Our library property adjoins the Fairchild property, now occupied by Miss Myrtis V. Fairchild, daughter of Thomas B. Fairchild, a direct descendant of the original Thomas Fairchild."

- H.—SAMUEL WILLIAM FAIRCHILD, of the eighth generation, son of Thomas Benjamin Fairchild, Number 190 of the Orcutt genealogy and Susan Ann Fairchild, was born Aug. 22, 1852, and died Nov. 13, 1927. He married Emily Justina Tappen Oct. 17, 1877. He and his brother Benjamin Thomas Fairchild (1850-1939), above mentioned, were the founders of the firm of Fairchild Bros. & Foster, Pharmaceutical Chemists. For services rendered in the First World War, Samuel William Fairchild received decorations from the French Government, the King of Belgium, and from Greece. He was the founder of the Fairchild Scholarship for students in pharmacy in Great Britain, Ireland and the United States.
- I.—EDITH ELWOOD FAIRCHILD, (1879-1930), of the ninth generation, daughter of Samuel William Fairchild and Emily Justina (Tappen) Fairchild, married William Reed Kirkland, in 1904. Their son,
- J.—WILLIAM REED KIRKLAND, JR., U.S.N.R., of the tenth generation, was born in 1908 and married Barbara Stoddard in 1936. They have two children named William Reed Kirkland, 3rd, born 1937, and Peter Kirkland, born 1939.
- I.—GRACE FAIRCHILD, of the ninth generation, daughter of Samuel William Fairchild, was born 1881 and married Henry Wiel Butler, 1903. Their children are,
- J.—JONATHAN FAIRCHILD BUTLER, U.S.N.R., born January 28, 1904, married Mary Putnam in 1930. They have three children named Polly Butler, born 1931; Sally Butler, born 1933 and Jonathan Butler, born 1940.
- J.—SALLY BUTLER, born 1933, of the tenth generation, daughter of Grace (Fairchild) Butler and Henry Wiel Butler, married Charles Hoge, Jr. Their children are Anne Hoge and Grace Hoge, of the eleventh generation.
- I.—BENJAMIN TAPPEN FAIRCHILD, SR., of the ninth generation, son of Samuel William Fairchild, (1852-1927), and Emily Justina (Tappen) Fairchild, was born January 26, 1883. He married Julia Freeman. They reside at Cold Spring Harbor, Long Island, N. Y. He was one of the incorporators of the Fairchild Connecticut Garden at Greenwich, hereinafter referred to. The three children of Benjamin Tappen Fairchild and Julia (Freeman) Fairchild, are:
- J.—TALIA FAIRCHILD, of the tenth generation, born Sept. 5, 1909. She married Leslie Bliss Soper, Sept. 7, 1933, and had issue of Arthur Tappen Soper, born Aug. 29, 1934, and Talia Bliss Soper, born Dec. 10, 1938, of the eleventh generation.
- J.—BENJAMIN TAPPEN FAIRCHILD, JR., of the tenth generation, son of Benjamin Tappen Fairchild and Julia (Freeman) Fairchild, born January 18, 1913, married Marjorie McCollom, Oct. 7, 1938. He was, in 1942, an Ensign in the U.S.N.R. Their son, Peter Tappen Fairchild, of the eleventh generation was born Sept. 24, 1943.

J.—**FREEMAN FAIRCHILD**, of the tenth generation, son of Benjamin Tappen Fairchild, Sr., and Julia (Freeman) Fairchild, was born Aug. 1st, 1916. In 1942 he was a Lieutenant in the Seventh Armored Division of the United States Army.

Note: December, 1942, the writer received a Christmas card from Julia (Freeman) Fairchild on which were printed the photographs of Ensign Benjamin Tappen Fairchild and his brother Lieutenant Freeman Fairchild, in their uniforms. She also furnished the following description of the Fairchild Garden.

I.—**EMILY CONSTANCE FAIRCHILD**, (1885-1938) of the ninth generation, daughter of Samuel William Fairchild (1852-1927), and Emily (Tappen) Fairchild, married Captain Byron Andrew Long, U.S.N., in 1917. They had one child named Joan Fairchild Long, of the tenth generation, born Oct. 1918.

I.—**WILLIAM SAMUEL FAIRCHILD**, (1894-1940), of the ninth generation, son of Samuel William Fairchild (1852-1927), and Emily Justina (Tappen) Fairchild, married first, Cornelia DeLancey in 1914. They had two children named,

J.—**DELANCEY FAIRCHILD**, of the tenth generation, born 1915, married Jane Grey Landon in August, 1942.

J.—**SAMUEL WILLIAM FAIRCHILD**, the other child of William Samuel Fairchild and Jane Grey Landon, was born in 1917.

In 1923, William Samuel Fairchild, (1894-1940), son of Samuel William Fairchild and Emily Justina (Tappen) Fairchild, married his second wife, Elvira Brokan Hutchinson. They had one child, named

J.—**MARGARET FAIRCHILD**, of the tenth generation, born in 1927:

On page 721 of William Howard Wilcoxson's History of Stratford, mention is made of the Reverend Benjamin Thomas Fairchild (1850-1939), wholesale merchant of New York City, and a native of Stratford as one of the speakers at the 250th anniversary of Stratford, held Oct. 3, 1889, and mention is also made of his father, Thomas Benjamin Fairchild, (1826-1901), as one of the Committeemen who made the preparation for the anniversary and arranged the program. Reverend Benjamin Thomas Fairchild was the creator of the Fairchild Connecticut garden described in the following pages of this chapter, and the Thomas Benjamin Fairchild referred to as one of the committeemen, was his father and the same man as Thomas Benjamin Fairchild, recorded in the Orcutt genealogy under Number 190. He was born January, 1826, and died in 1901.

The closing words of the Reverend Benjamin Thomas Fairchild's address on that occasion were as follows:

"With what measure of affection shall we, whose love for her is welded by so many sacred associations, regard this, the rarely beautiful village, which has been from generation to generation the home of our fathers.

"Stratford has known how to grow old beautiful. Athwart these broad greens the lengthening shadows lie and stately elms bend over the long streets their spreading arches in vista more beautiful than cathedral nave. May peace and prosperity ever dwell beneath their tranquil shade."

JOHN CURTIS FAIRCHILD, (1746-1825), Number 103 of the Orcutt genealogy. The following excerpts are from a letter received from Amelia Pope Sutherland of Long Beach, Calif., formerly of Wisconsin, regarding John Curtis Fairchild:

"John Curtis Fairchild joined the 5th regiment, 2nd Company, at Stratford, Conn., 1775; Lieutenant Col. Samuel Whiting in command. He was born in Stratford and died in Stratford, Conn. He married Elizabeth Burch. His son,
CURTISS FAIRCHILD, (Number 146 of the Orcutt genealogy), married Eunice Whiting. His grandson,
JOSEPH FAIRCHILD, (Number 179 of the Orcutt genealogy); married Selina Candee, and Joseph's daughter,
LOUISE FAIRCHILD, born at New Haven, Conn., married James F. Easton. Josephine Easton married W. O. Pardee."

(Other excerpts from her letter regarding David Fairchild, Abijah Fairchild, Corydon Fairchild and Nathaniel Fairchild, are set out near the end of Chapter II of this genealogy.)

William Howard Wilcoxson, in his History of Stratford, at pages 543, 545, refers to a number of men from Stratford by the names of Fairchild and Whiting who joined as soldiers in the Revolutionary War, including John Curtis Fairchild and on pages 512, 513, refers to Captain Samuel Whiting; Col. Samuel Whiting and his brother, Col. Nathan Whiting.

Following are articles describing the Fairchild Connecticut Garden referred to in the preceding pages of this chapter. The first article following was furnished by Frederick Fairchild Hall, of Berea, Kentucky. This article was taken from the New York Tribune of Oct. 12, 1941.

The second article was received from Mrs. Julia (Freeman) Fairchild, wife of Benjamin Tappen Fairchild, of Cold Spring Harbor, Long Island, N. Y., a nephew of the creator of this garden. Benjamin Tappen Fairchild was also one of the incorporators of the garden.

"FAIRCHILD CONNECTICUT GARDEN HAS NO PEER FOR WILD FLOWERS

Subtly Landscaped 128 Acres Near Greenwich Offer Vistas that Preserve Nature's Beauties, Lure Geologists, Bird Lovers and Botanists

"Neither its formal name nor its informal classification as a wild-flower garden gives more than a clue to the natural panorama and shifting, ever-present beauty of the Fairchild Connecticut Garden just outside Greenwich. It is a wild-flower garden par excellence and possibly unique, not just because it covers 128 acres, but largely because of the subtle landscaping, which has created vistas while preserving and enhancing the features and planting first created by nature.

"The garden begun in 1895 by the late Benjamin T. Fairchild, a native of Connecticut, recently has been organized as a tax-exempt, non-profit corporation, dedicated to the people of all lands for their enjoyment and relaxation.

"Five miles of road wind about the main areas of the garden; paths are far more extensive. A census of the wild flowers has never been taken, although about 500 have been listed by visitors, not considering the trees and native shrubs, the ferns, mosses and lycopodium.

"The garden also lures the geologist with its glacial boulders, rock ledges and interesting formations. The interest of bird lovers is whetted by the fact that a May walk of the Audubon Society accounted for eighty-two species of birds and, save for the day being cold and windy, might have provided glimpses of still others.

"Mr. Fairchild loved euphonious names, so various sections of this amazing garden are still appropriately identified as Cedar Terrace, Gray Glen, Shadow Pond, Marigold Meadow, Azalea Ledge and so on.

"The entrance road winds along Dark Hollow and Deep Gorge, their tall trees brightened in October by the red leaves of dogwood close to the road. When the crater is reached, it is time to start walking, in no other way can its varying features and color tones be appreciated.

"Near by the towering twin elms and a regal shagbark hickory stand as landmarks. Still nearer, day lilies have been naturalized in such profusion that bloom has extended from June 28 to the present. The soft red sumach tipped with dark spears of its fruit stems, the deep purple of the New England asters and the pale gold of autumn grasses and faded golden rod are today a marked contrast to the blue iris of spring.

"From a tremendous boulder hugged by rusty huckleberry and low juniper, one sees a superb shrub planting jeweled with autumn berries; drooping scarlet clusters of the native barberry, round shiny red ones of viburnum and the pearly pigeon berry (*Cornus stolonifera*).

"Every where in October its paths are brightened overhead and underfoot with gleaming red berries—the wintergreen and partridge berry, dogwood, black alder and American holly.

"Marigold Meadow is not mis-named, for in spring it is golden with marsh marigolds, forget-me-nots, iris, turk's cap lilies twelve feet high, evening primrose and seven kinds of milkweed provide other color phases. Today a soft gold and amethyst glow settles over the meadow with the last of the golden rod browning ferns and the New England aster.

"Sunset Cliff, about thirty-five feet high, has cedars and junipers clinging to its face. In spring its crevices overflow with rock pink (*silene pennsylvanica*), just another pink cloud as the sun disappears behind the cliff.

"Shadow Pond is still dotted with water lilies, a foil for the deep red of sweet gum and tantalizing scarlet of poison sumach at the water's edge.

"The garden is a treasure trove for those who would renew childhood memories of wild flowers, and for the botanist. This year a rare member of the lily family, *stenanthium robustum*, and a white ladyslipper, *cypridium acaule*, have been found there.

"The walking fern and handsome oxydendrum, crimson leaves graced with a shower of creamy blossoms in October, are contrasts in rarity. When 7,000 chestnut trees were lost because of the blight, 7,000 white pines were planted. The chestnut wood was utilized for the making of benches placed about the garden.

"It is difficult to believe that such a garden exists only thirty miles from New York. Its spaciousness is no drawback, for intimate and interesting rambles and vistas fairly crowd on one another.

"The maintenance of this garden is not one of planting, weeding and spraying, but is limited to the elimination of weed plants such as locust and honeysuckle and keeping a firm rein on nature's plantings.

"This year the only non-native plant, an Alpine cyclamen, was presented by two Austrian refugees who brought three from their homeland. In the garden the pink blossoms were prized this summer, and, though the rule of

the survival of the fittest prevails, it is hoped these cyclamen will not dislike Connecticut winters.

"Three rules—no fires, no cutting, no picking—are observed by visitors to preserve the garden's natural beauties."

Before receiving the above from F. F. Hall, I received the following with reference to the Benjamin Connecticut Garden from Mrs. Julia (Freeman) Fairchild, wife of Benjamin Tappen Fairchild, of Cold Spring Harbor, Long Island, N. Y., one of the incorporators of this garden and a nephew of Benjamin Thomas Fairchild, its creator:

THE CONNECTICUT GARDEN

Quaker Ridge, North Greenwich, Connecticut

Benjamin Thomas Fairchild was born in 1850, in the lovely old New England village of Stratford, Connecticut. He spent his boyhood and youth in that quaint old environment, amid its undisturbed natural beauty. He frequently mentioned the graceful elm trees bordering the walks and paths where he used to stroll with his father on the quiet Sunday afternoons, and told of his delight in exploring the woodlands near his home. He had an instinctive, protecting love for nature, the flora, fauna, and wild life: there was, too, a deep-rooted love for beauty of form, line, and color, and all this was developed, and later found expression in the Connecticut Garden.

It was in the years 1894 and 1895 that he began his search for a tract of land in Connecticut that would fit his ideas, his dreams, and formulating plans. With a horse and buggy he drove up and down the countryside back of Stamford and Greenwich, in what was then almost a wilderness, with only an occasional clearing and farmhouse.

One day a real estate agent took him to look at a "run-down farm" on Quaker Ridge. The condition of the house, the tumble-down barns and pigstys; the broken fences, stumps and brush, would have discouraged most persons, but Mr. Fairchild's imagination grasped all its possibilities. It represented just what he had been looking for, and he immediately bought several hundred acres. He then became imbued with the thought of creating and developing a garden to contain all the wild flowers, plants and trees native to Connecticut—and that was how the Connecticut Garden got its name.

Mr. Fairchild thus became a real pioneer in conservation. He always had been an enthusiastic sportsman, but after acquiring this land he soon ceased his fishing and shooting activities, and devoted all of his spare time and energy to the garden.

This Connecticut valley offered then to this wild flower "pioneer" resources and opportunities which invited an attempt and enterprise for at once developing the wild flower, and at the same time realizing all the possibilities, esthetic beauty, charm, and interest of plants acclimated, plants hybridized—all in their characteristic habitats.

The profusion of wild flowers and their great variety, to be accounted for only in the topography, configuration and content of the wildness of the Connecticut valley, suggested a garden of wild flowers.

It was an amazing terrain of rock, ravines, gullies, rocky glades, streams, springs, and water-ways, making their ways to the main stream of the river;

of forest, with oak, cedars, white birches, hemlock, tulip trees, ash, beach and elms.

Mr. Fairchild considered the old bottom-lands, the old corn stalks, hummocks of ground, and an old blind ditch under the ancient elm trees: looking over this area, he decided upon a garden of autumn flowers. Here, in one place, the water ran down a steep bank of broken trap-rock; in another place it ran down through the swamp, under a point of a ledge, and on down into the big meadow.

Mr. Fairchild planned that each place might be developed in such a way as to reveal and perpetuate its particular character, and that this development should not interfere in any way with the native wild flowers, except to make a better place for them. As he said, it was to be "nature intended."

The Connecticut Garden represents some forty years of experience and experiment, of patient, careful planning; of fact-finding and study; the acquired knowledge of all the places where the wild flowers grew; of a vision that took in the entire scope of the land, the particular soil and environment—all an integral and special detail of each environment. It took years of patient work to clear the woods of fallen trees and the clutter of undesirable growth, but this finally presented still another opportunity. There was, too, the making of the pond and pool, so that they also became an integral part of the landscape. On the margins of the ponds are the cardinal flowers, the tall purple loose-strife, wild roses, azaleas; a meadow, where one may see many kinds of wild flowers, and marked with the stalk and stems—the persistent growth of many, many years.

Mr. Fairchild said that a wild flower was not increased by bringing it from a remote section of the garden, and therefore left it where he found it, in the thought that by chance, in passing, someone would discover it, and it would give a naturalness to the scene. The pink *Cypripediums* were not to seem an "apparition," but congenial spirits of the place; as well as the gentian, saxifrage, the trillium and the *dicentra eximia*. It was, "not simply one flower where another one grew, but to make a future for those abandoned lands, lands no longer amenable to agriculture." Every situation had its inhabitant.

There is the wild-rose garden; the exquisite flowers of native cliffs; the pink silene, once seen in Fairfield and Westchester counties, but now practically extinct; the blood-root, dog-toothed violet, *hypatica* and very many others.

There is also an abundance of wild life; deer led by a great buck, wild ducks, rabbits, woodcock, quail, herons, wild doves, pheasants, warblers, and many other varieties of song birds; and in the remoter sections a few grouse still live.

As the success of his first effort with the Connecticut flora became apparent, he gradually expanded his original idea. Now there are in the present precincts of the garden practically all the flowers native to Connecticut and the whole region from Southern Connecticut to New York, the Adirondacks, and north to Bar Harbor.

The various sections of the garden were all brought into harmonious relation by paths, for the most part unseen, and with never more than one in view. These paths take on an exquisite green at different times of the year, inviting to the eye, and each one marking a vista. One path, for instance, leads under the edge of a cliff with a tilt, so that its presence is unsuspected.

Mr. Fairchild gradually developed a system of automobile roads, and today a large part of the garden may be traversed in a small car.

There are some sixteen rock-ledges which have been "brought into" the

garden; some planted, but each treated after its own fashion. For example, a ledge that emerges from the ground against the high-rising upland, which, from above, gives no hint of being there.

There is the "Boulder Pond" edged with the cardinal flower and turtle-head, where the environment made a formation of ledges and banks, and small rocks made a natural, symmetrical, and beautiful frame for an assemblage of curiously sculptured rocks, perhaps brought by some glacier, and found here and there. Some of them have actually taken on zoological shapes, and each was given its own name: an animal with his head down is called the "Sunning Seal"; another, the "Meditative Frog"; and still another, the "Petrified Ptarmigan."

There is the "Marigold Meadow," where one may see myriads of wild flowers, particularly of mid-summer and autumn. Each season has its particular species of flowers; a natural glowing surface of the earliest flowers of spring: marigold, buttercup, wild geranium, forget-me-not—in really innumerable quantities, enlivened with the tall flowers of the mid-summer and autumn: the Japanese iris, meadow lilies, the Joe-Pye weed, and bone-set; the sunflower, with its yellow and golden blossoms, on tall vibrant stems: until all take on the tints of the autumn, and wait for the blighting frosts to come.

The "winter scene," Mr. Fairchild particularly loved. He made it most interesting, with the winter-loving flowers: the chimaphila, mitchella repens, wintergreen, lycopodiums, etc. There is the strange beauty of wild weed, stilted by wind and storm, and stripped of all its leaves, presenting a stark, slim, formal appearance, resembling an exquisite Japanese etching.

There is a special technique for the garden in the winter when the ground is hard; the removal of some of the stalks in places throughout the garden, etc. The whole garden is given a "clean slate" for the spring.

There are three approaches to the garden: the "Laurel Gate," on north Porchuck Road; the "Dark Hollow Road," from the Hardscrabble Lane, and one from Quaker Ridge. Through the "Lily Gate," with its succession of blooms, one crosses the fields to the original "Connecticut Garden," and passing through benches of land where the old orchards were. It is an ideal situation, inviting the daffodil, jonquill, narcissus; then down the steep bank to a bench of land overlooking the "Sunset Cliff."

Mr. Fairchild studied a way to use the cedars. He found that they do not grow well on a place where there are many other trees; it became a contest, and a choice. It had to be either an indefinite woodland without charm, or a characteristic spot in the general picture of the landscape.

There is quite an extensive pine forest; the trees far enough apart so that the effect of light and shade on a sunny day is indescribably beautiful.

Another attractive feature of the Connecticut Garden is the east branch of the Byram River, about a third of a mile of which is included. This is a typical New England rocky stream, which has always held some native trout. The stream runs entirely through beautiful woods and is paralleled by a path.

During all these years visitors have come from many lands, to admire and study the wild flowers and to return home imbued with an added determination to preserve their own flora in its native beauty.

CHAPTER X

THE LINES OF DESCENT OF DAVID STURGES FAIRCHILD OF CLINTON, IOWA, AND ELI WHEELER FAIRCHILD OF MONTICELLO, N. Y.

THE GENERATIONS ARE INDICATED BY A, B, C, ETC.

- A.—THOMAS FAIRCHILD, SR., (1610-1670), progenitor of the American Fairchilds, one of the founders of Stratford, Conn., in 1639. See the preceding chapters.
- B.—SAMUEL FAIRCHILD, 1st, (1640-1704), Number 7 of the Orcutt genealogy, was the first white child born in Stratford. He married Mary Wheeler, a daughter of Moses Wheeler. For the names of all of their children see numbers 12 to 15, inclusive, of the Orcutt genealogy, Chapter V of this work. Their fourth child was,
- C.—JONATHAN FAIRCHILD, (1692-1772), Number 15 of the Orcutt genealogy, who married Eleanor Whiting. (Captain Whiting is mentioned by Mr. Wilcoxson in his History of Stratford as being one of the Stratford men in the Revolutionary War). Their son,
- D.—ABRAHAM FAIRCHILD, of the fourth generation, married in 1742 to Rachael Scribner, Redding, Connecticut. Six of their sons were in the Revolutionary War at the same time. Reference Compendium of American Genealogy—First Families of America, Vol. II, page 722. Their son,
- E.—JOHN FAIRCHILD, (1764-1844), of the fifth generation, married Abigail Wakeman. Their son,
- F.—DAVID FAIRCHILD, of the sixth generation, married Charlotte Geyer. Reference National Encyclopedia of American Biography. Vol. 17, page 189. Their son,
- G.—ELI FAIRCHILD, of the seventh generation, married Grace (Dimon) Sturges. Their son,
- H.—DAVID STURGES FAIRCHILD, of the eighth generation, born at Fairfield, Vermont, in 1847, died at Clinton, Iowa, in 1930; married Wilhelmina Tattersall in 1870 at High Forest, Minnesota. She was still living at Clinton, Iowa, in December, 1940, and furnished the writer with the following information regarding the descendants of David Sturges Fairchild: David Sturges Fairchild was a nationally known physician and surgeon. See following pages of this chapter.
- I.—DAVID STURGES FAIRCHILD, JR., of the ninth generation, son of David Sturges Fairchild of Clinton, Iowa, (1871-1940), married Ellen Brown. Both are now deceased. See the following obituary notices.
- I.—MARGARET FAIRCHILD, of the ninth generation, daughter of David Sturges Fairchild, Sr., and Wilhelmina (Tattersall) Fairchild, married H. E. Reynolds.

- I.—GERTRUDE FAIRCHILD, of the ninth generation, another daughter of David Sturges Fairchild and Wilhemina (Tattersall) Fairchild, married A. W. Brown.
- H.—HENRY FAIRCHILD, of the eighth generation, brother of David Sturges Fairchild, Sr., and son of Eli Fairchild and Grace (Dimon) Fairchild, married Mida Soule, now deceased. Their children are,
- I.—HAROLD FAIRCHILD, of the ninth generation, son of Henry Fairchild and Mida (Soule) Fairchild. He has two children, George Fairchild and Gladys Fairchild.
- I.—DONALD FAIRCHILD, of the ninth generation, son of Henry and Mida Fairchild.

DAVID STURGES FAIRCHILD, SR., physician and surgeon was born at Fairfield, Vermont, September 16, 1847. He received his preliminary education in the public schools of Fairfield, Vermont, and the Franklin and Barnes Academies. He was graduated from the Albany Medical School, now Union University in 1868 with the degree of M.D., and the following year began the practice of his profession at High Forest, Minnesota, where he married Wilhelmina Tattersall, daughter of Wm. K. Tattersall, May 1, 1870.

March 22, 1930, the following items appeared in the Iowa papers:

"Clinton, Iowa. Dr. David S. Fairchild, 83, dean of the Clinton physicians and former dean of Drake University, Des Moines, Iowa, and State College, Ames, Iowa, is critically ill here. Dr. Fairchild, who is editor of the Journal of the Iowa Medical Society, was formerly president of the Iowa Medical Society; American Academy of Railroad Surgeons; the Western Surgical Society and the American Association of Railway Surgeons. In 1914 he held the office of vice-president of the American Medical Society."

March 23, 1930, the following item was published:

"Clinton, Iowa. Dr. David S. Fairchild, 83, nationally known surgeon died here Saturday night. He was formerly dean of the Drake University and the Iowa State College and was the oldest member of the Iowa State Medical Association. Among his honors were the president of the Iowa State Medical Society; the Western Surgical Society, the American Association of Railway Surgeons, and the Clinton Medical Association. Surviving are his wife, two daughters and a son, Dr. D. S. Fairchild, army surgeon."

December 13, 1920, an Iowa City paper contained the following item:

"Dr. David S. Fairchild, formerly of Iowa City, now a U. S. Army surgeon, has been called to Washington, D. C., from his home in Clinton, Iowa. He will become a member of the surgeon-general's staff, and abandon private practice. He has served for years, in peace time and in the Mexican trouble, the Spanish-American War and the World War."

DR. DAVID STURGES FAIRCHILD, JR., was graduated from the Medical Department of the Iowa State University at Iowa City, Iowa, and married, first, Miss Nellie Cox of Iowa City, Iowa. I do not recall of his ever having resided in Iowa City other than as a student attending the University here. His second wife was Helen Brown.

The Clinton Herald of November 15 and 16, 1940, announced his death as follows:

"November 15, 1940. The body of Colonel David S. Fairchild, Jr., aged 69, formerly of this city will arrive here tonight and will be taken to the Bragonier Chapel. Colonel Fairchild, son of Mrs. D. S. Fairchild, Sr., of this city, died Monday, (Nov. 11, 1940), in a Waynesboro, Va., hospital of injuries received in an automobile accident near there. Because a sister of the deceased, Mrs. A. W. Brown (Gertrude Fairchild Brown), 523 N. Plumer Ave., Tucson, Ariz., is coming to the funeral, arrangements are indefinite. David Fairchild, son of the deceased, will not attend the services as his mother, also severely injured in the automobile crash, is a patient in the Waynesboro hospital."

"November 16, 1940. The Reverend Thomas Horton, pastor of St. John's Episcopal Church, will officiate at the funeral services to be held at 1 P.M., Tuesday, in Bragonier Chapel for Col. D. S. Fairchild of Mendham, N. J., who died last Monday in Waynesboro, Va., after an automobile accident. Burial will be in the Springdale cemetery. Col. Fairchild, former prominent Clinton physician and surgeon, was retired from the United States army several years ago. His wife, injured in the accident which took his life, still is in a critical condition."

The following was taken from the Mendham-Chester Tribune of Nov. 15 and 29, 1940:

"November 15, 1940. David Fairchild, of Mountain Ave., (Mendham, N. J.) has been informed of the death of his father, Colonel David S. Fairchild, retired officer of the United States Medical Corps, with P. R. Tilghman, at Waynesboro, Va., in an automobile accident. Mrs. Fairchild and Agnes McClintock, a friend of the family, were severely injured. David Fairchild, Jr., married Miss Bliss Thomas of Mendham. Colonel and Mrs. Fairchild lived in New York and Trenton. Miss McClintock was also from New York and Mr. Tilghman was connected with the DuPont plant at Wilmington, Delaware."

"November 29, 1940. Mrs. Fairchild passed away in the hospital at Waynesboro, Va., where she had been taken following an automobile accident on Nov. 11, 1940, in which her husband, Col. David S. Fairchild, retired officer of the United States Medical Corps, was instantly killed. Mrs. Fairchild had suffered a crushed foot, compound fractures of the legs and arms, broken ribs and skull fractures. She made her home at Trenton, New York and Mendham. A son, David Fairchild, Jr., of Mountain Ave., survives."

A.—THOMAS FAIRCHILD, SR., (1610-1670), the progenitor of the American family of Fairchild, Number 1 of the Orcutt genealogy, one of the original founders and first settlers of Stratford, Conn., in 1639. See preceding chapters of this genealogy.

B.—SAMUEL FAIRCHILD, 1st, (1640-1704), Number 2 of the Orcutt genealogy; the first white child born in Stratford; married Mary Wheeler, daughter of Joseph Wheeler, one of the first settlers in Stratford. See the preceding pages for the names of all of their children and other biographical data regarding them. Their fourth child was,

- C.—**JONATHAN FAIRCHILD**, (1692-1772), of the third generation, Number 12 of the Orcutt genealogy; married Eleanor Whiting. See the preceding pages. Their son,
- D.—**ABRAHAM FAIRCHILD**, of the fourth generation, married in 1742 to Rachael Scribner, Redding, Conn. Six of their sons were in the Revolutionary War at the same time. Ref. Compendium of American Genealogy—First Families of America, Vol. II, page 722. Their son was,
- E.—**JOHN FAIRCHILD**, (1764-1846), of the fifth generation, married Abigail Wakeman. Their son,
- F.—**ELI FAIRCHILD**, (1795-1885), of the sixth generation, married in 1822 to Clarissa Wheeler. See biographical sketch following.
- G.—**ELI WHEELER FAIRCHILD**, (1824-1909), of the seventh generation as is indicated by the use of the seventh letter in the alphabet, was one of the prominent attorneys in the State of New York. He was born at Monticello, N. Y., Nov. 16, 1824, and died there Nov. 15, 1909. He married Mary Christina Doll, Feb. 21, 1869, and their children were:
- H.—**MARY CADY FAIRCHILD**, of the eighth generation, born April 15, 1870, who married A. Torsch, Sept. 29, 1898.
- H.—**AGNES DOLL FAIRCHILD**, the second child of Eli Wheeler Fairchild and Mary Christina (Doll) Fairchild, was born July 17, 1871.
- H.—**ABBIE LOUISE FAIRCHILD**, the third child of Eli Wheeler Fairchild and Mary Christina Fairchild, was born January 23, 1873, and married John Wilbur Morrison of Baltimore.
- H.—**ELI FRANCIS FAIRCHILD**, born Feb. 16, 1879, died in infancy.
- H.—**JOHN GIFFORD FAIRCHILD**, of the eighth generation, and the last child of Eli Wheeler Fairchild, was born May 16, 1882. He married Helen Beatty.

The following biographical sketch of Eli Wheeler Fairchild is from Sullivan's History of New York, by Dr. James Sullivan.

ELI WHEELER FAIRCHILD

No name is of greater significance in the history of Monticello, New York, than that of Fairchild, and few stand out more prominently on the roster of New York State's lawyers than that of Eli Wheeler Fairchild, who died at eighty-five years of age, the oldest in his profession in the state. The name of Fairchild is of ancient origin, believed to have originated in Scotland as "Fairbairn" and to have received its present form in England, where child means "bairn." The family has been identified with the development of New England States and newer sections of the country, and includes among its notable members a governor of Wisconsin.

The American progenitor was Thomas Fairchild, who probably arrived in Stratford, Connecticut, about 1638, with his brother-in-law, Thomas Sherwood. A prominent citizen, Thomas Fairchild, was elected deputy of the General Court in 1654 and in 1664; was four times nominated for assist-

ant governor; and served on various public committees. He was a merchant and owned a home on what is now Elm Street, Bridgeport. He married (first) Emma Seabrook, daughter of Robert Seabrook, in England, and had a son, Samuel Fairchild, who married Mary Wheeler, daughter of Moses Wheeler, Sr. The line was carried through their son, Jonathan Fairchild, who married Eleanor Whiting of Norwalk, Conn.; their son Abraham F. Fairchild, who married Rachael Scribner, daughter of Benjamin Scribner, of Norwalk, six of whose sons were in the Revolutionary War at the same time; their son John F. Fairchild, who married (first) Abigail Wakeman, of Weston, Conn.; their son, Eli Fairchild born in Redding, Conn., Nov. 15, 1795, died in Monticello, New York, June 4, 1885.

Eli Fairchild, father of Eli Wheeler Fairchild, subject of this biographical record, moved in 1815 to Monticello, New York, making the journey on horseback and possessed one dollar on his arrival. In 1819 he formed a partnership with Cady & Russell, of Monticello, in the manufacture of card backs used in carding cotton. He soon became sole owner of this successful business, as of additional enterprises such as the first grist mill and the first foundry of the town. His property became extensive, and he owned the controlling interest in iron and flour mills and much real estate in Monticello. Public-spirited, he was largely influential in making Monticello the county seat of Sullivan County, New York. Eli Fairchild married on July 16, 1822, Clarissa Wheeler, daughter of Amos and Lucy (Baxter) Wheeler, the ceremony being performed by Rev. John Boyd, the first Presbyterian minister in Monticello. One son was born of the marriage, Eli Wheeler Fairchild, of whom further:

Eli Wheeler Fairchild was born in Monticello, November 16, 1824, and died there November 15, 1909. His education was begun in the public schools and continued at various private schools, including that at Newburgh, taught by the Rev. Mr. Phinney, Aurora Academy at Lake Cayuga, where he prepared for college. He graduated from Union College in 1846, after three years of study, with the degree of Bachelor of Arts, winning the scholastic honor of membership in the Phi Beta Kappa Society. He was also a member of the Sigma Phi Fraternity. He studied law in the office of W. B. Wright, of Monticello, and was admitted to the bar in 1848. He continued his studies, however, and received from Union College the degree of Master of Arts in 1849. With his law office in Monticello, he became significant in the legal, civic and educational life of the town, and initiated many progressive commercial movements. During the Civil War he served as postmaster in his town substituting for Major John Waller, who led a company of soldiers to the front. Mr. Fairchild was a promoter of the Port Jervis & Monticello Railroad, which was completed in 1870. He was a trustee of the Monticello Academy and a member of the New York State Historical Society. He was one of the founders of the first Republican papers in Monticello and remained a staunch supporter of that party from its organization in 1856. Though he had been a member and elder in the Presbyterian Church, in his later years Mr. Fairchild became a communicant of the Episcopal Church, and was vestryman for St. John's for twelve years before his death.

Eli Wheeler Fairchild married February 21, 1869, Mary Christina Doll, of Rockland, Sullivan County, New York. Their children were:

1. Mary Cady, born April 15, 1870, married Frederick A. Torsch September 29, 1898, and resides in Baltimore, Maryland, with he family of four children:

- I. Frederick Fairechild, born August 7, 1899
- II. John Bauman, born August 26, 1901
- III. Margaret Fairechild, born April 18, 1906
- IV. Charles Edward, born July 13, 1914
2. Agnes Doll, born July 17, 1871, resides in Monticello, unmarried.
3. Abbie Eloise, born January 23, 1873; married November 2, 1903, John Wilbur Morrison, of Baltimore, Maryland, and has one child, Marjorie Doll, born September 15, 1904.
4. Eli Francis, born February 16, 1879, died in infancy.
5. John Gifford, born May 28, 1882, who resides in Alexandria, Virginia, and is married to Marie Helen Beatty, of Stubenville, Ohio, by whom he has one child, Helen Christian, born November 4, 1910.

A man of unusual learning and fine character, Mr. Fairchild shed lustre on the community in which he lived. A good citizen, a good friend and a good husband and father, he nobly fulfilled the function of Christian manhood.

The above sketch of the biographical record was edited by Dr. James Sullivan in his "History of New York State, 1523-1927" and published by the Lewis Historical Publishing Company, Incorporated, of New York and Chicago, pages 75 and 76.

CHAPTER XI

THE DESCENDANTS OF MOSES FAIRCHILD AND SUSANNAH (BOSWORTH) FAIRCHILD

- A.—THOMAS FAIRCHILD, 1st, (1610-1670), ancestor of the American Fairchilds.
- B.—SAMUEL FAIRCHILD, 1st, (1640-1704), of the second generation, the first white child born in Stratford, Conn., Number 2 of the Orcutt genealogy, married Mary Wheeler. The names of their children are set out in the Orcutt genealogy under numbers 12 to 18, inclusive. Their third child was,
- C.—EDWARD FAIRCHILD, of the third generation, Number 14 of the Orcutt genealogy, who married Elizabeth Blakeman, January 25, 1710, probably a descendant of the Reverend Adam Blakeman, who came from England with the original company that settled in Stratford and served them as their first minister until his death in 1665, a period of twenty-six years. He was born in Staffordshire, England, in 1598, was graduated from Christ College, Oxford, where he matriculated on May 23, 1617. He wrote his name "Blakeman", although some of his descendants write it "Blackman".
- For the names of the children of Edward Fairchild and Elizabeth (Blakeman) Fairchild, see numbers 51 to 55, inclusive, of the Orcutt genealogy, Chapter V of this genealogy. The name of their fourth child was,

- D.—MOSES FAIRCHILD, 1st, born Oct. 1st, 1721, Number 54 of the Orcutt genealogy. He was of the fourth generation. He married Susannah Bosworth, Dec. 2, 1745, and moved to Sheffield, Berkshire County, Mass., and was probably deceased when the first census of the United States was taken in 1790. Only four of his sons are recorded in the census of 1790 as being the heads of families in Berkshire County, Mass., and there were only two other heads of families by the name of Fairchild in all the State of Massachusetts at that time. One of them was David Fairchild of Boston, Mass. It is probable that this David Fairchild was one of the sons of Moses Fairchild and Susannah (Bosworth) Fairchild, although the writer has no other information regarding this than is hereinafter set out in this chapter.

May 6th, 1943, Mrs. Grace Gillaspie of Boulder, Colorado, a descendant of Moses Fairchild, furnished the following information regarding the children of Moses Fairchild and Susannah (Bosworth) Fairchild, taken from the Bosworth genealogy:

1. SUSANNAH BOSWORTH, born in Rehoboth, May 8, 1726, married in 1745 to Moses Fairchild. The birth of their children are recorded in Sheffield, Mass.

1. SARAH FAIRCHILD, born May 8, 1746; (married Isaac Collins, a Rev. soldier)
2. ZACHARIAH FAIRCHILD, born Nov. 4, 1748
3. MARY FAIRCHILD, born Apr. 1, 1751, probably m. Aug. 26, 1772, Daniel Lewis
4. ELLIS FAIRCHILD, (daughter), born Oct. 20, 1753;
5. MOSES FAIRCHILD, born Dec. 1, 1756; married Lucinda Hamlin
6. AARON FAIRCHILD, b. Aug. 11, 1759; (m. Elizabeth Smith)
7. DANIEL FAIRCHILD, b. May 9, 1762; (m. Mary Buckles)
8. JOHN FAIRCHILD, b. Mar. 4, 1765
9. DAVID FAIRCHILD, b. Dec. 20, 1767"

(Note: None of these children are recorded in the Orcutt genealogy).

Mrs. Gillaspie also enclosed the following two items regarding Aaron Fairchild, her ancestor; the first item is from the History of Orange County, N. Y., by Ruttenber:

"Page 357, in sketch of James Smith, his son, Benjamin Smith married, June 16, 1761, Elizabeth Leonard. He died in 1813. Children of James and Elizabeth Smith:

1. Betsey (Elizabeth Smith), who married Aaron Fairchild"

"Orange County, N. Y., by Eager: Page 95, Aaron Fairchild's name appears on list of those assessed in Newburgh." (Orange County, N. Y.)

(Note: Frances Fairchild who married William Cullen Bryant, the poet, doubtless was a descendant of Moses Fairchild. See the last part of this chapter.)

E.—ZACHARIAH FAIRCHILD, (1756-....), son of Moses Fairchild and Susannah (Bosworth) Fairchild, was of the fifth generation of the American family of Fairchilds. He is recorded as being the head of a family by the United States census of 1790 at Great Barrington, Massachusetts, in Berkshire County, with two males in his family under 16 years of age and five females, one of whom probably was his wife. He served in the Revolutionary War. See the following pages. There appears to have been some confusion among writers with regard to this Zachariah Fairchild, the son of Moses Fairchild, and Zechariah Fairchild, Number 7 of the Orcutt genealogy, (1651-1703) and his son Zachariah Fairchild (1728-....) who settled in the Berkshire Valley in New Jersey. The compiler of this genealogy is of the opinion that the error is caused by confusing the same names of the two men and the fact that one settled in *Berkshire County, Mass.*, while the other settled in the *Berkshire Valley* in New Jersey. Evidently no other person by the name of Fairchild ever settled in Berkshire County, Mass., other than Moses Fairchild and his family, prior to the time of taking the first census of the United States in 1790. See Chapters IV and XIII of this genealogy. Zachariah Fairchild, son of Moses, was born in 1756.

E.—DANIEL FAIRCHILD, (1762-1831), of the fifth generation, another son of Moses Fairchild, 1st, and Susannah (Bosworth) Fairchild, also served in the Revolutionary War. See the History of Berkshire County, Mass. He married Mary Buttle in 1784, and settled in Sheffield, Berkshire County, Mass., and was the ancestor of the Grandison Fairchild

of the Oberlin College group. He is recorded as being the head of a family at Sheffield by the census of 1790. See Chapter XII of this genealogy for additional data regarding his descendants.

- E.—JOHN FAIRCHILD, (1765-....), of the fifth generation, son of Moses Fairchild, 1st, and Susannah (Bosworth) Fairchild, is also recorded in the census of 1790 as having been the head of a family at Sheffield, Berkshire County, Mass., with three males in his family over 16 years of age and one male under 16 years and two females.
- E.—MOSES FAIRCHILD, 2d, of the fifth generation, son of Moses Fairchild, 1st, and Susannah (Bosworth) Fairchild, was born in Sheffield, Berkshire County, Mass., in 1756, and married Lucinda Hamlin in 1786. He is definitely shown to have been the son of Moses Fairchild and Susannah (Bosworth) Fairchild, and is, without doubt, the same man recorded in the U. S. census of 1790, as being the head of a family at Alford, Berkshire County, Mass., with two males in his family under 16 years of age and three females. See the names of their children in the last part of this chapter. One of their sons was,
- F.—MOSES FAIRCHILD, 3rd, of the sixth generation of the American Fairchild family, who married Elizabeth Frances Jones in 1826, and their son was,
- G.—HORACE JONES FAIRCHILD, of the seventh generation who married Marie Louise Styles. Two of their children were,
- H.—HENRY MARTYN FAIRCHILD, (1862-1936), of the eighth generation, who married Harriet Varker, and
- H.—HELEN FAIRCHILD WHEATON, residing at Millbrook, N. Y.

The following notice was clipped from a New York paper under death notices:

“Fairchild, on Sept. 23, 1936, Henry Martyn Fairchild, after a long illness at Millbrook, N. Y., in his 74th year, eldest son of the late Horace Jones Fairchild and Marie Styles, and husband of the late Harriet Isabel Varker. Private services at Grace Church, Millbrook and Greenwood.”

In a letter received from Mrs. Helen (Fairchild) Wheaton, Millbrook, N. Y., she wrote as follows:

“Thomas Fairchild is our common ancestor of Stratford, Connecticut. I am descended from his son Samuel, the first white child born in Stratford in 1640. He married Mary Wheeler of Stratford. Their son Edward left Stratford and went to Newtown sometime between 1704-1720. He married Elizabeth Blakeman in 1710. His son was Moses Fairchild who moved to Sheffield, Mass. He married Susannah Bosworth in 1749. Moses 2d, was born in Sheffield in 1756. I gave you my line down to the third Moses, he was my grandfather.”

In another letter she wrote as follows:

“The second Moses married Lucinda Hamlin in 1786, and the third Moses Fairchild, born in Alford, Massachusetts, settled in Stockbridge,

was my grandfather. He married Elizabeth Frances Jones in 1826 in Stockbridge, and my father, Horace Jones Fairchild, was their eldest son."

- E.—MARY FAIRCHILD, of the fifth generation, daughter of Moses Fairchild, 1st, and Susannah (Bosworth) Fairchild, was born April 1st, 1751. She married Aug. 26, 1772, to Daniel Lewis.
- E.—ELLIS FAIRCHILD, of the fifth generation, daughter of Moses Fairchild, 1st, and Susannah (Bosworth) Fairchild, was born Oct. 20, 1753.
- E.—AARON FAIRCHILD, of the fifth generation, son of Moses Fairchild, 1st, and Susannah (Bosworth) Fairchild, was the ancestor of the Tama County, Iowa, group of Fairchilds as well as of the Fairchild family at Benton City, Missouri, and of Mrs. Grace Gillaspie of Boulder, Colo. Doubtless he was born in Sheffield, Berkshire County, Mass., in 1759. He enlisted in the Revolutionary War at Sheffield, Mass., when about 18 years of age, in 1777 or 1778. He is not recorded as the head of a family at Sheffield in the census of 1790 for the reason that at that time he was the head of a family in Newburgh, Ulster County, N. Y., and afterwards moved from Ulster County, N. Y., to Willsboro, Essex County, N. Y., where he raised a large family and died there in 1838. See the following pages of this chapter for much information regarding Aaron Fairchild and his descendants.

Mrs. Grace (Fairchild) Gillaspie, of Boulder, Colo., while in Washington, D. C., in Oct. 1942, did some research work in the Memorial Library of the Daughters of the American Revolution and reports the following as the result of her research:

SHEFFIELD, BERKSHIRE COUNTY, MASSACHUSETTS

"New York Records are defective hence Sheffield Records for the period from the foundation of the town, 1731 to 1780, are especially valuable often giving the right ancestral clue.

"Copied from National Genealogical Society Quarterly, page 48, early marriages, Sheffield, Berkshire County, Mass, Book I, Dec. 2, 1745. (Found no further mention in any of the books in the library.)

"From this same record, Book I, page 136, found that Mary Fairchild had married Daniel Lewis, August 26, 1772.

"History of Berkshire County, Sheffield, Mass., Vol. I, Beers & Co., publishers, 1885, gave a list of the men serving in the Revolutionary War from Sheffield, naming Aaron Fairchild, Daniel Fairchild, Moses Fairchild and Zachariah Fairchild. (Found no further mention of them.) Vol. II is not in the Library.

"In the 1830 Records (Essex County, N. Y.) shows that the Congregational Churches of Essex and Willsboro united and among the first members were Aaron and Elizabeth Fairchild.

"Found notations on the following but did not find the books:

"Fairchild family—H. F. Smith—History of Essex County, N. Y., 1885, page 740.

"Fairchild family—J. F. Crafts—History of Whatley, Mass., 1899, page 480.

"Benjamin Fairchild, New Jersey, New Jersey History Society Proceedings, New Series 1923. Vol. 8, page 306."

Addie Fairchild of Benton City, Missouri, sister of Mrs. Gilaspie, supplements the above with the following:

"We know that Aaron Fairchild (1759-1838) lived in Newburg, New York, because his son, Benjamin Smith Fairchild was born there January 8, 1787, and died in Willsboro, January 15, 1855. Benjamin Smith Fairchild was in the U. S. service in the War of 1812 as a private in Captain Jonathan Lynde's Company."

The information gathered with reference to this Aaron Fairchild (1759-1838) appears to conclusively establish that he was one of the sons of Moses Fairchild, 1st, (1721-....), Number 54 of the Orcutt genealogy, who married Susannah Bosworth and settled in Berkshire County, Mass.; that Aaron Fairchild was born in Sheffield Aug. 11, 1759; that he enlisted in the Revolutionary War in Sheffield, Berkshire County, when only about 18 years of age; that his residence was recorded in the war records as being in Sheffield, and the Bosworth genealogy lists him as one of the children of Moses Fairchild and Susannah (Bosworth) Fairchild.

When the first census of the United States was taken in 1790 there were only six heads of families by the name of Fairchild in the whole state of Massachusetts and four of these were in Berkshire County, and were, without doubt, the sons of Moses and Susannah Fairchild. They were Zachariah Fairchild, with two males in his family under 16 years of age and five females, one of whom was probably his wife. Another was Daniel Fairchild with two males in his family over 16 years and three females, one of whom was probably his wife. Another was Moses Fairchild, with two males in his family under 16 years of age and three females. Another was John Fairchild with three males in his family over 16 years of age and one male under 16 years and two females.

The 1790 census also showed a David Fairchild at Boston, who was probably one of the sons of Moses and Susannah Fairchild, and showed another by the name of Anson Fairchild at Granville, in Hampshire County, Mass., and showed an Aaron Fairchild as the head of a family at Newburgh Town, Ulster County, N. Y., with two males in his family under 16 years of age and two females, one of whom would be his wife, Elizabeth (Smith) Fairchild.

The War records show that this Aaron Fairchild enlisted at Sheffield, Berkshire County, Mass., and his residence was given as Sheffield, Mass.

Clearly he is not the Aaron Fairchild of Stratford, Conn., born in 1778, mentioned under Number 165 of the Orcutt genealogy who enlisted in the War of 1812-14 at the age of 36 years as is recorded in the Wilcoxson History of Stratford. Just as clearly he is not the same Aaron Fairchild mentioned in the Surrogate Court Records of Dutchess County, New York, who died Sept. 29, 1845, leaving a wife named Sarah M. Fairchild and three daughters.

No other Aaron Fairchild is recorded in any of the U. S. by the census of 1790, which fact, together with the war records appear to conclusively establish that the Aaron Fairchild of Newburgh, N. Y., and later of Willsboro, N. Y., was the same Aaron Fairchild who was born in Sheffield as the son of Moses Fairchild, 1st, and Susannah (Bosworth) Fairchild, and who married Elizabeth Smith in Ulster County, N. Y., November 5th, 1781.

Aaron Fairchild and his wife Elizabeth (Smith) Fairchild moved from Ulster County, N. Y., to Essex County, N. Y., and raised a family of nine children, whose names are set out in the following pages of this chapter, as well as the names of many of their descendants.

The following information was received from Floyd S. Fairchild, of Bruno, Minn., under date of June 11, 1940. He is a son of Henry Albert Fairchild (1858-1930), who, also before his death, resided in Bruno, Minn., and who was a son of Aaron Fairchild, born in Essex County, N. Y., Oct. 26, 1834. This Aaron Fairchild was a grandson of Aaron Fairchild, the Revolutionary soldier who was born in Sheffield, Berkshire County, Mass., and who enlisted in the Revolutionary War at Sheffield when he was 18 years of age. Aaron Fairchild, grandson of the Revolutionary War soldier, Aaron Fairchild, was born in Essex County, N. Y., and moved from there to Tama County, Iowa, about 1883.

"AARON FAIRCHILD, born 1759, (the Revolutionary soldier from Sheffield, Mass.), married Elizabeth Smith, Nov. 5, 1781. (Miss Addie Fairchild and Mrs. Grace (Fairchild) Gillaspie's great grandparents, and my great, great grandparents).

"BENJAMIN SMITH FAIRCHILD, m. Elizabeth Asking, Jan. 2, 1813
MOSES FAIRCHILD, m. Ada Holbert, 1817

JANE FAIRCHILD, m. Samuel Mead, January 12, 1930

DANIEL FAIRCHILD, m. Anna Shelton, May 18, 1830

JOHN FAIRCHILD, m. Grace Follett, Dec. 25, 1833. (Addie Fairchild and Mrs. Grace (Fairchild) Gillaspie's grandfather).

"Nov. 15, 1782, Benjamin Fairchild born; died Aug. 11, 1783

Feb. 23, 1785, Elizabeth Fairchild born; died Feb. 12, 1843

Jan. 8, 1787, Benjamin Smith Fairchild born; died 1855

Mar. 9, 1791, Aaron Fairchild

Sept. 6, 1793, Moses Fairchild

Dec. 13, 1795, Mary Fairchild

Apr. 21, 1798, John Fairchild

Nov. 9, 1804, Daniel Fairchild

"JOHN FAIRCHILD, who m. Grace Follett, Dec. 25, 1833, (1798-1869) was my great grandfather, and Addie Fairchild and Mrs. Grace (Fairchild) Gillaspie's grandfather. His son,

"AARON FAIRCHILD, son of John Fairchild (1798-1869), born Oct. 26, 1834, was my grandfather. He was born in Essex County, N. Y., and settled in Tama County, Iowa. He was a brother of John H. Fairchild, also born in Essex County, N. Y., and settled at Sullivan, Illinois, and who was the father of Addie Fairchild and Mrs. Grace (Fairchild) Gillaspie, wife of Carbon Gillaspie of Boulder, Colorado.

The other children of John Fairchild and Grace (Follett) Fairchild were:

"ELIZABETH FAIRCHILD, born Apr. 30, 1836

ASEANETH FAIRCHILD, born Apr. 18, 1840

FREDERICK FAIRCHILD, born Sept. 3, 1841

FRANCES C. FAIRCHILD, born May 11, 1943. Called Frank by her uncle, Addie Fairchild's father, John H. Fairchild.

JAMES ALDERBERT FAIRCHILD, Addie Fairchild's father called him "Dell"

CALISTA FAIRCHILD, born Jan. 28, 1848

JOHN H. FAIRCHILD, born July 23, 1850, was the father of Addie Fairchild of Benton City, Missouri, and Mrs. Grace (Fairchild) Gillaspie of Boulder, Colorado, wife of Carbon Gillaspie.

(Note: Miss Addie Fairchild mentions other children of John H. Fairchild in her letter set out herein).

CLARA J. FAIRCHILD, born Jan. 2, 1854

"My grandfather, Aaron Fairchild (1834-1890), lived on a farm in Essex County, N. Y., owned by his father, John Fairchild, (1798....), grandfather moved from there to Tama County, Iowa, of which at that time he sold the place about 1883. Aaron Fairchild, my grandfather, m. Ellen Tucker, Dec. 24, 1857.

The children of Aaron Fairchild, (1834-1890), of Tama County, Iowa, and his wife Ellen Tucker, were:

"ALBERT HENRY FAIRCHILD, m. Ella Augusta Moore, March 11, 1885; died Apr. 1, 1890

MYRTIE FAIRCHILD

CHARLES FAIRCHILD

JOHN CALVIN FAIRCHILD

"ALBERT HENRY FAIRCHILD, m. Ella Augusta Moore, March 11, 1885. Their children were:

EDWIN T. FAIRCHILD, born Nov. 22, 1885

ALBERT RAY FAIRCHILD, born Feb. 26, 1887; died Oct. 21, 1918

FLOYD S. FAIRCHILD, born Dec. 21, 1889. (The writer of this letter)

ETTA S. FAIRCHILD, born Sept. 19, 1891

IDA MAY FAIRCHILD, born Feb. 25, 1893

LAURA ELIZABETH FAIRCHILD, born June 10, 1896

PEARL BELLE FAIRCHILD, born May 15, 1900

Yours truly,

F. S. Fairchild

In a letter received from Mrs. Grace (Fairchild) Gillaspie, (Mrs. Carbon Gillaspie) of Boulder, Colorado, under date of January 12, 1942, she writes as follows:

"Aaron Fairchild, (her great grandfather, the Revolutionary soldier) was born in 1759, do not have the place of his birth, but he was buried in Willsboro, Essex County, New York, the place where my father was born. He was a private in Captain Bartlett's Company, Colonel James Wesson's (Weston's) Massachusetts line regiment on Continental pay account for services from March 18, 1777, to December 31, 1780. *Residence, Sheffield, Massachusetts*, Vol. 9, part 1, page 15; *Military Archives*, deposited in the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, Pension certificate No. 8998.

"W. C. Watson's History of Essex County, Willsboro, N. Y.
Pioneer History of Champlain Valley
William Gilliland's Diary edited by Watson

Smith's History of Essex County, N. Y.
J. H. French's Gazeteer of N. Y.

"My great grandfather had a son, Aaron Fairchild, born 1791. My grandfather, John Fairchild, was born in 1798 and died in 1869, he had a son, Aaron Fairchild, who lived a great many years at Marshalltown, Tama County, Iowa. Albert Henry Fairchild, born Dec. 13, 1858; died Apr. 1, 1930, of Bruno, Minn., was his son. He had a brother, John Fairchild and a sister Myrtle Fairchild. (See Floyd S. Fairchild's letter, who names a Charles Fairchild also.)

"My father, John H. Fairchild, was born in 1850, so you see there were about eight years difference in their ages. Today I received a letter from a cousin, who was born and reared in Willsboro, N. Y., now living in Vermont. . . . Had not heard from her since we were girls, and she and her father visited us in Illinois when we lived there . . ."

Having written to Mrs. Gillaspie and called her attention to the fact that the only Aaron Fairchild recorded in the United States census of 1790, in any of the United States, was the Aaron Fairchild, who was the head of a family at that time in Newburgh, Ulster County, N. Y., she wrote again as follows:

"Boulder, Colorado
January 30, 1942

"I checked up on my application papers for D. A. R. membership and found what the Registrar General had added: It states that my great grandfather, (Aaron Fairchild, the Revolutionary soldier), went to Willsboro, Essex County, N. Y., from Newburgh, N. Y., in 1795. His service record was given in application for pension, file No. S 12899, Private Massachusetts Militia. In your letter you state, or at least you thought that this Aaron Fairchild was my ancestor, so now it is verified.

Sincerely,
Grace Fairchild Gillaspie (Mrs. Carbon Gillaspie)"

Sept. 2, 1942, Miss Addie Fairchild of Benton City, Missouri, wrote from her sister's home, 1505 Ninth Street, Boulder, Colorado, as follows:

"Your letter of Aug. 20th, (1942) was forwarded to me from my home in Benton City. My sister Marie and I came to Boulder to be with our sister Mrs. Grace Gillaspie, who has been ill for over a month.

"Since the family records I have copied have some very evident mistakes and are hard to follow, I am writing the record with corrections and in the order I think best:

"AARON FAIRCHILD, (1759-1938), married Elizabeth Smith Noy.
5, 1781

Benjamin Fairchild, born Nov. 15, 1782; died Aug. 11, 1783

Elizabeth Fairchild, born Feb. 23, 1785; died Feb. 12, 1843

Benjamin Smith Fairchild, born Jan. 8, 1787; died 1855

Aaron Fairchild, born Mar. 9, 1791

Moses Fairchild, born Sept. 6, 1793
Mary Fairchild, born Dec. 13, 1795
John Fairchild, born Apr. 21, 1798
Jane Fairchild, born May 10, 1800
Bridget Fairchild, born May 2, 1803
Daniel Fairchild, born Nov. 9, 1804

"Since there is a Benjamin Fairchild born Nov. 15, 1782; died Aug. 11, 1783, and a Benjamin Smith Fairchild born Jan. 8, 1787, I take it that for some reason the name Benjamin was used again. I have heard my father speak of his Uncle Smith but am not sure whether he ever called him Uncle Benjamin Smith, although I cannot remember when I associated the double name first. My father was only five when this uncle died. I also often heard my father speak of his Uncle Moses, Uncle Daniel and Aunt Jane. Since I never heard of the others I assume that they had died before he was born in 1850, or while he was quite young. They must have died after 1843, for that is the last death mentioned in the old record, and before 1857. See following.

"From the Revolutionary War Records of the Bureau of Pensions, Washington, D. C., it appears that Aaron Fairchild of Willsboro, Essex County, N. Y., was placed on the pension roll May 6, 1833, Certificate No. 8998, commenced March 4, 1831, N. Y. Agency, for his services as a private in the Massachusetts Militia.

"He died at Willsboro, Oct. 18, 1838, aged seventy-nine years, leaving the following surviving children: Moses Fairchild, John Fairchild, Daniel Fairchild and Jane Fairchild, who were all living in 1857. The name of his wife is not given.

"I feel positive this Aaron Fairchild was my great grandfather.

"The office of Secretary, Revolutionary War Service of Massachusetts, gives the name of Aaron Fairchild as appearing on returned men raised to serve in the Continental Army from Captain Noble's Company, Col. Ashley's Regiment, *Residence Sheffield*, joined Captain Bartlett's Company, Co., Weston's (Wesson's) regiment, Term 8 years. Aaron Fairchild appears with the rank of private, Lieutenant Col. Miller's Company, Col. (James) Wesson's Regiment on Continental pay. Accounts for service from March 18, 1777, to Dec. 31, 1780. *Residence Sheffield*.

"Aaron Fairchild appears on a list of men mustered subsequent to Feb. 20, . . . , by Trueman Wheeler, Muster Master of Berkshire County, dated at Great Barrington, April 1, 1778. Said Fairchild reported received State Bounty.

"The Obituary of Henry R. Fairchild, born Sept. 23, 1823; died Feb. 16, 1913, son of Moses Fairchild and Ida Holbert (Holibrid) and cousin of my father, John H. Fairchild, son of John Fairchild (brother of Moses) said that the family of which his family is a branch settled in Essex County sometime prior to the French and Indian War in 1765.

(Note: by the writer: I think this is an error as the 1790 census reports no head of a family by the name of Fairchild there at that time and Aaron Fairchild did not move from Ulster County to Essex County, N. Y., until 1795. Hence he is reported in the 1790 census as living in Ulster County).

"The following are the names of the children of John Henry Fairchild, born July 23, 1850, and Fanny McKittrick, born Apr. 15, 1853, married June 10, 1875, my parents:

"Margery Grace Fairchild (Mrs. Carbon Gillaspie of Boulder, Colorado). Born at Sullivan, Illinois.
 Sherman DeWit Fairchild, Boise, Idaho
 Walter Reading Fairchild, deceased
 Jessie Bell Fairchild, deceased
 Addie May Fairchild, Benton City, Missouri, (writer of this letter, born at Sullivan, Illinois.
 Guy Virgil Fairchild, Benton City, Missouri
 Mattie Marie Fairchild, Benton City, Missouri
 John Henry Fairchild, Benton City, Missouri

"The following was copied by Miss Addie Fairchild, August 31, 1942, at her sister's, Mrs. Grace Gillaspie, 1505 Ninth Street, Boulder, Colorado. It is the old family record of John Fairchild who married Grace Follett, 1833, and of his father Aaron Fairchild, who married Elizabeth Smith, Nov. 5, 1781. (The Revolutionary soldier). It was sent to Mrs. John H. Fairchild, wife of John H. Fairchild, born July 23, 1850, and son of John Fairchild and Grace (Follett) Fairchild, by Mrs. Clara J. (Fairchild) Sampson, born Jan. 2, 1854, a sister of John H. Fairchild. The letter head on the paper on which it is written was, "Willsboro, Essex County, N. Y.,189..." which shows it was written in the 1890's. I have tried to copy spelling, etc., as in the record. The letter head is printed. The copy follows:

FAMILY RECORD

"John Fairchild was married to Grace Follett Dec. the 25, 1833.
 Aaron Fairchild was born Oct. 26, 1834. (The ancestor of the Tama County (Fairchilds)
 Elizabeth M. Fairchild, was born Apr. 30, 1836.
 Aseaneth Fairchild was born Apr. 18, 1840.
 Frederick Fairchild was born Sept. 3, 1841.
 Frances C. Fairchild was born May 11, 1843.
 James A. Fairchild was born July 23, 1846.
 Calista Fairchild was born Jan. 28, 1848.
 John H. Fairchild was born July 23, 1850. (Father of the Benton City, Mo., (Fairchilds)
 Clara J. Fairchild was born Jan. 2, 1854. (Clara J. (Fairchild) Sampson).

"On the other side is Grandfather's Family Record:"

"Aaron Fairchild was married to Elizabeth Smith the 5, of Nov., 1781. Benjamin Smith Fairchild was married to Elizabeth Aking Jan. 2, 1813. Moses Fairchild was married to Ada Holbert Oct., 1837. Jane Fairchild was married to Samuel Mead Jan 12, 1830. Daniel Fairchild was married to Annces Sheldon May the 18, 1830. The 15 of Nov. 1782 my son Benjamin was born Feb. 25, 1786 my daughter Elizabeth was born Jan 8, 1791 our son Aaron was born Dec. the 13, 1795 our daughter Mary was born April 21, 1798 our son John was born May the 10, 1800 our daughter Jane May 2, 1803 our daughter Bridget was born Sept. the 6, 1793 our son Moses was born Nov. the 9, 1804 our son Daniel was born Departed this life the 11 of August 1783 Benjamin departed this life the 12 of Feb. 1843 Elizabeth."

(Note: The above record is written in such manner without punctuation as to render some parts of it uncertain, for in the last part of the record it is impossible to determine whether the dates given are

intended for the preceding name or the following name. Evidently something has been left out in the copying of the record sent to Mrs. John H. Fairchild by Clara J. (Fairchild) Sampson and for that reason it is set out here just as received. Miss Addie Fairchild experienced the same difficulty and writes that she sent it to me just as it is written in the record.

Nov. 1942, information was received from The National Archives, Washington, D. C., from which the following excerpts are taken:

"FAIRCHILD AARON. S, 12 899

"Among the pension records in the National Archives is a file, numbered as above, relating to the claim based upon the Revolutionary War service of Aaron Fairchild. Such of the information in the file as appears to be pertinent to your inquiry is summarized on the enclosed sheet."

**"SUMMARY SHEET"
FAIRCHILD AARON**

S, 12 899

"He enlisted, date and place not stated, and served as a private in the Massachusetts Militia in the Revolutionary War; length of service and name of officers not given.

"Aaron Fairchild was allowed pension on Certificate No. 8998, which was issued May 6, 1833, rate \$80.00 per annum, Act of June 7, 1832, New York Agency. He was survived by the following children: Moses, John, Daniel, and Jane Fairchild. They were all living in 1857. John Fairchild, administrator of the veteran's estate was residing in Willsboro, Essex County, New York, in 1857. One Julius M. Fairchild, was living in Willsboro, New York, in 1857. No relationship stated. The name of the veteran's wife was not given. Death (of veteran), October 18, 1838, aged 79 years, in Willsboro, New York."

The following paragraph was enclosed in the foregoing summary:

"For further information concerning Aaron Fairchild's military service, application should be made to the Adjutant General, Department of War, Washington, D. C. If you write to that official, you should state that you have been in communication with the National Archives concerning this veteran."

E.—**DAVID FAIRCHILD, (1767-....)**, of the fifth generation, son of Moses Fairchild, 1st, and Susannah (Bosworth) Fairchild, of Sheffield, Berkshire County, Mass., was born in Sheffield, Dec. 20, 1767. I have no information regarding this David Fairchild which enables me to distinguish him from several others by the same name, other than it appears probable that the David Fairchild shown by the Census of 1790 to have been the head of a family at Boston, Mass., may have been the same man. He may have been the father of the Charlotte Fairchild mentioned in the following excerpt from a letter received in 1942 from Mrs. Fred Penny, 1636 East 8th Street, Boulder, Colorado. There was

a David Fairchild shown by the 1790 census at Litchfield, Conn; and another at Chenango, in Montgomery County, N. Y. A David Fairchild, born the same year, 1767, is shown in Chapter XIII of this genealogy, but appears not to be the same man. In her letter, Mrs. Penny writes as follows:

"I want the name of the parents, brothers and sisters, if possible, of Charlotte Fairchild, the father's name especially. She was born in Boston and was my great grandmother. She told her children she saw George Washington when she was about five years old; that he visited her town, etc."

Mrs. Penny's conclusion as to the year of birth of Charlotte Fairchild was 1784, which would appear to exclude David Fairchild, the son of Moses Fairchild and Susannah (Bosworth) Fairchild, although it appears to the writer to be very probable that he was the same man as the David Fairchild, who is recorded as being the head of a family at Boston in 1790, as is recorded by the U. S. census of that year.

The first census of the United States for the State of Massachusetts, taken in 1790, set out in Chapter V of this genealogy, records David Fairchild as the head of a family at Boston, with one female in his family at that time who was probably his wife.

E.—DANIEL FAIRCHILD, the son of Moses Fairchild, 1st, and Susannah (Bosworth) Fairchild, was born at Sheffield, Mass., May 9, 1762, and married Mary Buttle. He died at Stockbridge, Mass., Mar. 8, 1831. Their children were,

Fanny Fairchild	Edward Fairchild	Julia Fairchild
Mary Fairchild	Harriet Fairchild	Daniel Fairchild
Grandison Fairchild	Emily Fairchild	Elvira Fairchild

See the preceding pages of this chapter and Chapter XII of this genealogy for further information regarding the descendants of Moses Fairchild and Susannah (Bosworth) Fairchild.

It is probable that one of the sons of Moses Fairchild and Susannah (Bosworth) Fairchild, was either the father or the grandfather of Frances Fairchild who married William Cullen Bryant, the poet. She was born in 1800-1, and married William Cullen Bryant at Great Barrington, Berkshire County, Mass., June 11, 1821, and was called Fanny Fairchild. (See the Life of William Cullen Bryant, by their son-in-law Parke Godwin, Vol. I, pages 166-170, wherein it is written that he was a young lawyer and had opened his law office in Great Barrington, Mass., and "Was completely routed by a pair of bright eyes. . . . Not long after his settlement in Great Barrington at one of the village

sociables he met Fanny Fairchild. She was the daughter of well-to-do and respectable country people who cultivated a farm on the Seekonk, a tributary of the Green River, but who were now dead and Fanny became alternately an inmate of the homes of her married sisters."

Mr. Godwin states that her parents had died about the same time with some kind of fever, and that Fanny was in her nineteenth year when she met the poet; that they were married June 11, 1821, at the home of her married sister, Mrs. Henderson.

The following excerpt regarding Frances (Fairchild) Bryant is from a letter received by the writer from a friend who had some correspondence with a descendant of the Bryant family, early and prominent settlers in Princeton, Illinois:

"I have not found anything and do not know more about her family than can be found in the 'Life of William Cullen Bryant' by Parke Godwin, wherein it is stated that her mother's name was Pope. She was the daughter of well-to-do and respectable country people who had cultivated a farm on the Seekonk, a tributary of the Green River." The Green River is in the northwest part of Berkshire County, Mass.

Feb. 1944, Mrs. Lucy M. Schulze, assistant librarian of the Mason Library in Great Barrington, Mass., furnished the following from the records of Vital Statistics of Great Barrington and Alford, Berkshire County, Mass.

BIRTHS

- MARIE L. FAIRCHILD, daughter of Josiah and Rebecca L. Fairchild, was born Feb. 26, 1849. (Great Barrington records).
MOSES FAIRCHILD, child of Moses Fairchild and Lucinda (Hamlin) Fairchild, born July 25, 1801. (Alford records).
LAURA E. FAIRCHILD, child of Moses Fairchild and Lucinda Fairchild was born June 26, 1804. (Alford records).
SUKY MARIE FAIRCHILD, child of Moses and Lucinda Fairchild was born June 4, 1790.
JOHN HAMLIN FAIRCHILD, child of Moses Fairchild and Lucinda was born Oct. 19, 1791.
ALMIRA FAIRCHILD, child of Moses and Lucinda Fairchild was born July 27, 1793.
ACHSAH FAIRCHILD, child of Moses Fairchild and Lucinda Fairchild, born Apr. 19, 1795.
POLLY FAIRCHILD, child of Moses and Lucinda Fairchild was born Feb. 26, 1797.
CHARLES H. FAIRCHILD, child of Moses and Lucinda Fairchild was born July 31, 1799.

MARRIAGES

- ESTHER FAIRCHILD and Allen Henderson, Dec. 30, 1813. (Probably at Great Barrington).

FRANCES FAIRCHILD and William Cullen Bryant, June 11, 1821, at Great Barrington.

JOSIAH B. FAIRCHILD of Newton, Conn., and Rebecca L. Anderson, May 28, 1848.

MARIA FAIRCHILD, of Alford, and Grotius Dewey, Sept. 20, 1809.

ACHSAH ELIZA FAIRCHILD and William B. Feun, Apr. 7, 1822.

LAURA E. FAIRCHILD and Dr. Thomas Miner, intentions filed July 4, 1826.

DEATHS

JOHN H. FAIRCHILD, child of Moses and Lucinda Fairchild, died Sept. 9, 1813.

POLLY FAIRCHILD, child of Moses and Lucinda Fairchild, died Oct. 16, 1818.

ALLEN HENDERSON died June 15, 1856, aged 72 years.

ESTHER FAIRCHILD, wife of Allen Henderson, died Mar. 25, 1868, aged 76 years.

Jessie Henderson Culver, wife of John Pringle. (1851-1920).

After the material for this book was in the hands of the printer, Miss Addie Fairchild of Benton City, Mo., and her sister, Mrs. Grace Gillaspie of Boulder, Colo., furnished the compiler with many excerpts from records and other sources all of which conclusively establishes the correctness of the information herein set out with reference to their line of descent, and also contains much additional information, but space now forbids the use of such additional information except the following with reference to Frances Fairchild who married William Cullen Bryant, the poet. It will be noticed that on page 112 of this genealogy it is stated that Frances Fairchild was probably the daughter of one of the sons of Moses and Susannah Fairchild and the following data establishes that she was the daughter of their son, Zachariah Fairchild.

GENEALOGY OF THE DESCENDANTS OF THOMAS POPE

Account of the family of Seth Pope—among his children were:

HANNAH, born 1757: died 12 April 1814, md ZACHARIAH FAIRCHILD of Great Barrington, Massachusetts. They had nine children—one named

FRANCES, md at Great Barrington, 11 January 1821—William Cullen Bryant.

MARTHA, md (1) JOHN FAIRCHILD, (2) Tyrannus Collins.

Tombstone Inscriptions, Alford, Mass.

(Genealogical Records, 1936-1937, D.A.R. Library)

In Memory of

Mr. ZACHARIAH FAIRCHILD and

MRS. HANNAH FAIRCHILD, his wife

Mr. Fairchild died June 4, 1814 in

the 66 year of his age

Mrs. Fairchild died April 12, 1816

in the 57 year of her age.

Fairchild: Moses died July 7, 1825

Lucinda, his wife, died March 27, 1851,

aged 85 years. (This was Moses Fairchild,

2nd, born 1756, see page 103).

CHAPTER XII

THE DESCENDANTS OF GRANDISON FAIRCHILD AND NANCY HARRIS FAIRCHILD

THE OBERLIN COLLEGE GROUP

- A.—**THOMAS FAIRCHILD, SR.**, (1610-1670), the progenitor of the American family of Fairchild, one of the founders and first settlers of Stratford, Conn., who settled there in 1639. See the preceding chapters of this work for fuller information regarding him. The first child of Thomas Fairchild and his first wife, Emma (Seabrook) Fairchild, was,
- B.—**SAMUEL FAIRCHILD, 1st**, (1640-1704), Number 2 of the Orcutt genealogy, the first white child born in Stratford. He married Mary Wheeler, daughter of Moses Wheeler, another early settler in Stratford. See the preceding chapters for fuller information regarding Moses Wheeler, and see numbers 12 to 15 inclusive, of the Orcutt genealogy for the names of all of the children of Samuel Fairchild, 1st, and Mary (Wheeler) Fairchild. The third child of Samuel Fairchild, 1st, and Mary (Wheeler) Fairchild was,
- C.—**EDWARD FAIRCHILD**, of the third generation, Number 14 of the Orcutt genealogy, who married Elizabeth Blakeman, Jan. 25, 1710. She probably was a descendant of the Rev. Adam Blakeman, the first pastor in Stratford, and one of its early settlers, whose wife was a sister of Moses Wheeler, father of Mary Wheeler, the wife of Samuel Fairchild, 1st.
- D.—**MOSES FAIRCHILD, 1st**, of the fourth generation, was born Oct. 1st, 1721, Number 54 of the Orcutt genealogy and was the fourth child of Edward Fairchild and Elizabeth (Blakeman) Fairchild. He married Susannah Bosworth in 1784, and settled in Sheffield, Mass., and apparently was the only man by the name of Fairchild to have moved to Berkshire County, Mass., and to have settled there, before the taking of the United States census of 1790. His name does not appear in the 1790 census but four of his sons were recorded as being the heads of families in Berkshire County at Sheffield and Great Barrington, with children whose ages indicate that their parents belonged to the same generation. See the preceding chapters regarding the children of Moses Fairchild and Susannah (Bosworth) Fairchild, none of whom are recorded in the Orcutt genealogy. They are recorded, however, in the Bosworth genealogy. It also appears that Susannah Bosworth Fairchild was a descendant of some of the Mayflower group.
- E.—**DANIEL FAIRCHILD**, (1762-1831), of the fifth generation, one of the children of Moses Fairchild and Susannah (Bosworth) Fairchild, married Mary Buttle in 1784, and settled in Sheffield, Mass. Without doubt he was born there as were his brothers mentioned in the preceding chapter. Also see the preceding chapter for the names of the

children of Daniel Fairchild and Mary (Buttle) Fairchild. He is recorded as being the head of a family in Sheffield, Mass., by the census of 1790. See the Compendium of American Genealogy, First Families of America.

F.—DEA DANIEL FAIRCHILD, (1804-1881), of the sixth generation, son of Daniel Fairchild and Mary (Buttle) Fairchild, married Octavia Briggs (1806-1842) in 1829 in Curtisville, Mass.

G.—EDWARD F. FAIRCHILD, of the seventh generation, son of Dea Daniel Fairchild and Octavia (Briggs) Fairchild, married Josephine Clary, Curtisville, Mass.

Note: Charles Eugene Fairchild of Elgin, Ill., a son of Edward F. Fairchild and Josephine (Clary) Fairchild, states that both of his parents were born in Curtisville, and their children were:

H.—JAMES EDWARD FAIRCHILD, born in Curtisville, Mass., of the eighth generation.

H.—FRANCES EMMA FAIRCHILD, born in Curtisville, Mass.

H.—CHARLES EUGENE FAIRCHILD, born in Kasson, Minn., married Nelle Reid. Their daughter is Margaret Fairchild.

H.—JOSEPHINE ISABELLA FAIRCHILD, born in Kasson, Minn., married Charles A. Houston, Oct. 21, 1913, Park Rapids, Minn. See items in Chapter II.

He further wrote: "I believe Edward E. Fairchild was a son of Daniel Fairchild and Octavia (Briggs) Fairchild of Curtisville, Mass. Daniel Fairchild was married twice, his second wife being Rebecca Whittlesy. I am married to Nelle Reid, born in Kasson, Minn." See letter of Alice Saam, Chapter II.

F.—GRANDISON FAIRCHILD, (1792-1890), of the sixth generation, son of Daniel Fairchild, (1762-1831), of Berkshire County, Massachusetts, married Nancy Harris, a near neighbor. She was a descendant of Ebenezer Plumb, an American Revolutionary soldier. See fuller information regarding them and their descendants in the following pages of this chapter. Their children were:

G.—CHARLES GRANDISON FAIRCHILD, of the seventh generation of the American Fairchilds.

G.—EDWARD HENRY FAIRCHILD, President of Berea College, Berea, Kentucky.

G.—JAMES HARRIS FAIRCHILD, President of Oberlin College.

G.—CATHERINE BAXTER FAIRCHILD

G.—EMILY FRANCES FAIRCHILD

G.—WILLIAM FAIRCHILD, died young.

G.—MARY PLUMB FAIRCHILD

G.—HARRIET ELIZABETH FAIRCHILD

G.—DANIEL FAIRCHILD, died young.

G.—GEORGE THOMPSON FAIRCHILD, President of Kansas Agr. College

I trust that many members of the Fairchild family will be interested in the following additional data regarding Grandison Fairchild, and of his descendants, including George Thompson Fairchild, former president of the Kansas State College; James Harris Fairchild, former president of Oberlin College; Edward Henry Fairchild, the first president of Berea College; David Grandison Fairchild, botanist and author of that very interesting book of 481 pages by Scribners, entitled *The World Was My Garden*, and also including the brother of David Grandison Fairchild, viz., Edwin Milton Fairchild, educationist, who was the husband of Salome Cutler Fairchild, and also including other descendants of Grandison Fairchild. Much of the information herein set out was acquired through correspondence which is printed herein just as received for the reason that an attempt to set out only the substance, would detract too much from the interest which attaches to original correspondence and first hand information.

Grandison and Nancy Harris Fairchild settled in the wilderness in Ohio, about 1818, three miles south from the south shore of Lake Erie and about 35 miles west from Cleveland when there was but a single log house in the township where they settled. In this we find the same pioneer spirit so characteristic among the early members of the Fairchild family and manifested by this couple settling in the then wilderness of Ohio, and in their sons, George Thompson Fairchild, moving first to the woods of Michigan and then to the bleak prairies of Kansas, and of Edward Henry Fairchild going to Berea in the mountains of Kentucky. The pioneer spirit was strong in them as it was in my ancestors when they settled in the then wilderness on the north side of Lake Erie, some 25 or more years earlier, for there was but a single house in Delaware Township, Middlesex County, Ontario, when the family of my great grandmother, Lucy Kilbourne, settled in that county, and that family was Daniel Springer and his wife Ruth Fairchild Springer. And it was several years before Reverend Peter Fairchild had a neighbor in Townsend Twp., Norfolk County, Ontario, where his daughter, Sarah, the first white child born in the county, was born in the pioneer cabin in 1794. It is also claimed that she was the first white child born between the Grand River and Lake Erie. And the daughters of Benjamin Fairchild, Jr., were born at Ancaster, near where Hamilton now is, in 1792. And Isaac Fairchild, my great grandfather, brother of the Reverend Peter Fairchild, and

Ruth Fairchild Springer, and who married Lucy Kilbourne, was the first settler in that part of Ontario, having established the first trading post with the Indians at Port Credit, northeast from where Hamilton now is and then on Fairchild's Creek, in Brant County, Ontario.

Oberlin College was founded in 1833, and was the first college to grant degrees to women and later was the first American college to admit Negro students.

Grandison Fairchild, father of George Thompson Fairchild, James Harris Fairchild and Edward Henry Fairchild, all college presidents, was sometimes referred to as Charles Grandison Fairchild. See the address of his great grandson, Frederick Fairchild Hall, delivered at Berea College, April 28, 1937, and set out in full in the following pages. Mr. Hall also furnished me with a copy of President Frost's history of Berea College, entitled, *For the Mountains*, and a copy of *James Harris Fairchild* by Albert Temple Swing, and other data found in the following pages.

The book entitled *James Harris Fairchild* contains a list of publications on various subjects by him numbering 54 published books and addresses on almost as many different subjects.

"KANSAS STATE COLLEGE OF AGRICULTURE AND APPLIED SCIENCES"

MANHATTAN

March 26, 1941

"Mr. T. M. Fairchild

Crescent Block

Iowa City, Iowa

Dear Mr. Fairchild:

"Answering your letter of the 24th, re data of our former president, George T. Fairchild, who was here 1879-1897, would say that all the details you request are given in the *Dictionary of American Biography*, Vol. 6, 1931, published by Scribners, N. Y. As this dictionary is without doubt in your University Library at Iowa City and probably in your public library, I will not try to write out the facts as you will get them in better order direct from this volume, page 252.

"I know you will prefer this because there is contained the data of several other famous Fairchilds, his brother, President of Oberlin College, his sons, and the wife of his son, Mrs. Salome Cutler Fairchild, who was quite famous in the library field, being Vice-Director of the New York School of Library Science many years; also his still more famous son, David Fairchild. This latter biography is given in a wonderfully interesting book published by Scribners, 1938—Fairchild, David, *The World Was My Garden*. There is no doubt but that book also can be read from the University of Iowa Library. Also you will find the biographies of these several Fairchilds in *Who's Who in America*. If you should care for a detailed account of the administration of George T. Fairchild at this college, as President, you can

find it in the history of Kansas State College by Dr. J. T. Willard, published 1940, which is also on the shelves at the University of Iowa. . . .

Very truly yours,
Arthur B. Smith, Librarian"

David Grandison Fairchild, botanist and author of the book above referred to, was one of the five children born to George Thompson Fairchild and Charlotte Pearl (Halsted) Fairchild. He was a brother of Edwin Milton Fairchild. See letter from James T. Fairchild of Bethlehem, Pa., last surviving child of James Harris Fairchild, set out in the following pages.

David Grandison Fairchild was born at East Lansing, Michigan, April 7, 1869, and on April 25, 1905, married Marian, youngest daughter of Alexander Graham Bell, the inventor of the telephone. They have three children, Alexander Graham Bell, Barbara Lathrop, and Nancy Bell Fairchild. The book above referred to is replete with little items of human interest such as his reference to his handsome father first meeting his Quaker mother when she went west to enroll as a student at Oberlin College when it became the first college to permit the enrollment of women students; and also, reference is made to the homesickness of the mother and her thinking the move was disastrous for the family when they had left Lansing and moved to the bleak, wind swept prairie at Manhattan, Kansas.

Alexander Graham Bell at one time resided with his father, Melville Bell, in Brantford, in Brant County, Ontario, where the writer of this genealogy was born in 1867. I understand that the old Bell homestead can still be seen on Tutela Heights, Brantford, overlooking the Grand River and post card pictures of the home can be purchased in Brantford. I have several pictures of the house taken before the Bell family occupied it, and after the Bell monument was erected on the property.

It is the claim of the people of Brantford that the telephone was invented by Alexander Graham Bell while residing with his father in this house, and they refer to their city as "The Telephone City." See quotation from the Semi-Centennial issue of the Brantford Exposition set out in Chapter XXIV of this genealogy, and the following additional excerpts from this issue of the Expositor appear to put the question beyond controversy, although Boston, Mass., has always claimed the honor of being the city where the telephone was invented.

Quoting first from page 8 of this issue of the *Expositor* and then from pages 31 and 34, as follows:

"In 1870 a tall young man with large, dark, intellectual eyes and a magnetic personality, commenced to be seen on Brantford streets. He looked delicate and was delicate, as he had arrived in that year from England with his father, Prof. Melville Bell, and mother, to seek health in the more bracing climate of Canada. He was Graham Bell, the world-famous inventor of the telephone. . . . He was reported to be endeavoring to convey the conversational voice, so that it could be heard at long distances. . . . When the solution was found here in 1874, the inventor tried, in vain, to interest local citizens, financially in the enterprise. . . . In later years, after triumphal success had been attained, Graham Bell more than once came here to see the old home and acquaintances and he always laughingly referred to the period when many excellent Brantford friends would have nothing to do with regard to what they considered a hare-brained scheme. . . . He described as one of the proudest moments of his life the day, October 24, 1917, when he was in attendance at the unveiling of the beautiful memorial in commemoration of himself and his discovery. In his speech on that occasion he exclaimed 'I am glad to be able to come forward and say that the telephone was invented here.'"

"Melville Bell—himself recognized authority with regard to speech production—came here in 1870 and his reason for his breaking up his home and his large professional connection in the Old Land was that in 1867 and in 1870, he lost two of his sons and that the sole surviving son, Alexander Graham, then in his 24th year, was also very delicate. . . .

"When the father decided, in 1881, to leave Brantford for Washington in order to be near his son, then located there, he was tendered a farewell banquet at the Kerby House. During the course of his remarks on that occasion he said:

"'You all know my son; the world knows his name, but only friends know that his heart is as good as his name is great. I can safely say that no other consideration that could be named than to enjoy the society of our only son, would have induced us to forsake our lovely Tutela Heights, and our good friends of Brantford. He could not come to us, so we resolved to go to him. I now confidentially feel that my sojourn in Brantford will outlive my existence because under yon roof of mine the telephone was born.'"

"In 1906 the inventor was tendered a banquet by the Brantford Board of Trade, and in referring to experiments at Tutela Heights during 1874 he said:

"'Gentlemen, the telephone problem was solved and it was solved in my father's home.'"

This issue of the *Brantford Expositor* then sets out portions of the testimony given by Alexander Graham Bell in the Circuit Court of the United States in 1879 wherein the inventor answered questions as follows:

"'Question—When and where did you commence writing the

specifications for the application which resulted in the patent No. 174,465 of March 7, 1876?

"Answer—I commenced writing the specifications in Canada, at my father's house, in September, 1875. . . . In September, 1875, I carried on experiments at my father's house in Canada, with circuit interrupting transmitters and tuned receivers.' "

"When W. F. Cockshutt, the president of the Board of Trade, suggested the erection of a memorial in Brantford to the telephone, the great inventor was communicated with and the project went ahead with his entire approval. This in itself confirms the Brantford claim and it was further emphasized when Mr. Bell and members of his family came here for the monument unveiling. After the ceremony he was photographed on the steps of the memorial.

"The Duke of Devonshire, the Governor-General, presided, and in a speech which he made at the unveiling, Mr. Bell said:

"I have looked very carefully over the history of the telephone with the object of seeing just what was done in Brantford and what in Boston, and I am prepared to state that Brantford is right in claiming the invention of the telephone here. (The inventor referred to a diary kept by his father and then continued his address as follows):

"But this great industry must base its success upon a patent. Now that patent—the most valuable patent ever granted by the patent office, was not written by the patent office solicitor, it was written by me. The specification was written by me and the first draft of that specification was made in Brantford, Canada, in September, 1875, and it is the same application that afterwards became the patent upon which the telephone industry is based.

"The first time that instruments were placed miles apart, and speech successfully transmitted from one place to the other, was here, in Brantford, in August, 1876. It was really a very historical occasion, the tenth of August, 1876, when experiments were instituted between Brantford and Paris (Ontario). The transmitting instrument was placed in Brantford; the receiving instrument in Paris, and the batteries were in Toronto, so that made a pretty long circuit. I was in Paris at the receiving end listening. Mr. W. H. Griffin, who, I am glad to know, is still alive, and with us today, was in charge of the Dominion Telegraph Co. office in Brantford at the transmitting end, and there were various persons present who spoke and sang into the transmitting instruments, and sounds were received in Paris. These were the first experiments in the world in which sounds were received at a distance of many miles.

"I wish to say in behalf of the Bell Telephone Association, I have great pleasure in presenting to His Excellency (Duke of Devonshire) a silver telephone, and I hope that in using this he will remember that the telephone originated in Brantford and that the first transmission to a distance was between here and Paris."

(Note: The New Americanized Encyclopedia Britannica sets out that Alexander Graham Bell was born in Edinburgh, Scotland, March 3, 1847, and removed to the U. S. in 1872 and while professor of vocal physiology at Boston University he worked out his invention of the telephone, exhibiting it first at Philadelphia in 1876, and that Alex-

ander Melville Bell, inventor of "visible speech" was born in Edinburgh, Scotland, March 1st, 1819, and was for many years a lecturer in the University of Edinburgh and some years later at London University College. He came to America in 1870 and was for many years connected with Queen's College, Kingston, Ontario. He removed to the U. S. in 1881 and settled in the city of Washington).

BEREA COLLEGE, BEREA, KENTUCKY

THE LIBRARY

March 26, 1941

Mr. T. M. Fairchild

Crescent Block

Iowa City, Iowa

Dear Mr. Fairchild:

Edward Henry Fairchild, 1814-1889, was the first president of Berea College and served in that capacity from 1869 to 1889. (The institution had been running for over thirty years but had principals, etc., no presidents before President Fairchild).

In an address by his grandson, Frederick Fairchild Hall, who lives in Berea, printed in the Berea Citizen, May 6, 1937, it is said that his first American ancestor Thomas Fairchild, came from England to New England in 1638. Henry's father was Charles Grandison Fairchild and was born in Stockbridge, Mass., in 1792; died in Brownhelm, Ohio, 1890. He had ten children. (See letters following). He expressed the hope that his sons would be ministers but said, "They all petered out into college presidents." (James was president of Oberlin College, George of Kansas State Agricultural College, Manhattan, Henry of Berea). Henry graduated from Oberlin in 1838; completed his theological course there in 1840; married in 1841. He came to Berea from the headship of Oberlin's Preparatory Department.

We have in our catalog:

BEREA COLLEGE, an interesting history written by Edward Henry Fairchild, Cincinnati, 1875. Some copies have a 12-page continuation by President Frost tipped in:

God's Designs For and Through the Negro Race: An address, N. Y., 1882, American Missionary Association, pamphlet No. 7.

If you desire fuller information regarding President Fairchild of Berea, I suggest that you write to Frederick Fairchild Hall, Berea, Ky.

Yours very truly,

John Barrow, Librarian

(Note: In a letter recently received from James Thome Fairchild of Bethlehem, Pa., a son of James Harris Fairchild and grandson of Grandison and Nancy Harris Fairchild, he states that his grandfather was named Grandison Fairchild and not Charles Grandison Fairchild. In another letter he states that Edward Henry Fairchild completed his theological course in 1841).

FREDERICK HALL
BEREA, KENTUCKY

April 3, 1941

Mr. T. M. Fairchild

Iowa City, Iowa

Dear Mr. Fairchild:

Replying to your favor of the 31st, ult: My grandfather's history of

Berea College was published 65 or 70 years ago and, so far as I know, only two or three copies are in existence. I have one and the college library has one—perhaps more. I question whether it would be possible to obtain a copy.

President Frost's book is in print and I hope to be able to have a copy sent you this afternoon. I will also see if I can obtain the copy of the Berea Citizen that you would like to see. However, in the life of James Harris Fairchild, by Albert Temple Swing, published in 1907 by Revell, will be found much more information about the Fairchild family than in any other book of which I know anything. . . . Should you wish to supplement this information, James Harris Fairchild has a son living in Pennsylvania: James T. Fairchild, 1217 Monocacy Street, Bethlehem, Pa. He has a wider and I think a more accurate knowledge of the family history than any other living member. He once sent me a list of names, tracing back our descent to Thomas Fairchild who arrived in New England in 1638. . . .

I might add that a son of George T. Fairchild, David Fairchild, author of *The World Was My Garden*, is now living at Kampong, 4013 Douglas Road, Coconut Grove, Florida. . . .

Sincerely yours,
F. F. Hall

Address on Henry Fairchild given in Chapel, April 28, 1937,
by Mr. F. F. Hall:

I have been asked to say a few words about a man to whom every friend of Berea is in some measure indebted but whom you who are students have none of you ever seen. Excepting my brother and me, I wonder if in this room there is one person who ever saw him in the flesh.

I was sixteen when he died. I saw him with the eyes of childhood and adolescence and came to feel for him a boy's measureless devotion. To me he was a man without faults and without limitations. Limitations he must have had, of course; it is even possible that he may have had a fault or two, but, if so, I was blind to them.

His first American ancestor, Thomas Fairchild, came from England to New England, if my data are correct, in 1638. Grandfather's father, Charles Grandison Fairchild (named apparently for the hero of Richardson's now forgotten novel) was born at Stockbridge, Mass., in 1792 and died at Brownhelm, Ohio, in 1890—at the ripe age of ninety-eight. In their early married life he and his bride moved into what was then called the Western Reserve, where he made the bricks to build a home still standing, and carried on his back through the unbroken forest the planks to be fashioned into its door. There his children were born and reared—ten of them.

The most quoted remark that my great-grandfather ever made was probably his saying that he had hoped his sons might become ministers of the gospel but they had all "petered out into college presidents." In this humorous observation was some truth. James did indeed become president of Oberlin, George was president of State Agricultural College, at Manhattan, Kansas, (where today stands another Fairchild Hall) and Henry was for twenty years president of Berea.

My grandfather told me many stories but I cannot recall his ever mentioning contact with Indians or any hunting experience, apart from that, his was the average pioneer boyhood; every boy, it was taken for granted, could plow a furrow, milk a cow, keep a garden, manage a horse. In Berea he had, as a matter of course, cow, horse, and garden. At fifteen he says of

himself that he was "large, broad, strong, and weighed 140 lbs." At that age he first saw, and loved, the girl he was to marry. She was then fourteen and, in a brief memorial written some sixty years later, he recorded his solemn conviction that "the loves and experiences of children of thirteen are not to be trifled with."

At nineteen he was teaching school and she was one of his pupils. The engagement into which they entered lasted five years. To some of you that will, I suspect, seem an appalling time. It has reminded me of another man who served seven years for the woman of his choice "and they seemed unto him but a few days, for the love he had to her." In both young lives religion was central and he seems never to have considered entering any other profession than that of the ministry.

Quite evidently he matured early and gave the impression of being older than he really was. In his early teens for instance, he once entered a country store with a lady and an acquaintance drew him aside to ask, "Henry when did you get married?" But it was all a mistake. The lady in question was his mother.

He attended Oberlin College when, as one of his letters reveals, it had three professors (with wives) and about one hundred students, twenty-five more being expected from Lane Seminary. "We spend four hours each day in manual labor," he wrote and added that twenty of them were making the experiment of reducing board bills by living exclusively on bread and water. How long this experiment continued, I don't know.

One story of this period I am moved to tell perhaps for no better reason than that I find it amusing. He once had a horse (whether his own or his father's I do not know) which it seemed best to part with and, meeting on the road with a man willing to trade, he conscientiously told him that he would so only on one understanding: "I won't tell you anything about my horse and I won't believe anything you tell me about your horse." They traded and he presently discovered some saddle sores, carefully concealed by a blanket; but, at that, he did not fare so badly for the horse grandfather had swapped was blind.

Slavery was then this country's most fiercely contested issue. In my own state of Illinois, Elijah P. Lovejoy had had his abolition press twice destroyed and, in defending it against a third attack, he was killed by a mob. Other anti-slavery papers were apprehensive and for a time grandfather was one of several who guarded the plant of "The Philanthropist", at Cincinnati.

In 1840 he lectured for the Ohio Anti-Slavery Society and I have heard him tell how on one occasion at least, he and his sympathizers were driven from a building by the fumes of brimstone thrown upon a stove. It was characteristic of a certain sweet reasonableness which he always possessed that he was accustomed to tell a hostile audience, that if they will listen to him for twenty minutes, they might thereafter do anything they pleased; and in no meeting which met his terms was he ever disturbed.

He had graduated from Oberlin in 1838 (a member of the first class to complete the four years' course), in 1840 he completed his theological studies and the following year he married; but, to his bitter disappointment, the Presbytery refused to license either him or his brother James to preach. It was conceded that they had been called of God and were well prepared, to them personally no objection was offered but they were asked, "Do you believe Oberlin is a good institution or a curse to the world," and, properly enough, as it now seems to us, they refused to blaspheme the name of their Alma Mater.

The Congregational denomination received them and grandfather's first pastorate was in the city of Cleveland, where he had the bitter disappointment of seeing his flock swept into the Millerite craze—one of the extravagant religious movements of the time. Christ's second coming was at hand, in 1843 the world would end and the just would ascend into heaven.

The second pastorate was at Birmingham, Michigan, where my mother was born. To reach it he, then twenty-seven years of age, made his first railway journey—of eighteen miles. That is less than 100 years ago but people evidently took the train then as today one takes an airplane. He found a church building in process of being erected and said to his people: "Finish the meeting house and give us a place to stay and something to eat, and we will say nothing about salary until the house is finished." He had no outside help, although all his predecessors had received some, and, on these peculiar terms he remained seven years, preaching, as he reports, on an average of five times a week.

Three other pastorates followed, one in New York, two in Ohio, from the last of which he was called to a position on the Oberlin faculty similar to that of Dean Shutt among us. He remained in Oberlin sixteen years and then came to Berea, where he remained as president (the first, I believe to bear that title) from 1869 to his death in 1889.

Of his work here, I shall say little. I have a feeling that it would be to him highly distasteful to have a grandson stand in this place and boast of it. And besides, is it not written in the annals of Berea College?

You who know our campus and buildings in their present spaciousness and beauty, can have little idea of that day's primitive conditions. Where Presser Hall now stands, grandfather's old horse, Fanny, used to be pastured and, among the running briars of that tangled field, I have picked dew berries and once broke grandfather's grub-ax digging sassafras. A wooden footbridge, a high bridge, with a railing, spanned the gully beyond the Art Building. Hogs were as much at home upon the campus as students. The mud of our streets in wet weather, was bottomless. High spirited rowdies would ride through town at night firing their pistols and howling like Comanches. One of them, it is related, who in his way approved college rules, once saw a light in a dormitory window after hours and when his stentorian summons to put out that light was unheeded, he followed his order with a bullet. That window, as it happened, was in the room of the dean of women.

The first task of the new president (Herculean, considering the available resources) was the erection of the building which we have all known as Ladies' Hall. A few smaller buildings followed, the campus was enlarged, later came Lincoln Hall. His own home, built the year of his coming, is now occupied by the family of Mayor Gay, and while it has been improved and altered, it is essentially the same house. For that matter, Mayor Gay's garage is grandfather's barn but that has undergone an astonishing transformation; since my boyhood it has shrunk to about a sixth of its former size.

Grandfather's work here was not spectacular. Others had planted, he watered, God gave increase. He was not the militant reformer that Mr. Fee was. Strong as were his convictions, he studiously sought to live peaceably with all men and some, who wanted to hate him, found to their disappointment that they could not. The only man who ever tried to kill him (the bullet hole is still to be seen over a certain door in Mayor Gay's home) was drunk at the time, which is an explanation, though to be sure hardly an excuse. Grandfather had not the money-raising nor the imperial vision of

President Frost. With the present administration I forbear to compare him save to say that it would, I am sure, have met with his heartiest approval.

Not long ago a perhaps fantastic comparison occurred to me. Among the patriarchs of Berea, John G. Fee was of course our Abraham, called of God to go out he knew not whither and finding rest at last here upon his ridge. If William C. Frost were a keen tireless Jacob, carrying the fame of Berea into far places, then Edward Henry Fairchild was the Isaac of that trinity, leading a life less picturesque and eventful but for twenty years consolidating the gains of the past and preparing for the era of expansion that was to follow.

Note: In one particular, the above is in error. Charles Grandison Fairchild did not rear ten children. Two children, perhaps three, died in infancy. Their names I am unable to give.

F. F. Hall

(Note: The reference to the Millerite craze in the above address of Mr. F. F. Hall, recalls to the mind of the writer of this genealogy a statement made by his father, many years ago to the effect that he had uncles named Miller, evidently his mother's brothers, who gave their farms away in preparation for the end of the world which was believed to come October 10, 1843. It is a question in my mind whether the 50,000 followers of the doctrine of William Miller, founder of this particular religious belief, were disappointed or pleased when the appointed time passed and the old world continued to be whirled in its regular orbit around the sun and nothing out of the ordinary happened.)

Mr. F. F. Hall later furnished me with the names of the ten children of Grandison and Nancy (Harris) Fairchild as follows:

Charles Grandison Fairchild
Edward Henry Fairchild
James Harris Fairchild
Catherine Baxter Fairchild
Emily Francis Fairchild

William Fairchild
Mary Plumb Fairchild
Harriet Elizabeth Fairchild
Daniel Fairchild
George Thompson Fairchild

James T. Fairchild, of Bethlehem, Pa., only surviving child of James Harris Fairchild, furnished me with the names of eight children of Grandison and Nancy (Harris) Fairchild as above named, excepting the names of William and Daniel Fairchild, and states that almost all of the eight children went through college. See his letter herein set out. In another letter he states with reference to the two children above named, William and Daniel, that their existence was of short duration.

Frederick Fairchild Hall and James Thome Fairchild also furnished the greater part of the following data regarding the children and grandchildren of Grandison and Nancy (Harris) Fairchild.

"BETHLEHEM, PENNSYLVANIA"

April 2, 1941

"Mr. T. M. Fairchild,
Iowa City, Iowa
Dear Mr. Fairchild:

"Replying to yours of March 31, I would say that I had supposed that the Fairchild family originated in New England in 1638 by emigration from England. I wonder whether the trouble of Revolutionary times scattered some branches to the north into Canada. Possibly you could tell me.

"My own Fairchild grandfather was born in 1792, died in 1890. He was born among the Berkshire hills of Western Mass.; married Nancy Harris when she was 18 and he 21—near neighbors. Their home was in Stockbridge, Mass., until they emigrated by team and wagon in the summer of 1818, with their three sons to Brownhelm, Ohio, thirty-five miles west from Cleveland and three miles south of Lake Erie. My father, James Harris Fairchild, was then nine months old. This movement, so far from other relatives, together with the founding of Oberlin College in 1833, where most all of the eight children went through college, tended to group this particular branch of the Fairchild family into an unusually closely acquainted group with similar aims, educational and preaching. This close affiliation continued through the lives of the children and grandchildren of Grandison and Nancy Fairchild. It is now naturally fading out. All have died except three of George Thompson Fairchild's children and me.

"Paul H. Fairchild, now deceased, one of George Thompson Fairchild's children, did a lot of work on the family records for years. You might possibly secure much material from his widow, 89 Boulevard, Passaic, N. J.

Very truly yours,
James T. Fairchild"

F.—GRANDISON FAIRCHILD, (1792-1890), son of Daniel Fairchild (1762-1831), and Mary (Buttle) Fairchild, was born in Berkshire County, Mass., probably in the town of Sheffield, and married Nancy Harris, a near neighbor as is stated in the foregoing letter. Both died at Brownhelm, Ohio. For the complete line of descent of Grandison Fairchild, see the first part of this Chapter XII. One of the sons of Grandison Fairchild and Jane (Harris) Fairchild was,

G.—CHARLES GRANDISON FAIRCHILD, of the seventh generation, a farmer on the home farm in Ohio. His children were,

H.—ELLEN FAIRCHILD, of the eighth generation, who married Whittlesey, and resided in Iowa or Nebraska.

H.—HENRY FAIRCHILD, son of Charles Grandison Fairchild, was a farmer.

H.—FRANK FAIRCHILD, son of Charles Grandison Fairchild, a manufacturer in Mt. Vernon.

H.—CYNTHIA FAIRCHILD, another child of Charles Grandison Fairchild, was a farmer.

H.—CHARLES FAIRCHILD, apparently the last child of Charles Grandison Fairchild, a farmer.

G.—EDWARD HENRY FAIRCHILD, (1814-1899), son of Grandison Fairchild and Nancy (Harris) Fairchild, was president of Berea College,

Berea, Ky. He was one of the three sons of Grandison Fairchild and Nancy (Harris) Fairchild, who were college presidents at the same time. He married Marie Ball Babbitt, and many of their descendants are now engaged in educational work. Their children were,

- H.—CHARLES GRANDISON FAIRCHILD, of the eighth generation, president of Rollins College; born at Birmingham, Mich., Sept. 10, 1834. He married, May 8, 1867, Adelaide Frances Deane, daughter of Gardiner Deane. They have nine children whose names are given in the following pages. See the article from an Oberlin College publication regarding Adelaide Frances Deane following:

Note: James Thome Fairchild, the only surviving child of James Harris Fairchild of Oberlin College, informed the writer of this genealogy that Charles Grandison Fairchild was president of Rollins College only a short time, (1893-1895). His work was really as financial secretary for Berea College and then for Oberlin College.

The children of Charles Grandison Fairchild and Adelaide (Deane) Fairchild, were of the ninth generation, indicated by the letter "I", and were named as follows:

- I.—BERTHA FRANCES FAIRCHILD, married Dr. C. E. Lauder
 I.—JULIA WILLARD FAIRCHILD
 I.—EUGENE FAIRCHILD
 I.—PAUL DEANE FAIRCHILD
 I.—WALTER FAIRCHILD, Attorney-at-Law in New York City
 I.—HELEN FAIRCHILD, married Ralph Huntington McKilvey
 I.—RUTH FAIRCHILD, married Edward Booker
 I.—CLARISSA FAIRCHILD, married Robert Eugene Cushman, professor in Cornell University. Clarissa (Fairchild) Cushman is the author of several novels.

- H.—HENRY FAIRCHILD, of the eighth generation, son of President Edward Henry Fairchild of Berea College, engaged in business. See excerpt from letter of Fred Rogers Fairchild, professor of economics at Yale University, in the following pages of this chapter.

- H.—JULIA FAIRCHILD, daughter of Edward Henry Fairchild of Berea College, married Charles Hall. Her son, Frederick Fairchild Hall, of Berea, Ky., wrote: "I am not related to Charles Hall connected with the aluminum industry. However, the same name may some day lead to some confusion among genealogists for my father too, was a Charles Hall and both had a keen interest in Berea."

- I.—FREDERICK FAIRCHILD HALL, referred to in the foregoing paragraph, son of Julia (Fairchild) Hall, lives in Berea, Ky. See his address delivered at Berea College set out in the preceding pages of this chapter.

- I.—GUY HALL, of the ninth generation, another son of Julia (Fairchild) Hall, died about 1940-1941.

- H.—ARTHUR BABBITT FAIRCHILD, of the eighth generation, son of President Edward Henry Fairchild of Berea College, was professor of mathematics and political economy at Doane College, Crete, Nebraska. He married Isabel Amanda Pratt. See biographical sketch of him following. Their children were:
- I.—FRED ROGERS FAIRCHILD, of the ninth generation, professor of mathematics and political economy in Yale University and author of Fairchild's Economics. He was born in Crete, Nebraska, August 5th, 1877. See excerpt from his letter set out in the following pages.
- I.—HENRY PRATT FAIRCHILD, of the ninth generation, another son of Arthur Babbitt Fairchild and Isabel Amanda Pratt, is a social scientist and professor in the University of New York. He was born in Dundee, Illinois, Aug. 18, 1880; married Eleanor Townsend of New Haven, Conn., June 2, 1909. See further reference to him in the last part of this chapter.

H.—EUGENE FAIRCHILD, of the eighth generation, son of President Edward Henry Fairchild of Berea College, was also connected with Berea College, and for some time was its treasurer. He was also professor at Oberlin College. See letter of Professor Fred Rogers Fairchild in the following pages of this chapter. Also see "For the Mountains" by Frost.

Note: The following paragraphs regarding Arthur Babbitt Fairchild, Charles Grandison Fairchild and his wife Adelaide (Deane) Fairchild, were taken from an Oberlin College publication:

"Adelaide Frances Deane Fairchild, daughter of Gardiner and Clarissa (White) Deane, was born in Venango, Penn., August 22, 1846. She entered Oberlin in 1863 as a Second Year Student in the Literary Course, and was graduated in 1866 with a diploma of that course. She was married May 8, 1867, to Charles Grandison Fairchild, and her home was in Oberlin for the next two years, while Mr. Fairchild was taking a theological course. Her later homes were in the following places: Trenton, N. Y., 1869-71; New York City, 1871-73; Berea, Ky., 1873-81; Oberlin 1881-93; Winter Park, Fla., 1893-96; Cincinnati, 1896-97; New York City, 1897-1928; Shepards-town, West Va., 1928. The year 1874-75 was spent in travel and study in Europe. In addition to her home duties she was interested in welfare work. While a resident of Cincinnati she engaged in social settlement work, and during the year 1897-98 she was assistant secretary of the Associated Charities of Brooklyn, N. Y. Her death occurred in Shepards-town, W. Va., 1928. She was survived by her husband and eight of their nine children. Three of the daughters graduated from Oberlin College: Miss Julia W. Fairchild, of the class of 1893, Helen Adelaide Fairchild (Mrs. R. H. McKilvey), of the class of 1902, and Clarissa White Fairchild (Mrs. E. E. Cushman) of the class of 1911."

"Arthur Babbitt Fairchild, son of Edward Henry Fairchild and Marie (Babbitt) Fairchild, President of Berea College, was born in Hartford, Ohio, Nov. 16, 1852. His childhood was spent in Oberlin and he took two years of his preparatory course in the preparatory department of Oberlin College from 1866 to 1868. His father was called to the presidency of Berea

College, Berea, Ky., and he took his college course in Berea, graduating in 1874 with the degree of Bachelor of Arts. He entered Oberlin Theological Seminary in 1883 and was graduated in 1884 with the degree of Bachelor of Divinity. Doane College conferred upon him in 1914 the honorary degree of Doctor of Laws. After graduating from Berea he began work as instructor in Doane College, Crete, Nebraska, in Nov. 1874, where he remained until he came to Oberlin for his theological study. After leaving the Seminary he became financial agent for Doane College, with headquarters at Andover, Mass. After a year he returned to Crete as Professor of Mathematics, and Treasurer of Doane College. In 1899 his chair was changed to Professor of Economics and Ethics, and he held the double position of Professor and Treasurer of the College until his retirement in 1918. He was acting President of Doane College during the period between the death of President Perry in 1912 and the opening of President Allen's administration in 1914. He was a member of the Board of Trustees of Doane College from 1884 to 1925. After his retirement he continued to live in Crete. He married March 19, 1874, to Isabel Amanda Pratt. His death occurred in Crete, Nebr., Nov. 2, 1927."

G.—GEORGE THOMPSON FAIRCHILD, son of Grandison and Nancy Harris Fairchild, was born at Brownhelm, Ohio, Oct. 6, 1836; died March 16, 1901, was the youngest child of Grandison Fairchild and Nancy Harris Fairchild, who, with three of their older children, had moved from Stockbridge, Berkshire County, Mass., about twenty years earlier. He married Charlotte Pearl Halsted (1837-1904) in 1863. Their son, David Grandison Fairchild, in his interesting book entitled, "The World Was My Garden", refers to his handsome father meeting his Quaker mother when she first enrolled as a student in Oberlin College.

George Thompson Fairchild graduated in arts from Oberlin in 1862, and in theology in 1865. He was professor in the Michigan Agricultural College at Lansing fourteen years, and then president of the Kansas State College eighteen years. In 1897, because the faculty did not agree with the Populist Party, then in control in the State of Kansas, the Board of Regents severed the connection with the college of every one of the faculty. President Fairchild resigned.

Note: The writer's cousin, C. W. Fairchild, of Kingman, Kansas, was a member of the Kansas Legislature, about the time the Populist Party was in control in Kansas. He was born on the same farm the writer was born on in Brant County, Ontario. See Chapter XVIII of this genealogy. Another cousin of the writer, Harry Anson Fairchild, of Olympia, State of Washington, also born in Brant County, Ontario, was a delegate to the Republic National Convention at St. Louis, Mo., in 1896, when President McKinley was nominated. "He was in this convention a conspicuous figure in the fight which was waged for the adoption of the sound money platform by the Republicans of Washington." See his biography, Chapter XVIII.

H.—MARY AGNES FAIRCHILD, of the eighth generation, daughter of George Thompson Fairchild, President of the Kansas Agricultural College, was born in Oberlin, Ohio, Aug. 21, 1864; m. Charles Kirschner, a lawyer and real estate dealer in Kansas City, Mo. He was born in Fostoria, Ohio, June 25, 1863. The children of Mary Agnes Fairchild and Charles Kirschner, were all born in Kansas City, Mo., and are named as follows:

- I.—ROBERT FAIRCHILD KIRSCHNER, of the ninth generation, born Dec. 2, 1890. A pursuit pilot, A. S. A. E. F.
- I.—CHARLOTTE REBECCA KIRSCHNER, born May 16, 1896, married Grant Houston Brown.
- I.—GEORGE FAIRCHILD KIRSCHNER, born Feb. 5, 1904
- I.—CHARLES HENRY KIRSCHNER, JR., born Jan. 4, 1906

The Kirschner family has a summer cottage at Pilgrim, Michigan. In 1940, 1941, the writer received several letters from James Thome Fairchild, only surviving child of James Harris Fairchild of Oberlin College, which letters were written at Pilgrim, where he and his daughter, Mildred Fairchild, Ph.D., were spending their vacation. See James Harris Fairchild in the following pages of this chapter.

H.—EDWIN MILTON FAIRCHILD, educationalist, son of George Thompson Fairchild, president of the Kansas Agricultural College, was born in East Lansing, Mich., Nov. 7, 1865. He married Mary Salome Cutler (1855-1921), July 1, 1897, Troy, N. Y., a daughter of Artemus Hubbard Cutler and Lydia Wakefield Cutler. Mary Salome Cutler was famous in the library field and was vice-director of the New York School of Library Science. See letter of Arthur B. Smith, Librarian of Kansas State College in the preceding pages of this chapter.

H.—PAUL HALSTED FAIRCHILD, of the eighth generation, another son of George Thompson Fairchild of the Kansas Agricultural College, was born in Lansing, Mich., June 22, 1867. He married on Nov. 10, 1892, Georgia Everett Perkins, born in Brooklyn, N. Y., Nov. 22, 1867. Paul Halsted Fairchild received the name Halstead from his Quaker mother, whose maiden name was Charlotte Pearl Halsted. He is the Paul Halsted Fairchild who spent much time in gathering data for a geology of the Fairchild family before his death, as stated by James Thome Fairchild in his letter set out in the following pages of this chapter. The writer endeavored, in vain, to discover this work while preparing this genealogy.

I.—RUTH FAIRCHILD, of the ninth generation, daughter of Paul Halstead Fairchild and Georgia Everett (Perkins) Fairchild, was born in Passaic, N. J., Dec. 22, 1893.

I.—MILDRED FAIRCHILD, another daughter of Paul Halsted Fairchild and Georgia Everett Fairchild, was born in Passaic, N. J., May 8, 1896, married Nov. 15, 1919, to Henry Huber. Their daughter, Judith Delano, B.S., Kansas State College, 1896; M.D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1890.

H.—DAVID GRANDISON FAIRCHILD, of the eighth generation, son of George Thompson Fairchild of the Kansas State College, and Charlotte Pearl (Halsted) Fairchild, is nationally known as a botanist. He was born at Lansing, Michigan, Apr. 7, 1869; married Marian Bell, the youngest daughter of Alexander Graham Bell, Apr. 25, 1905. See the preceding pages of this chapter. Their children are:

I.—ALEXANDER GRAHAM BELL FAIRCHILD, son of David Grandison Fairchild and Marian (Bell) Fairchild.

- I.—BARBARA LATHROP FAIRCHILD, daughter of David Grandison Fairchild and Marian (Bell) Fairchild.
- I.—NANCY BELL FAIRCHILD, daughter of David Grandison Fairchild and Marion Fairchild.
-
- H.—ANNA DELLA FAIRCHILD, daughter of George Thompson Fairchild and Charlotte Pearl (Halsted) Fairchild, was born in 1871. She married Francis Harding White and lived in California. Their son,
- I.—ARTHUR F. WHITE, is mentioned in Who's Who.
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- G.—JAMES HARRIS FAIRCHILD, (1817-1902) son of Grandison Fairchild and Nancy (Harris) Fairchild from the Berkshire hills of western Mass., was an educator and president of Oberlin College for 68 years. His parents were pioneers in Brownhelm, Ohio. He married Mary Fletcher Kellogg in 1841. The names of their children are as follows, only one of whom, James Thome Fairchild of Bethlehem, Pa., is surviving at the time of writing this work, (1943). See references to letters received from him in this chapter.
- H.—LUCY KELLOGG FAIRCHILD, daughter of James Harris Fairchild and Mary (Kellogg) Fairchild, married Kenaston.
- H.—GEORGE HORNELL FAIRCHILD, son of James Harris Fairchild, was born 1844, and died Feb. 9, 1894. His daughter,
- I.—KATHERINE MAY FAIRCHILD, of the ninth generation, born 1881, m. first, Stanley Frost; second, Leslie. Her children were,
- J.—KATHERINE JOCELYN FROST, of the tenth generation, who married Edgar Wyman, a forester in California.
- J.—BARBARA, another daughter of Katherine May Fairchild, graduated from Oberlin, a few years ago. At that time her mother was residing in Brooklyn, N. Y.
- H.—MARY FLETCHER FAIRCHILD, daughter of James Harris Fairchild of Oberlin, was born in 1846 and died January, 1897.
- H.—CATHERINE COOLEY FAIRCHILD, daughter of James Harris Fairchild, born 1848; died Feb. 21, 1902.
- H.—ALICE COWLES FAIRCHILD, daughter of James Harris Fairchild, died in 1876.
- H.—EMMA FRANCES FAIRCHILD, daughter of James Harris Fairchild, died in infancy.
- H.—GRACE AUGUSTA FAIRCHILD, daughter of James Harris Fairchild, died in 1893.
- H.—JAMES THOME FAIRCHILD, the last surviving child of James Harris Fairchild, of Oberlin College, was born at Oberlin, Ohio, July 28, 1862, married at Chicago, Ill., June 9, 1887, to Emma Louise Dickinson, born at Albion, N. Y., June 3, 1865. Their children are,
- I.—DOROTHY KELLOGG FAIRCHILD, born at Montevideo, Minn., Apr. 22, 1889. A.B. and A.M. at Oberlin College; married James Lamour Graham, Apr. 3, 1924.
- I.—ALICE COWLES FAIRCHILD, another daughter of James Thome Fairchild, was born at Tabor, Iowa, Oct. 15, 1890. A.B. at Oberlin

and A.M. Teachers College, New York City; married Ralph Jabez Reynolds, July 25, 1929.

- I.—MILDRED FAIRCHILD, the youngest daughter of James Thome Fairchild, was born at Tabor, Iowa, April 30, 1894, A.B. and A.M. at Oberlin College and Ph.D. at Bryn Mawr College, Pa.; professor of social economy at Bryn Mawr College.
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- G.—CATHERINE BAXTER FAIRCHILD, of the seventh generation, daughter of Grandison Fairchild and Nancy (Harris) Fairchild, married Chester A. Cooley at Brownhelm, Ohio.
-

- G.—MARY PLUMB FAIRCHILD, daughter of Grandison Fairchild and Nancy (Harris) Fairchild, married Cyrus H. Baldwin, a physician. Their children were,

- H.—CYRUS BALDWIN, president of Pomona College.

- H.—JAMES A. BALDWIN, a surgeon, mentioned in Who's Who.

- I.—KATHERINE E. COOK, granddaughter of Mary Plumb (Fairchild) Baldwin, and daughter of Albert Cook, zoologist in California, is the wife of Lyman J. Briggs, Director of U. S. Bureau of Standards.
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- G.—ELIZA HARRIET FAIRCHILD, also referred to as Harriet Eliza Fairchild, daughter of Grandison Fairchild and Nancy (Harris) Fairchild, married Robert C. Kedzie, professor of chemistry, Michigan State College. Their children were,

- H.—WILLIAM KEDZIE, professor of chemistry, Oberlin College, whose son, William Roscoe Kedzie, is a clergyman.

- H.—ROBERT KEDZIE, another son of Eliza Harriet (Fairchild) Kedzie, died early in his career. He married Nellie Sawyer, interested in home economics.

- H.—FRANK S. KEDZIE, president of Michigan State College and professor of chemistry, son of Eliza Harriet (Fairchild) Kedzie.
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- G.—EMILY FRANCES FAIRCHILD, daughter of Grandison Fairchild and Nancy (Harris) Fairchild, was born Nov. 30, 1832; died April 2, 1914. She married Minor Wynn Fairfield, a Congregational minister. Their children were,

- H.—FREDERIC WYETT FAIRFIELD (1846-1914), professor of Greek at Tabor College, Tabor, Iowa, and Howard University, Washington, D. C. He married Harriet Allen of Allen's Grove, Wisconsin. Their children were:

- I.—LOUISE FAIRFIELD, who married Dr. Edwin Harris and their children were,

- J.—FREDERICK FAIRFIELD HARRIS (1895-1913), son of Louise (Fairfield) Harris.

- J.—ELEANOR FAIRFIELD HARRIS; married Ray Curtis. They reside in Oklahoma City and have a son named Jack Curtis.

- I.—ANNA WYETT FAIRFIELD, another daughter of Frederic Wyett Fairfield and Harriet Allen Fairfield, married Duncan Stuart of Washington, D. C. They have one child, named Allen Stuart.

- I.—FREDERIC SIDNEY FAIRFIELD, died in infancy.
- I.—ALICE K. FAIRFIELD, daughter of Frederic Wyatt and Harriet Allen Fairfield, married Theodore Saam. They have three daughters whose names are set out below. Mrs. Fairfield Saam and her husband Theodore Saam, reside in Western Springs, Illinois. She furnished the writer with the information herein set out regarding the descendants of Emily Frances Fairchild, who married Minor Wynn Fairfield and also furnished several other items of interest set out in this work. The children of Theodore Saam and Alice K. Fairchild Saam are,
- J.—DOROTHEA SAAM, who married William J. Griffin. They have two children.
- J.—ELIZABETH SAAM, married Paul Settlage.
- J.—KATHERINE SAAM, married Roy Galey.
- Note: The three son-in-laws of Theodore and Alice Saam, above named are serving in the Second World War.
- I.—GRACE FAIRFIELD, daughter of Frederic Wyatt Fairfield and Harriet (Allen) Fairfield, died in infancy.
- I.—WYNN. COWAN FAIRFIELD, son of Frederic Wyatt Fairfield and Harriet (Allen) Fairfield, married Daisie Gehman. See Who's Who in N. E. They have three children as follows:
- J.—MARGARET FAIRFIELD, who married Richard Ashenden, and has two children, Carol and Richard.
- J.—FREDERIC FAIRFIELD, an Oberlin graduate, now a Captain in the U. S. Army.
- J.—JOHN FAIRFIELD, an Ensign in the Merchant Marine.
- H.—FRANCES EMILY FAIRFIELD, (1853-1874), daughter of Minor Wynn Fairfield and Emily Frances (Fairchild) Fairfield, was therefore a granddaughter of Grandison Fairchild and Nancy (Harris) Fairchild.
- H.—MARY ELIZA FAIRFIELD, died in infancy.
- H.—ALICE KATHERINE FAIRFIELD, (1859-....), daughter of Minor Wynn Fairfield, and Emily Frances (Fairchild) Fairfield, married Edwin L. Hough. No children.
- H.—CHARLES HENRY FAIRFIELD, (1862-1939), son of Minor Fairfield and Emily Frances (Fairchild) Fairfield, married Minnie Lurinda Piper. They have no children.

Mrs. Alice K. Saam, granddaughter of Emily Frances (Fairchild) Fairfield also furnished the writer a copy of an article prepared by Wynn Cowan Fairfield for the Oberlin Centenary Celebration, but space forbids setting out more than the first paragraph of the article which is as follows:

“Emily Frances Fairchild was born in a log cabin about one hundred feet northwest of the brick house now occupied by her grand nephew, Raymond Fairchild of Brownhelm, Ohio, on Nov. 30, 1822. Four years before her parents had migrated from Stockbridge, Mass., to the new home in the Western Reserve, leaving the pillared colonial home for the hardships and ultimately greater rewards of pioneering. In Stock-

bridge, her father, Grandison Fairchild, had been not only a farmer and carpenter, as his father had been before him, but also for a time a school-teacher, among whose pupils had been Mark Hopkins and his brothers, Harry and Albert. Her mother, Nancy Harris, was born in Richmond, Mass., but was brought up in the home of her grandparents, Deacon Ebenezer Plumb and his wife, who brought her from Richmond to Stockbridge over the West Mountains on horseback. Nancy Harris was a school-teacher for a short time. It is significant that their minister, who followed Jonathan Edwards in Stockbridge and served there for more than fifty-eight years, had private theological students, among whom were Samuel Spring, the first vice-president of the American Board and John Kirkland, president of Harvard College. From Stockbridge, the Hopkins and the Fields (David Dudley and Henry M.) went to Williams College. In Brownhelm, the Fairchild family heard with interest of the proposal to found a college of the New England type in their near neighborhood."

FAIRCHILD, JAMES HARRIS, (Nov. 25, 1817—March 19, 1902), educator, president of Oberlin College with which he was intimately associated for 68 years. Was born in Stockbridge, Mass., son of Grandison and Nancy (Harris) Fairchild. Both of his grandfathers were farmers and Congregational deacons. His father was a farmer but had been a teacher as was his mother. When James was a year old the family emigrated to the Western Reserve of Northern Ohio. There was one log house in the forest twp. where they settled. James remembered running barefoot in the snow to school and being carried on the back of a larger boy. At 12 he began Latin in an academy which was opened near his home. At 14 he went to the new high school in Elyria. In 1833 Oberlin was founded and in 1834 Fairchild, at the age of 17, entered the first Freshman Class, supporting himself at first working four hours a day in a sawmill at 5 cents an hour. He graduated from the college in 1838 and from the theological department in 1841. During his theological course he served as college tutor in the classics and after graduation was given the entire responsibility of the department of languages. In 1841 he made a journey of nearly 3000 miles, chiefly by river steamboats and on horseback, to Minden, NW. Louisiana, to claim in marriage Mary Fletcher Kellogg, who had in 1835 persuaded her father to bring her from their home in Jamestown, N. Y., 200 miles through the woods in a one-horse wagon to Oberlin, because it was the only school in the country where a woman could study Greek. In 1847, Fairchild was transferred to the professorship of mathematics, meeting a larger number of students and rapidly growing in influence. In 1849, he was given a few months for visiting institutions. This was his only graduate study outside of Oberlin. In 1858, he was appointed associate professor of moral philosophy and began teaching theology in the seminary. He also served as faculty chairman for the administration. In 1866 he was elected president. Identified with Oberlin from its foundation in close touch with its various departments, a teacher of strength, simplicity, and sympathy, already widely honored and beloved, Fairchild gave service of highest value for 23 years as president, dignified, benign, sagacious, and democratic, especially distinctive was his influence in effecting the transition from the early to the modern Oberlin and in dissipating the prejudice against the institution as reputed to be unbalanced and innovative. This admirably poised, serene, personality was the embodiment of common sense in thought and action.

In 1871 he traveled in Europe, Egypt and Palestine. In 1884 he visited in Hawaii and the West. In 1889, he insisted upon laying down the presidency, but retained his professorship 9 years longer and then continued on the board of trustees the remaining four years of his life. Mrs. Fairchild, the mother of their six daughters and 2 sons, died in 1890. He published a number of articles.

Fred Roger Fairchild, political economist and professor in Yale University, was born in Crete, Nebraska, August 5, 1877, and his brother Henry Pratt Fairchild, social scientist, was born in Dundee, Illinois, August 18, 1880. They are the sons of Arthur Babbitt Fairchild, professor at Doane College, Crete, Nebraska, and his wife, Isabel Amanda Pratt Fairchild, and are grandsons of Edward Henry Fairchild, president of Berea College.

The following is an excerpt from a letter recently received from Fred Rogers Fairchild by the writer:

"My father was Arthur Babbitt Fairchild, professor, first of mathematics and then of economics at Doane College in Crete, Nebraska. His father was Edward Henry Fairchild, who was president of Berea College in Berea, Kentucky. He was one of the three brothers whom you mention as being college presidents, the other two being James Harris Fairchild, who was president of Oberlin College, and George Thompson Fairchild, who was president of Kansas Agricultural College of Manhattan, Kansas. David Grandison Fairchild and Edwin Milton Fairchild are sons of George Thompson Fairchild and first cousins of my father. My father had another uncle, Charles, who was in business. My father had three brothers, Charles, who was professor, treasurer, and financial agent at Oberlin; Eugene, who was professor at Oberlin and the college at Cumberland Gap, and Henry, who was in business, and a sister, Julia, who married C. F. Hall and lived in Dundee, Illinois. Henry Pratt Fairchild, mentioned in your book is my brother. . . .

Sincerely yours,

Fred B. Fairchild"

**"DOANE COLLEGE GRANTS LL.D. TO TWO EX-NEBRASKANS"
ENDS 58TH YEAR**

"Crete, Neb., June 4. Honorary degrees of doctor of law were today conferred on Carl Dean Thompson of Chicago and Henry Pratt Fairchild of New York City at commencement exercises closing the fifty-eighth year of work at the Doane College here.

"Thompson received his A.B. degree from Gates College in Nebraska in 1895 and later his A.M. degree from the University of Chicago. He has devoted himself to pioneering in social engineering. He served as a Congregational minister, member of the Wisconsin legislature and in recent years as executive secretary of the Public Ownership League of America.

"Fairchild, professor of sociology in New York University, received his A.B. from Doane College in 1900 and his Ph.D. from Yale in 1909. In addition to his professional work at Yale and New York Universities, he has written extensively in the field of general sociology as well as in special fields of immigration and population control. In 1927 he was a speaker at the first world population conference at Geneva, Switzerland."

- A.—THOMAS FAIRCHILD, SR., the progenitor of the American Fairchilds, whose first child was,
- B.—SAMUEL FAIRCHILD, 1st, of the second generation, Number 2 of the Orcutt genealogy, the first white child born in Stratford. See preceding chapters.
- C.—EDWARD FAIRCHILD, of the third generation of American Fairchilds, son of Samuel Fairchild, 1st, Number 14 of the Orcutt genealogy, married Elizabeth Blakeman, evidently a daughter of the first pastor of Stratford, and one of its founders and first settlers.
- D.—EBENEZER FAIRCHILD, (1729-1807), married Sarah Kimberly. He may have been a son of Edward Fairchild and Elizabeth Blakeman, although his name is not mentioned as a son of Edward Fairchild by Orcutt in his genealogy. The only Ebenezer Fairchild mentioned by Orcutt is under Number 87, born in 1747, who was the son of Abiel Fairchild, Number 27 of the Orcutt genealogy. The notes I have indicate that Ebenezer Fairchild was the father of,
- E.—CLEMENT FAIRCHILD, (1764-1849), an American Revolutionary soldier. See Vol. I. page 890, First Families of America. Clement Fairchild married Sarah Platt. They probably were the parents of,
- F.—BEMAN FAIRCHILD, (1793-1849), who married in 1817, Polly Ann Fairchild (1796-1861), daughter of Joseph Fairchild and granddaughter of Captain Silas Fairchild. Their daughter,
- G.—LUCINDA FAIRCHILD, married William Cook Williams.

See the last part of Chapter II of this genealogy with reference to Beman Fairchild, where the following excerpt from a letter is set out and reference is made to the census of 1790 with reference to the names of Silas Fairchild and Clemon Fairchild:

"Not long ago, I spent the afternoon with Mrs. Pearce and her mother in San Francisco. I think I am correct about these names Mrs. Pearce gave me: Her father was Edward S. Fairchild, and her grandfather was Edward Platt Fairchild, and his father was Beman Fairchild. They came from Stratford, Connecticut."

- G.—EDWARD PLATT FAIRCHILD, son of Beman Fairchild (1793-1849) above mentioned.
- H.—EDWARD S. FAIRCHILD, son of Edward Platt Fairchild.
- I.—MRS. PEARCE, of San Francisco.

CHAPTER XIII

THE DESCENDANTS OF ZECHARIAH FAIRCHILD, ABIEL FAIRCHILD AND CALEB FAIRCHILD OF NEW JERSEY

A.—THOMAS FAIRCHILD, SR., ancestor of the American Family of Fairchild. See preceding chapters of this genealogy.

B.—ZECHARIAH FAIRCHILD, 1st, (1651-1703), Number 7 of the Orcutt genealogy where the name is spelled as herein set out. He was the sixth child of the original Thomas Fairchild and his first wife, Emma (Seabrook) Fairchild. He married Hannah Beach Nov. 3, 1681. He was a blacksmith, and evidently lived for a number of years at Stratfield, Conn., because it is recorded that he joined the church in Stratfield in 1699, or 18 years after his marriage. His son James Fairchild also resided in Stratfield and married Abigail Beardslee (Beardsley) April 1723 where he and his wife Abigail joined the church in 1731. Other children of Zechariah Fairchild, 1st, moved to New Jersey, apparently to Whippany and the Berkshire Valley, among whom was Zechariah Fairchild, 2nd, son of Zechariah Fairchild, 1st. The name of Zechariah Fairchild in the Berkshire Valley in New Jersey and Zechariah Fairchild, son of Moses Fairchild in the Berkshire Hills in Berkshire County, Mass., has led to some confusion among genealogists. See Chapter VII of this genealogy.

The daughter of Zechariah Fairchild, 1st, named Mary Fairchild, married Samuel Adams. She lived in three centuries, and her son, Andrew Adams, became the Chief Justice of Connecticut.

See Numbers 19 to 27 of the Orcutt genealogy for the names of all of the children of Zechariah Fairchild, 1st, and Hannah (Beach) Fairchild, among whom was,

C.—CALEB FAIRCHILD, of the third generation, Number 23 of the Orcutt genealogy, born 1693; died 1777. He married Ann Sherwood Trowbridge (1691-1777) and moved from Connecticut to Whippany, N. J., in 1735. Only two of his children are named in the Orcutt genealogy, who were,

D.—HEZEKIAH FAIRCHILD, born in 1717, Number 75 of the Orcutt genealogy, and

D.—SARAH FAIRCHILD, born in 1719, Number 76 of the Orcutt genealogy.

They evidently had at least another child, named,

D.—MATTHEW FAIRCHILD, (1720-21-1790), who married Sarah Freeman, (1717-1817). He was a soldier in the Revolutionary War. Their son,

E.—CALEB FAIRCHILD, (1743-1807), of the fifth generation, also was a Revolutionary War soldier, who settled in the Berkshire Valley, or Morris County, New Jersey. He fought in the Revolutionary War from New Jersey; married Phebe Gard (1744-1811).

C.—JAMES FAIRCHILD, of the third generation, son of Zechariah Fairchild, 1st, and Hannah (Beach) Fairchild, was born Feb. 12, 1695-6,

Number 24 of the Orcutt genealogy resided in Stratfield, where he joined the church. They evidently had seven children, all named in the Orcutt genealogy, under Numbers 77 to 83, inclusive.

Their third child was,

D.—ZECHARIAH FAIRCHILD, of the fourth generation, born April 1, 1728, Number 79 of the Orcutt genealogy, who married Hannah Stilles. See letters of Mrs. Alexander W. Neff, following: also see Chapter VII of this genealogy where all of the children of Zechariah Fairchild, 1st, are referred to including Abiel Fairchild, and where it appears that some of the descendants of Zechariah, 1st, was the ancestor of some of the Canadian Fairchilds, especially of Noah Fairchild.

For some time the writer believed that this Zechariah Fairchild of the fourth generation, Number 79 of the Orcutt genealogy, was the ancestor of the Frances Fairchild who married William Cullen Bryant, the poet at Great Barrington, in Berkshire County, Mass., but has since concluded that such was not the case. I am now convinced that the Frances Fairchild who married William Cullen Bryant, the poet, was a descendant of Moses Fairchild, 1st, and Susanna (Bosworth) Fairchild, of Berkshire County, Mass., because as is stated in the last part of Chapter XI of this genealogy, William Cullen Bryant and Frances Fairchild were married in Great Barrington, Berkshire County, Mass., June 11, 1821. She was born about 1800. Both of her parents were dead at that time and she was living alternately with her married sisters in Great Barrington. When the first census of the United States was taken in 1790, there were only six heads of families in Mass. by the name of Fairchild, and four of these were the sons of Moses Fairchild and Susanna (Bosworth) Fairchild, in Berkshire County. See Chapter XI of this work for their names.

In Nov. 1941, letters were received from Mrs. Alexander W. Neff, Jr. (Louise Holliday Neff), 12 Edgewood Park, Cario, Illinois, regarding Caleb Fairchild (1743-1807), the Revolutionary soldier, which indicate that there is some difference between the line of descent as above set out and the line of descent set forth in Mrs. Neff's letters. See Chapter XI.

It will be noticed that in the foregoing outline Caleb Fairchild (1743-1807), the Revolutionary soldier, is shown to have been the grandson of the first Caleb Fairchild (1693-1777), who was a son of Zechariah Fairchild (1651-1703), Number 7 of the Orcutt genealogy and his wife Hannah (Beach) Fairchild, whom he married Nov. 3, 1681. In the Orcutt genealogy only two children of the first Caleb Fairchild are mentioned, while in the

foregoing outline mention is made of at least another child, named Matthew Fairchild (1720-1-1790), as the father of the second Caleb Fairchild (1743-1807), who was the Revolutionary soldier.

Matthew Fairchild, evidently was residing in Morris County, N. J. in 1787, because in Abstracts of Wills, etc., New Jersey Archives, it is recorded that Matthew Fairchild was co-maker of an inventory in the estate of Peter Hill, Morris County, N. J., January 24, 1787. See last paragraph in Chapter II of this genealogy.

The above outline also shows that the first Caleb Fairchild, Number 23 of the Orcutt genealogy, moved from Connecticut to Whippany, New Jersey, which is in Morris County, and it is probable that Matthew Fairchild was born there, which would account for his name not being mentioned in the Orcutt genealogy, because that work was prepared as a history of Bridgeport and Stratford, Conn.

The line of descent as stated by Mrs. Neff shows that Caleb Fairchild, (1743-1807), the Revolutionary soldier, was the son of Zechariah Fairchild (1700-1-1777), and his wife, Deborah (D'Abrait) Fairchild.

This Zechariah Fairchild, born Nov. 21, 1701, Number 26 of the Orcutt genealogy, is mentioned in the pages immediately following as the ancestor of Henry Shields Fairchild and Lambert Fairchild, and that the said Zechariah Fairchild married Deborah FAIRCHILD, the daughter of Alexander Fairchild and Deborah (Beardsley) Fairchild, a granddaughter of Thomas Fairchild, 2nd, and Sarah (Preston) Fairchild. See number 18 of the Orcutt genealogy. He and the first Caleb Fairchild, born Sept. 10, 1693, Number 18 of the Orcutt genealogy, were brothers and were the sons of the first Zechariah Fairchild, Number 7 of the Orcutt genealogy, who married Hannah Beach.

Following are excerpts from Mrs. Neff's letters:

"I am writing in the hope that you may have information that may help me clear up my line. David Jewett Baker married, Oct. 17, 1819, Sarah Tennyry Fairchild, Geneva, N. Y. (U. S. Biological Dictionary, p. 189). They came to Illinois immediately after their marriage. A Baker relative gathered material on this family I tried to verify but find difficulty in obtaining records from New York and New Jersey.

1. Zachariah Fairchild (1700-1777), married Deborah D'Abrait (1707-1759)

2. Caleb Fairchild (1743-1807), married Dec. 20, 1763, Phoebe Gard. (Presbyterian Church record).
3. Joseph Fairchild married Phoebe Bailey.
4. Sarah Tannery Fairchild, above, born Oct. 2, 1803."

In a letter of Nov. 18, 1941, Mrs. Neff wrote as follows:

"A Baker relative published a booklet some time ago on that family and the material on the Fairchild family is mere deduction. The only fact that I feel sure of is that David Jewett Baker married Sarah Tannery Fairchild. He was prominent in the early period of this section of Illinois. Judge Baker was married on the 17th of Oct., 1819, to Miss Sarah Tannery Fairchild, of Geneva, New York. (The U. S. Biographical Dictionary, p. 189). . . . According to the Baker family, Sarah Tannery Fairchild was born 1803, the daughter of Joseph and Phoebe (Bayless) Fairchild. She had a sister, Sarah Bayless, who married George Tannery. (Evidently where Mrs. Baker got her middle name).

"This booklet gives Joseph Fairchild as a son of Caleb and Phoebe (Gard) Fairchild, married Dec. 1763. Also that Phoebe Gard had a sister, Esther Gard, who married Abiel Fairchild.

"Caleb Fairchild, son of Zachariah Fairchild (1700-1777) married Deborah D'Abrait (1707-1757). Suggest he may have been the son of Joseph Fairchild (1724-1804) instead of Zachariah Fairchild. . . .

"According to the First Presbyterian Church Records in Morristown, New Jersey, p. 18, 'Zachariah Fairchild of Morris Plains; c. (evidently meaning confirmed) Nov. 2, 1744; died Aug. 6, 1777, aet 77. (Aged 77). His first wife Deborah, c. Aug. 31, 1744; died April, 1757, aet. 50. (Aged 50); Debraint on headstone. He married 2nd, Aug. 18, 1757, Lidia Hataway, widow who died May 22, 1769, aet 45.' "

(See note under Zachariah Fairchild, Chapter IV of this work).

It is recorded in the Orcutt genealogy that Zechariah Fairchild, born Dec. 14, 1651, Number 7 of the Orcutt genealogy; son of the original Thomas Fairchild, Sr., and his first wife, Emma (Seabrook) Fairchild, married Hannah Beach and had nine children, among whom were David Fairchild, Augur Fairchild, Caleb Fairchild, James Fairchild, Zechariah Fairchild and Abiel Fairchild. It also clearly appears that some of these sons moved to New Jersey and settled near Whippeny and Morristown and in the *Berkshire* Valley, and while the foregoing indicates that some of them, or some of their descendants fought on the side of the Continentals in the Revolutionary War, there is also some evidence to the effect that some of the members of this same family group may have been Loyalists and afterwards settled in Ontario as is stated by A. E. Owen in his *Pioneer Sketches of the Long Point Settlement on Lake Erie* of about 1795 as is indicated by the following excerpts from his history:

"The Fairchilds were numerous in New Jersey and the two principal Norfolk (Ontario) branches are, without doubt, off-shoots of the same old New Jersey family tree. (See Chapter XXII following.

"Noah Fairchild married Elizabeth, daughter of Donald McCall, before he came to the settlement. As an United Empire Loyalist he drew Lot 13, Concession of Charlotteville, upon which he settled. . . .

"The Fairchilds are descendants of Abiel Fairchild of New Jersey. In the New Jersey family was a daughter Rebecca, who married a Smith and settled in that state. Subsequently she was left a widow and came to Long Point to live with her brother, Noah until her death which occurred in 1847 in her 77th year."

Note: Rebecca (Fairchild) Smith, therefore was born in 1770, and from other records gleaned from the work of E. A. Owen, it appears that her brother Noah Fairchild was born in 1772. It is evident from the History of Long Point by Owen and the foregoing pages of this Chapter that they descended from Zechariah Fairchild, the first, (1652-1703) Number 7 of the Orcutt genealogy, some of whose sons settled in and near Morris County, New Jersey, for it appears that his son, David Fairchild, (1688-), Number 22 of the Orcutt genealogy; Caleb Fairchild (1693-), Number 23 of the Orcutt genealogy, and Abiel Fairchild (1703-4), Number 27 of the Orcutt genealogy, settled in New Jersey, and without doubt, some one of these sons of Zechariah Fairchild, 1st, was the grandfather of Noah Fairchild and Rebecca (Fairchild) Smith, also of Jamina (Fairchild) McCall, who with her husband Duncan McCall also settled on Long Point, Ontario about 1796-98. Owen states that Noah Fairchild as an United Empire Loyalist drew Lot 13. However it appears to the writer that he must have been the son of a Loyalist because having been born in 1772, he was too young to have been a Loyalist, and yet as the son of a Loyalist he could receive land from the Canadian Land Board.

- A.—THOMAS FAIRCHILD, 1st, (1610-1670), Number 1 of the Orcutt genealogy, one of the founders and first settlers of Stratford, Conn., was the father of the above named Zechariah Fairchild, 1st, (1652-1703), Number 7 of the Orcutt genealogy.
- B.—ZECHARIAH FAIRCHILD, 1st, above mentioned, married Hannah Beach, Nov. 3, 1681. For the names of all of their children see numbers 19 to 27, inclusive, of the Orcutt genealogy, Chapter V of this work. One of their sons was named,
- C.—ZECHARIAH FAIRCHILD, 2nd, of the third generation, Number 26 of the Orcutt genealogy, was born Nov. 21, 1701, married Deborah Fairchild, daughter of Alexander Fairchild and Deborah (Beardsley) Fairchild. Deborah (Beardsley) Fairchild was born May, 1706. See the letter of Mrs. Alexander W. Neff, Jr., in the preceding pages of this chapter with reference to Deborah Fairchild where she is referred to as Deborah D'Abrait. One of the sons of Zechariah Fairchild, 2nd, (1701-), of New Jersey, was
- D.—DAVID FAIRCHILD, (1743-1807) of the fourth generation, who married Catherine Gregory. Their son,
- E.—DAVID FAIRCHILD, (1767-1855), of the fifth generation, married Hannah Day. Their son,
- F.—LEWIS FAIRCHILD, (1797-), of the sixth generation, married Elizabeth Day. Their son,

G.—HENRY SHIELDS FAIRCHILD, (1826-1913), of the seventh generation, of St. Paul, Minn., married Elizabeth Clayland. See First Families of America. Compendium of American Genealogy.

H.—LAMBERT FAIRCHILD, of the eighth generation, is the only surviving son of Henry Shields Fairchild. He is an officer of the American Legion, and in 1943, was Chairman of the Committee for Republican Integrity, 2211 Broadway, N. Y. In a letter under date of June, 1943, he wrote as follows:

“My line runs back through Henry S. Fairchild of St. Paul, Minn., to Lewis Fairchild of Ohio, born in New Jersey, circa 1880, to David Fairchild, to Zechariah Fairchild to Thomas Fairchild. Just who left Connecticut for New Jersey, I do not know.”

The writer, having requested information regarding Herbert H. Fairchild, a former banker in Minneapolis, who died in Florida, and having also called attention to the claim that Zechariah Fairchild, 1st, (1652-1703), Number 7 of the Orcutt genealogy, had moved to Great Barrington, Berkshire County, Massachusetts, and expressing doubts about the correctness of this claim for the reason that the only Zechariah Fairchild at that early date in Berkshire County, Mass., was the son of Moses Fairchild and Susannah (Bosworth) Fairchild, and that the Zechariah Fairchild in the Berkshire Valley in New Jersey was either the first Zechariah Fairchild, Number 7 of the Orcutt genealogy, or some one of his sons who had settled there, Lambert Fairchild replied as follows:

“I am the only surviving son of Henry Shields Fairchild. My brothers left no issue and I have no male descendants. My three daughters are Mabel Virginia, psychometrist at the State University of Michigan; Mrs. Gerald E. Miller, (nee Marion Hortense) who is minister of education at the Bay Shore Community Church of Long Beach, California, and Mildred Lambert, Professor of Arts at the Michigan State College of Mt. Pleasant, Michigan. Marion and Mildred are twins.

“Bert Fairchild (Herbert H.) was a black-bearded banker in Minneapolis. He ran the State Institute for Savings, I think it was called. . . . We used to meet occasionally in a business way and I have just an impression he was one of the Canadian scions.

“I believe that Zachariah, 1st, went to New Jersey, direct from Stratford or Stratfield, but I am pretty hazy about it.”

Lambert Fairchild also enclosed a snap-shot of himself and three other members of the American Legion in their uniforms.

It will be noticed in the preceding pages of this chapter and in Chapters VII and XI of this genealogy that reference is made to Zechariah Fairchild, Number 7 of the Orcutt genealogy as having been the father of Abiel and Caleb Fairchild, who moved to and settled in New Jersey, and attention is again called to the statement in Owen's History of the Long Point Settlement

on Lake Erie to the effect that some of the Canadian Fairchilds were Loyalists and were descendants of Abiel Fairchild of New Jersey.

- A.—THOMAS FAIRCHILD, 1st, Number 1 of the Orcutt genealogy.
- B.—JOSEPH FAIRCHILD, of the second generation of the American Fairchilds, (1664-1713), Number 9 of the Orcutt genealogy, son of the original Thomas Fairchild and his second wife, Catherine (Craig) Fairchild, married Johannah Wilcoxson, daughter of Timothy Wilcoxson. See the preceding Chapters for fuller information regarding Joseph Fairchild and Johannah (Wilcoxson) Fairchild and their children. Their first child was,
- C.—TIMOTHY FAIRCHILD, (1687-1726), Number 28 of the Orcutt genealogy, of the third generation, married Sarah Thompson in 1715. For the names of their children see numbers 91 to 94, inclusive, of the Orcutt genealogy. The third child of Timothy Fairchild and Sarah (Thompson) Fairchild was,
- D.—DANIEL FAIRCHILD, (1719-1807), of the fourth generation, married Hepzibah, daughter of Samuel Lewis of Old Mill. He was one of the first settlers in Trumbull. The names of their children are recorded in Orcutt under numbers 119 to 127, inclusive. After his death his wife married William Peet.
- Daniel Fairchild (1719-1807), is recorded by Orcutt under number 93. The third child of Daniel Fairchild, Number 93 of the Orcutt genealogy and Hepzibah (Lewis) Fairchild was,
- E.—DANIEL FAIRCHILD, 2nd, of the fifth generation, born January 4, 1747-8, Number 121 of the Orcutt genealogy, married Hannah, daughter of Abraham Brinsmade in 1771. They moved to Dover, N. Y., and then to Chenango County, N. Y. Some of his brothers also moved to Chenango County. See the Orcutt genealogy and references to Daniel Fairchild in Chapter II of this genealogy. The third child of Daniel Fairchild, 2nd, and Hannah (Brinsmade) Fairchild was,
- F.—DANIEL MUNSON FAIRCHILD, of the sixth generation, born April 1776, Number 171 of the Orcutt genealogy, who married Phoebe Gaylord, born in 1775. Their son,
- G.—WILLIAM HENRY FAIRCHILD, (1805-1884), of the seventh generation, married Abigail Marsh, (1803-1855), and their son,
- H.—CHARLES ELIHU FAIRCHILD, (1841-1885), of the eighth generation married Ellen Hungerford (1844-).

CHAPTER XIV

THE DESCENDANTS OF OLIVER FAIRCHILD, INCLUDING LUCIUS FAIRCHILD, NINTH GOVERNOR OF WISCONSIN

- A.—**THOMAS FAIRCHILD, SR.**, progenitor of the American Family of Fairchild, one of the founders and first settlers of Stratford, Conn. See the preceding chapters of this work.
- B.—**SAMUEL FAIRCHILD, 1st**, (1640-1704), Number 2 of the Orcutt genealogy, the first child born to the original Thomas Fairchild and his first wife, Emma (Seabrook) Fairchild, was the first white child born in Stratford. He married Mary Wheeler, a daughter of Moses Wheeler, an early settler in Stratford. The second child of Samuel Fairchild and Mary (Wheeler) Fairchild was,
- C.—**SAMUEL FAIRCHILD, 2nd**, (1683-), Number 13 of the Orcutt genealogy, who married first, Ruth Beach, and second, Dinah Burwell. See the preceding chapters. The first child of Samuel Fairchild, 2nd, and his second wife, Dinah (Burwell) Fairchild, was,
- D.—**OLIVER FAIRCHILD**, of the fourth generation, Number 45 of the Orcutt genealogy, who married Mary Turner and probably moved from Connecticut to Dutchess County, New York. He fought in the American Revolution with the Sixth Regiment from New York. See Chapter VIII of this genealogy. His son,
- E.—**SUETON FAIRCHILD**, of the fifth generation, married Lucy Hubble. Ref., National Cyclopedia of American Biography, Vol. 12, page 76. Their son,
- F.—**JARIUS FAIRCHILD**, of the sixth generation, married Sally Blair, and their sons were,
- G.—**CASSIUS FAIRCHILD**, (1828-1868), of the seventh generation. See the following biographical sketch.
- G.—**LUCIUS FAIRCHILD**, (1831-1896), of the seventh generation, was the ninth Governor of Wisconsin. See the following biographical sketch.

CASSIUS FAIRCHILD, an American soldier, born in Kent, Ohio, December 16, 1828, settled in Wisconsin when his father moved there in 1846. He was elected to the State Legislature in 1860 and the next year was commissioned Major of the Sixteenth Wisconsin Volunteers. He was disabled in the battle of Shiloh April 6, 1862; rejoined his regiment a year later, and was engaged in the Battles of Big Shanty and Kenesaw Mountain; commanded a brigade in the Third Division of the Seventh Army Corps during the first quarter of 1865, and was mustered out in July with a brevet rank of Brigadier-General. From 1865 until his death which occurred in Milwaukee, Oct. 26, 1868, he was United States Marshal in Wisconsin.

LUCIUS FAIRCHILD, ninth Governor of Wisconsin, an American soldier and public man, was born at Kent, Ohio, December 17, 1831, and removed to Wisconsin when a boy. He spent several years mining in California and on his return to Wisconsin was admitted to the bar. At the beginning of

the Civil War he raised a regiment and became its captain, refusing the offer of colonelcy. He commanded the consolidated Second and Seventh Wisconsin regiments, which formed part of "The Iron Brigade" at Bull Run. He fought at Antietam; lost an arm at Gettysburg; was commissioned brigadier-general Oct. 19, 1863, and soon after was elected Secretary of the State of Wisconsin, serving two terms. For the next six years he served as Governor by successive elections. In 1872 he became United States Consul to Liverpool, where he remained six years. He was Consul-General to Paris in 1878-1880; and resigned to return home to Madison, Wisconsin. In 1886 he was elected Commander-in-Chief of the Grand Army of the Republic. He died in Madison, Wisconsin, May 23, 1896.

ANOTHER BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCH OF LUCIUS FAIRCHILD

LUCIUS FAIRCHILD, (1831-1896), Union soldier, Governor, Diplomat, was throughout his life identified with public affairs in the State of Wisconsin. His parents came from New York and New England to Wisconsin through Ohio where Lucius was born in Portage County. Son of Jarius Cassius and Sarah (Blair) Fairchild. Jarius Fairchild was first treasurer of Wisconsin and first mayor of Madison. He sent Lucius for a short time to the Carroll College at Waukesha, but the gold fever caught the lad and drew him to California where he remained six years with moderate success. In 1858 Lucius was home again. He was elected clerk of the Circuit Court of Dane County as a Democrat, but the war made him a Republican and he advanced rapidly in his party helped by his reputation as a soldier. In 1861 he entered the service in the 1st Wisconsin Volunteer Regiment and transferred to 2nd Wisconsin which he commanded as Lieutenant-Colonel at the second battle of Bull Run. Here his performance was so good that he was made a colonel. His regiment was one of the five in the "Iron Brigade." He fought with his brigade in Reynolds corps at Gettysburg where on the first day his left arm was shattered by a musket ball and he was taken prisoner by the Confederates. He was nominated Secretary of State by Republicans and took up his duties in 1863. He married in 1864 to Frances Bull, who survived him until 1925. Her social charm, coupled with his political prominence and military bearing gave them great distinction in the life of their community. In 1866 he became Governor of Wisconsin holding the post three terms until 1872. Then President Grant sent him abroad as Consul to Liverpool. In 1878 President Hayes transferred him as Consul-General to Paris and in 1880 when James Russell Lowell was shifted to London, Fairchild succeeded him as Minister to Spain. Ten years of foreign service was enough; he resigned in 1882. He returned to America but never regained his popularity as far as public offices were concerned. Always possessed of ample means, he lived with dignity in the mansion his father had built and here he died in 1896.

Note: Cassius Fairchild and Lucius Fairchild, having descended from Oliver Fairchild, a brother of Benjamin Fairchild, Sr., ancestor of the Canadian Fairchilds, were therefore third cousins of the writer's father.

PART TWO
CHAPTER XV

THE FAIRCHILD FAMILY OF ONTARIO

This genealogy and history of the Canadian branches of the American Fairchilds was compiled by Timothy Marsh Fairchild, LL.B., an attorney and counsellor at law of Iowa City, Iowa, a descendant of Benjamin Fairchild, Sr., Number 44 of the Orcutt genealogy, whose son, Isaac Fairchild, great grandfather of the writer, was the first white man to actually settle in the Indian country near Hamilton and what is now known as Brant County, Ontario. The second son of Isaac Fairchild and Lucy (Kilbourne) Fairchild, the pioneers, was Timothy Marsh Fairchild, grandfather of the writer, from whom he received his full name.

The present work is a revised edition of a general outline of the American and Canadian Fairchilds, prepared by the writer after a short visit to Brant County, Ontario, September, 1938, while in his 72nd year, accompanied by his wife and youngest daughter, Mildred, aided by his own recollection and knowledge of family traditions learned in childhood, and assisted in the collection of data by his Canadian cousins in and near Brantford, including Elbourn Kinnard in his 85th year; Fred W. Terhune, V.S., in his 77th year; Benjamin Kinnard and Courtland Charles Fairchild, civil engineer in Brantford, about the age of the writer, all of whom are grandsons of Isaac and Lucy (Kilbourne) Fairchild, the pioneers.

The writer also acknowledges that he is grateful to Nora V. Fairchild, daughter of Courtland Charles Fairchild, C.E., for valuable information, including a copy of the obituary printed in the Brantford Expositor, Brantford, Ontario, under date of April 10, 1884, with reference to the death of our grandfather, Timothy Marsh Fairchild, who died in Brant County, April 4th, 1884, a copy of which obituary is set out in the following pages of this genealogy as partial verification of the statements herein made with reference to our great grandfather, Isaac Fairchild, having been the first settler in that part of Ontario. See Chapter XVII.

I also acknowledge the assistance I received from Courtland Charles Fairchild and his daughter Nora V. Fairchild, by reason of their furnishing me with a short genealogy of the descendants

of Isaac and Lucy (Kilbourne) Fairchild, which had been prepared by Isaac Ernest Fairchild, while living in Toronto, Ont., before he returned to Winnipeg, Manitoba, where he had previously been engaged in the implement business for many years, and where he died June 18, 1934. Isaac Fairchild was a grandson of Isaac and Lucy (Kilbourne) Fairchild, the pioneers, and before moving to Manitoba had resided, together with his parents, in the same home with his grandparents, Isaac and Lucy Fairchild.

With this genealogy thus received was a very full list of the descendants of Isaac and Lucy Fairchild which had also been prepared by Isaac Ernest Fairchild, and which list of names the writer could not have otherwise obtained. This list is set out in the following pages of this work, and excerpts from his genealogy are also set out, and a biographical sketch of Isaac Ernest Fairchild, printed after his death, will be found in the following pages.

In addition to the Canadian records supplied for this work by Dr. J. J. Talman while connected with the Department of Public Records and Archives, Parliament Building, Toronto, and the records supplied by L. Brault, Director of the Division of Information, Deputy Minister's Office, Public Records and Archives of Ottawa, Ontario, copies of which are set out in the following pages, H. Orlo Miller of the London Historical Association at London, Ontario, furnished a large amount of information relative to the Canadian Fairchilds and of some of the relatives, including the Westbrook family and the Springer family with which families the Fairchild family intermarried, and which information is set out in the following pages. See Chapter XX.

I greatly appreciate this assistance and desire to add that Dr. J. J. Talman, since furnishing me with data from the Public Records and Archives, has been connected with the University of Western Ontario, at London, and after his connection with this University continued his assistance by furnishing me with excerpts from L. H. Tasker's United Empire Loyalist Settlement at Long Point, Lake Erie, Ontario, and from E. A. Owen's Pioneer Sketches of the Long Point Settlement, which works could not be found in the libraries of Iowa City and Dubuque, Iowa.

I feel confident that this information, together with the outline taken from Orcutt's History of Stratford and Bridgeport, Connecticut, which I obtained from the "Book Shop" in Iowa City; see Chapter V, and the assistance rendered by my daughter, Sarah Ellen (Fairchild) Filter, of Dubuque, Iowa, from her

study and research, has enabled me to complete and supply every link in the long chain of descent, connecting in one continuous, unbroken chain the present generation of the main branches of the Canadian Fairchilds with the original Thomas Fairchild, one of the founders and first settlers of Stratford, Connecticut, in the spring of 1639, now over three hundred years ago, and whose first child, Samuel Fairchild, 1st, was the first white child born in Stratford.

Sarah Ellen (Fairchild) Filter's husband, Chester Filter, B.S., and Chemical Engineer was the head chemist at the Midland Chemical Laboratories at Dubuque, Iowa, until called into the service as a Reserved Officer and in 1942 saw service as a 1st Lieutenant in Africa with the Army of the U. S. He was disabled and discharged August 4, 1943.

Samuel Fairchild, 1st, above referred to was the grandfather of Benjamin Fairchild, Sr., born in Dutchess County, N. Y., in 1721, who was the head of a family at Queensbury, N. Y., when the first census of the United States was taken in 1790, and in 1792 he moved with his aged wife and seven adult children to Ontario where he settled at about the age of 71 years and passed away sometime before 1796. He was the ancestor of the principal branch of the Canadian Fairchilds and is mentioned in the Records and Archives of Toronto and Ottawa, above referred to and set out in the following pages of this work. See Chapters XXI, XXII, XXIII.

Some of the families who settled in Ontario in the decade following the first census of the United States of 1790, are mentioned in the following "Book Notice" of Tasker's work. However, this notice refers only to those early settlers who settled near Long Point, in Lake Erie, of whom Tasker and Owen wrote in their histories of the Long Point settlement. There were many other early settlers not mentioned in those works. Owen mentions the families of Noah Fairchild and Jamina (Fairchild) McCall and her husband, Duncan McCall, and others.

Many of the families who settled in Ontario in the early settlement thereof and during the decade between 1785 and 1795 were probably influenced, to some extent at least, by the attitude of the Whigs and Continentals towards the Loyalists, evidenced by, and resulting in the confiscation of their property—the passing of resolutions by the various town authorities in the New England States denying the Loyalists the privilege of dwelling in the towns or returning to their former homes after the war was over. See Lossings Field Book of the Revolution and the

histories therein cited in Volume II, page 667, an excerpt of which is set out in the following pages. Also, see short quotations from the town records of Stratford, Conn., as examples of the attitude of the town authorities all over New England toward the Loyalists, and see the book announcement herein set out, together with the petition of Margaret Springer, filed with the Canadian Land Board reciting the killing of her husband and the confiscation of her property, and of Joseph Jessup's claim with the Land Board, herein referred to.

In John Fisk's United States School History on page 207 is the picture of a very large and fine mansion under which is this note:

"From a recent photograph. This famous house, the finest of the noble Colonial mansions on Brattle Street, Cambridge, was built by Colonel John Vassall in 1759. Early in 1775 Colonel Vassell left to join the British in Boston; his estate was then confiscated. General George Washington occupied the house from July, 1775, until after the capture of Boston, March, 1776."

The following quotation is taken from Volume II, page 667 of Lossing's Field Book of the Revolution:

"THE LOYALISTS

"The Loyalists of the Revolution were of two kinds, active and passive, and these were again divided into two classes each, the mercenary and the honest. We have elsewhere observed that when the Declaration of Independence was promulgated, many influential men, who were fully alive to the importance of demanding from Great Britain redress of existing and increasing grievances, were not prepared to renounce all allegiance, and they adhered to the interests of the crown. These formed a large part of every rank in society, and, being actuated by conscientious motives, command our thorough respect. Many of these took up arms for the king, remained loyal throughout the contest, and suffered severely in exile when the contest was ended. Others for the purpose of gain, and some to indulge in plunder and rapine under legal sanction, were active against the patriots, and their crimes were charged against the whole body of the Loyalists. . . . The fiercest animosities were engendered, common justice was dethroned. The Whigs who suffered dreadfully at the hands of the marauding Tories, hated the very name of Loyalist, and through the instrumentality of confiscation acts and other measures, the innocent were often punished for the crimes of the guilty. . . . It is estimated by Sabine (The American Loyalist by Lorenzo Sabine) that at least twenty thousand Loyalists took up arms for the king during the war. . . ."

"The crucible of the Revolution which produced America was not alone a matter of the Colonies against England, but the Colonies against each other. There were Loyalists as well as rebels—men and women who believed that a new world could be built without bloodshed and suffering that war with England entailed."

There were marauding parties on both sides when all of the evidence is fairly set forth and fairly considered. See such incidents as in re, Joseph Jessup's Claim—the petition of Margaret Springer and other historical data, and see all fair histories following the war.

For those who care to delve into the matter and also wish to enjoy a good historical novel, see the recent historical novel (1940) based upon historical incidents of the American Revolution, setting forth the viewpoint of the Loyalists, entitled, "Oliver Wiswell", by Kenneth Roberts, which was called to my attention by James Thome Fairchild, of Bethlehem, Pa., the last surviving child of James Harris Fairchild of Oberlin College, who informed me that "This work will be right up your alley."

The preface of this novel lists the histories consulted by the writer as follows:

"For all practical purposes, the following books admirably present the Loyalist side: Henry Belcher, *First American Civil War*, 1911; Moses Coit Tyler, *Literary History of the American Revolution*, 1864; Egerton Ryerson, *Loyalists of America*, Toronto, 1880; James H. Stark, *Revolution, 1902; The Struggle for American Independence*, Lippincott, 1902; Alexander Flick, *Loyalism in New York*, Columbia University Press, 1901; *Journal and Letters of Samuel Curwen*, 1864; Arthur Johnson, *Myths and Facts of the American Revolution*, Toronto, 1908; Lewis Einstein, *Divided Loyalists*, 1933; *Journal of Nicholas Crosswell*, New York, 1928; Claude H. Van Tyne, *Loyalists in the American Revolution*, New York, 1929, etc."

Kenneth Roberts' novel commences with the following quotation:

"In 1821, Chief Justice John Jay said to his nephew, William Heathcote DeLancey: 'Let me tell you William; the true history of the American Revolution can never be written.' Jay declined to give his reasons, saying, 'You may be content to know that the fact is as I have said, and that a great many people in those days were not at all what they seemed, nor what they were generally believed to have been.' Edward Floyd DeLancey's Introduction to Jones History of New York."

BOOK NOTICES

"Ontario Historical Society Papers and Records, Vol. II. The United Empire Loyalist Settlement at Long Point, Lake Erie, by L. H. Tasker, Toronto, William Briggs, 1900.

"After introductory chapters rehearsing the hardships in general endured by the Loyalists for their fidelity to their convictions, there is a full and very interesting account of that particular Loyalist body designated in the title of the above paper. The family of each settler is treated in a manner more or less serviceable to the genealogist and for that reason we copy the list of the names:

"Anderson, Austin, Berdan, Buckner, Bowlby, Brown, Culver, Cope,

Dedrick, Daugharty, Freeman, Finch, Foster, Fairchild, Green, Gilbert, Glover, Hutchinson, Hozen, Haviland, Johnson, Moby, Munro, Montrose, Millard, Matthews, McCall, McMichael, Powell, Ryerse, Smith, Sprugin, Secord, Shaw, Tisdale, Teeple, Welch, Williams, Wycoff, Wilson."

See excerpts from Trasker's work and from Owen's work in the following pages.

While many Fairchilds joined the cause of the Continentals, or Whigs, and fought on the side of the patriots, nevertheless, the fact that many of the early residents of Stratford, Conn., and other localities in the New England States, moved northward to the newer parts of New York, Vermont, and to Ontario about the time of the Revolution, or soon afterwards, suggests to the writer that perhaps the foregoing and the following examples of various town resolutions taken from town records, in some cases, at least, influences such movements, because as is stated by Lossing above, "many suffered severely in exile after the war was over."

The following excerpts are from pp. 529, 530 and 531 of William Howard Wilcoxson's History of Stratford, Connecticut:

"While Dr. Johnson was on his journey to the Governor and returning, the town of Stratford was also greatly aroused concerning the unfavorable notoriety it had been subjected to by the action of some Tory citizens as seen by the following records:

"At a town meeting specially warned and convened at the Town Hall in Stratford, July 21, 1779, for the purpose of exculpating the town from the imputations of some scandalous reports spread abroad to the disadvantage of the town, purporting that the people were about to carry on a traitorous correspondence with the enemy, and laying down their arms and submitting to the British Government, etc.,

"DANIEL FAIRCHILD, ESQ., MODERATOR OF SAID MEETING
"Voted unanimously that an address be made to the public for the purpose above said, and that Captain Ebenezer Coe, *Samuel Adams*, Esq., Stephen Borroughs, Esq., Abraham Brinsmade, Esq., and Captain Blakeman were appointed a committee to prepare a draft for that purpose and lay it before the meeting in their next adjournment. The meeting adjourned to the 20th instant, one o'clock afternoon to North Stratford meeting house.

Test: Robert Fairchild, Clerk' "

(Note: Samuel Adams married Mary Fairchild, see the Orcutt genealogy).

(The records show that the adjourned meeting was held with Daniel Fairchild as Moderator and Robert Fairchild as Clerk. Town Acts, page 15).

"But whatever unfavorable criticism had been levied against the town because of the foregoing incident, (set out in the previous records of the town), a careful examination of the town records leaves no room for doubt that the same patriotic impulses which inspired all the thirteen colonies were as strong in Stratford as elsewhere."

"In July, 1779, we read: 'Resolved in said meeting that Isaac Wells Shelton shall not reside in this town, and Robert Fairchild, Esq. is desired to inform Hartford County Sheriff thereof.'

"Resolved that no inimical persons now with the enemy shall return and reside in the town unless they have the approbation of the town in their meeting.'"

The above are samples of the records of laws enacted by the various New England towns which sent many of their inhabitants into the exile mentioned by Lossing in his Field Book of the American Revolution, resulting in severe suffering and the confiscation of their property, and resulting in such settlements as the Long Point Settlement herein referred to, and other settlements in the wilderness by families as herein recorded.

H. Orlo Miller, Secretary of the London, Ont., Historical Society, furnished the writer some of the following miscellaneous items regarding members of the Fairchild family in Ontario who settled in Middlesex County at an early date. Copies of Canadian records furnished by him contain the following items:

In a very early map of the city of London, Ontario, compiled about 1848 and showing thereon the names of lot owners, appears the name of Sidney Warren Fairchild, owner of the lot at the northwest corner of Hill and Wellington Street. The names of Addison Fairchild, Francis Fairchild, Henry Fairchild appear in Charlotteville Township and Joseph Fairchild in Walshingham Township, and that of C. I. Fairchild in Windham Township.

June 27, 1798, the two petitions following were received by the Land Board of Upper Canada (Ontario), sitting at York (Toronto):

"HENRY FAIRCHILD, praying for land as a settler, the petitioner to be twelve months in the Province before he applies for land.

"DANIEL FAIRCHILD, praying for land as a Subaltern who served in the last American War and has brought his family into the province. Ordered 200 acres of land under the new regulations." (See Chapter XXI for petition filed in 1793).

Nothing further is found of the above Henry Fairchild, or his origin, nor of Daniel Fairchild and his supposed military services. Reference 20th report of the Department of Public Records and Archives. Very likely he was the same man as Daniel Fairchild, Number 110½ of the Orcutt genealogy.

See Chapter III of this work for the U. S. census of 1790, referring to Daniel Fairchild of Vermont as the head of a family at Shelburne, Chittenden County, Vermont, who was a son of Stephen Fairchild, Sr., and therefore a cousin of Benjamin Fairchild, Jr., Isaac Fairchild, the Reverend Peter Fairchild and other children of Benjamin Fairchild, Sr., of Ontario.

The Canadian Land Records, excerpts of which are set out in Chapter XXI of this Genealogy, record that on July 24, 1793, petitions were filed for land grants by Peter Fairchild, Isaac Fairchild, Benjamin Fairchild, Jr., and Mordecia Sayles, their brother-in-law, and by Daniel Fairchild. They were likely separate petitions filed the same day, although they may have all joined in the one petition, nevertheless, these petitions indicate the joint action of these brothers and cousins.

It appears certain to the writer of this genealogy that Samuel Fairchild, 3rd, Number 40 of the Orcutt genealogy, and his brother Benjamin Fairchild, Sr., Number 44 of the Orcutt genealogy, who was the father of the above named Peter Fairchild, Benjamin Fairchild, Jr., and Isaac Fairchild, resided near Queensbury, N. Y., not far from Ft. Edward, about the time of the Revolutionary War, and for a few years thereafter, altho some of the descendants of Samuel Fairchild, 3rd, appear to have resided in Stratford, during the Revolution. The John Curtis Fairchild, heretofore mentioned as having climbed the tavern pole at Stratford to assist in raising the National Ensign at the time of George Washington's visit there, June 28, 1775, was the son of Samuel Fairchild, 3rd. See numbers 103 to 105, inclusive, of the Orcutt genealogy.

See the following chapter and also Chapter II of this work for excerpts taken from the petition of Samuel Fairchild and others, filed with the New York Colonial Land Board, Sept. 17, 1787, "for 600 acres of land adjoining the southwest corner of Queensbury, N. Y., *in virtue of possession.*"

Also see the same pages in Chapter II and the following chapter of this work for excerpts taken from the Proceedings of the Royal Commission, Montreal, Canada, where evidence was taken in re the claim of Joseph Jessup, late of Albany County, N. Y.

Mr. H. Orlo Miller of London, Ontario, also furnished the following regarding Nathaniel Fairchild, one of the early settlers of the Township of Westminster, Middlesex County, Ontario, and states that when the survey of the county was made in 1809-10 by Deputy Provincial Surveyor, T. Z. Watson, the only residents of the whole township were Archibald McMillan and Nathaniel Fairchild, who were neighbors, their lots adjoining each other. An anecdote by David Patrick, whose family settled in the present village of Lambeth, in this township, relates:

"Abram Patrick served in the War of 1812, leaving his family and children alone. During his absence his wife caught an Indian driving

away her cow off the Dingham farm, but her intrepidity conquered the dusky thief, who looked puzzled indeed, when the brave woman advanced and turning the cow homewards, left the savage standing in mute surprise.

"That night the Indians killed two cows, the property of Nathaniel Fairchild."

The above references were culled from the History of the County of Middlesex by H. Orlo Miller, of London, Ontario, who writes:

"I can find only one more reference to Nathaniel Fairchild. From the records and minutes of the General Quarter Session of the Peace of the District of London, where, on December 26th, 1814, the return of the Town Officers (meaning township) for the Townships of Delaware, Westminster and Dorchester show Nathaniel Fairchild as one of the overseers of roads for that district. He may have left the country after the war, or he may have died and his family became scattered. He cannot be identified with Nathaniel Fairchild, eldest son of Noah Fairchild as the latter was born, according to the records about 1803." See Chapter II of this work.

"July 22, 1797, Eleazar Fairchild petition was presented before the Upper Canada (Ontario) Land Board at Newark, by Eleazar Fairchild, praying to have his military lands completed. Recommended for 2000 acres, including former grants as a sub-altern." (See the petitions of his daughters Ann and Phoebe in Chapter XXI of this work. Also see the letter of Verna B. Judd following).

Mr. Miller writes with reference to this Eleazar Fairchild's petition as follows:

"I can find no further reference to this Eleazar Fairchild's military services, although from the quantity of land granted, they must have been considerable. A further petition, the original of which I have not seen and hence cannot give its contents, was recorded in his name in 1805. Two years previously, his daughter, Anna, apparently the Ann of the order in council of Sept. 1800, of your genealogy. (See land records herein) petitioned for land under her married name, which was Tryon. Some of her descendants apparently settled in Essex County, west of here and they became involved in a law suit tried in the Court of Chancery for Ontario in 1867. I have quoted below a summary of the statement of claim, because of its peculiar interest:

"The bill in this case was filed by Elijah Tryon against Rosanna Peer and Stephen Peer, her husband, Louis Tryon, Sodena Brooker and William Brooker, her husband, and James Knapp, setting forth that Elias Fairfield Tryon, formerly of the Township of Mersea, in the County of Essex, Yeoman, died intestate, on or about the 26th day of December, 1865, leaving him surviving, his widow, Jane Tryon, and no issue and no father or mother.

"The heirs and the heiresses at law and the nearest collateral relatives of the said Elias Fairchild Tryon were the plaintiff and the defendants Sodena Brooker, and Louis Tryon, the sons and daughters of

Ashabel Tryon, deceased, formerly brother of the half-blood of the said Elias Fairchild Tryon and the defendant Rosanna Peer, daughter of Ephraim Tryon, deceased, formerly brother of Elias Fairchild Tryon, also the children of Jane Knapp, deceased, wife of the defendant, James Knapp, another daughter of the said Ephraim Tryon, which said children consisted of two sons and three daughters, all infants under the age of twenty-one years, and resident with or near their father, the said James Knapp, in the State of Iowa, in the United States of America, which is the most precise information of their residence the plaintiff has been able to obtain. . . ."

Reference for the above notes: 20th Report of the Department of Public Records and Archives of Ontario. Report of the Canadian Archives for 1892 (Ottawa, 1893); Report of Cases in the Court of Chancery, by Alexander Grant, Toronto, 1867.

Note: The United States census of 1790 records **Eleazer** Fairchild, 1st, and **Eleazer** Fairchild, 2nd, as the heads of families in New Milford, Connecticut.

Note: The compiler of this genealogy knows of no connection between the family of Eleazer Fairchild, above referred to, and the Colonial Governor Tryon of the Province of New York; nevertheless calls attention to the large number of acres received by him for his military services, and also to the fact that his daughters, Ann (Fairchild) Tryon and Phoebe Fairchild, children of Eleazer Fairchild of Younge petitioned for land as the daughters of a Loyalist; that Anna's married name was Anna Tryon, and that during the Revolutionary War Governor Tryon of the Province of New York, was an active Loyalist; that Tryon County in the Province of New York was named after him and after the close of the war the name of this county was changed to Montgomery County.

The Eleazer Fairchild referred to in the Canadian Land Records and in the foregoing notes in this chapter, was evidently the same man by that name listed in the Orcutt genealogy under Number 77, born December 1, 1724, who was the son of James Fairchild, Number 24 of the Orcutt genealogy, and a grandson of Zechariah Fairchild, Number 7 of the Orcutt genealogy. He was therefore of the fourth generation of the American Fairchilds.

April 23, 1944, a letter was received from Verna B. Judd, 707 Grande, Mesa, Arizona, from which the following excerpts were taken:

"My great grandmother was Phoebe Fairchild, wife of Robert Boyce of Yonge, Canada, born about 1789, daughter of Eleazer Fairchild. I think Eleazer Fairchild was a son of James Fairchild, who was a son of Zachariah Fairchild the son of Thomas Fairchild. Different ances-

tors of mine went from the New England States to Canada at the time of the Revolutionary War as they were Loyalists.

"My great grandfather, Robert Boyce's first wife was Abigail Knapp. The Knapps, Judds, and I think the Boyces went to Canada at the same time."

Referring to the information furnished by H. Orlo Miller of London, Ontario, set out immediately preceding the letter from Verna B. Judd in this chapter wherein he refers to James Knapp and his children having settled in Iowa, the writer states there is a creek in the northwest part of Johnson County, Iowa, called "Knapps Creek" which evidently received its name from some early settler by the name of Knapp. It is possible that that early settler was James Knapp because Johnson County was first opened for settlement in 1838 or 1839.

CHAPTER XVI

THE NAMES AND FAMILY HISTORY OF THE DESCENDANTS OF BENJAMIN FAIRCHILD, SR., (1721-1792-6), ANCESTOR OF MANY OF THE CANADIAN FAIRCHILDS, INCLUDING THE COMPILER OF THIS GENEALOGY

- A.—THOMAS FAIRCHILD, SR., the progenitor of the American Fairchilds, one of the founders and first settlers of Stratford, Connecticut, who settled in the wilderness there in 1639.
- B.—SAMUEL FAIRCHILD, 1st, (1640-1704), Number 2 of the Orcutt genealogy, set out in Chapter V of this genealogy, was the first white child born in Stratford. He married Mary Wheeler, daughter of Moses Wheeler, an early settler in Stratford who operated a ferry across the Housatonic River. See the preceding chapters for the names of the children of Samuel Fairchild, 1st.
- C.—SAMUEL FAIRCHILD, 2nd, of the third generation, the first child of Samuel Fairchild and Mary (Wheeler) Fairchild, is recorded in the Orcutt genealogy under Number 13, in Chapter V of this genealogy. He married, first, Ruth Beach, and second, Dinah Burwell. For the names of his children by both wives see Numbers 38 to 50, inclusive, of the Orcutt genealogy. The last child of Samuel Fairchild, 2nd, and his first wife, Ruth (Beach) Fairchild was,
- D.—BENJAMIN FAIRCHILD, SR., (1721-1792-6), of the fourth generation, Number 44 of the Orcutt genealogy. He married Melissa They had seven children named in the following pages. He and his brother, Samuel Fairchild, 3rd, were the heads of families at Queensbury, Washington County, N. Y., when the first census of the United States was taken in 1790. In 1792, when 71 years of age, he moved with "his aged wife" accompanied with most of his adult children from near Queensbury, N. Y., to Ontario, probably being partly persuaded to make this move so late in life by the report from Ontario of their sons, Benjamin Fairchild, Jr., and Isaac Fairchild, who were the first settlers in Brant County, Ontario. They were also probably influenced to some extent at least by the hardships the United Empire Loyalists were enduring in the State of New York after the close of the Revolutionary War. He died soon after moving to Ontario and was dead when his son, Benjamin Fairchild, Jr., filed a petition for a land grant with the Canadian Land Board in 1796. His aged wife was still living at that time. See the Canadian records with reference to land grants and petitions for land grants referred to in the following pages. See Chapter XXI.

Also see the quotation from Lossing's Field Book of the American Revolution set out in Chapter XV of this genealogy. Also see Chapter VIII for additional notes regarding Benjamin Fairchild, Sr.

As above stated, the United States census of 1790 records that Benjamin Fairchild, Sr., and his brother Samuel Fairchild, 3rd, were the heads of families at Queensbury, Washington County,

New York, and no other Benjamin Fairchild is shown in any of the Eastern States at that time, except a Benjamin Fairchild at Hudson Town, Columbia County, New York.

The New York Colonial Manuscript Land Papers at Albany, N. Y., Volume XLV, page 181, recite that September 17, 1787, Samuel Fairchild and others filed a petition, or claim for 600 acres of and adjoining the southwest corner of Queensbury, "*in virtue of possession.*"

The last clause in the above record, "*in virtue of possession,*" clearly indicates that Samuel Fairchild was residing on the land at the time of filing his petition, and the following excerpts from records and archives, abundantly prove the fact to be that Benjamin Fairchild, Sr., and his family, together with his brother Samuel Fairchild, 3rd, were residing near Queensbury, at least from 1787 to the time of the taking of the census in 1790.

In Volume XXXI, Page 35, under date of March 10, 1772, of the Colonial Manuscript Land Papers of New York is a record of a petition of Jesse Fairchild, son of Oliver Fairchild, which Oliver Fairchild was a brother of the above mentioned Samuel Fairchild, 3rd, and of Benjamin Fairchild, Sr., who, with associates petitioned for a license to purchase a tract of land from the Indians on the west side of Lake Champlain.

The Orcutt genealogy recites that a brother of these men, Stephen Fairchild, Number 46 of the Orcutt genealogy, was one of the early settlers in Fairfield, Vermont, and that Daniel Fairchild, Number 110½ of the Orcutt genealogy, son of Stephen Fairchild, located on the east side of Lake Champlain, and very likely his brother, Agur Fairchild, located near Queensbury, N. Y. See references to Daniel Fairchild and Agur Fairchild in Chapter II of this genealogy, all of which indicates a general movement on the part of the family of Samuel Fairchild, 2d, Number 13 of the Orcutt genealogy, northward to the newer sections of the country, including Ontario. See reference to Daniel Fairchild in Chapter XV.

The Public Records and Archives of Canada, excerpts of which were furnished by Dr. J. J. Talman from Toronto, and L. Brault from Ottawa, as hereinbefore stated, together with the census of 1790, establish that Benjamin Fairchild, Sr., was the same man as Benjamin Fairchild, born in 1721, Number 44 of the Orcutt genealogy, and that he was an United Empire Loyalist under General Burgoyne; that he came to Ontario from New York with his aged wife, Matissal, or Melissa and all of their adult children in 1792, at which time he would have been 71

years of age; that he was dead when his son, Benjamin Fairchild, Jr., filed a petition for a land grant in 1796; that his aged wife was still living at that time. These records also recite that his eldest son, the Reverend Peter Fairchild, who is recorded as being the head of a family at Queensbury, N. Y., in 1790, "was born in the province of New York and joined the Royal Army under General Burgoyne in 1777 and remained till the capitulation, *when he returned to his father's house which was at that time within the British lines.*"

The following affidavit furnished by H. Orlo Miller from the Land Records of Canada, without any doubt refers to Samuel Fairchild, 3rd, Number 40 of the Orcutt genealogy, and his brother Benjamin Fairchild, Sr., Number 44 of the Orcutt genealogy, and establishes beyond controversy that they were living near Queensbury, N. Y., before the taking of the 1790 census which records them as the heads of families there at that time. The affidavit was made at Argyle near Ft. Edwards, not far from Queensbury:

"From the second report of the Bureau of Archives for the Province of Ontario by Alexander Fraser, Provincial Archivist, 1904 (Toronto, 1905). United Empire Loyalists—Enquiry into the Losses and Services in Consequence of their Loyalty—Evidence in the Canadian Claims."

"The following is from the proceedings of Loyalist Commissioners, Montreal, 1787-8, Vol. XII, before Commissioner Dundas, pp. 376-7 of the above report:

"Montreal, 9th January 1788.

292. Evidence on the claim of JOSEPH JESSUP, late of Albany County, New York Province.

"Claimant sworn.

Says he is a native of America & in 1775 lived on Jessup's patent. When the war broke out he took an early and decided part in favour of Great Britain and came to Canada with his Brothers, Coll., & Major Jessup. Neither before that time or since has he joined the Americans or acted with them. He bore arms in his Brother Coll. Jessup's Corps as Captain, and now received half pay as such. Since the peace he has resided at Sorel.

"He has lately been 12 months in the States for the purpose of Enquiring into the Situation of his Property & that of his Brothers. He found his property had not been sold under confiscation & he has gained Possession of the greater part of his own, although great damage has been done to it in the course of the War. . . .

"Produces affidavit Sworn by Benj. Fairchild & Samuel Fairchild before Adrel Sherwood, at Argyle, near Ft. Edward, 14th July, 1787 to Claimt., being in possession of stock and furniture, L 73.18 Y Cury, with Grain, etc., etc., and that the above were taken for the Use of the Public by Order of a Committee."

"Wits., Major Edward Jessup, Sworn, Claimt., Joseph Jessup is his Br. He was always & well attached to Gt. Britain. He came to Canada in 1776 with Wits."

"Wits. knows Benjn. & Saml. Fairchild. They are men of varacity."

The Canadian records support the claim that Benjamin Fairchild, Jr., son of Benjamin Fairchild, Sr., was an Indian interpreter soon after the Revolutionary War, and other records at a later date record his appointment as Indian Interpreter and Lieutenant for the Canadian Government in the Office of Indian Affairs. Thus tending to establish the claim and family tradition to the effect that he had been a captive of the Mohawk Indians before Ontario was settled by the whites, and further bearing out the statement of Isaac Ernest Fairchild as set out in his genealogy to the effect that this Benjamin Fairchild, Jr., was later employed by the Government as an Indian interpreter and secretary for many years to the Governor of Canada.

See the record of his appointment as interpreter and lieutenant and the report of Fairchild and of Chief John Brant, as interpreters in the following pages of this chapter.

We know the date of the birth of Isaac Fairchild, the Brant County pioneer and first settler, from the inscription on his monument to be 1769, and assuming that his brother, Peter Fairchild, known as the Reverend Peter Fairchild and first pastor of "The Old Boston Baptist Church" had reached his majority when he joined the Royal Standard in 1777, this would indicate that he must have been born not later than 1756, although he may have joined the army before reaching 21 years of age. However, his fifth daughter and sixth child, Sarah Fairchild, the first white child born between the Grand River and Lake Erie, was born in the pioneer cabin in the wilderness, March 26, 1794. The U. S. census of 1790 records that Peter Fairchild was the head of a house near Queensbury, N. Y., at that time with five children in his family.

Also assuming that his father, Benjamin Fairchild, Sr., had enjoyed the average span of life of the members of the Fairchild family, which would probably be about 75 years, it becomes evident that he must have been born about 1721, although his son, Isaac Fairchild, the pioneer, was 90 years old at the time of his death.

Orcutt, in his genealogy of Stratford and Bridgeport, makes mention of no other Benjamin Fairchild down to and including the fourth generation and he gives the date of birth of this Benjamin Fairchild as being 1721, and also lists the names of his brothers and sisters. See Chapter V of this genealogy.

The compiler of this genealogy endeavored to find some records of his birth, other than the Orcutt genealogy, without suc-

cess, nevertheless has no doubt but that he was the same Benjamin Fairchild as the Benjamin Fairchild referred to and listed by Orcutt as Number 44, who was the last child of Samuel Fairchild, 2nd, Number 13 of the Orcutt genealogy, and his first wife Ruth (Beach) Fairchild, who died nine months after Benjamin was born.

It is also noticeable that Benjamin Fairchild, Sr., of Canada, named one of his daughters Ruth, evidently naming her after his mother, and he also named his oldest son Peter, evidently naming him after one of his brothers, and that Samuel was the name given to the first child of his son, Isaac Fairchild, who was evidently named after Isaac Fairchild's uncle Samuel, who lived near them at Queensbury, N. Y., before the family of Benjamin, Sr., moved to Ontario, as is evidenced by the affidavit above referred to offered in evidence in re Joseph Jessup's claim, which affidavit had been signed at Argyle, N. Y., near Ft. Edward, by Benjamin Fairchild, Sr., and Samuel Fairchild, brothers, at that time residing near Queensbury, N. Y., as is evidenced by the affidavit taken at Argyle, N. Y.—the petition filed for the 600 acres of land adjoining the southwest corner of Queensbury "*in virtue of possession*"—the United States census of 1790 recording that Benjamin Fairchild, Sr., and Samuel Fairchild were the heads of families in Queensbury and also recording that Peter Fairchild was the head of a family there with one son under 16 years of age and five females in his family, one of whom would be his wife, Sarah (Fuller) Fairchild, and the other four his daughters—the records of Ontario showing that Sarah Fairchild, the fifth daughter of the Reverend Peter Fairchild, was the first white child born between the Grand River and Lake Erie, born in the pioneer cabin March 26, 1794, not far from the spot where the "Old Boston Baptist Church" was afterwards erected—taking all of this recorded evidence into consideration, together with other facts and circumstances, it appears to the compiler of this genealogy to conclusively establish that the Benjamin Fairchild, Sr., of Ontario, was the same man as the Benjamin Fairchild, Number 44 of the Orcutt genealogy, born in March, 1721, who was the last child of Samuel Fairchild, 2nd, and his first wife, Ruth (Beach) Fairchild, of Stratford, Connecticut.

The seven children of Benjamin Fairchild, Sr., Number 44 of the Orcutt genealogy, of the fourth generation of the American Fairchilds, and his wife, Melissa Fairchild, were probably all

born in the Province of New York. They would be of the fifth generation of the American Fairchilds and were named as follows:

PETER FAIRCHILD, 1st, known in Ontario as the Reverend Peter Fairchild, pastor of the Old Boston Baptist Church, and one of its founders.

MARY FAIRCHILD, who married John Meyers.

BENJAMIN FAIRCHILD, JR., the Indian captive and later the Indian interpreter and Lieutenant for the Canadian Government. See record in this chapter.

JOSHUA FAIRCHILD, JR., see the following pages of this chapter.

RUTH FAIRCHILD, married Daniel Springer. They were the first settlers in Delaware, Middlesex County, Ontario. See the following pages of this chapter.

DEBORAH FAIRCHILD, married Mordecia Sayles. See following pages of this chapter.

ISAAC FAIRCHILD, (1769-1859), the first settler in Brant County, Ontario, married Lucy Kilbourn, whose parents settled in Delaware Twp. Middlesex County, Ontario, about the time that Daniel Springer and Ruth (Fairchild) Springer, settled there. See last part of this chapter and Chapter XVII of this genealogy. He was the great grandfather of the compiler of this genealogy.

PETER FAIRCHILD, 1st, above named as the oldest son of Benjamin Fairchild, Sr., and Melissa Fairchild, was probably born in Dutchess County, Province of New York, about 1750-56. He was an United Empire Loyalist under General Burgoyne. The first census of the United States records him as the head of a family in 1790, at Queensbury, N. Y., with one son under 16 years of age and five females in the family one of whom, no doubt was his wife, Sarah (Fuller) Fairchild and the other four would be his daughters. Owen in his History of the Long Point Settlement of Ontario records his fifth daughter, Sarah, as having been born in the pioneer cabin in Ontario, March 26, 1794. The Canadian records hereinafter referred to recite the "Peter Fairchild was born in the Province of New York, (now the State of New York) and that he joined the Royal Army under General Burgoyne in the year 1777; that he remained till the capitulation when he returned to his father's house which was at that time within the British lines."

E. A. Owens, in his Pioneer Sketches of the Long Point Settlement writes as follows with reference to Peter Fairchild:

"Elder Peter Fairchild married Sarah Fuller in New Jersey (?) and when the Province of Upper Canada was only about three years old, he came with his family and settled in the wilderness about three miles northeast of Boston."

This would indicate that he settled in Brant County, Ontario. However, he probably settled just south of the Brant County line in Norfolk County, sometime before 1794, probably in 1792 when the other members of his father's family settled in Ontario. He married Sarah Fuller, probably about the time of the Revolu-

tionary War and very likely married her in the Province of New York, although Owen in his history states he married her in New Jersey. He had five children, probably born in New York before he moved to Ontario, according to the census of 1790. The Canadian archives record that after the capitulation of Burgoyne in 1777, he returned to his father's house, which doubtless was near Queensbury, New York, and the census of 1790 records that he was the head of a family at Queensbury at that time. Owen states that he came to Ontario and settled in the wilderness before the surveyor and it was several years before he had a neighbor and the Canadian land records show that he made application for a and grant as early as July 24, 1793, and also on April 18, 1794. His *fifth* daughter, Sarah Fairchild, was born in the pioneer cabin March 26, 1794, and, as stated by Owen, was the first white child born in the County. Other records record that she was the first white child born between the Grand River and Lake Erie. Other children were born to this pioneer couple after settling in Ontario, for as will be seen, he raised a family of five sons and seven daughters, some of whom were born in N. Y.

E. A. Owen writes that after other families began to settle in the wilderness near where the Reverend Peter Fairchild and his family had settled, they convened under the trees in the wilderness, October 21, 1804, near the spot where the old graveyard was later located and covenanted with each other towards the organization and building of the "Old Boston Baptist Church." This was probably the first church ever built by white men in Ontario, having been built soon after the building of the Mohawk Indian Church by Chief Joseph Brant. Boston is close to the boundary line between Brant County and Norfolk County, Ontario.

The Reverend Peter Fairchild became the first pastor of this church, a position he held for fourteen consecutive years. See excerpts from Owen's Pioneer Sketches of the Long Point Settlement, Chapter XXII of this work.

The children of the Reverend Peter Fairchild would be of the sixth generation of the American family of Fairchild, and were as follows:

BENJAMIN FAIRCHILD
PETER FAIRCHILD
ISREAL FAIRCHILD
ABIAL FAIRCHILD
CORNELIUS FAIRCHILD
ELIZABETH FAIRCHILD

ESTHER FAIRCHILD
REBECCA FAIRCHILD
RACHEL FAIRCHILD
RUTH FAIRCHILD
MOLLY FAIRCHILD
SARAH FAIRCHILD

See the following pages for further information regarding the descendants of Peter Fairchild, Chapters XX, XXI, XXII.

In a letter received from a cousin of the writer, Hazel (Kinnard) Patterson, of Brantford, Ontario, December 24, 1938, she wrote that she visited the Oakland Cemetery, near Boston, Ontario, where the Reverend Peter Fairchild was buried but found no monument over his grave. However, she found the monument of his son, Peter Fairchild and grandson, Peter M. Fairchild, the inscription thereon reading as follows:

"Peter Fairchild, 1810-1894
Sarah Fairchild, his wife, 1814-1901
Peter M. Fairchild, 1847-1913"

In 1938, my cousin, Elbourn Kinnard, of Brant County, Ontario, born in 1853, informed me that the Reverend Peter Fairchild had died before Elbourn was born; that his son, Peter Fairchild, Jr., (1810-1894), had often visited Elbourn's parents in his lifetime.

See Chapter XX by H. Orlo Miller for further information regarding Peter Fairchild and his descendants. Also see Chapter XXII of this work for excerpts from the works of Tasker and Owen, and excerpts from the Canadian Records and Archives.

Among the miscellaneous items furnished the writer by H. Orlo Miller of London, Ontario, are the following items:

"The Farmers and Business Directory for the Counties of Elgin, Middlesex, Norfolk and Oxford for 1888 shows the following Fairchilds in Norfolk County:

Charlotteville	(Addison Fairchild—Concession 5, Lot 9
Township	(Francis Fairchild—Concession 5, Lot 9
	(Henry Fairchild—Concession 4, Lot 10
Townsend	(Peter Fairchild—Concession 1, Lot 17
Township	(Peter M. Fairchild—Concession 1, Lot 17
Walsingham Twp.	(Joseph Fairchild—Concession 11, Lot 24
Windham Township	(C. L. Fairchild—Concession 4, Lot 23

"It is worth while noting here that the lot on which Peter Fairchild and Peter M. Fairchild were living in 1888, is the same lot granted in 1793 to Peter Fairchild of Townsend, the eldest son of Benjamin Fairchild, Sr."

2. BENJAMIN FAIRCHILD, JR., was born in Dutchess County, Province of New York, probably about 1765, before his parents moved northward and settled at Queensbury, N. Y. He was taken as a captive by the Mohawk Indians when a mere lad and was taken to Canada, before any white men were in that country as is stated in the obituary of the writer's grandfather printed in the Brantford Expositor in Brantford, Ontario,

April 10th, 1884. Without doubt he learned the Mohawk Indian language while a captive among the Indians which enabled him afterwards to act as a Government Interpreter. See references to him in the Canadian records hereinafter set out, among which are the applications for land grants and the record of his appointment as Government Interpreter and Lieutenant in Indian Affairs. Also see the report of Interpreters Fairchild and Brant after a conference with various Indian Chiefs at Ten-mile Creek, taken from Claus Papers in the Public Archives of Canada excerpts of which are set out in this chapter, and see the obituary of Timothy Marsh Fairchild in Chapter XVII.

The interpreter Brant, above referred to, was, without doubt, Chief John Brant, who was a son of Chief Joseph Brant, chief of the Mohawks. John Brant was a well educated Mohawk Indian, who, after his father's death, became chief of the Mohawks. See *The Life of Joseph Brant* by Stone and see the following pages of this chapter where he is referred to as Te-Karihaga, a Mohawk chief.

In the obituary above mentioned it is written that Benjamin Fairchild, Jr., was taken as a captive by the Mohawk Indians in the Province of New York and taken to that part of Ontario near where Hamilton and Brantford are now before any white settler ever settled in that part of the Province and that thereafter, Benjamin Fairchild, Jr., and his brother Isaac Fairchild, the father of Timothy Marsh Fairchild (1799-1884), established the first trading post in that part of Ontario, first at Port Credit on Lake Ontario northeast from where Hamilton now is located, and then on Fairchild's Creek in Brant County, not far from where Brantford is now located. Evidently Benjamin Fairchild, Jr., afterwards settled with his family, first at Ancaster where two of his daughters were born about 1792, or before that date, as is shown by the Canadian Land Records, and later he evidently settled in Norfolk County and still later at Niagara. The land records hereinafter set out record that he was mentioned in a petition by his wife (F. 18, No. 10), acted upon June 5th, 1811, as an Indian Interpreter, and other records set out in this chapter record that he was duly appointed as Lieutenant and Indian Interpreter for the Government.

He married first, Mary Hare, and second, Margaret Van Alstine.

Mr. H. Orlo Miller also furnished the following items regarding Benjamin Fairchild, Jr.:

"There are a number of records in the London District Court for the years between 1836 and 1844, with reference to JOHN H. FAIRCHILD, who, I fully believe, was John Hare Fairchild, son of Benjamin Fair-

child, Jr., and Mary (Hare) Fairchild. Unfortunately I can discover nothing further regarding him other than he was a resident of the London District during those years.

"References: London District Court Records, Series B. Nos. 236, 374, 410. Series BB, Nos. 63, 272. Series C, Nos. 32, 542."

"The following items refer, indubitably, to Benjamin Fairchild, Jr., the Indian Interpreter, who settled at Niagara. It will be noted that other references place him as a resident of the London District, probably in Norfolk County, and the latter refer to his services in the militia in the War of 1812-14. From the parish records of Niagara (quoted in a footnote on page 4 of these notes) it is apparent that he must have settled permanently at that place at some time prior to 1805.

"From MS Minutes of the Court of General Quarter Sessions of the Peace for the London District, from 1st April, 1800 to 12th September, 1809.

"October the 18th, 1800. The Court met According to Adjournment and opened.

* * * * *

"Benjamin Fairchild, Ensign of the Militia of Norfolk, came into Court, and took the Oath of Allegiance (sic) as such.

"Thomas Horner, Esquire, with Joseph Ryerson, Esquire, and Benjamin Fairchild, entered into Regular Recognizance, as the said Thomas Horner being appointed by His Excellency the Lieut. Governor, Register of Deeds, Conveyances, Wills and other encumbrances &c., &c., for the Counties of Oxford & Middlesex, before Samuel Ryerse, William Spurgin, Peter Teeple, John Backhouse & John Bemer, Esquires, Justices, who approved of the Principals and Sureties: And the said Thomas Horner was sworn into Office as Register as aforesaid, before Samuel Ryerse, William Spurgin and John Backhouse, Esquires, in Open Court.

* * * * *

January the 13th, 1801

District of London (The General Quarter Sessions of the Peace Holden
To Wit (at the house of James Monro in Charlotteville

in and for said District on the 13th day of January, in the Forty first year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord George the Third of Great Britain, France and Ireland, King, defender of the Faith, and so forth: Before the Justices of our said Lord and King, assigned to keep the Peace in the said District, and also to hear and determine divers Felonies, Trespases, and other Misdemeanors in the said District committed, and of the Quorum.

1. Samuel Ryerse, Esquire, Chairman
2. William Spurgin
3. Peter Teeple
4. John Bemer
5. Wyant Williams
6. Daniel Springer
7. Thomas Horner, Esquire, Associate Justices

* * * * *

"Proclamation made, the Commission of the Peace, and the Act for the better Securing the Province against the Kings Enemies, Publicly read, and the Court opened in due form.

The Grand Inquest

- | | |
|----------------------------|-----------------------|
| 1. William Hambly, Foreman | 8. BENJAMIN FAIRCHILD |
| 2. Stephen Bartow | 9. Charles Burch |
| 3. Robert Davis | 10. David Parmer |
| 4. Leonard Clouse | 11. Samuel Canfield |
| 5. John Coltman | 12. Elisha Haskin |
| 6. David Secord | 13. Seth Putnam |

7. JOSHUA FAIRCHILD*

*Obviously, Joshua, son of Benjamin Fairchild, Sr.

"From the Documentary History of the Campaign of the Niagara Frontier. Collected and edited for the Lundy's Lane Historical Society by Lt.-Col. E. Cruikshank. Part II, Page 214.

GENERAL ORDER

ADJUTANT-GENERAL'S OFFICE

MONTREAL, 13th Nov. 1812

"G. O. The Commander of the Forces has been pleased to approve of the following appointments in the Indian Department of Upper Canada, at the rate of pay opposite their respective names, from the 25th of October inclusive:

* * * * *

Benjamin Fairchild, Lieutenant and Interpreter, at 7/6 per day.
Peter Fairchild, Assistant Storekeeper, at 2/6 per day. Edward Baynes, A. G. N. A. (The above were doubtless, Benjamin Fairchild, Jr., and the Reverend Peter Fairchild, sons of Benjamin Fairchild, Sr., Number 44 of the Orcutt genealogy).

"The following two items are from the Claus Papers in the Public Archives of Canada, reprinted in the 'Documentary History of the Campaign Upon the Niagara Frontier in the year 1813.' Part II. Collected and edited for the Lundy's Lane Historical Society by Lieut. Col. E. Cruikshank."

"Colonel Claus to Lieutenant Colonel Harvey
TEN MILE CREEK, 10 P.M. July 5th, 1813

"SIR — Interpreters Fairchild and Brant have just returned from Queenston and reported the conversation with the Tuscaroras. I enclose a copy. The interpreters are of the opinion that the Indians in the American territory expect that the British troops will shortly cross and are anxious to know how they will be treated. At the Council alluded to at the Standing Stone all the Indian Nations there renewed their friendship. The Indians have not returned from the Four Mile Creek nor will they without doing something, nor have the Indians that went to Queenston this morning returned.

"P. S. — A general Council is to be held at Buffalo Creek, five days from date.

Conversations with the Tuscaroras at Queenston, 5th July, 1813."

"The Onondagas saluted the old Tuscarora chief and nine others with him. Katwerota, an Onondaga chief, spoke: We understand it is your wish to see and speak with us. We have now come to hear what you have to say.

"TeKarihaga, a Mohawk chief, said: Brothers, the Onondagas have

spoken and told you we are ready to hear what you have to say. The chiefs of 16 Nations are here to listen.

"Osequirison, the Tuscarora chief, spoke: Brothers, our desire to see you is to know whether the same sentiments of friendship exist that you expressed at Standing Stone (Brownstown) two year ago.

"Notwithstanding we are separated by the contention between the British and the Americans our sentiments are still the same.

"Katwerota spoke again: Brothers, you see, notwithstanding the report that the British are weak, the Great Spirit is with us and we are able to take possession again. As the King has been obliged to give ground at Niagara we wish to understand from you whether you are induced to take part with the Americans or not. We wish to know what you had to communicate to us in particular?

"Osequirison: These times have been very hard, and we labor under great difficulties being so near the lines, and we wish to know whether your sentiments are still friendly towards us, and if you cross the river whether you will hurt us?

"Katwerota — That will depend on yourselves. If you take no part with the Americans we shall meet you with the same friendship as we ever did, and we look for the day when you shall see our faces on your side of the water. We have no contention with you. It is the King and the Americans, and we have taken part with the King. We will contend for his rights.

"TeKarihaga — Brothers, we take leave of you. The head of our army and your friend, the head of our department, salute you."

See Chapter XX by H. Orlo Miller for further information regarding Benjamin Fairchild, Jr., the Indian Interpreter. Also see Chapters XXI and XXII for the Canadian Records respecting him and his descendants.

In Stone's Life of Joseph Brant, Vol. II, page 500, it is written that "The official title of the principal chief of the Six Nations Indians is TeKarihoeaga; to which station John Brant, the fourth and youngest son of Chief Joseph Brant was appointed." Hence, one of the chiefs speaking at the above mentioned council was the interpreter and chief, John Brant, son of Chief Joseph Brant.

Note: The Canadian Land Records, F. 18, No. 10, and F. 55, No. 10, and F. 56, No. 10, hereinafter set out, record that two of the daughters of Benjamin Fairchild, Jr., MARGARET FAIRCHILD and ELIZABETH FAIRCHILD, were born at Ancaster, Ontario, about 1792, because they must have been 21 years of age when their petitions for land grants were filed and their petitions were acted upon by the Council, February and March, 1813. See the records in Chapter XXI of this genealogy.

Mr. H. Orlo Miller also furnished the following item regarding Mary (Hare) Fairchild, the first wife of Benjamin Fairchild, Jr.:

"On April 11, 1797, the following petition was received by the Upper Canada Land Board at Newark:

"'MARY FAIRCHILD, (wife of Benjamin Fairchild, Jr.), praying

to be confirmed in Lots 17 in the 1st and 2nd Concessions of Louth with their broken fronts. Ordered that notice be given to Mr. Hare, Mr. Fairchild and to Mr. Clark to attend the Council on Tuesday next.' "

"Without quoting details in full, it is apparent from previous petitions, that this Mary Fairchild was the daughter of Captain Peter Hare, an officer in Butler's Rangers. The land mentioned in her petition was deeded to Mary (Hare) Fairchild by her brother, William. The land concerned is in the Niagara District, and I feel sure that this Mary Hare was the first wife of Benjamin Fairchild, Jr., who settled in Niagara."

Reference: 19th Report of the Department of Public Records and Archives of Ontario.

3. **RUTH FAIRCHILD**, of the fifth generation, probably was born in the Province of New York, as were her brothers, Peter, Benjamin and Isaac Fairchild and perhaps others of the family. The date of her birth is unknown to the writer. She was still alive in 1837, when she testified in court. One record gives her death as having been in 1856, but it is not verified. Her youngest brother, Isaac Fairchild, was born in 1769 and died in 1859, according to the inscription on his monument, and the above date of the death of Ruth Fairchild is probably correct.

She married Daniel Springer, probably in Albany County, Province of New York and they settled in Delaware Township, Middlesex County, Ontario. They were the first settlers in that township, according to the account of the Kilbourne family as given by Aaron Kilbourne, which was the second family to settle in Delaware Township, Middlesex County. See the excerpt from the Kilbourne genealogy under Isaac Fairchild, following.

It is apparent that Ruth (Fairchild) Springer was named after her grandmother, Ruth (Beach) Fairchild, the wife of Samuel Fairchild, 2nd, (1683-), Number 13 of the Orent genealogy.

Daniel Springer died June 17, 1826. The records show that during the time he was a prisoner at war in the War of 1812-14, when he was taken to Kentucky, Ruth (Fairchild) Springer returned to live with her folks on the Grand River, evidently referring to her brother, Isaac Fairchild, or to her brother, the Reverend Peter Fairchild, who lived some distance from the river. Possibly her parents, Benjamin Fairchild, Sr., and Melissa Fairchild lived on the Grand River at that time.

Extended histories of the Springer family and the Westbrook family, with whom the Fairchild family intermarried, furnished by H. Orlo Miller, are set out in the following pages of this work to which the reader is referred for further information regarding some of the members of those families and of their descendants.

However, in passing, attention is called to the account of the killing of the son of Chief Joseph Brant, the Mohawk Chief, as related by Stone in his *Life of Joseph Brant*, and to the fact that Isaac Fairchild witnessed this affray and was, without doubt, one of the white men who endeavored to separate the Chief and his son. Attention is also called to the fact that Mrs. Colonel Beasley, referred to in Stone's account of the affray,

was Henrietta Springer before her marriage and was a sister-in-law of Ruth (Fairchild) Springer.

See Chapter XX by H. Orlo Miller for further information respecting Ruth (Fairchild) Springer and her husband Daniel Springer.

4. MARY FAIRCHILD, daughter of Benjamin Fairchild, Sr., and his wife Melissa Fairchild, married John Meyers of King Township, Ontario. See Canadian Land Records hereinafter set out regarding her petitions and land grants to her.
5. JOSHUA FAIRCHILD, of the fifth generation, probably the fifth child of Benjamin Fairchild, Sr., Number 44 of the Orcutt genealogy, and his wife Melissa Fairchild, is probably the ancestor of ARTHUR HENRY ROLPH FAIRCHILD, Ph.D., professor of English in the University of Missouri, at Columbia. Joshua Fairchild was probably born near Queensbury, N. Y., where his parents were living before moving to Ontario in 1792.

In January, 1940, the writer received a gift from Dr. Fairchild of Columbia, Mo., of a copy of his recent work entitled *Shakespeare and the Arts of Design*, (Architecture, Sculpture and Painting). This work by Dr. Fairchild is the first work on Shakespeare published in Missouri since the days of Benton J. Snider of St. Louis, who was a Shakespeare pioneer of some fifty years ago. Dr. Fairchild's work has received favorable review in this country and abroad. In a more recent letter he states that in his research work he was interested in discovering a reference to a John Fairchild, Painter-Stainer, who was residing on the Old London Bridge between 1734-1750, and that that Fairchild family was recently referred to in Burke's Landed Gentry among some twenty thousand American families that originated in England.

In one of his letters with reference to his line of descent he writes that his father's name was John Fairchild, a merchant at Headford, Ontario, and later a farmer near Teston, both places being near Richmond Hill, about 15 miles from Toronto, and that Dr. Fairchild was about five years old when his father died.

In another letter he wrote: "I have just found material which I drew from my grandfather's will: Benjamin Fairchild died at Charlotteville, (Norfolk County), Canada, having had issue of Joshua Fairchild, who had issue with three other sons, Benjamin, Charles, Joshua, and two daughters, Ruth and Jennie, of an elder son, John Fairchild, of Headford, Ontario, Canada, born 1832; died 1879; married Sarah Thompkins, who died leaving issue, Arthur Henry Rolph Fairchild (Dr. Fairchild of Missouri) and Louie Maude Fairchild, died 1887."

In another letter he wrote, "My grandfather's name also my great grandfather's name was Benjamin, so that I am connected with that group. My father had a brother named Joshua, and another Charles, both dead, also a sister Jennie, who died a few years ago. All of them moved to Fresno, California, years ago."

In the information and excerpts from the Canadian Records furnished by H. Orlo Miller, of London, Ontario, are found the names of Benjamin Fairchild, Jr., and his brother Joshua Fairchild, who are mentioned in the records of the General Quarter Session of the London District under date of 1801, as members of the Grand Inquest. See note under Benjamin Fairchild, preceding, also see the names of the children of Peter Fairchild.

The following is a biographical sketch culled from works in the Libraries in Iowa City, Iowa:

"ARTHUR HENRY ROLPH FAIRCHILD, Professor of English, born Headford, Ontario, Canada, Nov. 7, 1875; son of John and Sarah Jane (Thompkins) Fairchild, A.B. University of Toronto, 1900; A.M. Yale, 1903, Ph.D. 1904; studied in the Universities of Oxford and Göttingen 1908-9; married Anna Elizabeth Workman of Grand Rapids, Michigan, June 23rd, 1915; one son, Arthur Henry Rolph Fairchild, Fellowship in English, University of Wisconsin, 1900-01; instructor in English 1904-05; assistant professor 1905-11; associate professor 1911-14; professor since 1914, University of Missouri. Member of Modern Language Association of America and other societies. Author of several books including the Making of Poetry; contributor to Philosophy Journals. Traveled and studied in Europe in 1932."

6. DEBORAH FAIRCHILD, daughter of Benjamin Fairchild, Sr., and his wife Melissa Fairchild, was also born in New York and probably in Dutchess County, or near Queensbury. She married Mordecia Sayles of Oxford, Ontario. See petitions and orders in council for land grants in the Canadian Records hereinafter set out. The following was furnished by H. Orlo Miller of London, Ontario:

"This note is with reference to Deborah Fairchild, daughter of Benjamin Fairchild, Sr., and Melissa Fairchild, who married Mordecia Sayles of Oxford County. The following petition definitely refers to her. It was read before the Upper Canadian Land Board on June 29th, 1796:

"Read the petition of Mordecia Sayles stating he had received 200 acres of land and has a wife and eight children and having a promise from His Excellency for an additional thousand acres prays for a grant of the same; that he married a daughter of the late Benjamin Fairchild, a loyalist. Recommended for 200 acres in right of his wife the daughter of a loyalist, and 400 acres for himself."

"The land previously received by Mordecia Sayles was that petitioned for on July 24, 1793, along with Peter Fairchild, Benjamin Fairchild, Isaac Fairchild and Daniel Fairchild, set out in the Canadian Records. From the inference given in this petition Deborah Fairchild

must have married Mordecia Sayles some 10 or 15 years previously, i.e., 1780, 1785."

Note: Deborah Fairchild must have married Mordecia Sayles in New York, probably at Queensbury, N. Y., and their names would therefore be listed in the census of 1790 although the list has not been examined by the compiler of this genealogy for names other than that of Fairchild.

7. ISAAC FAIRCHILD, (1769-1859), of the fifth generation, evidently the youngest child of Benjamin Fairchild, Sr., Number 44 of the Orcutt genealogy, and his wife Melissa Fairchild, was born in Dutchess County, N. Y., according to the obituary printed in the Brantford Expositor in Brantford, Ontario, April 10, 1884, announcing the death of his second child, Timothy Marsh Fairchild (1799-1884). He was the first settler in Brant County, Ontario, and probably the first settler in Western Ontario, having established the first trading post with the Mohawk Indians, first at Port Credit on the north shore of Lake Ontario, north-east from where Hamilton is now located, and later on Fairchild Creek in Brant County, not far from Brantford, and a few miles from where his brother, the Reverend Peter Fairchild settled a few years later. See the copy of the above mentioned obituary in the following chapter of this genealogy.

Isaac Fairchild married Lucy Kilbourne of the family of Kilbournes, of Delaware Township, Middlesex County, Ontario. He was one of the white men present at the time of the assault on Chief Joseph Brant by his son, Isaac Brant, which resulted in the death of Isaac Brant as reported by Stone in his Life of Joseph Brant. It appears certain that he was not only a witness to this affray, but also was one of the white men who endeavored to separate father and son. See Chapter XVII of this genealogy for further information regarding this affray. Also see the obituary above referred to in Chapter XVII following.

The following item was furnished by Mr. Miller of London, Ontario:

"The Kilbourn genealogy, which I was attempting to locate, and on which I based my hopes of determining the ancestry of Lucy Kilbourn, turned up eventually, but still only in part. Of the pages available, only four children of Joseph Kilbourn are dealt with, but from the evidence there can be no doubt that this is the family of which Lucy Kilbourn was a member. I have extracted below, a few of the pertinent details from the surviving pages of this very rare genealogy:

According to the narrative of Aaron Kilbourn, his father Joseph Kilbourn, died at Delaware, Ontario, in 1817, aged 72 years, which means he was born about 1745. The four children listed were:

Susannah, b. in Litchfield, Conn., July 4, 1766.

Timothy, b. in Litchfield, Conn., June 11, 1768; died at Delaware, Ontario.

Elizabeth, b. in Litchfield, June 4, 1770; died in childhood.

Aaron, b. in Litchfield, Jan. 30, 1773.

"Aaron Kilbourn wrote an account of his life and career for the unknown compiler of the Kilbourn genealogy, which is given in its entirety in the remaining 12 or 13 pages of the genealogy. Much of the narrative is taken up with the part played by Joseph, the father, and

the sons, Timothy and Aaron in the famous "war" between the settlers under the Connecticut claim and the Government of Pennsylvania County in the valley of the Susquehannah. The tale is of engrossing interest, but is of little value in respect to the Fairchild genealogy. The movements of the family as given therein are, roughly: From Connecticut to Misshopping Creek, near Wilkesbarre, in 1787; from there they removed in 1789 to Geneva, N. Y., where the father, Joseph, erected a number of mills; in 1794, the family came to Canada and settled, first at Niagara Falls, and finally in 1795 they settled in Delaware. (Middlesex County, Ont.)

"Aaron's narrative says of this move: 'In 1795, at the age of twenty-two years, I was married in Phelps, Ontario, N. Y., to Miss Hannah, daughter of Benjamin Woodhull, from Long Island and soon after with my father, brother and other members of the family, settled in Delaware, Middlesex County, Canada West. Timothy and myself having sold our property in the United States for L. 500. The County of Middlesex at that time was a vast wilderness, inhabited by Indians, who lived by fishing and the chase. Our new home was near the banks of the Thames, about 140 miles west of Niagara Falls. There was not a blacksmith shop or mill within sixty miles of us and the only road was an Indian war path. There was but one white family in Delaware Township when we arrived. . . .'"

"The solitary white family in Delaware, mentioned by Aaron Kilbourn was undoubtedly Daniel and Ruth (Fairchild) Springer, and this fact may explain how Isaac Fairchild first met his future wife Lucy. In visiting his sister, Mrs. Springer, in that primitive wilderness, he probably met the other white residents of the township, the Kilbourn family."

Note: The name of "Timothy" in the Canadian branch of the Fairchild family came from Timothy Kilbourn, or Kilbourne as it is written in the Fairchild family. Lucy (Kilbourn) Fairchild having named her second son Timothy, after her brother Timothy Kilbourne. See obituary of Timothy Fairchild and other records in the following pages of this work, and see the names of many of the later descendants of Isaac Fairchild and Lucy (Kilbourne) Fairchild in the following pages.

In Wilcoxson's History of Stratford, pages 103, 104, mention is made of a Frances Kilbourn, daughter of Thomas Kilbourn, who married Thomas Uffoot, and that administration of her estate was granted to John Kilbourn, her brother, and in the distribution of her estate her three sisters are mentioned as Margaret, wife of Richard Law; Lydi, wife of Robert Howard; and Mary, wife of John Root.

FRED L. FAIRCHILD, residing at 3827 Harvey St., Fresno, Calif., and his brothers and sisters herein mentioned, are, without doubt, the descendants of Benjamin Fairchild, Sr., Number 44 of the Orcutt genealogy, and his wife, Melissa Fairchild, who moved from Queensbury, N. Y., to Ontario in 1792, as is indicated by the following excerpts taken from letters received from him in the latter part of October, 1944, wherein he wrote as follows:

"My father told me that his father, Joshua Fairchild, was born on the Canadian side just below the Niagara Falls. His father was a tavern keeper. My father's name was Shilo Benjamin Fairchild, born around 1854 in southwestern Wisconsin. His mother's name was Mary. Both were married three or four times each and my father was the last child of their last marriage.

"My mother's maiden name was Emma Lamont of Wiota, Wisconsin, where I was born January 27, 1879. She was born around 1861 near Monroe, Wisconsin. Her mother's maiden name was Eliza Bridges of Gardiner, Me., where the Lamonts and Bridges families trace their ancestry to Colonial times.

"One of my sons, Clare E. Fairchild, is now in the Persian Gulf with an oil development outfit. He was Secretary-Treasurer of the Friant Chamber of Commerce, Friant, Calif. I spent nearly forty years on a cow ranch in central South Dakota and came to Fresno, Calif., in 1938 and am now a painting contractor.

"I called Paul Fairchild of Fresno, who said he would write soon and give all the information he could. He is Chairman of the California Chamber of Commerce and a leading Republican and is very busy just now. (The Presidential election is next Tuesday).

"There is an old man named J. W. Fairchild living in a small town, Campbell, Calif., who is a druggist there. His granddaughter, June, is attending school here.

"My grandparents, Joshua and Mary Fairchild, had but one son, who was my father. However, Joshua had two other sons of whom I have knowledge. One was named Isaac and was a teen-age soldier in the Civil War and his older brother, Harvey H. Fairchild, who was a captain. Harvey H. Fairchild moved to Montana and I believe his family still reside somewhere in that state. Isaac Fairchild never married and is buried in the Sawtell Old Soldiers Cemetery in Los Angeles. There were girls in this family who were sisters or half sisters, named Clara Fairchild, Lucy Fairchild, Helen Fairchild, and it seems another but I cannot recall for certain. I think they were all born around Darlington or Plattsville, Wisconsin.

"I was the only child by my father's first marriage. My mother died when I was 18. He married Grace Wayne a year or so afterwards and they had Emma, Leah, Jasper, Clinton, Joe, Wayne, Byron and Mildred. The daughter Leah was shot when 8 years old. Emma and Mildred live in Chicago. Jasper and Byron live in Seattle, Washington. Clinton, Joe and Wayne live near Philip, South Dakota. Also Russell Fairchild who is in the Navy. (See reference to others by the name of Fairchild in Seattle, set out in Chapter II of this genealogy).

"My wife was born near Nokomis, Illinois, in 1873 and we have five children as follows: Lamont S. Fairchild of Rutland, Mass.; Carrol Ripley, here with us while her husband is in India; Clare E. Fairchild, now on an oil project in the Persian Gulf; Majoria Groff of Long Beach, Calif.; and Dallis who was killed four years ago in an automobile accident. Marjoria was born in Old Ft. Pierre, S. D., Oct. 28, 1905.

Lemont was born on the ranch 90 miles from a RR., 30 miles north of Philips, S. D., Feb. 19, 1907.

Clare E. was born on the same ranch, Dec. 15, 1911.

Dallis was born on the same ranch, March 8, 1916.

Carrol was born on the same ranch, Dec. 25, 1919.

Doubtless there is some connection between the branch of the family to which Fred L. Fairchild belongs, and its members near Darlington, Platts-ville, Wiota and Monroe, Wisconsin, and the family to which Gerald Fairchild of Sioux Rapids, Iowa, belongs and who is mentioned in the following news item taken from the December 1943 number of *The Shorthorn World*.

The daughter of the compiler of this work, Leona Fairchild Osterday, wife of Harold S. Osterday of near Darlington, Wisconsin, writes that Gerald Fairchild's father is Guy Fairchild and that Mrs. Charles Graham, near Wiota, Wisconsin, is the sister of Gerald's grandfather: that Mrs. Graham's daughter, Dorothy, married a cousin of Leona's husband named Chester Patterson and that Dorothy Graham Patterson is a second cousin of the Gerald Fairchild mentioned in the following item from *The Shorthorn World*:

GERALD FAIRCHILD'S CALF

In October, 1942, Gerald Fairchild, Sioux Rapids, Iowa attended a sale at Sioux City and bought a cow and a calf consigned by Crews & Crews of Haigler, Nebraska. The calf was sired by Victor's Gift and was dropped in July, 1942. This year Gerald's calf having become a steer won the breed championship at the Sioux City, Iowa, junior show and the grand championship at the Spencer, Iowa, regional show and was entered for the Chicago Fat Stock Show where he won the championship in the 4-H division. He also became the Shorthorn champion in the open division of the show and later was sold to a Philadelphia buyer at 24c a pound.

The calf ran with its dam on pasture until it was ten months of age but it was fed grain and commercial supplement with other Fairchild steers until after the Spencer show. From that time on it was fed alone and was finished for the Chicago show. It received cracked and whole corn with about a pound of ground alfalfa each day.

In the junior division of the show Gerald's steer headed the second weight Shorthorns.

CHAPTER XVII

THE DESCENDANTS OF ISAAC FAIRCHILD, FIRST SETTLER IN BRANT COUNTY, ONTARIO

If the inscription on the monument of Isaac Fairchild in the Fairchild cemetery at Mt. Pleasant, Brant County, Ontario, which is still at the head of his grave, correctly records the date of his birth and age, he was born November 1st, 1769, and he probably reached the Indian Country about 1785, after the treaty of peace was signed in Paris, September 3, 1783, when about 17 years of age. He was 28 years of age when he married Lucy Kilbourne and she was about 18 years of age having been born July 24, 1779, according to the inscription on her monument, and their first child, Samuel Fairchild, was born May 1st, 1798, according to the inscription on Samuel's monument in the Fairchild cemetery, Mt. Pleasant, Brant County, Ontario.

Isaac and Lucy Fairchild, the pioneers, raised a large family in Brant County and were buried in the family cemetery in the northeast corner of their farm about 150 yards east from their home thereon.

The inscriptions on their monuments are as follows:

In Memory of
Isaac Fairchild
Who Died January 9, 1859
AGED
89 Years, 2 Mo. & 8 Days

In Memory of
LUCY
Wife of Isaac Fairchild
Who Died Feb. 1st, 1859
AGED
79 Years, 8 Mo. & 7 Days

SAMUEL FAIRCHILD, of the sixth generation, evidently the first son of Isaac and Lucy (Kilbourne) Fairchild, the pioneers, was born in Brant County, Ont., May 1st, 1798. He married Eliza Yerks, and died May 7, 1865. He and his wife are buried in the Fairchild cemetery on the Isaac Fairchild farm.

The inscription on their monument is as follows:

In Memory of
Samuel Fairchild
Died May 7, 1865,
Aged 66 Years, 11 Mo., 25 Dys
Also his wife Eliza Yerks,
.....

ELVIRA FAIRCHILD, a daughter of the pioneers, Isaac and Lucy Fairchild, was born in Brant County, Ontario, April 12, 1803, and married James Malcolm. She died January 2, 1841, and was buried in the Fairchild cemetery at Mt. Pleasant, Brant County, Ont.

There was an article published in the Brantford Expositor some years ago regarding some of the trials of early life in Brant County in which Elvira Fairchild is referred to as having escaped from the Indians and which the writer wished to set out in this work, but has been unable to obtain a copy of this article, and the copy of the inscription on her monument has been mislaid.

MATILDA FAIRCHILD, daughter of the pioneers Isaac and Lucy Fairchild, was born in Brant County, Ontario, October 5, 1815, and married Lyman Chapin. She died January 5, 1875, and was buried in the Fairchild cemetery at Mt. Pleasant. Some of her descendants are business men in Brantford.

The inscription on her monument is as follows:

In Memory of
Matilda Fairchild
Wife of Lyman Chapin,
Died January 5, 1875,
Age 59 years, 3 months.

FRANCIS GORE FAIRCHILD, of the sixth generation, son of the pioneers Isaac and Lucy Fairchild, was born in Brant County, Ontario, in 1820, and married Priscilla Jane Harris. They are buried in the Fairchild cemetery in Mt. Pleasant.

The inscription on their monument is as follows:

In Loving Memory of
Francis Gore Fairchild
Born 1820—Died 1897
Also his faithful wife
Priscilla J. Harris
Born 1820—Died 1862

It appears from the information furnished by H. Orlo Miller set out in Chapter XX that Francis Gore Fairchild married a second time to Mrs. Eliza Marquis, widow of John Marquis of Argyleshire, Scotland. The picture of one of her sons, Dr. Duncan Marquis is still in the old family album of our family.

Francis Gore Fairchild and his wife and family resided on the same farm with his parents, Isaac and Lucy Fairchild, the pioneers. They lived in the same house, which house is still standing on this farm and while visiting the farm in 1938, my daughter, Mildred, took pictures of the house and of many of the inscriptions on the monuments in the Fairchild cemetery in the northeast corner of this farm, a short distance from the house, where Isaac and Lucy and some of their children are buried.

Isaac Ernest Fairchild, son of Francis Gore Fairchild, ac-

quired much of his information regarding the early days in Ontario from his daily association with his grandparents as above recorded.

For the names of the children of Francis Gore Fairchild and the names of some of his descendants, see Chapters XIX and XX of this work.

In a letter received from Nora V. Fairchild, of Brantford, Ont., in 1941, she wrote that Mrs. Alice McEwen Ryerson was still living in Brantford. She is evidently the daughter of Melissa Fairchild, daughter of Francis Gore Fairchild, who married Peter McEwen, as is recorded in the genealogy of Isaac Ernest Fairchild, part of which is set out in this chapter.

ASABEL FAIRCHILD, of the sixth generation, one of the sons of Isaac Fairchild and Lucy (Kilbourne) Fairchild, and who was the father of Elma Fairchild, was sometimes referred to as Asel Fairchild. He married, first, one of the Westbrooks, and second, Eunice Matthews, who was the mother of Elma Fairchild. Elma lived with her uncle and aunt, Timothy Marsh Fairchild, until her marriage to David Hardy. She has been referred to in this genealogy as entertaining gatherings at the home with her singing accompanied by the Indian boy raised by my grandparents. In July and in December, 1941, I received letters from her daughters, Mrs. Edna Hardy Bysshe and Mrs. Anna Meyers stating that Elma Fairchild was then 90 years of age and living in Brantford, Ontario, and that she recalls taking care of the writer when very young.

It appears that Asel Fairchild had been dead a number of years before Elma Fairchild married David Hardy. He probably lived near Delhi, Ontario, where he was buried. Elma's picture taken when still a young woman is still in the old family album owned by my parents before their deaths.

COURTLAND CHARLES FAIRCHILD, civil engineer of Brantford, Ont., and his daughter, Nora Vivienne Fairchild, of Brantford, furnished me with an article entitled, "*The Fairchild Family*", prepared by Isaac Ernest Fairchild, at that time living in Toronto, Ontario, and later returning to Winnipeg, Manitoba, where he died in 1934, and they also furnished a list of the descendants of Isaac Fairchild and Lucy (Kilbourne) Fairchild, the pioneers, which is set out immediately following the excerpts taken from the article by Isaac Ernest Fairchild, as follows:

EXCERPTS FROM THE ARTICLE BY ISAAC ERNEST FAIRCHILD

"According to the records of the United Empire Loyalists which are filed in the office of the Crown Lands of Toronto, there was a Corporal Benjamin Fairchild, Royal Regiment of New York, who came to Canada about 1780, and settled on the Grand River near Brantford."

With reference to the captivity of Benjamin Fairchild, Jr., he writes:

"Several people have informed me that when Benjamin Fairchild was a young man, he and his brother, Isaac, were out shooting deer when some Indians from Canada appeared and took Benjamin prisoner and kept him and a number of other prisoners several years. . . . He was afterwards engaged by the Government for many years as Indian Interpreter and as Secretary to the Governor.

"At a later date, either Benjamin went back to his old home and brought his brother, Isaac, with him, or Isaac came to Canada to search for Benjamin and found him in the Niagara District. It is my opinion that both settled at Fairchild's Creek near Brantford and started a store and trading post there where they traded goods for furs. At a later date Isaac sold out and moved to Norfolk County, and then to a farm two miles north of Oakland in Brant County where he lived until his death, January 9, 1859, and was buried in the family burying ground in the northeast corner of the farm.

"Another brother of Benjamin Fairchild and Isaac Fairchild, was Peter Fairchild, who joined the Royal Standard in 1777.

"This Isaac Fairchild was born November 1, 1769. About the year 1797 Isaac Fairchild married Lucy Kilbourne of Delaware, in Middlesex County, Ontario. She was of Welsh descent, being the daughter of Joseph Kilbourne, Jr., who was a nephew of Lord Kilbourne.

"It was claimed by the heirs of Joseph Kilbourne, Jr., that Lord Kilbourne left a large estate in the Borough of Kilbourne, England, and also a large amount of money in the Bank of England and he willed all to Joseph Kilbourne, Jr., but in consideration of Joseph Kilbourne, Jr., going to America contrary to the wishes of his uncle, the will was drawn in such manner the family was not to become possessed of it until the fourth generation. In consideration of all evidence and family records having been lost, there was nothing to prove the claim. . . .

"Because of bravery, integrity and truthfulness, Isaac Fairchild was much esteemed by all who knew him. This was especially the case with Chief Joseph Brant, who made Fairchild an honorary chief and named him 'Hawkeye'. I have often heard it said of him that he was six feet two inches in his stockings and as straight as an arrow with the eye of a hawk."

CHILDREN OF ISAAC FAIRCHILD (1769-1859) OF THE FIFTH GENERATION AND LUCY (KILBOURNE) FAIRCHILD (1779-1859)
SAMUEL FAIRCHILD (1798-1865) married Eliza Robinson (Yerks). They are buried in the Fairchild cemetery on the Isaac Fairchild farm west from Brantford, Ont.

TIMOTHY FAIRCHILD (1799-1884) married Sarah Ann Miller (1804-1865). They were the grandparents of the compiler of this genealogy and are buried in the Fairchild cemetery.

- ASABEL FAIRCHILD married first, Westbrook, and second, Eunice Matthew. He died at Silver Hill near Delhi, in Norfolk County, Ontario. He was the father of Elma Fairchild mentioned in the following pages of this work.
- ELVIRA FAIRCHILD (1803-1841) married James Malcolm and is buried in the Fairchild cemetery. See note regarding her in the following pages.
- ANGELINA FAIRCHILD (1804-1895) married A. Westbrook, and is buried in the Fairchild cemetery.
- JOSEPH KILBOURNE FAIRCHILD went to Wisconsin and no further information regarding him or his family is available.
- BENJAMIN FAIRCHILD married Mary Westbrook and went to Michigan. See the names of some of his children in the following pages and also see the note under Harold Fairchild in Chapter II of this genealogy.
- MARY FAIRCHILD (1810-1880) married Malcolm Brown. She is buried in the Fairchild cemetery west from Brantford.
- MARIAH FAIRCHILD (1811-1841) married Charles Chapin. She is buried in the Fairchild cemetery.
- ISAAC FAIRCHILD married Ann Misner and moved to Michigan. See the names of their children in the following pages of this chapter.
- MATILDA FAIRCHILD (1815-1895) married Lyman Chapin and is buried in the Fairchild cemetery. Some of the descendants of Charles and/or Lyman Chapin are still residing in Brantford.
- FRANCIS GORE FAIRCHILD (1820-1892) married first, Jane Harris (1820-1862). They are buried in the Fairchild cemetery.
- MILLICENT FAIRCHILD (1822-1875) married George Roberts and is buried in the Fairchild cemetery.

Two children of Isaac and Lucy (Kilbourne) Fairchild, named Frances and Sarah, died in infancy and are buried in the Fairchild cemetery near the graves of their parents and their names are inscribed on the monument of Isaac Fairchild.

CHILDREN OF SAMUEL FAIRCHILD AND ELIZA (ROBINSON) FAIRCHILD

- HANNAH FAIRCHILD married James Baldwin.
- JOHN FAIRCHILD married Mary J. Gee.
- MIRANDA FAIRCHILD married John A. Monk.
- MARY JANE FAIRCHILD married William Scott.

CHILDREN OF TIMOTHY FAIRCHILD AND SARAH ANN (MILLER) FAIRCHILD

- STEPHEN FAIRCHILD married Charity McMichael. See Chapter XVIII of this work.
- BENJAMIN FAIRCHILD married Margaret Laird. See Chapter XVIII.
- SARAH FAIRCHILD married Abraham Kinnard. See Chapter XVIII.
- ELVIRA FAIRCHILD married the Reverend Hazelton. See Chapter XVIII.
- ANGELINE FAIRCHILD married Garrett Terhune. See Chapter XVIII.
- ISAAC FAIRCHILD married Martha Baker. See Chapter XVIII.
- TIMOTHY FAIRCHILD married Joanna Smith. They were the parents of the compiler of this work.
- REBECCA FAIRCHILD married Robert Laird. See Chapter XVIII.
- WILLIAM FAIRCHILD married Caroline Secord. See Chapter XVIII.

CHILDREN OF ASABEL FAIRCHILD AND HIS FIRST WIFE
 WESTBROOK FAIRCHILD

HIRAM FAIRCHILD
 ISABEL FAIRCHILD
 JAMES KILBOURNE FAIRCHILD
 JANE FAIRCHILD
 ORLANDO FAIRCHILD

CHILDREN OF ASABEL FAIRCHILD AND HIS SECOND WIFE
 EUNICE MATTHEW FAIRCHILD

CHRISTOPHER FAIRCHILD
 BENJAMIN FAIRCHILD
 FRANCIS FAIRCHILD
 ELMA FAIRCHILD

JOSEPH KILBOURNE FAIRCHILD went to Wisconsin and nothing is known about his family.

CHILDREN OF BENJAMIN FAIRCHILD AND MARY (WESTBROOK) FAIRCHILD WHO MOVED TO MICHIGAN

REBECCA FAIRCHILD married Thomas Wheeler.

BENJAMIN FAIRCHILD. See letter from Mary Elizabeth Fairchild and Harold H. Fairchild under Benjamin Rich Fairchild in Chapter II of this work.

FRANK FAIRCHILD
 ALMA FAIRCHILD
 FINDLEY FAIRCHILD
 ASAB FAIRCHILD

CHILDREN OF ELVIRA FAIRCHILD AND JAMES MALCOLM
 SHERMAN MALCOLM

JEANETTE MALCOLM married Robinson.

SARAH MALCOLM married Hamilton Smith.

ISAAC MALCOLM
 DANIEL MALCOLM
 JAMES MALCOLM

CHILDREN OF ANGELINE FAIRCHILD AND ABRAHAM WESTBROOK

ESTHER WESTBROOK married Thomas Perrin.

MARY WESTBROOK married William Cunningham.

HAGGAI WESTBROOK married Diantha Beebe

CHARLES WESTBROOK married Ellen Sayles.

REBECCA WESTBROOK married, first, D. Graham, second, Charles Sayles.

JULIA WESTBROOK married Solomon Sayles.

CATHERINE WESTBROOK married James McIntyre.

HIRAM T. WESTBROOK married Esther Hall.

JOSEPHINE WESTBROOK married G. Taggart.

CHILDREN OF MARY FAIRCHILD AND MALCOLM BROWN

MATILDA BROWN married P. McIntyre.

BENJAMIN BROWN married Dorcas Slack.

NEAL BROWN married S. A. Diamond.

JOSEPH KILBOURNE BROWN, died.

SAMANTHA BROWN, died.

MARION BROWN married John Secord.

JENNIE BROWN married Henry Sayles.

ELVIRA BROWN married Hamp Burtch.

CHILDREN OF MARIAH FAIRCHILD AND CHARLES CHAPIN

HARRIET CHAPIN married Robert Merritt.

MARY ANN CHAPIN married Alfred Church.

CHILDREN OF MATILDA FAIRCHILD AND LYMAN CHAPIN

MELISSA CHAPIN married J. Sager.

ELVIRA CHAPIN married Bates.

MARY CHAPIN married D. Graham. (Illinois)

SARAH CHAPIN married O. McAllister.

MILTON CHAPIN married

SMITH CHAPIN married, first; second, Isa Houlding.

CHILDREN OF MILLICENT FAIRCHILD AND GEORGE ROBERTS

EDGAR ROBERTS LUCY ROBERTS

MARGARET ROBERTS GEORGE ROBERTS

HELEN JANE ROBERTS BENJAMIN ROBERTS and others not known

CHILDREN OF ISAAC FAIRCHILD AND ANN (MISNER)
FAIRCHILD

LUCY FAIRCHILD married Broad.

MARY FAIRCHILD married James Hart.

CLARA FAIRCHILD married Robert Moc.

JOSEPH KILBOURNE FAIRCHILD married Frances Barkley.

PHOEBE FAIRCHILD lived in Lowell, Michigan, unmarried.

CHILDREN OF FRANCIS GORE FAIRCHILD AND JANE (HARRIS)
FAIRCHILD

MELISSA FAIRCHILD married Peter McEwen. See Chapters XIX and XX for further data.

HELEN MARR FAIRCHILD married Henry Shaver Westbrook. See Chapters XIX and XX.

JAMES HARRIS FAIRCHILD married Alice M. Mann. See Chapters XIX and XX.

FRANK ALANSON FAIRCHILD married Ada Baldwin. See Chapters XIX and XX.

ISAAC ERNEST FAIRCHILD married Agnes Chalmers. See Chapters XIX and XX.

RUBY ANN FAIRCHILD married W. C. Bell. See Chapters XIX and XX.

ELBERTA D. FAIRCHILD married D. S. Johnson. See Chapters XIX and XX.

Following is a copy of the obituary of Timothy Fairchild as printed in the Brantford Expositor under date of April 10, 1884, furnished by Courtland Charles Fairchild and his daughter Nora V. Fairchild of Brantford, Ontario.

"OBITUARY"

"A Brief Sketch of the Life of Timothy Fairchild"

"Probably the first settler in this portion of Ontario was Isaac Fairchild, the father of the subject of this sketch, who came to Port Credit and estab-

lished, together with his brother Benjamin, the first trading post with the Indians. The establishment of this post with the Indians was due to circumstances which have a spicy flavour of romance about them, and which, if detailed, would read like a story book. Unfortunately we are not in possession of sufficient information to properly connect the story, and shall only touch upon the circumstances. Isaac and Benjamin were born in Dutchess County, New York State, on the banks of the Hudson. While a mere lad Benjamin was stolen by the Indians and carried into Canada, which then was uninhabited, probably by a single white man, certainly not by any settler. Isaac grown to manhood, set out with a determination to find his brother, but met him on his way home, having escaped from the Indians, and who pictured in glowing colours the rich harvest that could be made by establishing a trading post. His suggestion was acted upon, and at the close of the American Revolution, Isaac immigrated to Canada, settling on the banks of Fairchild's Creek. He engaged in farming and was on friendly terms with Chief Joseph Brant, and has often related to his children and grandchildren the romantic incidents connected with his life among the redmen. Among others, he used to tell how Chief Brant accidentally dealt his son, Isaac Brant, in self defense, a blow which resulted in his death and which blow, the old man said, he saw given.

"After residing on this farm a few years Isaac Fairchild traded it to Mr. Whiting, an ancestor of the present family now residing in the vicinity, for a farm in the Township of Townsend, where Timothy, the subject of this sketch, was born on the 25th of November, 1799. In the year 1823 he married Sarah Ann Miller of the Township of Brantford, the union being blessed with eleven children, two of whom died in infancy. Of the others, Stephen, the oldest resides on the homestead, and with whom the deceased had of late years resided. Benjamin lives in Morpeth, Kent County, Ont.; Timothy is a resident of Iowa, U. S.; Rebecca is the wife of Robert Laird; Sarah married Abraham Kinnard, the latter now deceased; Isaac resides in the State of Iowa; Elvira, deceased, was the wife of the Reverend Hazelton, a Baptist Clergyman; Angeline married Garrett Terhune of the Township of Brantford; and William resides in the Township of Brantford; Mrs. Fairchild died in 1863.

"He was a man of great physical endurance in either manual labour or as a pedestrian, and delighted in the sport of hunting and trapping; was extremely energetic, sober and industrious, and during his life accumulated good property; charitable, sympathetic and hospitable to all who needed it; a kindly husband and good affectionate father; in his domestic relations, sociable, upright and proverbially honest, and no one can point to a dishonest action during the course of his life. Up to the very last his remarkable physical endurance was sustained and he retired on a Saturday evening preceeding his demise in excellent spirits, having entered heartily into the spirit of amusement in which the evening engaged the family. In the morning he was a paralytic and lingered until the following Friday, when death came to his release. The funeral was very largely attended and was conducted by the Rev. J. B. Moore, assisted by the Reverend William Hamilton. The remains were borne to their last resting place in the family burying ground by the following neighbors: Robert Miller, George Meadows, Obed Kerr, Solomon Chatterson, John McDermid and George Brice.

"The family mourns the loss of a father whom all loved and revered and in their bereavement have the commiseration of a very wide circle of sympathizing friends."

"The Daily Expositor, Friday, April 6, 1884"

"The announcement has reached us of the death of Timothy Fairchild, another old landmark, residing near Mt. Pleasant, which sad event occurred this morning. The deceased suffered a stroke of paralysis last week and slowly sank until the end. He was a native of this County and was born in the year 1799. The funeral takes place Monday at the family burying ground."

"Dear Cousin Tim:

"Father and I copied this from the Expositor files over a week ago, and I am very sorry I did not get it typed before and mailed to you. I did not know until your air-mail letter arrived this morning stating that you were trying to get your material compiled and edited before Christmas. Anything further I can do to rush the publication I will be both honoured and pleased to do.

"The second enclosure was given us by I. E. Fairchild of Toronto, (Isaac Ernest Fairchild of Winnipeg), and if you don't already have a copy, the information therein may be useful.

Yours sincerely,

Nora V. Fairchild"

The following is the version of the killing of Isaac Brant by his father, Chief Joseph Brant, referred to in the obituary of Timothy Fairchild in the preceding pages, which the writer heard in his boyhood days and has never forgotten. This version is as told by Isaac Fairchild who witnessed the conflict between father and son, and who was probably one of the white men who endeavored to separate them when the son attacked the father. It appears that Chief Joseph Brant, as a commissioned officer in the British Army, carried a sword at his side. In Stone's Life of Joseph Brant, Vol. 2, page 67, it is referred to as an elegant silver-mounted cutlass. And, according to the version heard by the writer, his son, Isaac Brant, in some manner acquired a sword, probably in some of the raids in the Mohawk Valley. The Chief and his son engaged in a heated altercation and the Chief turned and walked away, the son followed with his sword drawn and when near the Chief, Joseph Brant turned and drawing his sword, remarked in either English or Mohawk: "I turn my back on no man", and in the clashing of weapons which followed the son fell mortally wounded.

Here, however, is the version as written by Stone in his Life of Joseph Brant, Vol. 2, page 465:

"But his (Isaac Brant's) reckless and cruel career was soon arrested, by a death wound, received, under the highest degree of provocation, at the hand of his father. The circumstances are these: At the time of the occurrence there was an assemblage of the Six Nations at Burlington Heights, near the residence of Colonel Beasley, for the purpose of re-

ceiving the annual bounty of the Government, consisting of presents of clothing and other articles. On this occasion, Isaac, with some of his young Indian companions, again drank to intoxication, and renewed his threats against the life of his father, declaring his intention to kill him that night. The Chief had that evening taken tea with Colonel and Mrs. Beasley, who lived near the margin of Burlington Bay, and afterwards he walked up to a small inn on the hill, a short distance from the Colonel's residence to lodge for the night. Isaac followed his father to the inn, entered an adjoining room, and began abusing him to the people about, in language perfectly audible to his parent, the two apartments being divided only by a board partition. Becoming quite violent in his conduct, his father entered his son's apartment, but had no sooner done so, that the latter sprang toward him for the purpose of assault—armed, as some asserted, though the fact was denied by others, with a sharp pointed knife. Be that as it may, the Captain was badly wounded by a cut across the back of his hand. Young Brant was seized around the waist by some of the Indians at the instant he was leaping upon his father; while the latter, irritated by the wound, had also been seized in like manner by some of the white men to prevent further injury. The affray was the work of an instant, during which Captain Brant had drawn a large dirk which he always carried upon his thigh, and with it he struck his son. In the descent of the blow, the point of the dirk fell upon the head of Isaac, cutting through the hat, inflicting a wound which would have been more severe had the position of the parties been that of closer proximity."

Stone in his account of this clash between Captain Brant and his son, Isaac Brant, further states that the wound need not have caused the death of Isaac Brant had he permitted of the proper dressing and attention to have been given it, and in his footnote, he resents it being called a murder in a report made by a board of commissioners the following year, which report was as follows:

"Last summer, Joseph Brant, a Mohawk Chief, and a Captain in the British service, formerly one of Doctor Wheelock's scholars, murdered his own son, who was, indeed a bad fellow, and had attempted the life of his father."

Note: The clash between Chief Joseph Brant and his son, Isaac Brant, as reported by Stone, was in 1795 when Isaac Fairchild was about 25 or 26 years of age. At that time there were but few white settlers in Ontario. Mrs. Colonel Beasley, mentioned in Stone's account of the affray, was a sister of Daniel Springer who married Ruth Fairechild, and who were the first settlers in Delaware Township, Middlesex County, Ontario, referred to by Aaron Kilbourne in his genealogy of the Kilbourne family, mentioned in the last part of Chapter XVI of this work. She was therefore a sister-in-law of Isaac Fairchild, one of the white men who witnessed the affray and doubtless assisted in separating the Chief and his son. See reference to the Springer family furnished by H. Orlo Miller and set out in Chapter XX of this work.

Note: See further reference to Joseph Brant in Chapter XXIII of this work.

CHAPTER XVIII

THE DESCENDANTS OF TIMOTHY MARSH FAIRCHILD (1799-1884) THE SECOND SON OF ISAAC AND LUCY FAIRCHILD, THE PIONEERS

TIMOTHY MARSH FAIRCHILD, of the sixth generation, grandfather of the compiler of this genealogy, was the second son of Isaac Fairchild and Lucy (Kilbourne) Fairchild, the pioneers, and no doubt received the name of Timothy from the brother of Lucy Fairchild, viz., Timothy Kilbourne, referred to in the last part of Chapter XVI of this work. Evidently he was born in the Township of Townsend Nov. 25, 1799, near where his cousin, Sarah Fairchild, the first white child born between the Grand River and Lake Erie, was born March 26, 1794. He was raised in Brant County, Ontario, and married Sarah Ann Miller in 1823. I believe she was from Pennsylvania. He lived his entire lifetime near where he was born and died April 4, 1884, at the age of 84 years and 5 months. His wife died in 1865. They are buried in the Fairchild cemetery, Mt. Pleasant, Brant County, Ontario. See the obituary printed in the Brantford Expositor in the preceding chapter. The inscription on his monument is as follows:

In Loving Memory of
Timothy Fairchild
Born 1799—Died 1884
Also his faithful wife
Sarah Ann
Born 1804—Died 1865

He was highly respected in his county and among his friends and neighbors. At one time he operated a nursery in connection with general farming and acquired considerable property. He usually employed considerable help in the operation of his farm and nursery and some of his employees were Mohawk Indians from the Reservation a short distance from his farm. He gave each of his sons a good start in life, and he owned a fine farm with excellent buildings thereon at the time of his death, having reserved a life estate therein some years before. His home is still standing as when built over eighty years ago except that the veranda which extended along three sides of his house has since been removed.

The very large barn now on the premises (1838) has been built since his death on the same foundations as the first barn which was destroyed by fire caused by lightning.

The children of Timothy Marsh Fairchild and Sarah Ann (Miller) Fairchild, who were raised to maturity, numbered nine, most of whom were born in Brant County, Ontario, were of the seventh generation of the American family of Fairchild and were named:

Stephen Fairchild (1825-1901)	1921)
Benjamin Fairchild (1827-1893)	Timothy Fairchild (1837-1915)
Sarah Fairchild Kinnard (1831-1921)	Elvira Fairchild Hazelton
Isaac Fairchild (1832-1897)	Rebecca Fairchild Laird (1841-1913)
Angeline Fairchild Terhune (1835-	William Fairchild (1844-1914)

STEPHEN FAIRCHILD, the oldest child of Timothy Marsh Fairchild and Sarah Ann (Miller) Fairchild, was born January 15, 1825. He married Charity McMichael; died in Brant County, October 29, 1901, at the age of 76 years nine months and fourteen days. He was buried first in the Fairchild cemetery and later his remains were removed to the Oakland cemetery southwest from Brantford. His wife, Charity, died in Brant County and was buried by the side of her husband in the Oakland cemetery. See, also, the notes of H. Orlo Miller in Chapter XVIII of this work.

The five children of Stephen Fairchild and Charity (McMichael) Fairchild were as follows:

Richard Melvin Fairchild, M.D.	May Fairchild Robertson
Harry Anson Fairchild, an attorney	Charles Fairchild, M.D.
Anna Fairchild Miles	

RICHARD MELVIN FAIRCHILD, M.D., the oldest child of Stephen and Charity Fairchild, was born in Brant County, and educated in the common schools of that county, and later was graduated from the Royal College of Physicians and Surgeons at Toronto, Ontario, in the spring of 1883. He practiced his profession for a time in Ontario, and then settled in Boise, Idaho, where he died. His wife's name was Ellen Adelaide Jackson, before her marriage. They had one son named Jackson Fairchild.

In a letter received from Brigadier General Muir Fairchild in the latter part of 1941, he wrote with reference to Richard Melvin Fairchild as follows:

"It so happens that there is stationed here in Washington, D. C., Major **JACKSON FAIRCHILD**, a Reserved Officer of the Signal Corps, who has been called to active service from his home near San Francisco. He is my first cousin, being the son of Richard Melvin Fairchild, who, you will remember, was a son of Stephen and Charity Fairchild. Richard Melvin Fairchild married Adelaide Jackson and they had the one son mentioned above, Jackson Fairchild. Both Richard Melvin Fairchild and his wife are now dead I am sure, though I don't know the dates of their deaths. Jackson Fairchild married Ella Florence Huff and they have two sons now with them here in Washington, D. C. They are Richard H. Fairchild and Stephen Jackson Fairchild. The elder of these boys is now nineteen, I believe and both are as yet unmarried." See further excerpts from the letter of Muir Fairchild under Harry Anson Fairchild following.

HARRY ANSON FAIRCHILD, (1858-1910), the second son of Stephen and Charity Fairchild, was born in Brant County, On-

tario, in 1853. He received his education in Ontario; studied law in the office of Crear & Muir, Hamilton, and was admitted to the bar as an Attorney in Fargo, North Dakota, in 1884. He died in Olympia, Washington, leaving surviving, his wife and one son. His wife was Georgia Ann Crockett, whom he married in Bellingham, Wash. He was regarded as one of the keenest lawyers in the State of Washington and in 1896 was elected by the State Republican Convention at Everett as a delegate to the National Convention at St. Louis, Missouri, at which convention President McKinley was nominated, and in which convention Harry Fairchild was a conspicuous figure in the fight for the sound money platform which was waged by the Republicans of Washington.

The following excerpts are from a letter received from his son, Brigadier General Muir Fairchild, October, 1941, and following is also the announcement of his death and a biographical sketch of him as printed in the Seattle Post Intelligencer at the time of his death in 1910:

The following news item regarding the son of Harry Fairchild was also taken from the Seattle Sunday Times of August 24, 1941, and was sent to the writer of this genealogy by Lucy Terhune Eaton of Seattle, a cousin of the writer and also a cousin of Harry Anson Fairchild:

"**MUIR S. FAIRCHILD.** Promotion of Lieutenant Colonel Muir S. Fairchild to the rank of Brigadier General in the United States Army Air Corps has been announced by the office of Adjutant General, State of Washington. Rated as a command pilot, General Fairchild is a graduate of the Army War College and the Air Corps Engineering School."

The following paragraph is from the letter received from General Muir Fairchild, October, 1941, above referred to.

"As you stated in your letter, Harry A. Fairchild went from Brantford to Bellingham, Washington, where he married Georgia Ann Crockett and where he practiced law for many years. I, the only child, was born in Bellingham. My father was later made Chairman of the Public Service Commission of the State of Washington about 1907, and we moved to Olympia, Washington, the Capitol, where my father died in 1910. I entered the Army of the United States in 1917 and have remained in the service ever since. For many years my mother lived with me until her death in Montgomery, Alabama, in 1939, where I was stationed at the time. In 1924 I married Florence Alice Rossiter in Dayton, Ohio, and we have one child, Betty Ann Fairchild, born in 1927.

"I can at the moment give you but little information of Charles Fairchild, however I believe him to be still alive although I have not seen him since 1910 on the occasion of my father's death. I saw his three daughters sometime in the early 1930's, however. Charles was married twice, having by his first wife three daughters, Mae, Gertrude and

Charity. I believe Mae to be married and the others not married. I will try to get you his or their address and furnish it to you so you can complete your records on the descendants of Charles. I presume you know that May, daughter of Stephen and Charity Fairchild, died in San Francisco, about 1930, and her husband, John H. Robertson, died the following year. They had no children, but had adopted a boy, Alfred, who, I believe, still resides at San Francisco."

In 1910, the Iowa City papers reprinted the announcement of the death of Harry Anson Fairchild, who died in Olympia, Washington, from the Washington papers, as follows:

"The Washington papers announce the death of Harry A. Fairchild, a relative of the Fairchilds at Coralville. His parents were Mr. and Mrs. Stephen Fairchild, who resided in Brantford, Canada. Mr. Fairchild died in Olympia.

"The Seattle Post Intelligencer contains an extended notice of his death, as well as an eulogistic editorial reference. The deceased held a very high place in the State of Washington and the news of his death which resulted from apoplexy, came as a sensation to the political world of the state. He is survived by his widow, Mrs. H. A. Fairchild, and a son Muir Fairchild, also a mother and a sister, Mrs. Dr. Miles.

"The career of the late commissioner was a splendid one. He had resided in Olympia for six years since his appointment on the Railroad Commission by Governor Albert E. Mead. Prior to that time he was a resident of Bellingham, where he practiced law a great number of years. He was prominent in the Washington politics for years having been Chairman of the Republican Central Committee of Washington.

PUT ON NEW COMMISSION

"He served on the Railroad Commission until June of this year, when, at the expiration of his six year term he was re-appointed by Governor Hay on the New Public Service Commission. All of the three commissioners were appointed on the Public Service Commission, when the new public utilities law, passed by the Legislature, took effect superseding the Railroad Commission. This gave the commission jurisdiction over all public corporations in the state, extending the duties of the commissioners.

SERVICES TO THE STATE VALUABLE

"Mr. Fairchild was regarded as one of the keenest lawyers in the state and his services on the State Commission have been valuable. His death is regarded as distinctly unfortunate at this time as there are a number of important railroad questions pending at the present time. Among these is the hearing of the proposed distributive rates for the large jobbing centers of the state.

"Immediately after he was made a member of the Railroad Commission he became a pioneer in railroad regulation in the United States, and the Public Service Commission today is generally regarded as one of the most progressive and advanced in the Union.

"News of Commissioner Fairchild's death came as a great shock to Olympia this morning, to citizens and State officials alike. Governor Hay, who is accompanying President Taft on a tour of the state, was notified of Commissioner Fairchild's death today.

BORN IN ONTARIO

"Mr. Fairchild was born in Ontario in 1858 and became a practicing attorney in this country in 1883, having been admitted to the bar at Fargo, N. D. He came to the then Territory of Washington in 1884 and located in the old Town of Whatcom, now a part of Bellingham. In 1886 he was elected prosecuting attorney of Whatcom and Skagit Counties, then one district. As a practicing attorney he won more than local fame, showing marked brilliance from the beginning of his career. He was unusually quick and keen in legal battle, and almost from the first was a recognized leader of the bar in the northwest counties. He always took an interest in political matter, but never ran for county office after his term of prosecuting attorney, except to try for a term in the State Legislature, sitting in the house in 1901.

"In 1896, Mr. Fairchild was elected in the State Republican Convention at Everett, as a delegate to the National Convention which nominated William McKinley. He was in this convention a conspicuous figure in the fight which was waged for the adoption of a sound money platform by the Republicans of Washington. From the day of that success, Mr. Fairchild was always at the front in the state party councils where his advice was always valued.

LEADER OF PARTY

"In 1904 he became the leader of the dominant Republican faction of Whatcom County, and was chairman of the steering committee of the Whatcom County delegation and was conspicuously active and influential in securing the nomination of Albert E. Mead for Governor.

"When the Railroad Commission was created, Governor Mead named Mr. Fairchild as Chairman of that body on which he served until his appointment on the Public Service Commission by Governor Hay.

"His services as an official were marked by ability and unswerving fidelity."

"Editorially, the Seattle Post Intelligencer pays the deceased the following fine tribute:

"The sudden death of Harry A. Fairchild removed from the State's service a most capable and useful official. He was a practical, well-poised man and his career at the bar, in politics and in the important line of duties that fell to his lot in later years at Olympia was uniformly upright and honorable. It will be no easy task for Governor Hay to find the counterpart of such a man to fill the vacancy created in the personnel of the Washington Public Service Commission—a man who will measure up to the exacting duties and public responsibilities as well as Commissioner Fairchild measured up to them. The State sustains a real loss in his death."

MAY FAIRCHILD, daughter of Stephen and Charity Fairchild, of Brant County, Ontario, married John H. Robertson, an attorney at law, who practiced his profession in Minneapolis, Minn., a number of years ago. As will be seen by referring to the foregoing letter of General Muir Fairchild, she died in San Francisco, California, about 1930, and her husband died about a year later.

ANNA FAIRCHILD, daughter of Stephen and Charity Fairchild, married Dr. Miles and moved from Brant County, Ontario, to

the States. After some years she returned to Brant County and died there of cancer.

CHARLES FAIRCHILD, M.D., the youngest child of Stephen and Charity (McMichael) Fairchild, I believe is still living (1943) in Placerville, near Boise, Idaho. The last information I received regarding him is that he was operating a drug store and was probably practicing his profession there.

By referring to the letter hereinbefore set out, written by General Muir Fairchild from Washington, D. C., it will be seen that he married twice and had three daughters by his first marriage named Mea Fairchild, who is probably married; Gertrude Fairchild and Charity Fairchild.

BENJAMIN FAIRCHILD, of the seventh generation, a son of Timothy Marsh Fairchild and Sarah Ann (Miller) Fairchild, of Brant County, Ontario, and a grandson of Isaac Fairchild and Lucy (Kilbourne) Fairchild, the Brant County pioneers, was born in Brant County, Ontario, in 1827, and married Margaret F. Laird. They resided on the shore of Lake Erie near Howard, or Rondeau, and raised a number of children there, probably five. They are buried in the Morpeth cemetery, Morpeth, Ontario, not far from where they lived.

The obituary of Benjamin Fairchild announced that he died at his residence, Talbot Road, Howard, August 25, 1893, in the 66th year of his age.

The obituary of his wife, Margaret F. Fairchild, announced that she died at her residence near the lake shore, July 28th, 1901, aged 70 years, 6 months and 29 days.

The names of their children in as far as can be given at this time, were Frank Fairchild, who died many years ago; Lillie Fairchild, Leva Fairchild and Nettie Fairchild. It appears that some, if not all of these daughters of Benjamin and Margaret Fairchild, moved to the State of California and were married, but the writer has forgotten the names of their husbands. A copy of a picture found among the family pictures in the old family album shows three granddaughters of Benjamin and Margaret Fairchild, whose names are Gertie Cull, Lillie's daughter; Levy Handy, Leva's daughter and Nettie McKinley, Nettie's daughter, but the writer cannot now recall whether the names of these daughters were the names of their fathers or their husbands.

ISAAC FAIRCHILD, of the seventh generation, son of Timothy Marsh Fairchild and Sarah Ann (Miller) Fairchild of Brant County, Ontario, and a grandson of Isaac Fairchild and Luey (Kilbourne) Fairchild, the Brant County pioneers, was born in Brant County, Ontario, July 24, 1832. He first moved to Johnson County, Iowa, when about 18 years of age and there married Martha Baker, a granddaughter of Clement Woods, an early settler in Johnson County.

The Record of Deeds in the Recorder's Office of Johnson County, Iowa, records a deed showing that Isaac Fairchild purchased land in Section 33, Township 77 North, Range 5 West of the 5th., P.M., December 18, 1855, Vol. 14, p. 284. That was one year before the railroad reached Iowa City. At that time Isaac Fairchild would be 23 years of age. These records also record that Isaac Fairchild and Levi Kiser purchased land in Section 33-77-5, in 1874.

Isaac Fairchild and his wife, Martha (Baker) Fairchild, resided in Brant County, Ontario, about three years after their marriage and their oldest son, Clement W. Fairchild, was born there July 3, 1863. Later Isaac and Martha returned to Iowa where they continued to reside until moving to Kingman, Kansas, in 1885, where they continued to reside until their deaths. Isaac Fairchild died February 1st, 1897, and Martha (Baker) Fairchild died in 1926. Their children, all of whom were born in Johnson County, Iowa, except Clement W. Fairchild, are now all deceased and were as follows:

Clement W. Fairchild (1863-1908)	Luella Eliza Fairchild (1869-1941)
Charles Jackson Fairchild (1866-1932)	Bertram H. Fairchild (1872-1940)

A full list of the descendants of Isaac Fairchild and Martha (Baker) Fairchild is set out in the following pages of this chapter.

CLEMENT W. FAIRCHILD, of the eighth generation, the oldest son of Isaac Fairchild and Martha (Baker) Fairchild, was graduated from the Law Department of the State University of Iowa, at Iowa City, in 1884, and soon after married Belle Hanley, a teacher in the schools of Johnson County, Iowa. Clement W. Fairchild and his wife, Belle, moved to Kingman, Kansas, when his parents and family moved there in 1885, where Clement engaged in the practice of law for a number of years until his death, April 9, 1908, in his 46th year. He was a prominent attorney in Kingman County and at one time was a member of the State Legislature.

He left surviving, his wife, now deceased, and one son, Charlès

Clement Fairchild, of whom more is written in the following pages:

The following biographical sketch of Clement W. Fairchild is quoted from the Kingman Journal of Kingman, Kansas, printed at the time of his death:

"Clement W. Fairchild was born at Mt. Pleasant, Canada, on the 3rd day of July, 1863, and was therefore in his forty-sixth year when an untimely death overtook him. In his boyhood the family moved to this country, settled in Iowa, where he completed his education, graduating from the Law Department of the State University of Iowa with high honors in 1884. He came to Kansas and began the practice of law at Kingman in 1885, and here he was married. To the union were born two sons, Marshall and Clem, the former of whom was accidentally killed while hunting west of here during Christmas vacation in 1905. The death of his son, who was an ardent student in the State University and a very promising young man, deeply affected him, and he never entirely recovered from the shock.

"In years past Mr. Fairchild took a prominent part in the state and county affairs of the old Populist Party, and for a while in his best days, he was a leader in political fields. His first service of consequence was as City Attorney for Kingman, later as County Attorney, and a few years later as Representative in the Legislature from this district. His skill in debate and his thorough knowledge of parliamentary rules soon made him the acknowledged leader of the House and a man widely known throughout the State on account of the important legislation in which he took part. At one time he was considered as a possible nominee for Attorney General, and again was spoken of for a place on the Supreme bench. He was a man of undoubted ability, capable of reaching for himself and holding the highest places if he had so willed it. A man of magnificent physique and strong personality, gifted with a wonderful memory and a mind richly stored with information he could use at a moment's notice, a forceful speaker, a man who impressed; there were many pleasant paths open before him to the most desirable goals.

"Surviving are his aged mother, two brothers, a sister, his wife and younger son, the latter now a student in the State University and one of the most capable and promising of our young men."

MARSHALL HENRY FAIRCHILD, of the ninth generation, the first child of Clement W. Fairchild and Belle (Hanley) Fairchild, was born in Kingman, Kansas, May 10, 1887. He was accidentally killed in December, 1905, while hunting during the Christmas vacation when home from the University of Kansas. The following account of his death is quoted from a Kingman, Kansas, paper of December, 1905:

"One of the saddest accidents and one that brought grief to many households and friends took place last Saturday between Olcott and Penalose, near the home of Henry Maffet. Marshall Fairchild who was at home spending his vacation from the State University, and his brother Clem, had gone out the day before to their uncles, Bert and Jack

(Fairchild) for a hunt. They went out Saturday in a spring wagon, the boys riding in the back seat with their guns resting between them. One of the guns, a hammerless, and the kind that is supposed to be absolutely safe, slipped partly down under the front seat, resting across a rod which had been placed there to keep the buggy box from spreading. In pulling it back, in some manner, it was discharged and the contents entered the stomach of Marshall, killing him instantly.

"C. W. Fairchild, father of the boy, was called by phone and the accident reported to him but not the serious consequences. All day Mr. Fairchild had a premonition of something terrible going to happen and when the accident was reported he answered back, 'Tell it to me as it is for I know Marshall is dead,' which was admitted. The news spread like wildfire over the city and never in the city's history was there more genuine grief displayed, for all knew the boy and loved him. Undertaker Sappington secured a team and went out after the remains, making a drive of fifty miles on that cold dreary Saturday night. . . .

"The remains arrived Sunday morning and the funeral was arranged for Monday at 2 o'clock, but a telegram was received from relatives in Iowa, saying they would start for Kingman at once and that they could not reach here until 11 o'clock, Tuesday, when it was held. It was one of the most impressive, solemn and sympathetic services held in this city. Rev. Fleming of the Presbyterian church officiating. . . .

"Marshall Henry Fairchild was born in Kingman, May 10, 1887, and has lived here continuously since that time. As a lad he was popular among his playmates and as he grew towards manhood that popularity increased. . . .

"During the last summer he spent the time in his father's law office, studying law and assisting with the office work. In September he entered the State University at Lawrence and was doing hard persistent work along the lines of the regular course. . . . (See the earlier edition of this genealogy for the full biographical sketch as it was printed in the Kingman paper.)

CHARLES CLEMENT FAIRCHILD, of the ninth generation, the second son of Clement W. Fairchild and Belle (Hanley) Fairchild, was born in Kingman, Kansas, Dec. 6, 1888. He married Ada Baker, born in Kentucky, Feb. 8, 1891. He was graduated from the Law Department of the State University of Kansas and is now an instructor in public speaking in the Kansas City, Mo., schools. He received his degrees of B.A. and LL.B. from the State University at Lawrence, Kansas, and also has a degree of M.A. He is now residing with his family at No. 6707 Linden Road, Kansas City, Mo., where they own a very fine home. The three sons of Charles Clement and Ada (Baker) Fairchild, are exceedingly bright boys, named:

CHARLES CLEMENT FAIRCHILD, JR., Born Oct. 11, 1919

ROBERT FAIRCHILD, Born Dec. 22, 1921

PAUL FAIRCHILD, Born May 3, 1924

About March, 1938, when Robert Fairchild above, was a high school student, 16 years of age, he delivered an address to the

congregation of the Ivanhoe Congregational Church of Kansas City, which was printed in the Kansas City Star and received wide notice from the leading papers of the Union. In a letter received from his mother, Ada (Baker) Fairchild, enclosing a clipping from the Kansas City Star, she wrote as follows:

"I am sending the clipping about Bob. . . . The Associated Press sent it out all over the country and Bob has received forty-five letters from several different states commending him for the stand he had taken. He also was sent clippings concerning it from Des Moines, Omaha, New York and Philadelphia, and others told us about reading it in the papers in other sections of the country."

Robert Fairchild, above mentioned, had recently been named cadet colonel of the High School Reserved Officers Training Corps units in Kansas City, among 1600 cadets (1938). This honor could be won each year by only one person and is won by competitive examinations among the captains of each high school in Kansas City, there being eight competitors.

December, 1942, the following Christmas Greeting was received from The Fairchilds, 6707 Linden Road, Kansas City, Missouri:

"GREETINGS"

"Clem Jr., has been in the service since Feb. 1. He took Officer's Training at Quantico, Va., and was commissioned a Second Lieutenant in the Marines. He asked for combatant service but was placed in the Quartermaster's Corps. After seven months at Quantico he was transferred to Parris Island, South Carolina, for two months. The middle of November he was sent to Ft. Worth, Texas, to establish a supply base for Glider Units. His address is Lieutenant Clem Fairchild, Glider Unit 71, U.S.M.C. Air Station, Eagle Mt. Lake, Ft. Worth, Texas.

"Bob was graduated from Kansas University and commissioned a Second Lieutenant last June. He had received his training here in the R.O.T.C. and was Kansas City's Cadet Colonel his senior year. He then took two year's further training at Kansas University. He was sent to Ft. Benning, Georgia, for Officer's Training last July, then was transferred to Camp Shelby, Mississippi, the middle of October. He is training machine gun troops. His address is Lieutenant Robert C. Fairchild, Co. D, 155th Infantry, Camp Shelby, Mississippi.

"Paul had one year at Junior College, and this year went to Kansas University on account of military training where he is in the enlisted reserves. He belongs to Sigma Nu Fraternity—the third Fairchild brother. He takes much pride in his school work and is a good student.

"Dad is at the same old stand, teaching at Manual High School during the day, and three nights a week he conducts Public Speaking Classes for Business Men and Women, sponsored by the Advertising Club.

"Mother keeps busy with her family, church work, and civic activities, and keeps the home fires burning for whoever drops in. So-o come up and see us sometime.

From the FAIRCHILDS

6707 Linden Road

Kansas City, Missouri²

Since the above greeting was written, Clem Fairchild, Jr., has seen service as a Captain in the South Pacific, and his brother, Robert Fairchild, is also a Captain expecting to see service soon in the Mediterranean area.

While preparing this page in 1943, the writer had before him a publication with reference to the activities of the Kansas City Advertising Club, containing a picture of the seventh annual dinner of the Speaker's Training Division of Feb. 24, 1930, showing a very large attendance with an insert of the picture of Professor C. C. Fairchild, B.A., M.A., LL.B., under which was the following announcement:

"The annual banquet of the Speakers Training Division is a colorful, inspiring climax to a most pleasant year of good fellowship and profitable instruction. A never-to-be-forgotten event for those privileged to attend.

"All speeches are by students chosen through competitive activities or distinctive work during the school year. Classes are under the very able direction of an ideal teacher, Professor C. C. Fairchild, whose record in the school since 1924 is truly remarkable."

CHARLES JACKSON FAIRCHILD, of the eighth generation, often referred to as "Jack", was the second son of Isaac and Martha (Baker) Fairchild, and a grandson of Timothy Marsh Fairchild (1799-1884) of Brant County, Ontario; was born in Johnson County, Iowa, in 1866. He never married. Before moving with his parents to Kingman, Kansas, in 1885, he studied law and attended the State University of Iowa for a while. In Kansas he engaged in farming and stock-raising in Kingman County, and later moved to Glencoe, or Morrison, near Stillwater, Oklahoma. He died about August, 1932. Charles Jackson Fairchild and the writer of this genealogy, being near the same age and while young men before reaching the age of 20 years, often enjoyed a day's sport at duck hunting together, when wild ducks were still numerous in the marshes not far from my Uncle Isaac Fairchild's home in the southern part of Johnson County and in Louisa County, Iowa.

LUELLA ELIZA FAIRCHILD, the only daughter of Isaac Fairchild and Martha (Baker) Fairchild, was born in Johnson County, Iowa, June, 1869, and moved with her parents to Kingman, Kansas, in 1885. She married in Kansas, William L. Kessler, born in Kansas, Sept. 26, 1861. He died Feb. 4, 1928, and

Luella Eliza died at Edna, Kansas, Sept. 11, 1941. They raised several children of whom one, Laura Kesler, of Edna, Kansas, is unmarried. During the latter years of her mother, Laura operated a general store in Edna and was Postmaster of the post office there during the administration of President Herbert Hoover.

About the year 1932, Luella Fairchild Kesler, Laura Kesler, and another daughter, Bessie Wimmer and her husband and children, visited the home of my brother, James Fairchild, in Coralville, Johnson County, and at that time a large group picture of the family gathering was taken.

The children of William L. Kesler and Luella Eliza (Fairchild) Kesler, were:

LAURA A. KESLER, born in Kansas, July 10, 1891.

BERTRAM B. KESLER, born in Kansas, April 2, 1894; m. Frankie Wagner, born 1895.

FRANK B. KESLER, born in Kansas, Dec. 10, 1895; m. Nellie M. Hutzel, b. April 1, 1901. They have three children, Betty Lou, Ruth B., Laura Frances.

WILLIAM KESLER, born in Kansas, Oct. 18, 1898; died Dec. 16, 1898.

CHARLES D. KESLER, born in Kansas, April 6, 1901; m. Margaret Andre, b. Jan. 28, 1911.

BESSIE M. KESLER, born in Kansas, Feb. 20, 1904; m. Fahler Wimmer in Kansas; born Dec. 5, 1901. They have two children: William Kesler Wimmer, b. Dec. 2, 1925, and John Quincy Wimmer, born May 18, 1931.

BERTRAM H. FAIRCHILD, of the eighth generation, the youngest child of Isaac Fairchild and Martha (Baker) Fairchild, was born in Johnson County, Iowa, Nov. 19, 1872, and moved with his parents to Kansas in 1885. He married in Kansas, Olive M. Taylor. On reaching manhood he engaged in farming and stockraising with his brother Charles Jackson Fairchild, and sometime later moved with his family and brother and their herd of whitefaces (Herefords) to near Glencoe and Morrison, about 16 miles from Stillwater, Oklahoma, where Bertram and his family resided for some time before moving to Enid, Oklahoma, where he died October 17, 1940. At the time the United States Government conducted a race for land in the Cherokee Strip he made the run with others in that historic race. The following excerpt is from the announcement of his death in a paper published in Enid, Oklahoma:

"Bertram H. Fairchild, who was 67 years old, had been a traveling representative for a salt company for twenty years and was well known in Enid. His death followed a lingering disease. He was a member of

the United Commercial Travelers, some of whose members will serve as active pallbearers. He made the run into the Cherokee Strip, but returned after a short time to his former home at Kingman, Kansas. He came to Enid seventeen years ago."

The names of the children of Bertram Fairchild and Olive M. (Taylor) Fairchild, were as follows:

CHARLES ISAAC FAIRCHILD, son of Bertram H. Fairchild and Olive (Taylor) Fairchild, was born February 7, 1899; married Georgia Wood, born 1900. They have two children named Martha Ann Fairchild, born Sept. 25, 1924, and Thomas Fairchild, born December 30, 1927.

LUELLA FAIRCHILD, daughter of Bertram H. Fairchild and Olive M. Fairchild, was born October 4, 1900, and married Everett Berry, born 1899. They have three children, Everett E. Berry, born April 26, 1922; Jenny Lou Berry, born April 8, 1926, and Catherine Olive Berry, born Nov. 18, 1937.

HELEN M. FAIRCHILD, daughter of Bertram H. Fairchild and Olive M. Fairchild, was born October 26, 1902, and married Cecil D. Lewis, born October, 1901. They have one child, Cecil D. Lewis, born October 23, 1937.

ROBERT TIMOTHY FAIRCHILD, son of Bertram H. Fairchild and Olive M. Fairchild, was born July 16, 1904, and married Vocile Brown-ing, born July, 1902. They have three children, Robert B. Fairchild, born May 11, 1931; Olive Rhea Fairchild, born July, 1932, and Patricia Lou Fairchild, born October, 1936.

BERTRAM H. FAIRCHILD, JR., son of Bertram H. Fairchild and Olive M. Fairchild was born July 16, 1906, and married Locie Swearing-ton. They have one child, Marie Helen Fairchild, born November 28, 1937.

VIRGINIA M. FAIRCHILD, daughter of Bertram H. Fairchild and Olive M. Fairchild was born May 18, 1909, and married Harry F. Smith. They have two children, Shirley Ann Smith born January 26, 1932, and Harry F. Smith, born February 23, 1935.

OLIVE E. FAIRCHILD, daughter of Bertram H. Fairchild and Olive M. Fairchild was born March 29, 1913, and married William C. Branum.

ROY C. FAIRCHILD, son of Bertram H. Fairchild and Olive M. Fairchild, was born July 7, 1917.

EARL C. FAIRCHILD, son of Bertram H. Fairchild and Olive M. Fairchild, was born July 7, 1917.

LORANELL FAIRCHILD, son of Bertram H. Fairchild and Olive M. Fairchild, was born Sept. 5, 1920.

SARAH FAIRCHILD, of the seventh generation, a daughter of Timothy Marsh Fairchild and Sarah Ann (Miller) Fairchild and a granddaughter of Isaac Fairchild and Lucy (Kilbourne) Fairchild, the Ontario pioneers, was born in Brant County, Ontario, Feb. 4, 1831. She married Abraham Kinnard and four children were born to them. They died in Brant County, Ontario, and are buried in the Fairchild cemetery at Mt. Pleasant,

Brant County, in the northeast corner of the farm of Isaac Fairchild and Lucy (Kilbourne) Fairchild.

The inscription on their monument is as follows:

"ABRAHAM KINNARD

Died June 27, 1883

Age 63 years

Sarah Fairchild

his wife

1831-1921

The following obituary was printed in the Brantford Expositor at the time of the death of Sarah (Fairchild) Kinnard:

"There passed away on Monday evening, an old and highly esteemed resident of Pleasant Ridge, in the person of Sarah Fairchild, widow of the late Abraham Kinnard. She was born in the year of 1831 and spent practically all of her life in this vicinity. Deceased was a member of the Baptist Church. She leaves to mourn her loss, three sons, Elborne and Timothy at home and Ben of Brantford. The funeral will take place Wednesday afternoon at 2:30 from her late residence, Pleasant Ridge."

The four children of Abraham Kinnard and Sarah (Fairchild) Kinnard, all born in Brant County, Ontario, were:

ELBORNE KINNARD, born in 1853. When the writer of this genealogy visited him in 1938, he was in his 85th year and was sowing wheat with a team and drill on the farm which had been owned by his parents, and on which he and his brother,

TIMOTHY KINNARD, were living and farming. Timothy Kinnard was probably close to eighty years at that time.

BENJAMIN KINNARD, owns and resides, with his family, in a beautiful farm home on the Grand River on the western edge of Brantford, Ontario, where he raises some fine black cattle. They have two daughters, Lou Kinnard, a bookkeeper employed in Brantford and Hazel (Kinnard) Patterson, who resides with her parents. She is an instructor in elocution in Brantford. Her husband is a traveling salesman.

CALVIN KINNARD, another son of Abraham Kinnard and Sarah (Fairchild) Kinnard, died May 17, 1883, in his 17th year and was buried in the Fairchild cemetery near the grave where his parents were afterwards buried. He was learning the printer's trade in Brantford when he became ill and soon passed away. The compiler of this genealogy was about the same age and while he was living, corresponded with him as cousins sometimes do.

ELVIRA FAIRCHILD, of the seventh generation, daughter of Timothy Marsh Fairchild and Sarah Ann (Miller) Fairchild, and a granddaughter of the pioneers, Isaac and Lucy (Kilbourne) Fairchild, was born in Brant County, Ontario. She married a Baptist minister named Hazelton, who conducted services in Brant County, and other parts of Ontario. I do not know

whether they ever moved to the States or not, but it is my recollection that Elvira (Fairchild) Hazelton died in Brant County, Ontario. They had two children named Fred Hazelton and Anna Hazelton. Anna Hazelton was a teacher and Fred Hazelton was a commercial traveler and salesman for a manufacturing firm the last time the writer heard from him. Many years ago he visited the writer's father in Iowa City, Iowa, and while in Iowa City had his picture taken which is still in the old family album. Also Anna Hazelton's picture is still in the same album.

REBECCA FAIRCHILD, of the seventh generation, daughter of Timothy Marsh Fairchild and Sarah Ann (Miller) Fairchild, was born in Brant County about 1841. She evidently lost her eyesight when about 16 years of age, but had learned to write before she lost her sight. The writer still marvels at the recollection of a letter written by her to his father many years ago, the writing of which was easily read. Rebecca Fairchild married Robert Laird and they raised a large family on their farm west of the farm of her father. Their children were scattered and most of them are dead.

Robert and Rebecca Laird are buried in the Fairchild cemetery above referred to. The inscription on their monument sets forth that:

“Robert Laird was born May 21, 1827
Died December 20, 1905 at the age
of 78 years and 6 months and
Rebecca Fairchild Laird died
May 20, 1913 at the age of 71 yrs.

Some of their children are also buried in the Fairchild cemetery among whom is George Laird, who died April 27, 1916, at the age of 52 years.

WILLIAM FAIRCHILD, of the seventh generation, the youngest son of Timothy Marsh Fairchild and Sarah Ann (Miller) Fairchild, and a grandson of the pioneers, Isaac and Lucy Fairchild, was born in Brant County, Ontario, June 1844. He married Caroline Secord, evidently a descendant of one of the Long Point settlers of about 1796. See Book Notices in Chapter XV of this work. William and Caroline Fairchild resided for a number of years with his father, Timothy Marsh Fairchild, on the 160-acre farm owned by him. The splendid stone house on this farm erected about 1850-55, is still in fine condition, but the very

large barn first constructed was destroyed by fire caused by lightning some years ago and has since been replaced by another barn built on the same stone foundation, or basement of the original barn.

One of the sons of William and Caroline Fairchild, named Courtland C. Fairchild, is a civil engineer in Brantford. His wife died several years ago. It was this cousin of the writer who pointed out on the map of Brant County, the site on Fairchild Creek where our great grandfather, Isaac Fairchild, established his store and trading post before white settlers settled in Brant County and there traded with Chief Joseph Brant and his Mohawk Indians. See Chapter XXIII of this genealogy.

William Fairchild died Nov. 1914, at the age of 70 years and five months and was buried in the Farrington cemetery near Brantford. His wife, Caroline, was born Feb. 22, 1848, and died Nov. 20, 1935, and was also buried in the Farrington cemetery.

Some years before his death Timothy Marsh Fairchild, father of William Fairchild, in giving each of his sons a start in life, gave his splendid home and farm of 160 acres to William and Caroline Fairchild, with the reservation that he live with them on the farm and be cared for until his death. After a few years William and Caroline exchanged their interest in this farm for Stephen and Charity Fairchild's farm and Stephen and Charity Fairchild, with their family, thereafter resided on the home farm until the death of Timothy Marsh Fairchild, April 4, 1884.

The children of William Fairchild and Caroline Fairchild were of the eighth generation and were named as follows:

COURTLAND CHARLES FAIRCHILD, son of William and Caroline (Secord) Fairchild, was born in Brant County, Ontario, and married Gertrude Jenkins, June 29, 1897. She is now deceased. Courtland Charles Fairchild is a civil engineer in Brantford, Ontario.

HERBERT WESLEY FAIRCHILD, son of William Fairchild and Caroline (Secord) Fairchild, was born in Brant County, and married Mary Farrington, April 15, 1909. They are residing at 414 Lewis Street, Ottawa, Canada.

MARY ANTOINETTE FAIRCHILD, was born in Brant County and married Charles Pinhey, Sept. 4, 1898.

WILLIAM HOWARD FAIRCHILD was born in Brant County, and married Amanda Lee, May 10, 1905, and died in 1943. He was a civil engineer and for a time was the city engineer for the city of Galt, Ontario.

EDITH FAIRCHILD, daughter of William Fairchild and Caroline (Secord) Fairchild, married Edgar Brooks, April 9, 1893.

CHARLES COURTLAND FAIRCHILD was born in Brant County, Ontario, on our grandfather's farm February 21, 1867, eight days before the compiler of this genealogy was born on the adjoining farm. He died in Brantford October 28, 1944.

The following obituary was clipped from a Brantford, Ontario, paper:

C. C. FAIRCHILD DIED TODAY

LOCAL MINING AND CIVIL ENGINEER HAD WIDE EXPERIENCE IN CANADA

Charles Courtland Fairchild, C.E., D.L.S., O.L.S., A.L.S., 42 Palace Street, Civil and Mining Engineer, who figured largely in the development of the Canadian West, died early this morning.

Born in Brant County, February 21, 1867, he was the son of William F. and Caroline Secord Fairchild. The Fairchild family first came to what became Brant County in 1780, one of the first members of the family to settle in this district, being an interpreter for Captain Joseph Brant. Courtland Fairchild's mother was a member of the same family as Laura Secord.

Courtland Fairchild was educated in the public schools of the County and the Brantford Collegiate Institute. He graduated from the School of Practical Science, Toronto, April 9, 1894. He was assistant city engineer of Brantford from 1892 to 1895; town engineer, Simcoe, Ont., 1895 to 1900, and county engineer, Counties of Norfolk and Haldimand, 1895-1900. From 1900 to 1911 he was engaged in exploring and contract work for the Dominion Government in the Province of Alberta. In 1900 he explored the barren lands of Northeastern Canada from Mackenzie Basin to Chesterfield Inlet; made the first subdivision surveys in the Peace River country in 1901-1902; sat with the Doukhobor Commission, which took a complete census of all Doukhobors in Canada, subdivided villages and did other exploring and pioneering work until 1909, when he made measurement of proposed gravity water system for Edmonton from Pigeon Lake. In 1912 he had charge of installation of the water and sewer system at Athabasca Landing, and in 1912 made a survey and report on the Pelican natural gas field for the City of Edmonton. In 1915 he gave up his practice in Edmonton and returned to Brantford and became a consulting engineer. He was the engineer who laid out Lansdowne Park. He retired from private practice here in 1942.

Mr. Fairchild was a lifelong Liberal and took a deep interest in politics, and was Returning Officer for the Riding of Brantford in the last Federal election. He was a member of Grace Anglican Church, the Masonic Order and the Canadian Order of Foresters.

In 1897 he married Gertrude E. Jenkins, who predeceased him some years.

Surviving are one son, Beverley Fairchild, Montreal, Manager of the Canadian Society of Electrical Engineers; one daughter, Nora, at home; one brother, Herbert W. Fairchild, Ottawa, and two sisters, Mrs. C. C. Pinhey, Norwich, and Mrs. Ed. Brooks, City.

Funeral arrangements have not yet been completed.

Children of Courtland Charles Fairchild and Gertrude (Jenkins) Fairchild are of the ninth generation and are named as follows:

BEVERLY COURTLAND FAIRCHILD, married Lynne Elton.

NORA VIVIENNE FAIRCHILD, at home. Nora V. Fairchild and her father Courtland Charles Fairchild, furnished the information regarding the family of William Fairchild of the seventh generation.

Children of Herbert Wesley Fairchild and Mary (Farrington) Fairchild are of the ninth generation and are named as follows:

HERBERT FARRINGTON FAIRCHILD

HELEN JOSEPHINE FAIRCHILD

JAMES FULLER FAIRCHILD

HAROLD WILLIAM FAIRCHILD

Children of Mary Antoinette (Fairchild) Pinhey and Charles Pinhey:

MARION EDITH PINHEY, married Donald Cavin.

DOROTHY FAIRCHILD PINHEY, married Clifford Fidlín.

Children of William Howard Fairchild and Amanda (Lee) Fairchild:

WILLIAM LEE FAIRCHILD, of the ninth generation.

JOHN HOWARD FAIRCHILD

FRANCES MARY FAIRCHILD

DOUGLAS MARTYN FAIRCHILD, married Alberta Kempthorne.

Children of Edith (Fairchild) Brooks and Edgar Brooks:

HAROLD WOODBURN BROOKS, married Daisy Dunn.

JOHN COURTLAND BROOKS, died.

ALICE BROOKS, married Warson Race.

ANGELINE A. FAIRCHILD, of the seventh generation, daughter of Timothy Marsh Fairchild and Sarah Ann (Miller) Fairchild and granddaughter of Isaac and Lucy (Kilbourne) Fairchild, the pioneers, was born in Brant County, Ontario, Nov. 30, 1835, and died there at the age of 86 years, 4 months and 26 days. She married Garrett Terhune, and they raised a family of three children and are buried in the Fairchild cemetery at Mt. Pleasant, Brant County, Ont. The inscription on their monument records that Garrett Terhune died April 18, 1901, at the age of 78 years, 5 months and that Angeline A. Terhune was born Nov. 30, 1835, and died April 25, 1921.

Their children were: Fred W. Terhune, John Francis Terhune and Lucy Cordelia Terhune who married Albert Eaton. See following:

FRED W. TERHUNE, son of Garrett Terhune and Angeline A. (Fairchild) Terhune, was born in Brant County, Ontario, about 1862 and is a veterinarian by profession. At one time he was connected with the Provincial Agricultural Department at Guelph, Ontario. For the last several years he has been residing on the old homestead of his parents in Mt. Pleasant, Brant County, and is engaged in general farming and dairying. There is a fine stone house on this farm. This house and also the house on the farm of Timothy Marsh Fairchild, were built about 1850-55 and are still in first class condition. The writer was much impressed with the state and condition of the mortar in which the blocks of granite were laid, which appeared to be almost as hard now, after so many years of weathering, as the granite blocks forming the walls. The mason's trowel marks are as plainly visible as when first made.

Another feature of this house of Garrett Terhune is the hydraulic ram set in a spring about fifty or more rods from the house, which, with but few repairs, has furnished running water from a spring to this house ever since it was built.

Fred W. Terhune's wife died a number of years ago and his son, Garrett Terhune, with his wife, Ruby, and their son and daughter are residing on the farm with him assisting in the operation of the farm and dairy. He has a number of other children and grandchildren. One of his daughters resides on a farm west of Burford, whose husband is engaged in farming and in growing tobacco. They have specially constructed buildings especially equipped for the drying and curing of tobacco as fast as it is brought in from the fields. Each building has special drying apparatus which requires the constant attention of an expert during the entire harvest of the crop.

The writer remembers a visit to Iowa City, Iowa, by his grandfather, Timothy Marsh Fairchild and Garrett and Angeline Terhune about 1880. It was in the fall of the year when wild ducks were plentiful and when they visited the home of the writer's uncle, Isaac Fairchild, in the southern part of the county and near the marshes, Aunt Angeline was shocked at the firing of guns on Sunday by duck hunters.

LUCY CORDELIA TERHUNE, daughter of Garrett Terhune and Angeline (Fairchild) Terhune, was born in Brant County, Ontario, and in the house above referred to, April 30, 1863. The writer received a letter from her about 1939, mailed at Seattle, State of Washington, where she is residing, in which letter she

referred to the family tradition with reference to our great grandmother, Lucy (Kilbourne) Fairchild having been an heir of Lord Kilboure as is set out in the article prepared by Isaac Ernest Fairchild, an excerpt of which is set out in Chapter XVII of this genealogy. She also referred to the tradition and claim that the Mohawk Indians, about the time of the Revolutionary War, had stolen Benjamin Fairchild, Jr., in New York and had

The following items were taken from the papers published in Brantford, Ontario:

TERHUNE—At his home on Pleasant Ridge Road, Thursday evening, Aug. 17, 1944, Frederick William Terhune, aged 83 years. The late Mr. Terhune is resting at Beckett Funeral Home until Sunday morning. Service at his home, Pleasant Ridge Road, on Sunday, Aug. 20, at 2 p.m. to Mount Pleasant Cemetery.

FREDERICK W. TERHUNE

Death last evening claimed one of Brant County's oldest native-born and most highly respected citizens in the person of Frederick William Terhune, V.S. Mr. Terhune, who was eighty-three years old, was the son of Mr. and Mrs. Garrett Terhune, pioneer settlers in the County. He was born and died in the Terhune homestead, which was built by his father more than one hundred years ago. Dr. Terhune graduated as a veterinary surgeon from the O.V.C., and practised his profession until twenty years ago, being very widely known. He was a member of Zion Church here, of which his father was one of the founders and an elder. Deceased is survived by one son, Garry, at home; one daughter, Mrs. Stanley Howey, Burford, six grandchildren and three great-grandchildren. He is resting at the Beckett Funeral Home, Brant Avenue, until Sunday morning. The funeral will be conducted Sunday afternoon from his late residence, Pleasant Ridge Road. Interment will be in Mount Pleasant Cemetery. 1944

~~Norman Eaton, born March 1920 and one named born 1927~~
born Jan. 1927. They were divorced and he then married Gertrude Stiencup, Nov. 1930. They have one daughter named Louanne, born Nov. 16, 1931.

VERA ALEXANDER MARGARET EATON, daughter of Albert and Lucy (Terhune) Eaton, was born Sept. 18, 1902, and married Foster Malcolm March 1924. They live in New Westminster, B. C., Canada.

GORDON SPENCER GRAHAM EATON, born April 2, 1905, a son of Albert and Lucy (Terhune) Eaton, married Vivian Beadall.

JOHN FRANCIS TERHUNE, son of Garrett Terhune and Angéline (Fairchild) Terhune was born on the same farm and in the same house that Fred W. Terhune and Lucy (Terhune) Eaton were born in as is above set out under their names. The following is a letter received from Lola (McMurphy) Terhune, his daughter-in-law, under date of Nov. 25, 1938. She is the wife of Edmund Calvin Terhune, one of the sons of John Francis Terhune with whom he lived at St. Helen, Michigan, and who, doubtless, furnished the information contained in the letter:

"John Francis Terhune, (Frank) was born in Canada Sept. 7, 1865. He married Rachle Hutton in the fall of 1888. She came from England when a young girl. There were five children born to them. The oldest, Violet (Terhune) Schwalm, was born June 7, 1889, in Canada, and is now living in St. Helen, Roscommon County, Michigan. Next was Gladys Terhune, born in Canada in 1890, now dead. The third was Vera (Terhune) Scott of Flint, Michigan, born Sept. 15, 1891, in Canada. Edmund Calvin Terhune was born March 7, 1896, in St. Helen, Michigan, and is now farming within three miles of his birthplace. Victor F. Terhune was born Jan. 22, 1898.

"Frank (John Francis) Terhune, left Canada in 1893, taking only a team of horses and covered wagon he traveled to Michigan. He first landed at Damon, Mich., where he worked in the lumber woods for about a year, then came on to where he is now, St. Helen. His daughter Gladys and his wife Rachle, passed away here. He is now living with us. He is out working about all of the time and seems to be in very good health."

John Francis Terhune, known as Frank Terhune, died since the above letter was written, at St. Helen, Michigan, Dec. 14, 1940. The Roscommon Herald-News published an announcement of his death as follows:

"John Francis Terhune, one of the pioneer residents of Richfield Township, who drove from Canada in a covered wagon more than forty-five years ago, passed away Saturday at the home of his son, Edmund Terhune, in that township. Frank, as he was best known in the community, was born in Brantford, Ontario, Sept. 7, 1865, a member of an old English family whose records have been kept for centuries. In 1888, he married Rachle Hutton, a native of England. Hearing of the opportunities in the woods of Michigan he hitched his team to a covered wagon and in 1893 drove his family to Damon, which at that time was a thriving village. After working in the woods there for a year, he took up a homestead in Richfield township, and has since resided in the Keno community. His wife died in 1906 and he has since made his home with his sons. He has been in poor health for several months but death came as a surprise to his large circle of friends. He was a kindly, soft spoken man with a ready smile. He loved to give a helping hand to others and his violin has brightened the social gatherings in his community for a generation."

TIMOTHY FAIRCHILD, of the seventh generation, father of the

writer of this genealogy, and son of Timothy Marsh Fairchild and Sarah Ann (Miller) Fairchild of Brant County, Ontario, also grandsons of Isaac Fairchild and Lucy (Kilbourne) Fairchild, the Brant County pioneers, was born in Brant County, Ontario, Sept. 30, 1837. He married Joanna Smith, a daughter of John Smith and Anna Smith, of Brant County. Joanna was born in Dumfries, Scotland, Nov. 12, 1840, and moved with her parents when very young to England, and later, when she was about seven years of age the family moved to Canada and settled in Brant County, Ontario, where they resided until their deaths.

Timothy and Joanna (Smith) Fairchild were married in Brant County and resided on a farm about forty rods from the house of his father until January, 1871, at which time they sold their farm and moved to Johnson County, Iowa, where they engaged in farming and stock-raising for many years. During the late years of their lives they resided in Coralville, a suburb of Iowa City, Iowa, where they died.

Joanna Fairchild died May 3, 1908, at the age of 67 years 3 months and 21 days and Timothy Fairchild died March 15, 1915, at the age of 77 years 6 months and 15 days. They are buried in Lot 22, Greenwood cemetery, Brantford, Ontario, in the same lot in which Joanna's parents and some of her sisters and brother are buried.

Timothy Fairchild was the first man to introduce the Tamworth breed of hogs into Johnson County, and I believe the herd books will show he was the first man to introduce this breed of hogs into Iowa. They were registered animals named Sampson and Rosie and were registered in the herd books with the dates of their importation into Iowa, which I believe will show the earliest dates of this breed of hogs in Iowa.

They developed into half ton hogs, Rosie weighing 1050 pounds when sold and Sampson weighing a little less. Later Timothy Fairchild sold some of their descendants averaging over 600 pounds each to the Independence Milling Co., at Independence, Iowa, all of which were registered animals.

He also imported to Iowa in 1870, the fall before the family moved to Iowa, two blooded stallions from the Bow Park Farm, Brant County, Ontario.

The children of Timothy Fairchild and Joanna (Smith) Fairchild were all born in Brant County, Ontario, and were named as follows:

HENRY WILLIAM FAIRCHILD, born Nov. 15, 1863, of the eighth generation.

MARY ELVIRA FAIRCHILD, born May 3, 1865; died June 19, 1909.

TIMOTHY MARSH FAIRCHILD, born March 1st, 1867.

JOHN JAMES FAIRCHILD, born Oct. 17, 1868, died Jan. 4, 1939.

STEPHEN FRANCIS FAIRCHILD, born Dec. 22, 1870, died March 1, 1919.

HENRY WILLIAM FAIRCHILD, son of Timothy Fairchild and Joanna (Smith) Fairchild, resided in Coralville, Johnson County, Iowa. He engaged for a time in farming and stockraising and at one time engaged in contracting, and is now doing part time work as watchman for the State University Hospital. He married Grace Fackler and they have two sons who are twins, born April 8 and 9, 1907, named:

HENRY TIMOTHY FAIRCHILD WILLIAM WESLEY FAIRCHILD

Henry Timothy Fairchild has a master's degree from the State University of Iowa and is entitled to write his name with a B.S., M.S. He married Opel Wyjack and they have three children: Pauline, Timothy and William. Another son named James, born Oct. 27, 1938, died soon after birth. Henry Timothy Fairchild is in the employe of the U. S. Postal Service.

William Wesley Fairchild is employed by the University State Hospital at Iowa City, Iowa. He is unmarried.

MARY ELVIRA FAIRCHILD, the only daughter of Timothy and Joanna (Smith) Fairchild, attended the public schools in Iowa City, Iowa. She married William Hastings, and died without issue during an operation for appendicitis in the hospital in Iowa City, Iowa, June 19, 1909, and is buried in the cemetery in Iowa City.

The parents of William Hastings moved to Johnson County, Iowa, from near Albany, N. Y., at an early date and for a time our family and the parents of William Hastings were neighbors.

William Hastings owns a fine farm and a beautiful home about four miles from Iowa City and is a very successful farmer.

JOHN JAMES FAIRCHILD, son of Timothy Fairchild and Joanna (Smith) Fairchild, received his education in the schools of Iowa City and in his younger days was considered as a leader among his friends in all outdoor sports, such as hunting, skating, swimming and baseball. He was an excellent skater and enjoyed a large circle of friends. After reaching his maturity he engaged

in farming and stockraising with his father and later engaged in the carpenter trade residing in the old homestead of his parents until his death, Jan. 4, 1939. He delighted in hunting and fishing whenever his time would permit of his enjoying such pleasure and was an excellent shot and skillful with the rod and line. His funeral was largely attended. He was buried in Oakhill cemetery north of Coralville, Johnson County, Iowa.

STEPHEN FRANCIS FAIRCHILD, the youngest child of Timothy Fairchild and Joanna (Smith) Fairchild, was born in Brant County, Ontario, Dec. 22, 1870, and resided in Johnson County, Iowa, all of his lifetime after his parents moved there in January, 1871. He was an electrician and married Caroline Koser, a sister of the wife of the compiler of this genealogy. They were married in 1900 and had one child named Edward Francis Fairchild, who married Mary Moylan. They are residing in the old Fairchild homestead in Coralville, which was deeded to them by John James Fairchild before his death.

Stephen Francis Fairchild died during the influenza epidemic of the First World War, March 1, 1919, and was buried in the Oakhill cemetery, Coralville, Iowa.

EDWARD FRANCIS FAIRCHILD and Mary (Moylan) Fairchild have two daughters named Dianne Fairchild and Joyce Fairchild.

TIMOTHY MARSH FAIRCHILD, of the eighth generation, was born March 1st, 1867, on his father's farm adjoining the farm of his grandfather. He received his name from his grandfather, who requested that the full name be given including the middle name of Marsh.

The writer studied law and was graduated from the State University of Iowa, at Iowa City in June 1896, receiving his LL.B. at that time, and also at the same time, having passed the State Bar examination, received his certificate of admission from the Supreme Court of Iowa, admitting him to the practice of law in the Supreme Court and the several courts of Iowa. Also at that time receiving his certificate from the Circuit Court for the Northern District of Iowa, admitting him to practice as an Attorney and Concellor at Law, Solicitor in Chancery and Proctor in Admiralty in the several Courts of the United States for the Northern District of Iowa.

After his graduation he engaged in the practice of law in Iowa City, Iowa, with W. J. Baldwin, who had been admitted

to the bar the previous year and with whom the writer was associated in the practice of law for many years before moving to Missouri and after returning to Iowa City.

When the National Bankruptcy Law was first enacted by Congress in 1898, the Honorable Oliver P. Shiras, Judge of the District Court for the Northern District of Iowa, appointed the writer as Referee in Bankruptcy, a position he held for four years, resigning when elected prosecuting attorney of Johnson County, Iowa, which office he held two terms from January 1, 1903 to January 1, 1907.

Timothy Marsh Fairchild married Lena Mae Koser, Dec. 13, 1899. She was the daughter of Charles Alexander Koser and Mary L. (Anciaux) Koser, members of pioneer families in Johnson County, Iowa. At one time Charles Alexander Koser and his family moved to Dakota and engaged in farming, and were there during the dry years of about 50 or 55 years ago and then returned to Iowa. They are now deceased and are buried in Oakhill cemetery north of Coralville, Iowa.

Timothy Marsh Fairchild and Lena Mae (Koser) Fairchild have seven children. They are of the ninth generation of the American Fairchild family and are named as follows:

LEONA JOANNA FAIRCHILD
LUCY LORETTA FAIRCHILD
NELLIE IRENE FAIRCHILD
TIMOTHY MARSH FAIRCHILD, JR.
CHARLES ALEXANDER FAIRCHILD
SARAH ELLEN FAIRCHILD
MILDRED ELLSWORTH FAIRCHILD

LEONA JOANNA FAIRCHILD was born in Coralville, a suburb of Iowa City, Iowa, Feb. 19, 1901. She was graduated from the State University of Iowa, receiving her degree of Bachelor of Arts and Certificate of Education. She was engaged for a time as bookkeeper of the J. C. Penny Store in Iowa City, and later taught school in Wisconsin. She married Harold S. Osterday of Lamont, Wisconsin, January 20, 1927. She has been engaged in teaching again during the years commencing 1940 to the present time, in the school not far from their home in Lamont, Wisconsin.

They have one son named Harold Wesley Osterday, born July 24, 1934.

LUCY LORETTA FAIRCHILD was born in Coralville, Iowa, Dec. 16, 1903, and after finishing school in Iowa City, Iowa, was employed as a technician and secretary in the Laboratories of

the Iowa State Hospital at Iowa City and later received a contract for a position in the Pekin Union Medical College in Pekin, China, where she was engaged until she contracted tuberculosis of the lungs which forced her to resign and return home for treatment which was taken at Trudeau Sanatorium in New York State, and also in the Iowa State Sanatorium for Tuberculosis at Oakdale, Iowa. Later, August 23, 1930, she married Alvin Green, with whom she became acquainted in China. Both were employed in research work in the Iowa State Hospital for a time and they are now in Tacoma, State of Washington, where Alvin Green is in the employ of the State Health Department, and Lucy is doing research work in a hospital in Tacoma. Alvin Green is also doing some coast guard work in home defense during this Second World War.

NELLIE IRENE FAIRCHILD was born in Coralville, Iowa, March 10, 1905, and after finishing her school work in Iowa City, was engaged as an assistant bookkeeper in the Strub Department Store in Iowa City, in which position she remained for 15 years. She married Harold Lee Breece, Jan. 1, 1930, who is a technician in the Iowa State Hospital. They reside in Coralville Heights, an addition to the Town of Coralville, and a suburb of Iowa City. They have one son named James Harold Breece, born Nov. 29, 1939. They own a nice home in Coralville Heights and Harold Lee Breece is the present Mayor of Coralville (1943).

TIMOTHY MARSH FAIRCHILD, JR. was born in Texas County, Missouri, Aug. 3, 1908. He was a member of the Iowa City high school football team and its captain during his senior year in school. After finishing school he was engaged as a technician for several years in the Iowa State University Hospital. He attended the University of Iowa and was graduated from the College of Dentistry, June 1939, receiving his diploma and degree of D.D.S. at that time. He also passed the examinations of the State Boards of Iowa and Wisconsin and commenced the practice of his profession in Iola, Wisconsin. He married Marguerite Hall June 18, 1932. They have two children, the oldest a daughter named Geraldine Lucille Fairchild, born Oct. 27, 1938, and Timothy Marsh Fairchild, born May 26, 1943. He is the fifth Timothy Fairchild in a straight line of descent from the original Timothy Fairchild (1799-1884), who was the second son of Isaac Fairchild and Lucy (Kilbourne) Fairchild, the Brant County pioneers, Brant Count, Ont. Marguerite (Hall) Fairchild, wife of Timothy Marsh Fairchild, D.D.S., has a Bachelor of Science degree from the Iowa State University and had

one year of post graduate work and internship in Chicago. She is a member of the organization known as The Daughters of the American Revolution. One of her sisters married a physician engaged in the practice of his profession in Iola, Wisconsin, and Timothy and Marguerite moved there in July 1939, where Timothy was practicing his profession until the summer of 1942, when he filled the position as instructor in the Iowa State University, during the absence of one of the instructors who had been called into the service of the Second World War. Since then Timothy has been called into the service and is now stationed at Jefferson Barracks near St. Louis, Mo. He has been commissioned a Captain.

The following item was published in the *Daily Iowan* of Iowa City under date of January 1942:

"Dr. Timothy M. Fairchild, Jr., Iola, Wisconsin, who has recently accepted a position as demonstrator in the University of Iowa College of Dentistry, arrived at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. T. M. Fairchild, 100 Clapp St., last night. He was accompanied by his wife and daughter Gerry Lou. Dr. Fairchild, who graduated from the University of Iowa two years ago, will begin his work in the college of dentistry Monday." (Feb. 2, 1942).

CHARLES ALEXANDER FAIRCHILD was born in Texas County, Missouri, May 11, 1910. He was a member of the football team during his high school days in Iowa City and was regarded as a star basketball player. After he was graduated from the Iowa City high school he attended the State Teacher's College in Bemidji, Minnesota, from which he was graduated in 1933. He received his degree of Bachelor of Education from the Teachers College and his degree of Master of Arts from the State University of Iowa and is now (1943) Superintendent of Schools in Glencoe, Minn. He married Myrtle Foster June 8, 1939, of Little Fork, Minn., who was a graduate in the State Teachers College of Minnesota in Bemidji and who was teaching in the public schools in Bemidji. They have two sons named Timothy Lee Fairchild, born June 6, 1941, and Charles Terrance Fairchild, born September 21, 1944.

SARAH ELLEN FAIRCHILD was born in Texas County, Missouri, Feb. 12, 1912. She was graduated from the Iowa City high school and attended the Iowa State University for some time. For a time she was assistant librarian in the Iowa City Public Library. She married Chester Filter July 24, 1932, who has been for some years the head chemist in the Midland Chemical Laboratories in Dubuque, Iowa, where Chester and Ellen were

residing until the Second World War, when Chester, a Lieutenant in the Reserved Officers Training Corps, was called into the service as an engineer and saw service in North Africa until he was discharged because of disability. They have two sons, William Viggo Filter, born Feb. 13, 1935, and Robert Jan Filter, born while Chester was in Africa, Jan. 6, 1943. Chester is a civil engineer and received his degree of Bachelor of Science from the State University of Iowa. After his discharge from the service Chester Filter and family returned to Dubuque where Chester resumed his work in the Midland Chemical Laboratories.

MILDRED ELLSWORTH FAIRCHILD, the youngest daughter of Timothy Marsh Fairchild and Lena Mae (Koser) Fairchild, was born in Texas County, Missouri, June 7, 1915. She was graduated from the Iowa City high school and from the State University of Iowa in 1937, at which time she received her degree of Bachelor of Science in home economics, majoring in dietetics. She continued her graduate work in the Indiana University and completed her internship in dietetics at the Indiana University Medical Center at Indianapolis, Indiana, Sept. 1938. She accompanied the writer and his wife on their trip to Brantford, Ontario, Sept. 5-13, 1939, and greatly assisted in preparing and typing the first draft of this genealogy before taking a position as head of dietetics in the St. Thomas Mercy Hospital in Marshalltown, Iowa, Oct. 15, 1938. She was thereafter employed for two years in the hospital at Youngstown, Ohio, and thereafter in the Fitzsimmons General Hospital for the Government in Denver, Colorado, where she was commissioned as Lieutenant Fairchild. May 15, 1943, she married Captain Robert Schell, M.D., from Bowling Green, Kentucky, who was also stationed at the Fitzsimmons Hospital. Since that time Captain Schell has been called to a new hospital at Nashville, Tenn. They have a daughter born June 23, 1944, named Pamela Lynn Schell.

The following announcement of the marriage of Captain Robert Schell and Lieutenant Mildred Fairchild was published in one of the Iowa City papers:

"Lieutenant Fairchild becomes the bride of Captain Schell Saturday at Denver. Wedding vows were exchanged Saturday night in Denver, Colo., by Lieutenant Mildred Fairchild, daughter of Attorney and Mrs. T. M. Fairchild, 100 Clapp Street, and Captain Robert Schell, son of Mr. and Mrs. M. E. Schell of Bowling Green, Ky. The single ring ceremony was performed at 8 o'clock in the St. Luke's Episcopal Church with the Rev. Mr. Carroll, pastor, officiating. Nuptial music for the occasion including the songs 'Ava Marie' and 'At Dawning' sung by Miss Catherine Barron. Miss Loraine O'Keefe attended the bride as maid

of honor and Captain Harry Jones served as best man. The bride wore a gown of white chiffon, fashioned with a square neck-line and full skirt. Her only jewelry was a string of pearls. An arrangement of gardenias and other white flowers formed her bridal bouquet, and she also carried a prayerbook.

"The maid of honor was attired in a gown of green net with matched accessories. She carried a prayerbook and bouquet of pink sweetpeas.

"The bride is a graduate of Iowa City high school and the University of Iowa, where she majored in dietetics. She served an internment and took post graduate work at the University of Indiana medical college. Before becoming a dietician in the army one and one-half years ago, she served at Marshalltown and Youngstown, Ohio.

"Captain Schell attended Western Kentucky State Teachers College at Bowling Green, and received his M.D. degree from Vanderbilt University at Nashville, Tenn., where he also interned. He took graduate work in pediatrics at Willard Parker Hospital in New York City and was serving as an assistant resident at the Vanderbilt hospital at the time of his entrance into the army medical corps.

"Both Captain and Mrs. Schell are stationed at the Fitzsimmons General Hospital at Denver, where they will make their home."

July 23, 1943, the following item was printed in the *Daily Iowan*, a paper published by the Iowa State University in Iowa City, Iowa:

"A family reunion is being held in the home of Mr. and Mrs. T. M. Fairchild, 100 Clapp Street, as five of their children with their families are spending the week with them.

"Visiting from Iola, Wisconsin, are Dr. and Mrs. T. M. Fairchild and daughter Gerry Lou. Dr. Fairchild will go on to Omaha, Neb., where he will be inducted into the service, while Mrs. Fairchild and her daughter will return to Iola.

"Mr. and Mrs. Charles A. Fairchild and son Timmy, are here from Glencoe, Minn. Mr. Fairchild is superintendent of schools in Glencoe.

"Mr. and Mrs. Chester Filter and sons Billy and Bobby of Dubuque, are also visiting in the Fairchild home. Mrs. Filter, the former Ellen Fairchild, resided with her parents while her husband served as First Lieutenant in North Africa.

"Also spending the week in Iowa City are Captain Robert Schell and his wife, Lieut. Mildred (Fairchild) Schell. Both are stationed at the government hospital in Denver, Colo.

"Mr. and Mrs. Harold Breece and son Jimmy, of Coralville, are present at the reunion. Unable to attend were two other children from Wisconsin and Tacoma, Wash."

The following announcements have been culled from Iowa City papers:

"Mrs. Fairchild is called home. Estimable Woman Summoned Beyond. Lived in Coralville many years. Will be laid to rest in Distant Canada, Her Old Home.

Mrs. Joanna Fairchild passed away Sunday morning, May 3, 1908, at her home in Coralville. She was a native of Dumfries, Scotland, and was

aged 67 years, 3 months and 21 days, having been born Nov. 11, 1840. She removed when a babe with her parents to Manchester, England, in 1841, and to Ontario, Canada, in 1847. In the early 60's she married Timothy Fairchild, who survives."

"Mrs. Joanna Fairchild, a pioneer of Coralville, passed away at her home in that village, a few minutes before 2 o'clock, Sunday morning, May 3rd. She was in her 68th year, and had enjoyed the distinction of being a resident of four great countries. She was a native of Scotland and had resided in England, Canada and the United States. She came here in 1871. Surviving are her husband and four sons, former County Attorney Timothy M. Fairchild, now at Huggins, Mo.; James J.; Stephen F.; and Henry W.; and one daughter, Mrs. Will Hastings. The remains will be taken to Brautford, Ontario, for burial and Henry will accompany his mother's body thither."

(Note: Timothy Fairchild, her husband, also accompanied the body to Ontario).

"T. FAIRCHILD CALLED BEYOND. PIONEER PASSES AWAY AT HIS HOME IN CORALVILLE, AGED NEARLY 78 YEARS."

"Timothy Fairchild, Sr., aged 77 years, 5 months and 15 days, passed away last evening. He had been ill seven weeks at his home in Coralville and the end came at 9:45. The ailments incident to old age coming in complicated form proved fatal. The funeral will be held tomorrow afternoon at 3 o'clock at the house. The remains will be taken to Brantford, Canada, for interment.

"Mr. Fairchild was a resident of this country for 45 years. Surviving to mourn his death are four sons and a large circle of true friends. The sons are Timothy, Jr., a resident of Missouri and former County Attorney of Johnson County; Harry, James and Stephen, all of whom, save Timothy, were present with their father when the end came." (He died March 15, 1915).

"Charles A. Koser passed away Sunday at his home in Coralville, aged 47 years. He was a native of Pennsylvania, but had lived here 34 years. He leaves a wife and six children—Mrs. T. M. Fairchild, wife of the County Attorney; Mrs. S. F. Fairchild; Misses Nellie and Fannie Koser and Charles and Edward Koser. County Clerk Koser is a half-brother of decedent. Mr. Koser has been hopelessly ill for many weeks. He fell from an elevator in one of the University medical buildings in December and an operation became necessary afterwards—but all that surgical science could do for him was futile. . . .

"The funeral will take place Tuesday afternoon at 1 o'clock from the Coralville Church and the interment will be in the cemetery north of that town. Rev. A. B. Leamer will conduct the services." (Died Feb. 14, 1904).

"Mrs. Mary L. Koser passed away at her home in Coralville at 10 o'clock today (January 27, 1926). She was born in Belgium, Feb. 6, 1856. She is survived by six children, Mrs. T. M. Fairchild of Iowa City; Mrs. Carrie Fairchild of Coralville; Mrs. George Stewart of Iowa City; Mr. Charles Koser of Tipton, Iowa; Mr. E. J. Koser of Mason City, Iowa, and Miss Fannie Koser at home. Two brothers, Mr. Joseph

Anciaux and Mr. John Anciaux, also survive. Funeral services will be held at the home Friday at 2 P. M. Rev. C. Scherek will conduct the services."

"Charles J. Anciaux, a highly respected pioneer of Johnson County, and one of its oldest residents, passed away this morning at 4:15 at his home in Penn Township, north of Coralville (1906). He was 90 years of age. Mr. Anciaux suffered a stroke of paralysis eight months ago and this was the cause of his death.

"The deceased came to this country in 1856, just half a century ago (1906), settling in Penn Township, which has been his home ever since. He enjoyed a large acquaintance over the whole county, and is well known by all the older residents.

"Five children survive, as well as a number of grandchildren. The children are Lewis of Audubon, Joseph and John Anciaux residing in Johnson County, Mrs. Charles A. Koser and Mrs. John H. Weno of Penn Township."

"Mrs. Will Hastings, wife of a prominent Union Township farmer, passed away Friday night at a hospital in this city as the result of an attack of appendicitis. About a month ago she was brought to the city for treatment and an operation was necessary. Until recently her condition seemed satisfactory, but there was a turn for the worse and death ensued. She had previously suffered attacks of appendicitis.

"Mrs. Hastings was a resident of this county practically all her life. For many years the family resided at Coralville, she being a daughter of Timothy Fairchild, Sr., and a sister of former County Attorney Fairchild. Three step-children, a son and two daughters, also mourn her passing as a mother. She was a good woman of beautiful traits of character, and made many friends during her life in the community, who mourn her death." (Born May 3, 1865; died June 19, 1909).

The following was taken from the *Houston Herald* of Houston, Missouri, published Feb. 12, 1920, where Leona Fairchild had recently been a student in the Houston high school:

"In a short story contest at University High School, Iowa City, Iowa, Miss Leona Fairchild, a senior, won first prize. Miss Fairchild is a former Houston High School girl. Her prize story follows:

"YOUTH

"By Leona Joanna Fairchild"

"Youth stood at the fork of the road looking at the signs pointing in different directions. One sign read, 'The Every Day World', the other, 'Fame' and Youth stopped a long time thinking of the meaning of the signs, and he looked at the roads, comparing them. The first road was worn smooth with many footsteps—footsteps of the people who had gone that way, to plod along day after day in the dust and heat. A spirit whispered in the ear of Youth, 'Go this way; your road will be even; you will have warmth and food and shelter. Soon you will not mind the dust. Your life will be even, prosperous, with enough of material comforts.' But Youth sighed and thought of the dust, thought of going through a long, long life with the dust always obscuring the vision of

anything greater tomorrow, and he turned and looked at the sign marked 'Fame'.

"This road led over the mountain tops. The air there was pure and clear. The end of the road could be seen high, high up, and a great light burned there always. Along the way were monuments of the people who had successfully traveled there. Then Youth looked at the mountains overlooking the country and thought that from these mountains he might see his companions plodding along the other road. But he thought of the canyons between the mountains, of the swirling streams that rushed down them, of the time when he must lose sight of the light burning ahead. He thought of the cold and the hunger he must endure going over those snow-capped peaks, of the people who had started to travel that road and who had been dashed to pieces on the rocks, or had been lost in the darkness because the mountains obscured the light ahead. Then Youth sighed again, and again the spirit whispered to him, 'It is too hard. You will starve. Your family will be ashamed of you. Your friends will forget you. The world needs the plodders; you can be of more use on the other road where you can erect great buildings and do great work.'

"Youth stood at the fork of the road thinking—for Youth does think, you who call us thoughtless—not clearly, perhaps, as you think, but gropingly, as one who seeks his way in the darkness—wondering if those people whom he met every day, those prosperous people who had passed many miles on the road of 'The Everyday World', had once stood where he was standing. He wondered if they had once rebelled at the dust and looked towards the other road, undecided whether the struggle was worth the chance. He wondered if they had turned away, too weak to face the dangers of the mountain trail, or whether they, having a clearer vision than he, had seen through the dust, another light, not so bright, but burning steadily. He wondered what reason he had for choosing the road he had chosen. But these things Youth could not ask for these things lie too near the hearts of men to be lightly revealed to the eyes of Youth. But these things Youth could not ask for these things could not guide him in his choice. Here was one place he must decide for himself. Here he could ask for advice but could not be wholly guided by it. He did not expect his motive to be always understood. He could only hope that he might decide for the best. He did not ask the easier way. He only wished that he might chose the wiser—for Youth starts out full of hope and with high ideals. It is the right of Youth. Whichever way he might choose, he must travel bravely, earnestly, and with a smile. Here human guidance would do him no good, for the shaping of a human life is above the hands of men.

Youth stood at the fork of the road—undecided."

"IOWA CITY PRESS

"In the United States District Court for the Northern District of Iowa, Judge Shiras yesterday sustained the decision of Referee Fairchild in the matter of the Bankruptcy of Frank Novak. The point at issue was whether a wife could file a petition in bankruptcy in a case where the number of creditors was less than twelve and where her own claim was more than \$500.00. It will be remembered that shortly after the mysterious disappearance of Frank Novak, the Jefferson Street carpenter and contractor, Mrs. Frank Novak instituted proceedings in bank-

ruptcy claiming that he was bankrupt and that she was entitled to the protection of the bankruptcy law from the creditors of her husband. The question arose as above stated, whether his wife, in such case could file a petition in bankruptcy, where the number of creditors was less than twelve and the claim of the wife, herself, was more than \$500.00. Referee Tim Fairchild, who is the credited exponent of the bankruptcy act in Johnson County, decided that the wife has such right. An appeal from his decision to the United States District Court was taken with the result as before stated that Judge Shiras held that the wife has such right in such a case."

"Iowa City Press.

NOVAK CASE DRAWING TO A CLOSE. REFEREE FAIRCHILD UPHELD.

"Judge Shiras of the United States District Court for the Northern District of Iowa, as noted briefly in last evening's Press, has handed down another decision of considerable interest to Iowa Cityans. It was made in the Frank Novak case, now pending in Bankruptcy. In it Judge Shiras affirmed the ruling of T. M. Fairchild of Iowa City, Referee in Bankruptcy in and for Johnson County.

"As noted yesterday, this is the fourth time that Referee Fairchild's rulings on various branches of this case have been appealed from and later affirmed on every point by the 'Powers that be.' In the first appeal the jurisdiction of the Court of Bankruptcy was upheld on a finding that Barbara Novak, the wife of the bankrupt, was a proper person to commence bankruptcy proceedings. This finding of the referee was approved.

"Next, the question of the jurisdiction of the referee to hear the claim of a disputed title between the trustee and a third person without the consent of such third person arose, and it was held that without such consent on the part of the third person the question had to be tried in the State Court.

"Then the right of the trustee to redeem certain property after nine months from a mortgage sale arose. The referee held that the trustee had the right to make redemption as he became vested with the right, title and powers of the bankrupt. This holding on appeal was also affirmed.

"In the appeal recently taken, the trustee had made a sale under the orders of Referee Fairchild, and thereafter the said Barbara Novak appeared by her attorneys and claimed the right to redeem from the trustee's sale by paying the amount of the purchase price into court, and also claiming to have tendered the amount to the trustee.

"This application was dismissed and the sale confirmed. From this ruling Barbara Novak appealed to Judge Shiras, with the result that the referee was again upheld by that Judge. The case has been very closely contested, covering a period of about two years, during which time the parties carried the fight into both the Federal and State Courts. It is now, however, drawing to a close and a dividend will soon be declared.

"Remley & Ney appeared for the Novaks, and Ranck & Bradley, and S. H. Fairall, for the Trustee and creditors."

Note: The Frank Novak case in Bankruptcy referred to in the foregoing quotations from the Iowa City newspapers of about 1900, was among the first of the cases in Bankruptcy after the enactment of the

National Bankruptcy Law by Congress in 1898. It is the recollection of the writer that the case was commenced and finished before 1900, although no dates appear on the clippings quoted. The opposing counsel were the Honorable S. H. Fairall, a former State Senator and also a former Judge of the District Court of Iowa, and the Honorable John J. Ney, also a former Judge of the District Court of Iowa. They were prominent and able attorneys and have now been deceased for many years. The writer was a young man at that time and there were but few decisions of the courts to guide groping referees looking for precedents as aids in deciding many hard questions constantly being raised with reference to this new law. Decisions had to be made on principle and by construing the provisions of the new law without the aid of precedents. Judge Ney could, and often did become very bitter in the conduct of his cases as he did in this one, and although I have sat on the opposite side of the trial table in the District Court from these gentlemen with the usual ups and downs of the profession, nevertheless, it is with a feeling of pride that I now look back through the mist that has gathered as the years have rolled past between then and now, and recall that during that long and tedious case and contest I successfully hewed to the line on every branch of the case.

The Iowa City Press in Feb. 1905, printed the following account of an important criminal case which was tried in the District Court of Iowa in and for Johnson County:

**"JURY DECIDED IN REMARKABLE PERJURY CASE
CONCLUDED AT MIDNIGHT"**

"Guilty as charged in the indictment, but innocent of three of the important assignments of the indictment is the verdict of the jury in the now noted case of the State of Iowa vs Sarah Ellen Gallagher.

"Sunday afternoon, at 2:00, the jury, after being out since five minutes to midnight, Saturday, brought in the above decision as to the woman charged with perjury in the trial following the murder of her husband.

"Thus ends—pro tem—at least—one of the most remarkable trials in the criminal annals of Johnson County.

"The jury, the second that has considered the great problems involved in the tragic chapters in the lives of Mr. and Mrs. James Gallagher and Charles Holada, has agreed in all particulars, but one with the jury that first weighed the evidence in the case.

"The memorable trial came to an end Saturday, just a few minutes before midnight, as already stated.

"It was memorable in more ways than one. Never has there been a more bitterly fought legal battle in the history of this county. A fierce conflict waged between the opposing counsel from first to last, through a week of stress and strain. The attorneys for the state and the attorneys for the defense clashed swords again and again. Time and again, Judge Byington, whose judicial career has surely seen a baptism of blood, was compelled to enforce rigid rules of court etiquette and custom by calling first upon this attorney and then upon that, to desist, to cease indulging in acrimonious acerbity towards his brother across the table.

"Again and again a knotty point was raised by the state—a difficult problem propounded by the defense.

"In all the future careers of County Attorney T. M. Fairchild, Assistant James Hart, and Attorney G. B. Holbert, and his associates, including his wife, there will never be a bitterer, harder, sterner fight, it is safe to predict, for the cause each represented.

"County Attorney Fairchild, with a record thus far of losing not a single case, seems to have set sail upon the legal sea guided by a Napoleonic star—not a waning one. His work in the case won many expressions of admiration. His opening plea was a strong presentation of a stirring subject. A gray haired barrister might well be proud of one short term's record like Mr. Fairchild's.

"Deputy County Attorney James Hart massed his evidence and argued his case with a vigorous vitality, a convincing oratory that far outshone his efforts during his half-illness in the earlier case. He earned his laurels.

"W. J. Baldwin, Mr. Fairchild's partner, gave valuable advice in the case.

"For the defense Mr. Holbert with his wife at his side as a willing co-adjuter, fought a magnificent battle for the woman whose two little children clung to her and wrapped their arms about her throughout the trial. Inspired by the presence of these little ones, the young attorney made a desperate, wonderful struggle for victory. His plea was an exceptionally fine example of polished oratory, finesse and analytic skill.

"Thus the standards of the attorneys were raised; thus legal acumen was seen at its best all last week; thus the warring elements of a great case met upon the arena of Justice, and contended, each for the honor of the hour and week—one for the powerful commonwealth; the other for the pleading, prayerful woman and her two helpless children.

"Behind the high bench, behind the almost higher heap of sheep-clad books, filled to overflowing with the records of Iowa's and other state's highest courts with decisions apropos and malapropos, with rules and technical theories expounded—Judge Byington verified here one attorney's contention; shattered there another's fondest theory. Thus it was a truly great trial for a city like Iowa City that came to a close just as the bell in the tower of St. Mary's was about to announce, clangingly, the death of the day.

"The jury was instructed at length and in detail by the court, on points of evidence and the case was then deliberated upon, it is said, from midnight to 2 o'clock A. M., when, it is reported, the jurors sought sleep. After 7 o'clock breakfast, it is understood, the twelve men resumed their labors of studying the law and evidence, and thus they pored over the vast array of marshalled facts and theories uninterruptedly, almost, until 2 o'clock. Judge Byington was sent for and at seven minutes to three, the verdict was unfolded by him."

Note: The former County Attorney was Vincent Zmunt of the firm of Hart & Zmunt and during his term of office Charles Holada was indicted and plead guilty of the murder of James Gallagher, husband of the defendant. Mrs. Gallagher stood trial and was acquitted by the jury in her former trial and the trial referred to in the above quotation from the newspaper was the last criminal case of the first court term after the writer took the office of County Attorney January 1st, 1903.

The reference in the foregoing quotation to the two little children being constantly present and constantly kept before the jury during the trial illustrates one of the many plays for the jury's sympathy practiced by defendants in criminal cases and one which will be fully appreciated by attorneys who happen to read the foregoing quotation.

CHAPTER XIX

THE DESCENDANTS OF FRANCIS GORE FAIRCHILD

The children of Francis Gore Fairchild (1820-1897), of the sixth generation, and his first wife, Priscilla Jane (Harris) Fairchild (1820-1862), are set out as follows, all of whom were born in Brant County, Ontario, and all are now deceased, except Elberta D. (Fairchild) Johnson of Winnipeg, Manitoba. The second wife of Francis Gore Fairchild was Mrs. Eliza Marquis, widow of John Marquis, from Scotland. See reference to her in Chapter XX of this genealogy.

MELISSA FAIRCHILD, of the seventh generation, daughter of Francis Gore Fairchild, married Peter McEwen. It appears to me that there is some connection between this Peter McEwen and Dr. McEwen of the Iowa State University.

HELEN MARR FAIRCHILD, of the seventh generation, daughter of Francis Gore Fairchild, married Henry Shaver Westbrook, a descendant of one of the Westbrooks who accompanied Benjamin Franklin, Jr., from New York State to Ontario when settlement first commenced in Ontario. Henry Shaver Westbrook and Helen Marr (Fairchild) Westbrook were the parents of Dr. Frank Fairchild Westbrook, sometimes written Wesbrook, nationally known educator. See the biographical sketch of him furnished by H. Orlo Miller, set out in full in Chapter XX of this work.

They were also the parents of Donald McDermid Westbrook of Montreal, Quebec. See Chapter XX for further data regarding the descendants of Henry Shaver Westbrook and Helen Marr (Fairchild) Westbrook. The name is written Westbrook in all references to the family in Ontario, although it is written Wesbrook in Chapter XX and the early generations of the family in New York State wrote the name Westbrook whenever the English version of the name was used, although it is written in various ways under the Dutch version.

There is a family in Louisa County, Iowa, descendants from the same New York family which also writes the name Westbrook.

JAMES HARRIS FAIRCHILD, of the seventh generation, son of Francis Gore Fairchild, moved from Brant County, Ontario, to Greenbush, south of Galesburg, Illinois, sometime before 1873-5, and later moved with his brother Isaac Ernest Fairchild to Manitoba, Canada, where he engaged in the implement business with his brothers Isaac Ernest Fairchild and Frank Alanson Fairchild, and probably with his brother-in-law, Henry Shaver Westbrook. Henry Shaver Westbrook at one time was Mayor of Winnipeg, Manitoba.

James Harris Fairchild visited the writer's parents in Iowa City, Iowa, just before moving from Illinois to Manitoba sometime about 1875, and while in Iowa City had his picture taken which is still in the old family album. He married Alice M. Mann, and both are now deceased. They have

two children now living in California: Walter E. Fairchild of Los Angeles, and Effie C. Fairchild of Santa Barbara, California. See further reference to James Harris Fairchild in the sketch and obituary following.

ISAAC ERNEST FAIRCHILD (1852-1934), of the seventh generation, son of Francis Gore Fairchild and Priscilla Jane (Harris) Fairchild, moved from Brant County, Ontario, to Greenbush, south of Galesburg, Illinois, together with his brother Frank Alanson Fairchild, in 1872, and commenced farming. In 1878 Isaac Ernest Fairchild, and perhaps James Harris Fairchild, moved to Manitoba and engaged in the implement business with Frank Alanson Fairchild and their brother-in-law Henry Shaver Westbrook. He married Agnes Chalmers at Emerson, Manitoba, March 15, 1882, who is still living in Winnipeg (1943). For a time they resided in Toronto, Ontario, and then returned to Winnipeg. They had three children living in 1943: Mrs. J. E. Davidson of Winnipeg; one daughter in Three Rivers, Quebec; a son in Waskada, Manitoba, and they lost a son in the First World War.

Isaac Ernest Fairchild prepared the genealogy and the list of descendants of Isaac Fairchild and Lucy (Kilbourne) Fairchild, the Ontario pioneers, which are set out in Chapter XVII of this genealogy. Also see biographical sketch of him in the following pages of this chapter.

Isaac Ernest Fairchild and Agnes (Chalmers) Fairchild, had issue of the following named children, who are of the eighth generation of the American family of Fairchilds:

MRS. J. E. DAVISON, now residing with her husband J. E. Davison in Winnipeg, Manitoba. They have the following children:

MARGARET DAVISON, daughter of J. E. Davison and Mrs. J. E. Davison, born in Winnipeg about 1910.

JACK DAVISON, born in Winnipeg about 1913, is a civil engineer in the office of the Canadian Northern Railroad. He is now engaged at Prince Rupert on the Western Coast.

BETTY DAVISON, born in Winnipeg about 1920. She is a noted violinist.

HOWARD E. FAIRCHILD, of the eighth generation of the American family of Fairchild, son of Isaac Ernest Fairchild and Agnes (Chalmers) Fairchild, was born at Emerson, Manitoba, about 1885, resides at Waskada, Manitoba. In 1943 was engaged in war work at Port Arthur, Ontario. He has seven children, all born in Waskada, three of whom are married. They are of the ninth generation of the American family of Fairchild.

AMOS FAIRCHILD, eldest son of Howard E. Fairchild, was born about 1914. He is married and has one daughter named Helen Lorraine Fairchild, born in 1942.

AGNES FAIRCHILD, daughter of Howard E. Fairchild, was born about 1916.

MARY FAIRCHILD, daughter of Howard E. Fairchild, was born about 1918.

HARRIS FAIRCHILD, son of Howard E. Fairchild, born about 1922, is with the Canadians in the Second World War somewhere in the Eastern Hemisphere.

HARRIET FAIRCHILD, daughter of Howard E. Fairchild, born about 1924, is engaged in war work at Port Arthur, Ontario.

FRANK FAIRCHILD, son of Howard E. Fairchild, was born at Waskada, Manitoba, about 1926.

ERNEST FAIRCHILD, son of Howard E. Fairchild, was born at Waskada, Manitoba, about 1927.

MAUDE FAIRCHILD TOD, of the eighth generation, daughter of Isaac Ernest Fairchild and Agnes (Chalmers) Fairchild, was born in Winnipeg, Manitoba, about 1894. She is living at Three Rivers, Québec. Her children are of the ninth generation and are named:

E. HARRIS TOD, born in 1922.

DOUGLAS TOD, born in 1925.

HARRIS FAIRCHILD, of the eighth generation of the American family of Fairchild, son of Isaac Ernest Fairchild and Agnes (Chalmers) Fairchild, was born in Winnipeg, Manitoba. He was killed in the First World War when 24 years of age.

In May, 1940, the writer received a letter from Mrs. Isaac Ernest Fairchild, (Agnes Chalmers Fairchild), 191 Chestnut Street, Winnipeg, Manitoba, in which she writes with reference to the children of Francis Gore Fairchild, as follows:

"Elberta (Fairchild) Johnson is the only one left. She is living here. Her husband is also living. She will be 82 in October.

"Ruby Ann (Fairchild) Bell, has one son living in Victoria, B. C.

"One of Nellie's (Helen Marr Fairchild Westbrook) Dr. Westbrook, lives in Montreal.

"James Harris Fairchild has two children in California.

"Frank Alanson Fairchild has only one here, Mrs. Dr. Douglas; one in Vancouver, Nellie Rolston; one in Toronto, and two in Brantford. His widow, (Mary Ada Baldwin Fairchild) also lives there.

"I have three children living; one daughter, (Mrs. J. E. Davidson) lives here in Winnipeg; one daughter in Three Rivers, Québec; and one son in Waskada, Manitoba.

"My husband died six years ago in June. He would have been 88 years of age now."

She also enclosed an announcement of the death of her husband, I. E. Fairchild, clipped from a Winnipeg paper of July,

1934, in which his picture is set out and from which announcement the following excerpts are taken:

"I. E. FAIRCHILD, PIONEER IMPLEMENT MAN, DEAD.

"The old guard in the implement industry in Canada is passing fast. On June 18, Isaac E. Fairchild, who was first identified with the implement business in Manitoba 56 years ago, died at the home of his daughter, Mrs. J. E. Davidson, 191 Chestnut Street, Winnipeg. The funeral was private and interment took place in St. James Cemetery, Winnipeg, in the family plot.

"The late Mr. Fairchild was born near Brantford, Ontario, on January 9, 1852. He was over 82 years of age. He was educated at Oakland, Ontario, and graduated from a commercial college in Toronto. In 1872, with his brother Frank, Mr. Fairchild went west to Galesburg, Ill., and commenced farming near that town. His brother had been in the implement business in Ontario back in 1868. Western Canada was then a new country with vast possibilities.

"In March, 1878, Mr. Fairchild and his brother shipped a half car of horses from Galesburg to Moline, Ill., and there filled up the balance of the car with John Deere plows and shipped it north to Fisher's Landing in Minnesota, then the end of steel. The John Deere plows were shipped by boat to Winnipeg, while Mr. Fairchild drove the horses north to the prairie city.

"H. S. Westbrook and Frank Fairchild were at that time partners in an implement business at Emerson. I. E. Fairchild returned to that town to manage the business. Westbrook & Fairchild, incidentally, built the first regular implement warehouse in Winnipeg. I. E. Fairchild worked at Emerson until the close of 1878, when Westbrook & Fairchild dissolved partnership. The three Fairchild brothers commenced a jobbing business in Winnipeg as F. A. Fairchild & Company, handling the John Deere agency for Canada. As time passed they developed their business all over Western Canada. In 1895 they formed a joint stock company.

"The late I. E. Fairchild spent most of his time on the road in Manitoba territory. He was said to be the first man to sell a tractor in Western Canada, a Kinnard-Haines tractor, which he sold at Clearwater, Manitoba. He steadily covered the territory by horse and buggy, for there were no trains and the automobile was unknown. Steam tractors and threshers, and implements of all kinds were sold.

"In 1907 Fairchild Company sold out to the John Deere Plow Company, and Mr. Fairchild discontinued his active connection with the implement business . . ."

She also enclosed the following from the Canadian Farm Implement, published in Winnipeg, Manitoba, April, 1932.

**"FAIRCHILD A PIONEER IN IMPLEMENT INDUSTRY IN
CANADIAN WEST**

"The old guard in the implement industry in the Canadian West are passing, but we still have with us Isaac E. Fairchild, who was identified with the business in Manitoba 54 years ago. Mr. Fairchild is still hale and hearty, despite the fact that on January 9 last he celebrated his eightieth birthday. Active and alert, he is as fit today as many men twenty years younger.

"On March 15, Mr. and Mrs. Fairchild celebrated the fiftieth anniversary

of their wedding at the home of their daughter, Mrs. J. E. Davison, 191 Chestnut Street, Winnipeg. They were married at Emerson, Man., March 15, 1882, moved to Brandon in 1887, and thence to Winnipeg in 1888. Many friends gathered to congratulate Mr. and Mrs. Fairchild on the happy occasion of their golden wedding.

"I. E. Fairchild was born near Brantford, Ontario, January 9, 1852. He was educated at Oakland, Ont. Later studying under the Rev. G. Bryce, then principal of Scotland Grammar School. After a good general education, Mr. Fairchild went to the Odell & Trout commercial college in Toronto, from which he graduated as a youth.

"The Civil War in the United States had led to increased development of farming in the Middle West. In 1872, along with his brother Frank, Mr. Fairchild went west to Galesburg (Greenbush), Illinois, and they commenced farming near that town. In an interview with "Canadian Farm Implements," Mr. Fairchild relates how he and his brother entered the implement business in Manitoba. He said:

"Only about a month ago I received a notice of the passing of J. B. Steppler, at Morden, Man. Mr. Steppler was the last of those men who were with us in the early days. In 1877 he came to Manitoba with some combined reapers and mowers, made by the Crawford Co., of London, Ont. These he sold to the Mennonites near Emerson.

"H. S. Wesbrook, our brother-in-law, was general agent for the Crawford Company, and he went to Manitoba to see what the prospects were for the sale of that line. He decided there was an opportunity to do a good business in the young province; and on his return to Ontario formed a partnership with my brother, Frank A. Fairchild, who was then farming along with me in Illinois. My brother had been in partnership in the implement business with Mr. Wesbrook, in Brant County, Ontario, back in 1868. They sold the Harris reaper and other lines."

BROUGHT IN DEERE PLOWS

"Mr. Wesbrook and my brother Frank hired Steppler and several others to work for them, but did not go to Manitoba themselves until the spring of 1878. I remember well how on March 20, 1878, my brother Frank and I shipped a half car of horses up to Moline, Ill., and there filled up the balance of the car with John Deere plows. We shipped the car north to Fisher's Landing, then the end of steel on the northern trail, about 150 miles south of Winnipeg, in Minnesota. We arrived there on March 29, 1878.

"The Red River steamboats then carried freight and passengers north from the Landing. We shipped the John Deere plows by boat to Winnipeg, and drove the horses the 150 miles north to the youthful capital of Manitoba. Mr. Steppler, who was located at Emerson, met us at Fisher's Landing, with his horse and buggy, and accompanied us to Winnipeg. I rode one horse and led two. We crossed the boundary at Emerson on March 31, 1878, stayed there a day, and arrived at Winnipeg on April 2.

"I did not stay in Winnipeg, but returned to Emerson, where I became manager of the Wesbrook and Fairchild branch in that town and assisted by Mr. Steppler established the business in that territory, also selling the first John Deere plows to the farmers. Wesbrook & Fairchild built the first regular implement warehouse in Winnipeg, which can still be seen on the north side of Market Street, opposite the city hall. It is now a barber and tailor shop. It is interesting to note that the last implement warehouse and office building in Winnipeg, now the premises occupied by the John Deere Plow Company, were also built by the Fairchild Company—but I am anticipating the years.

FRANK ALANSON FAIRCHILD, son of Francis Gore Fairchild and Priscilla Jane (Harris) Fairchild, married Ada Baldwin, now residing in Brantford, Ontario (1943). He moved from Brant County, Ontario, to Greenbush, near Galesburg, Illinois, in 1872, as is stated under the name of his brother, Isaac Fairchild, in the first part of this chapter.

It appears from the following sketch of Isaac Ernest Fairchild, that Alanson Fairchild moved from Greenbush, Illinois, to Manitoba sometime before Isaac Ernest Fairchild moved from Greenbush to Manitoba. Frank Alanson Fairchild probably moved there with his brother James Harris Fairchild sometime before 1878, because in the sketch of Isaac Ernest Fairchild it is stated that when Isaac Ernest Fairchild shipped horses and machinery to Winnipeg, Manitoba, in March, 1878, "Henry Shaver Westbrook and Frank Fairchild were at that time partners in the implement business at Emerson." James Harris Fairchild visited the compiler's parents in Iowa City, Iowa, about 1875, and probably when on his way to Manitoba from Galesburg, because he made the visit from Illinois, and in the foregoing sketch James Harris Fairchild is referred to as one of the partners in the implement business in Manitoba.

It appears from the letter received from Mrs. Agnes (Chalmers) Fairchild in 1940, that one daughter of Frank Alanson Fairchild, Mrs. Dr. Douglas, was living in Winnipeg, and another daughter, Nellie Rolston, was living in Vancouver, another in Toronto, and two other daughters were residing with their mother, Ada (Baldwin) Fairchild in Brantford at that time.

RUBY ANN FAIRCHILD, daughter of Francis Gore Fairchild and Priscilla Jane (Harris) Fairchild, married W. G. Bell. They have a son living in Victoria, B. C.

ELBERTA D. FAIRCHILD, born 1858, was still living in 1940, in Winnipeg, Manitoba. She married D. S. Johnson, who was also still living in 1940.

CHAPTER XX

The greater portion of the material in this chapter was furnished by H. Orlo Miller, Secretary of the London and Middlesex Historical Society, London, Ontario, which is set out in this chapter just as received from Mr. Miller, although it results in some repetition of information obtained from other sources. However, the line of some of the descendants of the Reverend Peter Fairchild has been extended with additional data received from Ross Emile Fairchild and his sister, Mrs. I. H. Iseminger, of Loveland and Denver, Colorado.

January, 1940, I received a letter from my cousin, Herbert W. Fairchild, 414 Lewis Street, Ottawa, Ont., in which he enclosed a letter he had recently received from Delbert T. McCall, of Simcoe, Ontario, who is a descendant of the McCalls, and connected with the Fairchilds, leaders of the Long Point Settlement on Lake Erie in 1796, from which letter I am quoting the following:

"I think the Norfolk Historical Society should have a copy of the Fairchild History. I have much data respecting the earlier family associations of the McCall, Munroe and Fairchilds. In fact I did much to preserve the original burying grounds near Vittoria wherein Jemima Fairchild, wife of Duncan McCall, was laid to rest two years after their immigration. Noah Fairchild and others of the name are in this cemetery. . . . If your cousin sees fit to present the Norfolk Historical Society with a copy through me I will see that it is presented and acknowledged of it forwarded to him."

Later Mr. McCall sent me photographs of this cemetery at Vittoria, near Simcoe, . . Ont., which he refers to in his letter in which the photographs were enclosed, as "The McCall, Fairchild and Munroe Cemetery", as well as "The McCall Cemetery" and of which he writes as follows:

"This cemetery is located on land granted to Donald McCall who first visited this spot in 1758 and later settled here with his family in 1798."

One of the photographs shows the tombstone of Jemima Fairchild, wife of Duncan McCall, and the tombstones of Duncan McCall, Noah Fairchild, et al. (See book notices of Taskers Sketches of the Long Point Settlement, page 33 of this work, also pp. 44 to 51.)

I also received a letter from H. Orlo Miller, Box 571, London, Ontario, Secretary of the London and Middlesex Historical So-

ciety at London, Ont., in which he acknowledged the receipt of a copy of this work in behalf of the society and in which he writes as follows:

"I have been long interested in the Fairchild family of Canada through the marriages into the Springer and Westbrook families. I have voluminous notes and fairly complete genealogies of both families. . . . I have an interest also in the Kilbourne family from which you are directly descended, particularly by reason of the fact that they were among the earliest settlers in Middlesex County, one of them having established a mill on the Thames River at Kilworth prior to 1800. While I have not a complete genealogy of the Canadian branch of this family, I recently learned of the existence of one, which is said to be in the possession of a local descendant. I hope to have it in my hands shortly, and shall take great pleasure in checking it for the exact date of the marriage of Isaac Fairchild and Lucy Kilbourne, and other data regarding the latter which might be of interest to you.

"On page 41 of your genealogy you refer to the marriage of Ruth Fairchild to Daniel Springer. I have a sketch of the Springer genealogy which contains a reference to this marriage and children by it. Traditionally the family Springer are descended from Pharamond, the first King of France, and author of the famous Salic Law. The sketch I have shows the descent from Pharamond through Louis II (1042-1128), Count or Landgrave of Thuringia, to whom the nickname of 'The Springer' was given in 1089. From him descended the line of Springers, of whom Lorentz (or Lawrence) Springer (1646-1741) was the ancestor of the American family. David Springer (1732-1777), a U. E. Loyalist, was the founder of the present Canadian line, and Colonel Daniel Springer (1763-1826) was his son. The Daniel Springer whom you mention as having visited your father in Iowa City, in 1875, may have been the fourth son and child of Daniel and Ruth (Fairchild) Springer. If you wish I can send you a copy of my data re Daniel Springer and Ruth Springer, including a copy of the inscription on Daniel's tombstone, &c. I should add that Colonel Springer had a very colorful career, having fought in the Revolutionary War in the famous corps of Butler's Rangers; he also took part in the War of 1812 and was taken prisoner to the United States by his old enemy, Andrew Westbrook, one of the Westbrook family with whom the Fairchilds intermarried.

"Which brings me to another interest I have in your genealogical work. I have a mass of data on the Canadian family of Westbrook, and while I cannot immediately identify all of the Westbrooks mentioned on pages 84 and 85 of your work, I can add quite a bit to the record of the marriage of Helen Marr Fairchild (daughter of Francis Gore Fairchild and granddaughter of Isaac Fairchild) to Henry Shaver Westbrook (the spelling of the name as affected by this particular branch of the family), including the date of the marriage and descendants to the present generation. See page 87 of your genealogy. H. S. Westbrook was at one time mayor of Winnipeg, Manitoba, Canada, and his eldest son, Dr. Frank Fairchild Westbrook (1868-1918) was a leading American and Canadian physician, educator, pathologist, bacteriologist and hygienist—was for many years connected with the University of Minnesota; in 1905 was president of the American Public Health Association,

and in 1913 became the first president of the University of British Columbia. He married Annie, daughter of Sir Thomas W. Taylor, chief justice of Manitoba.

"I am preparing a genealogical chart, showing the descent of Henry Shaver Westbrook from Johannes Westbrook (d. Ulster County, New York, 1727) and bringing H. S. Westbrook's descendants to the present day, and which I shall send to you in the next few days. This chart will also show reference to the marriage of William (?) Westbrook, uncle of H. S. Westbrook, to Angelina Fairchild.

"In the MS records of the Court of Quarter Sessions of the London District 1800-1818, there are a number of references to Ensign Benjamin Fairchild, an officer in the Norfolk County Militia, and to Hiram, Isaac, Joshua, Nathaniel, Noah and Peter Fairchild."

Late in February, 1940, I received the following from Mr. Miller, the same having been delayed because of an injury Mr. Miller had received preventing him from sending the material at an earlier date.

Benjamin Fairchild, Senr., born 1721, died 1796 (?); married Melissa, and had issue:—

1. Peter Fairchild, born about 1756.
 2. Benjamin Fairchild, Junr., born about 1765 — 1807-
 3. Ruth Fairchild, born
 4. Mary Fairchild, born
 5. Joshua Fairchild, born
 6. Deborah Fairchild, born
 7. Isaac Fairchild, born 1 Nov. 1769 — 1859
- See following pages.

Peter Fairchild, eldest son of Benjamin, Senr., and Melissa Fairchild, born about 1756, married Sarah Fuller, in New Jersey, and had issue:—

1. Rebecca Fairchild, born
 2. Elizabeth Fairchild, born
 3. Benjamin Fairchild, born
 4. Sarah Fairchild, born 26 March, 1794. She married Willets Post. She was the first white child born between the Grand River and Lake Erie. She lived over 92 years. See Chapter XXII.
 5. Esther Fairchild, born
 6. Mary (or Rachel (?) Fairchild, born
 7. Abial Fairchild, born 1819 — 1901
 8. Peter Fairchild, Junr., born 1810 — 1894
 9. Cornelius Fairchild, born
 10. Israel Fairchild, born
 11. Ruth Fairchild, born
 12. Mary Fairchild, born
3. Benjamin Fairchild, son of Peter and Sarah (Fuller) Fairchild, born, married Elizabeth Haviland, eldest daughter of John Haviland, Senr., who was a private in Butler's Rangers. They settled in Townsend Township, Norfolk County. No data

available regarding his family. Benjamin Fairchild was a member of the jury sworn in on 15 Oct. 1817 at the sitting of the Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace for the District of London.*

6. Esther Fairchild, daughter of Peter and Sarah (Fuller) Fairchild, born, married John Haviland, Junr., eldest son of John Haviland, Senr., the Butler Ranger. They had issue:—
 1. Benjamin Haviland, born
 2. John Haviland, born about 1811; died about 1897. He married (1) Amy Johnston, and had four children by her. He married (2) Harriet Malcolm and had nine children by her.
 3. Sarah Haviland, born
 4. Mary Loamy Haviland, born
 5. Ruth Haviland, born†
12. Mary Fairchild, daughter of Peter and Sarah (Fuller) Fairchild, born, married first, Uriah Adams. Nothing is known of family by this marriage. She married, secondly, Capt. Abraham Nelles, only son of Major W. H. Nelles and Mary (Sitts) Nelles, who were among the earliest inhabitants of Brant County. Capt. Abraham Nelles died in 1879, at the age of 84 years. Issue:
 1. Simon Peter Nelles
 2. Joseph Nelles
 3. Warner Nelles
 4. Nancy Candace Nelles
 1. Simon Peter Nelles, eldest son of Capt. Abraham and Mary (Fairchild) Nelles, born, married Anderson, and settled in Townsend. Issue:
 - 1). Alexander Nelles
 - 2). Arthur Nelles
 - 3). Eliza Jane Nelles
 2. Joseph Nelles, second son of Capt. Abraham and Mary (Fairchild) Nelles, born, married Duncombe, eldest daughter of Dr. David Duncombe, by the latter's first marriage. Issue:
 - 1). David Abraham Nelles
 - 2). Rhoda Mary Nelles
 3. Warner Nelles, third son of Capt. Abraham and Mary (Fairchild) Nelles, born, married McMichael, daughter of Richard McMichael, and settled in Townsend Township, Norfolk County. Issue:
 - 1). Richard Nelles
 - 2). Helena Nelles
 - 3). Mary Nelles

* 22d. Report of the Department of Public Record and Archives of Ontario (1933), pp. 17344.

† E. A. Owen, Pioneer Sketches of Long Point Settlement. (Toronto: 1898), p. 178. Photographs of John and Esther (Fairchild) Haviland on page 178.

4. Nancy Candace Nelles, only daughter of Capt. Abraham and Mary (Fairchild) Nelles, born, married Dr. David Duncombe, third son of Thomas Duncombe, who was born in Pennsylvania 26 April, 1802, and died in Townsend, Ont., 8 Dec. 1837. Dr. Duncombe was one of three sons of Thomas Duncombe who took up the study of medicine, the others being Dr. Charles Duncombe, Member of Parliament for Oxford County, 1830-1837, who played an active part in the Upper Canada Rebellion of 1837-8, and was forced to flee for his life to the United States, and Dr. Elijah Duncombe, a prominent and respected physician of St. Thomas, Ont.* Dr. David Duncombe's first wife was Mary Chapin, and by her he had one son, Dr. Alexander Columbus Duncombe and two daughters. By his marriage to Nancy Candace Nelles he had issue:
 1. Orlando Hardy Duncombe, born 4 Sept. 1858. After some time spent in farming, he attended the Ontario Veterinary College, from which he graduated in 1889, and is at present (1939) continuing his veterinary practice at Waterford, Ont.
 2. A son (name unknown).
 3. Truman Wallace Duncombe, M.D., born in Waterford, 21 Sept. 1860; died at St. Thomas, 2 Oct. 1901. He graduated from Trinity College, Toronto, in 1881.
 4. Charles Edward Berkeley Duncombe, M.D., born at Waterford, Ont., 4 May 1863; died 14 Sept. 1919. Graduated from Trinity College, Toronto, in 1882.
 5. Celina Duncombe, born, married Lyman Chapin, and one son of this union also went into medicine:
 1. Cecil Duncombe Chapin, M.D., born at Waterford, Ont., in 1872. Graduated in medicine from Toronto University in 1895, and is now in practice at Brantford.†

The death of Lina (Angelina) Fairchild, July 10, 1943, was announced in a Des Moines paper as follows:

"Mrs. Lina Fairchild, 84, Polk County, Iowa, resident for 61 years, died Saturday at the Helen Jay nursing home. Mrs. Fairchild was the widow of Wilfred S. Fairchild, who died in 1932. They came from Illinois in 1882 and located on a farm eight miles north of Mitchellville, Polk County, Iowa, where they lived 29 years then retired to live in Mitchellville. She is survived by one son, R. E. Fairchild of Loveland, Colo., and three daughters, Mrs. I. H. Iseminger of Denver, Colo., Mrs. Cora Gable of Los Angeles, Calif., and Miss Laura Fairchild of Des Moines, Iowa. Services will be held at Mitchellville."

In September, 1943, Ross Emile Fairchild of Loveland, Colo., and his sister, Mrs. I. H. Iseminger of Denver, Colo., son and daughter of Wilfred S. Fairchild and his wife, Angelina (God-

* See "Letters of Rebels and Loyalists," by H. Orlo Miller, in the Canadian Science Digest, Jan., 1938, pp. 70-8.

† E. A. Owen, op. cit., pp. 406-7. Photograph on page 407 of Capt. Abraham Nelles. Also notes re family of Dr. David Duncombe obtained from Dr. O. H. Duncombe, Waterford, Ont.

dard) Fairchild, furnished the following data regarding the line of descent of Wilfred S. Fairchild:

Following are the names of the children of the Reverend Peter Fairchild of Norfolk County, Ontario, by his first wife, Sarah (Fuller) Fairchild. Also see Chapters XXI and XXII of this genealogy for excerpts from Owen's History of the Long Point Settlement on Lake Erie, and the Canadian Record with reference to Peter Fairchild and members of his family. The Reverend Peter Fairchild was a son of Benjamin Fairchild, Sr., see Chapter XVI.

1. Benjamin Fairchild, son of the Reverend Peter Fairchild, married Elizabeth Haviland. See preceding pages of this genealogy.
2. Rebecca Fairchild, daughter of the Reverend Peter Fairchild, married Elder Merrill, a Baptist minister. She probably was born in New York.
3. Rachel Fairchild, daughter of the Reverend Peter Fairchild, married Mr. Tyler. She probably was born in New York.
4. Esther Fairchild, daughter of the Reverend Peter Fairchild, married John Haviland, doubtless a descendant of one of the first settlers on Long Point.
5. Mary Fairchild, married Uriah Adams, first, and second, Captain Nelles. See the preceding pages of this genealogy. She probably was born in New York.
6. Sarah Fairchild, recorded in Owen's history above referred to as the fifth daughter of the Elder Peter Fairchild, married Willets Post. She lived over 92 years and was the first white child born between the Grand River and Lake Erie. She was born March 26, 1794, in the pioneer cabin in the wilderness. See excerpts from Owen's History of the Long Point Settlement in Chapters XXI and XXII of this genealogy.
7. Ruth Fairchild, married Mr. Wanzy. She was probably born in Norfolk County, Ont., very near to the Brant County line.
8. Peter Fairchild, son of the Reverend Peter Fairchild, married Sarah Ann Severign. See Chapters XVI and XXI of this genealogy. In Chapter XVI reference is made to the inscription on the monument of Peter Fairchild, son of the Reverend Peter Fairchild, in the Oakland Cemetery, near the "Old Boston Baptist Church", where it is recorded that Peter Fairchild was born in 1810 and died in 1894, and his wife, Sarah A. Fairchild, was born in 1810 and died 1901, and their son, Peter M. Fairchild, was born in 1847 and died in 1913. The Reverend Peter Fairchild was one of the founders of this church and was its first pastor for 14 years. It probably was the first church ever built by white men in Ontario, although the Mohawk Indian Church, built by Chief Joseph Brant, was the first church built in Ontario. See Chapter XXIV.

CHILDREN OF REVEREND PETER FAIRCHILD BY HIS SECOND MARRIAGE

9. Abiel Fairchild, born Feb. 9, 1819; died Feb. 28, 1901, married Louisa Smith, first, and after her death he married Mary Ryan. See the names of his descendants following.
10. Isreal Fairchild, son of the Reverend Peter Fairchild, married Luey Ann Lacy.
11. Cornelius Fairchild, son of the Reverend Peter Fairchild, married Rebecca Johnson, and resided at Otterville, Ontario. They have a daughter named Augusta (Fairchild) Graham, residing at Otterville, Ont.

The children of Abiel Fairchild, ninth child of the Reverend Peter Fairchild, of Townsend, Norfolk County, Ontario, were named as follows:

1. George W. Fairchild, born Jan. 10, 1841, a Civil War veteran, died April 25, 1909.
2. Levi Fairchild, born Jan. 7, 1844, a Civil War veteran, died 1923. The names of the children of Levi Fairchild are:
Otis Fairchild, residing at Pineville, Oregon
Willis Fairchild of Miles City, Montana

The children of Abiel Fairchild by his second wife, Mary Ryan, were named as follows:

3. Alfred Fairchild, born Aug. 23, 1847, joined the army of the U. S. May 3, 1864, was mustered in June 21, 1864; died at Ft. Leavenworth, Sept. 25, 1864.
4. Wilfred S. Fairchild, born Jan. 4, 1850, Norfolk County, Ontario; died at Mitchellville, Iowa, Feb. 17, 1932; married Angelina Goddard, Feb. 18, 1877, at Cameron, Illinois. She was born Oct. 23, 1858, at Cameron, Ill.; died at Des Moines, Iowa, July 10, 1943. The names of their children are hereinafter set out. Also see the above announcement from the Des Moines, Iowa, paper.
5. William L. Fairchild, born April 12, 1852; died 1934, had the following named children:
Clark L. Fairchild, Galesburg, Illinois
Reece Fairchild, Abingdon, Illinois
Claude Fairchild, Denver, Colo.
Clair Fairchild, Ft. Worth, Texas
6. Mary Ellen Fairchild, born Nov. 4, 1855; died Aug. 11, 1840; married J. C. Midyett, a Baptist minister and has two daughters named,
Jewell Midyett, living in Macon, Ga.
Ellene (Midyett) Johnson, Macon, Ga. She has two sons in the service of the Second World War.
7. Naomi Fairchild, daughter of Abiel Fairchild and Mary (Ryan) Fairchild, was born Aug. 29, 1857; died; married Mr. Hensley. She has one son, Robert Hensley, living in Texas.

The children of Wilfred S. Fairchild (1850-1932) and Angelina (Goddard) Fairchild are as follows:

1. Eva Claire Fairchild, born Dec. 31, 1877, at Cameron, Illinois. (Mrs. I. H. Iseminger, of Denver, Colo.)
2. Cora Lea Fairchild, born April 14, 1879, at Cameron, Illinois. (Mrs. Cora Gable of Los Angeles, California.)
3. Ross Emile Fairchild, born Feb. 22, 1884, at Bondurant, Iowa, now at Loveland, Colo.
4. Arthur Garland Fairchild, born Feb. 13, 1889, at Bondurant, Iowa; died March 26, 1889.
5. Mary Florence Fairchild, born Dec. 17, 1891, at Bondurant, Iowa; died March 26, 1892.
6. Laura Esther Fairchild, born May 22, 1894, at Bondurant, Iowa.

Ross Emile Fairchild, son of Wilfred S. Fairchild and Angelina (Goddard) Fairchild, and his wife, Mary Fairchild, are the parents of the following:

1. Virgil Lee Fairchild, born Aug. 6, 1917, at Loveland, Colo. He entered the U. S. Army in the Second World War and is now (1943) serving with the Allied forces in the Mediterranean area.

End of the information furnished by Ross E. Fairchild and Mrs. Cora (Fairchild) Iseminger.

Continuation of the information furnished by H. Orlo Miller:

BENJAMIN FAIRCHILD, JR., the Indian interpreter, son of Benjamin Fairchild, Sr., (1721-1792-6) and Melissa Fairchild, was born about 1760-5. He married, first, Mary Hare and had issue:

1. Elizabeth Fairchild, born
2. Margaret Fairchild, baptized at Niagara, 6 March 1794
3. John Hare Fairchild, baptized at Niagara, 18 Aug. 1805

Benjamin Fairchild, Jr., married, secondly, on 13 July, 1806, Margaret, daughter of Harmonus Van Alstine and widow of Muir. Nothing is known of issue by this marriage.

2. Margaret Fairchild, daughter of Benjamin, Jr., and Mary Fairchild, baptized 6 March 1794. She married Harvey Hoover, son of Peter Hoover, of German descent, who settled near Stamford, Ont., about 1784. Of their family, data is available regarding one daughter only, as under:
 1. Margaret E. Hoover, daughter of Harvey and Margaret (Fairchild) Hoover, born; married Joseph Smith, son of Chauncey and Mary (Eddy) Smith. He died in Brant County, 16 Jan. 1861, leaving issue:
 - 1). Benjamin Smith
 - 2). Joseph H. Smith, born June, 1850

- 3). Thomas Smith
- 4). Maria Smith, married M. Elliott
- 5). Adelaide Smith, married William Buchanan
- 6). Mary Smith, married Charles Rand
- 7). Helen Smith, married Eli Eddy
- 8). Kate Smith, married Joseph McMains
- 9). Eliza Smith, died young
- 10). Emmeline Smith, died young
- 2). Joseph H. Smith, son of Joseph and Margaret (Hoover) Smith, born in June, 1850. He married, 17 Dec. 1873, Cornelia Elliott, who was born 7 Oct. 1854. Issue:
 - (1). Edson K. Smith, born 2 Oct. 1874
 - (2). Wilfred H. Smith, born 14 May 1878
 - (3). Harry E. Smith, born 26 Nov. 1881*

Ruth Fairchild, daughter of Benjamin and Melissa Fairchild, born married Daniel Springer, son of the Rev. David and Margarita (Oliver) Springer, who was born in September, 1763 in Albany County, New York State. Daniel Springer died 15 June, 1826 (See biological note following) and his wife, Ruth, died about 1856, although the exact date is not known. A genealogical sketch (MS) of the Springer family, written about 1903, says:

"Daniel Springer married Ruth Fairchild, a woman of fine intelligence, great energy and courage. The Fairchilds were early settlers in America. Fairchild is an old Barnstable (England) name, and is still represented in that neighborhood. The Mayors of this old English town in 1678, 1718 and 1725 bore this name."

Daniel and Ruth (Fairchild) Springer had issue as follows:

1. Millicent Springer, born prior to 1795; twice married
2. Margaret Springer, born 1800
3. Mary Springer, born 24 June, 1803
4. Charles Springer, born
5. Richard Springer, born
6. Benjamin Springer, born
7. Daniel Springer, born
8. Henrietta Springer, born; married Francis Druillard.
9. Lucinda Springer
2. Margaret Springer, daughter of Daniel and Ruth (Fairchild) Springer^{all} was born in Delaware, Ont., 1800, and married in 1819, Thomas H. Sumner. Issue:
 1. Sarah Sumner, born 1820
 2. Emily Sumner, born 1822
 3. Ruth Sumner, born 23 Jan. 1825
 4. Daniel Sumner, born 1827
 5. Eliza Sumner, born 26 April 1829
 6. Mary Sumner, born 9 Aug. 1831
 7. Benjamin Sumner, born 27 Feb. 1834
 8. Margaret Sumner, born 6 March 1836

* The History of the County of Brant, Ontario (Toronto: Warner, Beers & Co., 1883), p. 622.

9. Lucinda Millicent Sumner, born 10 Aug. 1839

10. Thomas Sumner, born 18 Sept. 1842

8. Margaret Sumner, daughter of Thomas H. and Margaret (Springer) Sumner, born 6 March, 1836, married H. Davis. In a letter dated 13 April 1908, Mrs. Davis wrote as follows, speaking of her grandparents:

"... My mother was a Springer; her father's name was Daniel Springer, he was Dutch. He married Ruth Fairchild, and had one child, her name was Millicent. He then came to Delaware, Ont., to trade with the Indians, buy up furs and take them to New York to sell them. He came to Delaware in the year 1795; he staid four years, then went and brought his wife, and my mother was born in Delaware in 1800."

3. Mary Springer, daughter of Daniel and Ruth (Fairchild) Springer, was born in Delaware, Ont., 24 June 1803, and died Sept., 1887 at Port Huron, Michigan. She is buried in the cemetery at Melrose, Ont., near London, Ont. She married George Ashwell, being his second wife. His first wife, Elizabeth, died 4 Aug. 1825. George Ashwell came from Lincolnshire, England, and settled near London, Ont. The Ashwells, who derive their name from the Herts parish thus called, have been for many centuries represented in the County of Hertfordshire, England. William Ashwell owned land in Stapleford, England, in the reign of Richard II (1377-1399) and a monk of St. Albans, in the reign of Henry IV (1422-1461), also bore the name of William Ashwell. The name "George Ashwell, Esq." occurs on a slab of the family vault in the Church of St. Michael's, but without any date. Beyond this little seems to be known of the Ashwell family. No data is available regarding the children, if any, of George and Mary (Springer) Ashwell.

6. Benjamin Springer, son of Daniel and Ruth (Fairchild) Springer, born, married Green. In the parish register of Christ Church (Anglican) at Delaware, Ont., there appears the following entry:

"..... Springer, daughter of Benjamin Springer and Green, his wife, buried in the churchyard on 1st July 1836.

Richard Flood, Miss."

Isaac Fairchild, son of Benjamin, Senr., and Melissa Fairchild, was born 1 November 1769; married, about 1797, Lucy Kilbourne, of Delaware, Middlesex County, Ont., daughter of Joseph Kilbourne, Junr., and had issue:—

1. Samuel Fairchild, born 1 May, 1789 — 1863
2. Timothy Fairchild, born 25 Nov. 1799 — 1884
3. Asabel Fairchild, born
4. Elvira Fairchild, born 12 April 1803 — 1841
5. Angelina Fairchild, born 1804 — 1895
6. Joseph Kilbourne Fairchild, born
7. Benjamin Fairchild, born
8. Mary Fairchild, born 15 Feb. 1810 — 1841

9. Mariah Fairchild, born
10. Isaac Fairchild, born
11. Matilda Fairchild, born 1815 — 1845
12. Francis Fairchild, born; died in infancy.
13. Francis Gore Fairchild, born 11 April 1820 — 1892
14. Millicent Fairchild, born 1822 — 1875
15. Sarah Fairchild, born; died in infancy.
See Chapter XVII
2. Timothy Marsh Fairchild, son of Isaac and Lucy (Kilbourne) Fairchild, was born in Brant County, Ont., 25 Nov. 1799; married Sarah Ann Miller (born 1804; died 1865) and died 4 April 1884. Issue:
 1. Stephen Fairchild, born 15 Jan. 1825 — 1901
 2. Benjamin Fairchild, born 1827 — 1893
 3. Sarah Fairchild, born 6 Feb. 1831 — 1921
 4. Isaac Fairchild, born 24 July 1832 — 1897
 5. Angeline A. Fairchild, born 30 Nov. 1835 — 1921
 6. Timothy Fairchild, born 30 Sept. 1837 — 1915
 7. Elvira Fairchild, born
 8. Rebecca Fairchild, born 1841 — 1913
 9. William Fairchild, born June 1844 — 1914
1. Stephen Fairchild, eldest child and son of Timothy Marsh and Sarah Ann (Miller) Fairchild, was born 15 Jan. 1825, married, 7 July 1852, Charity McMichael, and died 29 Oct. 1901. The History of the County of Brant, Ontario (1883) says of him (p. 566):

"STEPHEN FAIRCHILD, farmer, Brantford Township, was born in Townsend, County of Norfolk, Ontario, Jan. 15, 1825, and is a son of Timothy Fairchild, a native of Brant County, where he was born in 1799. When five or six years of age Mr. Fairchild removed to Oakland Township, where he married, and then returned to Townsend, but soon after again made his way back to Brant County. When a young man he taught school, first at what is now Section Number 7 of the Township of Brantford, and subsequently at Bealton, in the Township of Townsend; then at Waterford, Ont. In this occupation he was engaged for five winters, and a portion of one summer. He was then married, July 7, 1852, to Charity McMichael, of the Township of Townsend, by whom he has five children: Anna, wife of George F. Miles, agricultural agent on Mr. Fairchild's farm; Harry A., studying law with Crear & Muir, Hamilton; May, and Charles C. At the time of his marriage, being poor, Mr. Fairchild put all his energies to work, and secured a farm of 160 acres, on which he resided twenty-eight years, and which he still owns, and then bought his present farm of 80 acres, the old homestead, where he now lives. His father gave him 80 acres of the first farm he owned, and to this he added 80 acres. Mr. Fairchild has always taken an interest in fine stock, but has never made it a specialty in his farming operations until of late. He is a Reformer, but does not take any active part in politics, and has filled the office of Justice of the Peace for about ten years. He attends the Presbyterian Church, and his wife and oldest daughter are members of the Baptist body."

(Stephen Fairchild's oldest son was R. M. Fairchild, M.D., d. Boise, Idaho).

3. Sarah Fairchild, daughter of Timothy Marsh and Sarah Ann (Miller) Fairchild, was born in Brant County, 6 Feb. 1831. She married, 17 May 1853, Abram Kinnard, who was born in Ancaster, County of Wentworth, Ont., 4 Jan. 1821. He was a son of Sela and Julia Ann (Daniels) Kinnard, and grandson of Abram and Catherine (Minor) Kinnard, who were early settlers in Monck County, Ont. Abram and Sarah (Fairchild) Kinnard had issue as follows:
 - 1). Elbern S. Kinnard, born 24 Aug. 1854
 - 2). Timothy L. Kinnard, born 5 Aug. 1862
 - 3). Calvin Kinnard, born 9 Nov. 1865
 - 4). Benjamin Kinnard, born 29 Aug. 1867

The History of the County of Brant (p. 577) says of Mr. and Mrs. Abram Kinnard:

" . . . She (Mrs. Kinnard) was a daughter of Timothy and a granddaughter of Isaac Fairchild, after whom the Fairchild Creek was named. . . . Mr. Kinnard was educated in New York State. He followed the architectural business about 30 years; afterwards engaged in mercantile pursuits; and in 1865 came to Brant County, settling on his present premises, consisting of 107 1/2 acres of fine farming land."

5. Angeline A. Fairchild, daughter of Timothy Marsh and Sarah Ann (Miller) Fairchild, was born in Brant County, Ont., 30 Nov. 1835, and married, 29 Aug. 1860, Garrett Terhune, son of Gilliam and Mary (Roome) Terhune, and grandson of Albert and Mary (Van Ryper) Terhune. Garrett Terhune was born in New Jersey, 13 April 1823 and came to Canada with his parents in 1836 and settled in Norfolk County with his grandfather, Albert Terhune. Garrett Terhune was twice married, his first wife being Olive Josephine Dresser; she died 11 April 1859, leaving six children: Sarah C., married Solomon Chatterson; Mary J., Susan C., Agnes S., Harriet A., and Emma L. By his second marriage to Angeline A. Fairchild, he had issue:
 - 1). Frederick W. Terhune
 - 2). Lucy C. Terhune
 - 3). John F. Terhune*

6. Angelina (or Angeline) Fairchild, daughter of Isaac and Lucy (Kilbourne) Fairchild, born, married Abram Westbrook, son of Haggai and Mary (Sayles) Westbrook, who was born in Oakland township, Brant County, Ont., in 1798, and died in October, 1874. Abram's father, Haggai Westbrook, was a brother of John and Alexander Westbrook, the two young men who apparently accompanied Isaac (Benjamin) Fairchild when he came to Brant County to settle. (See sketch of the Westbrook family). Abram and Angelina (Fairchild) Westbrook had a family of thirteen children, of whom seven were living in 1883. (See History of the County of Brant, Ont., pp. 544-545.) Data is available regarding one son only:

1. H. T. Westbrook, who was born in Oakland Township, 15 Feb. 1844; married Esther J. Hall, a native of Oakland township and a daughter of Thomas Hall, a pioneer of the township. Issue:

* History of the County of Brant, page 603.

- 1). Frederick Westbrook, born 2 Aug. 1864
- 2). Jennie Westbrook, born
- 3). Munson Westbrook, born

Of their eldest son, the History of the County of Brant says:

"FRED WESTBROOK, eldest son of H. T. Westbrook, is the champion bicyclist of Canada. He resides in Brantford. In 1882 he won, in bicycle riding, eleven gold medals, one revolver, two silver cups and one clock. One medal was for the five-mile championship of Canada, one for the two-mile championship of Canada and one medal for the championship over all Canada. Ten of these are first prizes and one a second prize. The clock was gained in fancy riding and the two cups for fast riding."

8. Mary Fairchild, daughter of Isaac and Lucy (Kilbourn) Fairchild, was born in Oakland Township, Brant County, Ont., 15 Feb. 1810; she was married, 5 Feb. 1828, at Brantford, Ont., to Malcolm Brown, who was born in Oakland Township, 17 Nov. 1803. The marriage was performed by the Rev. Mr. Sagan. Of their family, data is available regarding one son only, as under:

1. Neal Brown, third son of Malcolm and Mary (Fairchild) Brown, was born 23 Dec. 1837, and married 23 Nov. 1864, Sarah Ann Diamond. She was born in Brantford township 22 Feb. 1843 and died 18 June, 1897. She was the only daughter of Abraham Diamond and Phoebe Westbrook (1823-1845), his wife. Phoebe Westbrook was the youngest of the sixteen children of Major John Westbrook, one of the two Westbrook brothers who came to Brant County with Isaac Fairchild.* Neal and Sarah Ann (Diamond) Brown had issue:

- 1). John Malcolm Brown, born 11 Aug. 1865, married, Feb., 1893, Elizabeth Pierce, resided Strathecona, Alberta, Can., now in British Columbia, Can. Issue:
 - (1). Ruth Elizabeth Brown, born 1899
 - (2). Clarence Brown, born 1902
 - (3). George Jaffrey Brown, born May 1906
- 2). Mary Matilda Brown, born 11 Feb. 1867, married, 3 Aug. 1887, Walter Vanderlip, died 30 Dec. 1893, resided Brantford, Ont. Issue:
 - (1). Homer Leonard Brown Vanderlip, born June, 1893, died 15 Aug. 1893
- 3). Fleta Augusta Brown, born 10 March 1869, married, 27 Feb. 1889, Melville B. Baldwin, died 1935. Resided Scotland, Ont. Issue:
 - (1). Nita Leone Baldwin, born 19 June 1892, married Ward Glover. Issue:
 - (1). Myrtle Glover, residing in Oregon.

* History of the County of Brant, Ont., (Toronto: 1883), pages 180 and 625. The notes re the family of Neal and Sarah Ann (Diamond) Brown are from "The Descendants of Anthony Westbrook of Canada," by William E. Westbrook, 1935 (MS).

- 4). Joseph Kilbourne Brown, born 17 Jan. 1871, married, 8 June 1903 Effie B. O'Brien, died 1935, resided Rochester and Buffalo, N. Y. Issue:
 - (1). Malcolm Brown, born 18 Sept. 1905
- 5). Phoebe A. Brown, born 2 Nov. 1872; died 8 Jan. 1893
- 6). Frederick Abraham Brown, born 16 Feb. 1877, married 10 Oct. 1900, Frances Woodley. Resided Mount Pleasant, Ont. Issue:
 - (1). Gladys Brown, born 5 Jan. 1903
 - (2). Earl Brown, born 20 Sept. 1904
 - (3). Edna Brown, born
- 7). Jenny Angeline Brown, born 31 May 1878, married 29 Jan. 1897, James Elliott. Resided Scotland, Ont. Issue:
 - (1). Aubrey Kilbourne Elliott, born 1 July 1903
- 8). Florence Victoria Brown, born 24 Oct. 1879, married 13 June 1900, C. Payson Vivian. Resided Oakland, Ont. Issue:
 - (1). Lloyd Nellis Vivian, born 6 Nov. 1905
- 9). Margaret Grace Brown, born 17 Feb. 1881, married, 3 Oct. 1900, Frank Chambers. Resided Brantford, Ont. Issue:
 - (1). Hazel Bernice Chambers, born 15 Dec. 1901, residing at Brantford, Ont.
- 10). Alice Edna Brown, born 10 Nov. 1882, married 7 Oct. 1907, G. Frank McDowell, died about 1912. Resided at Brantford, Ont. Issue:
 - (1). Neal McDowell, born
- 11). Charles Dufferin Brown, born 23 Oct. 1883, married 25 June 1907, Ada Vincier, resided St. Thomas, Ont. Issue:
 - (1). Elliott Franklin Brown, born 16 March 1909
 - (2). Bruce Brown, born
 - (3). Dufferin Brown, born
- 12). William Edward Brown, born 4 Sept. 1885; died 16 April 1887
9. Mariah Fairchild, daughter of Isaac and Lucy (Kilbourne) Fairchild, was born and married Charles Chapin and had issue:
 1. Harriet Chapin, born, married Robert Merritt.
 2. Mary Ann Chapin, born 7 July 1840
 2. Mary Ann Chapin, daughter of Charles and Mariah (Fairchild) Chapin, was born in Oakland Township, 7 July 1840. She married, 25 Dec. 1861, Alfred Church, who was born in Thorold Township, Welland County, Ont., 23 Oct. 1837. He was the son of John J. Church (born in Connecticut, 1808) and his wife, Lida Davis (born in Thorold Township, 1818). Alfred and Mary Ann (Chapin) Church had issue:
 - 1). Church, died in infancy
 - 2). Charles John Church, born

12. Francis Gore Fairchild, son of Isaac and Luey (Kilbourne) Fairchild, was born in Oakland Township, Brant County, Ont., 11 April 1820. He married, firstly, Priscilla Jane Harris, on 16 June 1842. Issue:

1. Melissa Fairchild, born
2. Helen Marr Fairchild, born
3. James Harris Fairchild, born
4. Francis Alanson Fairchild, born
5. Isaac Ernest Fairchild, born
6. Ruby Ann Fairchild, born
7. Alberta Fairchild, born

See the names of the children of Francis Gore Fairchild and much additional information in the first part of Chapter XVII of this genealogy.

Priscilla Jane (Harris) Fairchild died 27 April 1862. Francis Gore Fairchild married, secondly, in 1867, Mrs. Eliza Marquis, widow of John Marquis, of Argyleshire, Scotland. Her maiden name was McDermid and she was a native of Perthshire, Scotland. In 1850 John Marquis died in Scotland, and a year later the widow came to Caledonia, N. Y., and the following year to Brant County, Ont. She brought with her her five children, of whom two were living in 1883—Dr. Duncan Marquis and a daughter.*

2. Helen Marr Fairchild, daughter of Francis Gore and Priscilla Jane (Harris) Fairchild, was born and married Henry Shaver Westbrook, who was born 30 June 1842, married on 26 Dec. 1866. Henry Shaver Westbrook was a son of Mordecai and Mary Ann (Shaver) Westbrook, and a grandson of Major John Westbrook. Henry Shaver and Helen Marr (Fairchild) Westbrook resided at Winnipeg, Man., Can. Issue:†

- 1). Dr. Frank Fairchild Westbrook, born 12 July 1868
- 2). Ethel Westbrook, born
- 3). Florence Westbrook, born
- 4). Donald McDermid Westbrook, born 4 Sept. 1886

- 1). Dr. Frank Fairchild Westbrook, son of Henry Shaver and Helen Marr (Fairchild) Westbrook, was born in the Township of Oakland, Brant County, Ont., 12 July, 1868; he married April, 1896, Anne, daughter of Sir Thomas W. Taylor; died 20 Oct. 1918. (For biographical details, see following pages). Issue:

- (1). Helen Fairchild Westbrook, born 13 March 1897; married George Struen Robertson. Reside London, England. Issue:
 - (1). George Francis Struen Robertson
 - (2). Anne Robertson

- 4). Donald McDermid Westbrook, son of Henry Shaver and Helen Marr (Fairchild) Westbrook, was born 4 Sept. 1886; married 17 June 1913, Elizabeth Barney, who was born 26 Feb. 1890 at Minneapolis, Minn. Reside Montreal, Que., Can. Issue:

- (1). Mary Elizabeth Westbrook, born 31 Aug. 1914, in Duluth, Minn.
- (2). Margaret Westbrook, born 11 Oct. 1917, in Duluth, Minn.
- (3). Janet Westbrook, born 10 June 1920, in Minneapolis, Minn.

* History of the County of Brant, Ont., pages 188 and 581.

† The Descendants of Anthony Westbrook of Canada, by Wm. E. Westbrook (1935—MS).

DR. FRANK FAIRCHILD WESBROOK*

Frank Fairchild Wesbrook (1868-1918), pathologist, bacteriologist and educationist, was born in the township of Oakland, Brant County, Ontario, 12 July 1868. He belonged to a United Empire Loyalist family. His father was H. S. Wesbrook, commission merchant, and subsequently Mayor of Winnipeg, and his mother, Helen Marr Fairchild. He received his early education in the public schools of London, Ontario, and Winnipeg, and matriculated in the University of Manitoba, from which he was graduated B.A. in 1887. He did post-graduate work in arts in the same institution, at the same time beginning his medical course. He also attended the McGill College Medical School in Montreal for a time. In 1890 he received his M.A., M.D., C.M., from the University of Manitoba. During the same year he served as interne in the Winnipeg General Hospital, and as railway surgeon at Banff. Specializing in pathology and bacteriology, he went in 1892 to Cambridge University for further research in his chosen field. He was the first Canadian student to enter for graduate work in medicine at Cambridge, and his welcome was cordial, not only on that account, but because of his own personality as well. He was appointed John Lucas Walker Student at Cambridge, conjointly with Dr. J. Lorraine Smith. This appointment was for a term of three years, and carried with it a scholarship of L 300 per annum, this being divided between the two appointees. While abroad he gained further experience in King's College, at St. Bartholomew's Hospitals in London, the Rotunda Hospital in Dublin, and the Hygienisches and Pathologisches Institut in Marburg, Germany. In April, 1896, not many months after his return to Canada, he married Annie, daughter of Sir Thomas W. Taylor, late chief justice of Manitoba. His first teaching appointment was to the chair of pathology in the University of Manitoba, in 1895, the year of his return from Cambridge. He remained only a short time, however, resigning almost immediately to accept the professorship of pathology and bacteriology in the University of Minnesota. His connection with the latter institution was to last for seventeen years. The quality of his work, and his conspicuous ability as an organizer soon won him recognition, and promotion came rapidly. In 1906 he was appointed dean of the college of medicine and surgery. His scientific attainments, and his valu-

* The Dictionary of Canadian Biography (Toronto: 1934), page 537.

able services in the field of public health were widely recognized beyond the walls of the university. He was appointed by the United States government member of the advisory board of the Hygienic Laboratory for the Public Health and Marine Hospital Service: he was elected President of the American Public Health Association in 1905, and at the meeting of the International Congress of Hygiene and Dermography held in Washington in 1912, was made president of the section upon State and Municipal Hygiene. He was a member of the Minnesota State Board of Health from 1896 to 1900, and director of its laboratories. He belonged to the Association of American physicians, the Association of American Pathologists and Bacteriologists, the London Pathological Society, the Pathological Society of Great Britain and Ireland, the American Medical Association, the Society of American Bacteriologists, the American Physiological Society, and was an honorary member of the Massachusetts Association of Boards of Health, and of state, city, county and local boards. He also became a member of the Canadian Public Health Association, the International Anti-Tuberculosis Association, and was a fellow of the American Association for the Advancement of Science, and of the Royal Sanitary Institute. In 1918 he was made a fellow of the Royal Society of Canada. He contributed articles to various medical and scientific journals, and to the biennial reports of the Minnesota State Board of Health. On 27 January, 1913, Westbrook was offered the presidency of the new University of British Columbia, an offer which he decided, after some consideration, to accept. The project of establishing a provincial university in British Columbia was of some years' standing, having been suggested as early as 1877. The Legislature had passed a University Endowment Act in 1907, and in 1911 had authorized the granting of a site for the proposed institution. It now appeared that these long-cherished plans were approaching fruition. Provision had been made, it was thought, for adequate endowment resources and future expansion. Naturally the announcement of a new university to be launched under such favourable auspices aroused widespread interest: the government was anxious to secure a strong president, and a number of prominent educators from Great Britain, Canada and the United States were suggested for the post. In announcing the final appointment in the legislature, 17 February 1913, the Hon. Dr. Young, Minister of Education, said:—"What we wanted first of all was a Canadian, young enough to take charge vigorously;

a man imbued with western ideas and inspired with western optimism; a thorough capable man for the largest job outside that of the premier of British Columbia, and I say tonight that we are getting that man. He is a man in the prime of life. He is a Canadian. Dr. Wesbrook is his name and he is at present dean of the medical school of the University of Minnesota." Wesbrook had been very popular in Minneapolis, and his resignation was received with regret, both in the university and the city at large. After concluding his work, and welcoming a conference of the American Medical Association to Minneapolis, he proceeded to Vancouver to assume his new duties. On the occasion of his appointment, he was awarded the degree of LL.D. by the Universities of Toronto and Manitoba, and two years later received the same honour from the University of Alberta. It was well that the new president was endowed with plentiful optimism and enthusiasm, for the record of his tenure is largely a story of hopes deferred that would have been disheartening indeed to a man of less buoyant temperament—a story of delays and disappointments from causes that could hardly have been foreseen—financial depression, the War, and his own failing health. It had been hoped that the new University would open its doors in 1913, but for various reasons it was found impossible to hold the first session until 1915. At that time the legislature voted sufficient funds to enable the new institution to take over the work of the McGill University College of Vancouver, which had hitherto provided higher education for the province. Wesbrook spent several months in the winter of 1913-1914 traveling in Eastern Canada, the United States and Great Britain, in order to procure a staff. He was anxious to engage men with a cosmopolitan outlook, and for that reason gave preference to professors who had experience in more than one country. With characteristic energy and thoroughness, he visited some two hundred English-speaking universities, and secured a number of able men who, with the nucleus of the McGill University College staff, formed a strong faculty. The site chosen was a magnificent one on the shores of the Gulf of Georgia, a few miles from Vancouver, but most of it was still virgin forest. The work of clearing, which had been started in 1912, was continued in 1914, and the steel framework of the new Science Building erected. Then came the Great War, and the governors, feeling that it would be unpatriotic to commit the province to heavy expenditures at that time, discontinued all work on the new site. As a consequence, the

president and faculty for years carried on university work in temporary quarters, handicapped by lack of room and insufficient funds. Westbrook himself was never to see the promised land, for his death occurred before the university was able to move to its permanent site. At the outbreak of the war, realizing that his expert knowledge of epidemic disease and sanitation would be of great value at the front, Westbrook was extremely anxious to volunteer for military service. He qualified for a commission immediately, and Surgeon-General Jones in London recommended his appointment to be director general of the Medical Service. At the end of the first university session, believing that the new institution was now firmly enough established to spare him for a time, he applied to his board for leave to enlist. The Governors, however, feeling that his services were essential to the university, were unwilling to release him, and although bitterly disappointed, he acquiesced. He worked loyally for the cause at home in every way possible, helping to organize the patriotic fund campaign, serving as chairman of the provincial commission on food resources, and encouraging his staff to assist by means of research and public lectures. A number of the faculty and students served overseas, and throughout the War the president found time, in spite of the pressure of his work, to write individually to those who were on active service—not perfunctory notes, but long letters full of matters of personal interest. Westbrook was a fluent speaker with a fine platform presence, and the power of stirring his audience with his own earnestness and infectious enthusiasm. He was in constant demand to address meetings for all manner of organizations, and in his eagerness to create public sympathy for the University, he responded generously, without regard for his own time and strength. Even after his health had begun to fail, he often accepted invitations to address public gatherings when he was too tired even to talk to his friends while driving to the place of meeting. Among his more notable addresses was that on "The Physician of Tomorrow", delivered before the American Association for the Advancement of Science in San Diego, August, 1916. He was chosen by the people of Vancouver as chief orator on the annual Day of Remembrance, 4 August, 1918. He is buried in Vancouver. His wife, now living in Vancouver, and a daughter, Mrs. Helen Fairchild Robertson, of London, England, survive him. Westbrook is described as a man of charming personality, gracious and urbane, with a wonderful gift of friend-

ship, and a tact and human sympathy which enabled him to meet all sorts and conditions of men without constraint. He was very human, with a keen sense of humor, a most entertaining raconteur. His colleagues regarded him with equal affection and admiration. He was energetic and whole-souled in his devotion to his task, and his buoyant temperament met difficulties with unfailing courage and resourcefulness. He was himself enthusiastic, and had a leader's power of evoking enthusiasm. Though a specialist by training, he had a broad cultural outlook and a genuine interest in the humanities. He was sometimes accused of failing to stress sufficiently in speeches the cultural side of university training, in his insistence upon its utilitarian value, but if that was the case, it was because he considered the cultural function of education so obvious as to need no emphasis. He had a wide knowledge of educational systems, had given much thought to the problem of the constitution, scope and management of provincial universities, and came to British Columbia with well-defined ideas on the subject. His educational creed may be found in two addresses which he gave at his own alma mater. On 25 October, 1907, in the second annual opening address delivered at the University of Manitoba, he had discussed "State Responsibility in University Education", and 19 November, 1913, on the occasion of the inauguration of the president of the University of Manitoba—and a few months after his own appointment—he had further developed the same theme in an address upon the "Provincial University in Canadian Development." He thought that the provision of university training was a natural and logical, as well as an inevitable function of the state. Indeed, had the state been developed to its proper point, men like Burbank, Edison and Marconi would have carried on their researches under the auspices of a state university, and "in this way the state, that is, all the citizens, and not individuals or corporations, would derive more directly the benefits which accrue from the advance of knowledge." The curriculum should be built upon a foundation of the humanities and the basic sciences, with later specialization along the lines indicated by local conditions and needs. There should be no divorce of literature, science and the arts from the crafts, industries and professions. The people's university should meet the needs of all the people. In Canada particularly, he felt, the university needs to provide "a nation-building mechanism" to hasten the fusion of the various stocks that make up our population, and the development

of a common culture, and an international viewpoint, as Canada's contribution to the Empire. "Having done our best," he said, "to found provincial universities without provincialism, let us pray that posterity may say of us that we builded even better than we knew."

See also: The National Cyclopedia of American Biography. (1910)
Proceedings of the Royal Society of Canada, 1919.
Canadian Men and Women of the Time (1898).
Canadian Men and Women of the Time (1912).
The Dictionary of Canadian Biography (1926).

THE FAIRCHILDS AND WESTBROOKS

The circumstances under which the members of the Westbrook family came to Canada so closely parallel the experiences of Benjamin Fairchild, Junr., as outlined in your genealogy, that I am appending the following sketch, taken from F. Douglas Reville's History of the County of Brant (1920), Vol. 1, page 253:

"The circumstances under which the Westbrook's came to Brant County possessed all the elements of romance. On, or about the close of the Revolutionary War two brothers, John and Alexander Westbrook, whose parents resided in New York State, were in the fields, or woods, looking after their horses. Some of the Six Nations Indians who were engaged on a marauding expedition in the state named, took them prisoners, and they were brought to the territory now known as Brant County. They were kept by the redmen for two or three years and well treated, but were ultimately taken to the Niagara frontier and turned over to the Americans in an exchange of prisoners. They at once returned home where they were received as if from the dead, all hope regarding them having long since been abandoned. However, they had been so impressed with the surroundings of their enforced habitation that about the year 1782 or 1783 they persuaded their father (Anthony) to come here and settle. After many days of travel they finally reached the new home locating on Fairchild's Creek. John served with distinction in the war of 1812, and became a Major. He was on terms of great intimacy with Brant. Strong and stalwart of frame he was the stuff out of which pioneers were made, and he considered it no great hardship to ride, as he often did, with his grist, on horseback to the mill at Niagara. He married Elizabeth Gage . . . in 1796. They had a family of 16 children, their numerous descendants constituting many prominent and well known families

in the city and county. Alexander moved to what is now Brantford, in 1817. He resided on the hill near Lorne Bridge, in a log hut overlooking the river, and for some time carried the mail on foot, and by horseback, between Ancaster and Waterford. He finally settled in Oakland. Another son of Anthony Westbrook was Andrew, who became quite celebrated for his exploits during the war of 1812. He deserted to the United States forces and in 1815 was attainted of High Treason for "aiding and assisting the Enemy, making Prisoners of His Majesty's leige subjects and compelling them to take an Oath Neutrality." By this attainder he forfeited approximately 4000 acres of land situated in what is now Western Ontario. Andrew Westbrook is said to have been the subject of a novel by Major John Richardson, the Canadian author, entitled "Westbrook; or the Outlaw" which was published in New York. Haggai, another brother, lived in Oakland."

Note: The writer of this genealogy is convinced that the foregoing paragraph with reference to the captivity of the Westbrook boys, as reported in the history of Brant County, Ontario, is not correct. There is no doubt in my mind but that the Westbrook boys first came to Ontario from New York when they immigrated with Benjamin Fairchild, Jr., to settle after his captivity among the Mohawks and after he had returned to New York from that captivity and then moved from there to Ontario to settle. This is clearly borne out by the obituary printed in the Brantford Expositor of April 10th, 1884, set out in full in Chapter XVII of this genealogy. At the time the above mentioned obituary was printed there were many persons still living in Brant County who had heard the account of the captivity of Benjamin Fairchild, Jr., and of his later moving to Brant County accompanied by the Westbrook boys, from the principals and other members of the families, and I believe none had heard the version at that time as set out in the preceding paragraph. It seems that none came forward to dispute the version as set out in the above mentioned obituary printed about 60 years ago.

The reference made in the foregoing paragraph to the fact of the Westbrook boys settling on Fairchild's Creek, is, of itself, evidence of the prior settlement there by members of the Fairchild family.

Isaac Ernest Fairchild, referred to in the preceding chapter, a grandson of Isaac Fairchild, the first settler in that part of Ontario, who was a brother of Benjamin Fairchild, Jr., the

Indian captive and Indian interpreter, and who established the first trading post with the Mohawk Indians, first at Port Credit and then on Fairchild's Creek in Brant County, lived for many years with his grandfather and grandmother, Isaac Fairchild and Lucy (Kilbourne) Fairchild, the pioneers, and often heard many recitals of early day life in Ontario from his said grandparents, and yet he made no reference to the Westbrook boys having been taken captive by the Indians in the genealogy he prepared while in Toronto from 1927 to 1931, excerpts of which are set out in Chapter XVII of this genealogy. See also his biography in Chapter XIX.

Early members of the Fairchilds and Westbrooks had intermarried including children of Isaac Fairchild and Lucy (Kilbourne) Fairchild, the pioneers, and a sister of Isaac Ernest Fairchild, named Helen Marr Fairchild had married Henry Shaver Westbrook, and Isaac Ernest Fairchild and Henry Shaver Westbrook were associated in business in Winnipeg for many years before Isaac wrote his genealogy, and if the Westbrooks or any of them had ever been held captive by the Mohawks, members of the Fairchild family, and especially Isaac Ernest Fairchild would have heard of it and just as certainly he would have mentioned it in the genealogy he prepared, and in conversations with the other members of the family. He makes mention of the captivity of Benjamin Fairchild but makes no mention of any of the Westbrooks having been held as captives.

It appears to the writer that the above claim on the part of the Westbrooks after so many years of silence is an attempt to "Steal our thunder" because there can be no question about Benjamin Fairchild's long captivity among the Mohawks which qualified him for the appointment by the Government of Canada as lieutenant and Indian Interpreter in Indian affairs as is recorded in the Archives of Canada. See Chapter XVII of this genealogy for evidence of his appointment as lieutenant and Indian interpreter, and also see the account of Benjamin Fairchild and John Brant, son of Chief Joseph Brant, returning as interpreters from a council with various tribes of Indians—Chapter XVI.

THE SPRINGER FAMILY

The Springer family claim to trace their descent from Pharamond (died 427 A.D.) who was the first King of France, and author of the famous Salic Law, which forbade the succession of

females to the throne. He, in turn, according to legend, was the 37th generation from Antenor, King of the Cimbri, near the Black Sea, who issued from the Trojans.

From Pharamond, the descent is traced through King Clodio (died 448 A.D.), Albro, Vanburtus (died 528 A.D.), Ansebert (died 510) Arnold, Bishop of Metz (later canonized), Pepin of Heristal (died 714 A.D.), Charles Martel, King of France, Louis I, Count, or Landgrave of Thuringia (died 1056 A.D.), Louis II Landgrave of Thuringia. This latter Louis, born 1042; died 1128. He was imprisoned for two years 1087-1089 in the castle of Giebichenstein, near Halle on the Saale, on suspicion of having murdered Frederick III, Palgrave of Nordmark, by Emperor Henry IV. Eventually he made his escape by an adventurous leap (spring) from the tall battlements of the castle into the water. He was unhurt, and was at once taken before the Emperor, who pardoned him, and in sport called him "The Springer." This is the origin of the family name. Louis the Springer's son, Christoph Louis I, became Count Springer of Waldenburg (born 1091; died 1120. He was the first of a line of Count Springers, which lasted from 1091 to the death of the last Count, Gottfried III, in 1399). A son of this latter, Johan Gottfried Springer, was the ancestor of the citizen line of Springers. One of his descendants, Christopher Springer, was married three times, the last time to Lady Beatea Jacobie Hendrickson, Lady Companion to Queen Hedwig Elenora, wife of Charles X, of Sweden, to which country he removed about 1650. Of his children by his third wife, two—Carl Christopher Springer (1658-1738) and Jacob Springer (1668-1731) emigrated to America. A son by his first marriage to Alma Dorothea Jacobie, Lorentz (or Lawrence) Springer, (1646-1741), also emigrated to America, and from him are descended the Canadian family of Springers. Lorentz' fourth son, Benjamin, had two sons, Benjamin and David. David Springer, born 1739, married Margaritha Oliver, on 26 Oct. 1754, and was killed in 1777, leaving issue:

1. Richard, born, married Sarah Boyce
2. Maria, born 8 March, 1761
3. John, born
4. Daniel, born Sept. 1763, married Ruth Fairchild
5. Benjamin, born
6. Henrietta, born, married Col. R. Beasley. (See Stone's account of the killing of Isaac Brant in Chapter XVII).
7. Rachel, born, married Col. Reynolds
8. Martha, born, married Treanor.
9. Keziah, born 24 Oct. 1777, married Benjamin Lockwood

DANIEL SPRINGER

Daniel Springer, born in Albany, New York State, Sept., 1763, was the second son and third child of David Springer (born 1739; died 1777) and Margarita Oliver, his wife. Daniel's father was killed in a skirmish at Stillwater, N. Y., in 1777, and as the family was known for its loyalty, the mother soon found it advisable to remove with her children to Canada, where she joined her son, Richard, who was a private in the corps known as Butler's Rangers. The story of the widow Springer's misfortunes is best told in her own words, as she presented her tale to the Upper Canada Land Board in 1793:*

"The Petition of Margaret Springer

"To His Excellency John Graves Simcoe, Esquire, Lieutenant Governor and Colonel commanding His Majesties Forces in Canada, &c. &c. &c.

"The petition of Margaret Springer, Widow of the late David Springer.

"Humbly Sheweth

"That your Petitioner's late Husband, after many proofs of his Loyalty and attachment to the Crown from the earliest period of the disturbances in America, lost his life in an attempt to Join the Army of General Burgoyne at Still-Water, accompanied by several other Loyalists, having been overtaken and attacked by the Rebels in Superior Numbers.

"That your Petitioner after her Husband had been so killed, was Stript of all her moveable and immoveable property to a considerable value and left to struggle with numerous and young family against all the calamities of her Situation, in the midst of the Murderers of her Husband and the Robbers of her property.

"That your Petitioner embraced the first Opportunity which her Circumstances allowed, of coming under the protection of the British Government in this Settlement with her large family, but never received any Compensation for her many and Great Losses.

"Wherefore your Petitioner offering the fullest proof of the above facts, humbly recommends her Case to your Excellency's known humanity and prays that your Excellency would grant her leave to occupy Twelve Hundred Acres of unlocated lands in this District in Compensation of her Sufferings, being sensible that there is now no other public remedy left for them and your Petitioner as in duty bound will ever pray.

"MARGARET SPRINGER

"Burlington Bay, 4th March 1793"

It was probably after their arrival in Canada that young Daniel joined Butler's Rangers, whose headquarters were at Niagara. Of his experiences in this corps, whose exploits form the basis for so many tales of the north-west frontier, we have no record. In 1784, after the signing of the peace, he settled on lot 14, concession 3, township of Barton, on the site of the present city of Hamilton, Ont. In 1796 he was one of the signers of the first By-Laws of the Barton Lodge of Freemasons, one of the earliest lodges in Upper Canada. In the following year he removed to Delaware Township, Middlesex County, being one of the first settlers in that township, the earliest to be settled in the county.

* Ontario Historical Society, Papers and Records, Vol. XXIV, page 130.

Daniel Springer was one of the justices named in the first Commission of the Peace for the District of London in 1800, and was for the following quarter of a century familiarly known to the pioneers of Middlesex as "Squire" Springer. He played an active part in the War of 1812-4, being a captain of the First Regiment of Middlesex Militia for the duration. Later in life he was elevated to the rank of Lieutenant-Colonel, which he held at the time of his death. In 1814, with several of his fellow officers, he was taken prisoner by an American raiding party under the command of an old neighbor, Andrew Westbrook,* of Delaware, who had gone over to the American side at the outbreak of the war. He remained a prisoner at Chillicothe, Kentucky, for some months, but returned to Canada in time to take part in the Battle of Lundy's Lane. Of his war service and imprisonment, a report of the Loyal and Patriotic Society (1817) says:

"DANIEL SPRINGER, Esqr., London District. Captain Springer exerted himself in defending the Province by actively performing his duty on all occasions. He therefore became, as usual, extremely obnoxious to the enemy and the disaffected, a party of whom seized him on the 1st February, 1814, and, after binding him, took his horses and sleigh and, placing him in it, carried him to Kentucky. Shortly after his departure his family was obliged to remove to the Grand River. He returned in time to share in the glory of the Battle of the Falls."

The removal of the Grand River, referred to in this record, probably implies that Ruth (Fairchild) Springer went back to live with her people in Brant County during the time that her husband was a prisoner of war.

Daniel Springer was always highly thought of by the Provincial authorities, as will be borne out in the following extract from the report of a committee of the Legislative Council, headed by Chief Justice William Drummer Powell, in 1820, which dealt with certain land claims:

"With respect to Daniel Springer's claim the committee would recommend the location to be permitted. . . . Also considering the loyal character of Mr. Springer and his exposure to the enemy and Rebels during the War, by whom he was plundered, respectfully recommend that he be permitted to so locate his Militia right and his wife's right as to cover the Various improvements when vacant and grantable and as it appears that a valuable Mill for the enjoyment of which he has paid rent to the Indians for many years, falls within a Crown Reserve, the Committee further recommend that the reserve may be placed on some other lot in order to recommend and admit his location thereon."

Daniel Springer died June, 1826, and was buried in the old graveyard in connection with Christ Church (Anglican) in the present village of Delaware, Ont. The burial service was performed by the Rev. Alexander Mackintosh, rector of the Anglican mission at St. Thomas, Ont. The entry in his register reads as follows:

"17th June, 1826—Daniel Springer, Esq., aged 63½, Lt.-Col. 4th Regt., Middlesex Militia, died on the 15th inst., and was this day interred by me, with Masonic honors, in Delaware."

The inscription on the old square marble tombstone reads:

* This Andrew Westbrook was a brother of Haggai Westbrook, whose eldest son, Abram, married Angelina Fairchild, daughter of Isaac and Lucy (Kilbourne) Fairchild. See chart.

In
Memory Of
Lieut. Col.
DANIEL SPRINGER

Esq.
who departed
this life
June 15 1826;
aged 63 y'rs & 9 m.

By his son
R. Springer, Esq.

Here lies in tomb, dispute it if you can
An honest squire and an upright man
In all things he acted the manly part
Blush, squires, blush, and copy Daniel's heart.

Ruth (Fairchild) Springer survived her husband a number of years. She was still alive in 1837, when she testified in court regarding a marriage performed by the "Squire" in 1820. One record, quoted above, gives the date of her death as 1856, but this has not yet been verified.

CHAPTER XXI

April 25 and May 4, 1939, much helpful information and excerpts from Canadian Records were received from Dr. James J. Talman, who was at that time connected with the office of Public Records and Archives, Parliament Building, Toronto, Ontario, and also, at Dr. Talman's suggestion the writer applied for and received copies from the Public Records and Archives of Ottawa, Ontario, all of which information and records were in connection with the Fairchild family in Ontario and which supplied the dates of settlement in Ontario at very early dates by members of the Fairchild family and also supplied the names of many of the children of these early settlers. The excerpts received and some of the correspondence are set out in the following pages.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC RECORDS AND ARCHIVES TORONTO

April 25, 1939

Mr. T. M. Fairchild
Attorney-at-Law
Iowa City, Iowa
Dear Sir:

I enclose a few notes on the Fairchild family. Unfortunately these cover the wrong generation. I do not see how we can ever expect to find the parents of Benjamin and Peter Fairchild in our land records. You see there was no point in their being recorded. The first generation, such as Benjamin and Peter could get lands as loyalists. The second generation, such as Joshua, Isaac and Mary could get lands as sons or daughters of a loyalist. Therefore, it was important for them to give their father's name. The next generation got nothing.

The reason the reply to your letter was delayed was that our staff has been cut down and now the house is in session. Are there no records in New York State?

Yours very truly,

James J. Talman

BENJAMIN FAIRCHILD, U. E.

Benjamin Fairchild had the following children: Peter, Benjamin, Joshua, Isaac, and Mary, who married John Myers of King Township, Ruth, who married Daniel Springer of Delaware, and Deborah, who married Mordecai Sayles of Oxford.

PETER FAIRCHILD, U. E.

Peter Fairchild married Sarah Fuller in New Jersey. He settled in the Township of Townsend about three miles northeast of Boston, (Ont.). He was the first Pastor of the old Boston Baptist Church, being formally installed on Oct. 21st, 1806.

He had the following children: Benjamin, married Elizabeth Haviland; Peter, Abial, Israel, Cornelius, Elizabeth, married Jesse Smith, of Charlotteville, prior to 1811; Esther, married John Haviand, Jr.; Rebecca, married Joseph Merrill, of Charlotteville, prior to 1811; Sarah, born March 6, 1794, said to be the first white child born in the Township of Townsend; Ruth, and Rolly.

Peter, the second son of Elder Peter, had four sons: Alvin, Frank, Rev. John, and Peter M., and three daughters: Alvira H., Sarah J., and Eliza V. (See also p. 47).

(Note: With reference to Sarah Fairchild being the first white child born in the Township of Townsend, E. A. Owen, in his Pioneer Sketches of the Long Point Settlement, states "this is a modest claim, to say the least, she was probably the first white child born in the county (Norfolk County)." See excerpts from his work set out in Chapter XXII of this genealogy. It is also claimed that Sarah Fairchild was the first white child born between the Grand River and Lake Erie. It also appears that two daughters of Benjamin Fairchild, Jr., the Indian interpreter, were born in Ancaster near Hamilton in 1792, or before that date).

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC RECORDS AND ARCHIVES
TORONTO

May 4, 1939

Mr. T. M. Fairchild
Attorney-at-Law
Crescent Block,
Iowa City, Iowa

Dear Mr. Fairchild:

I am returning your cheque. My letter to you was done in government time and the fact that it was of value to you was fortunate. We often are unable to find information of value and in view of the small state of our staff sometimes cannot reply. Few people offer us money and we have no column in our accounts for receipts. I discussed the matter with our deputy minister and he agreed that we should send the cheque back. I would suggest that as you have a Western Ontario interest you might write to Mr. Orlo Miller, Box 571, London, Ont. He is a young man who has decided to devote himself to historical research in Western Ontario and while he has to charge to make a living his fees are moderate.

I am enclosing a list of the various Fairchild children with the dates of their orders-in-council for land. From the o-in-c, you can be sure the recipient was twenty-one at the time. For example you can see Sarah was 22 when she received her lot. With the dates of the orders-in-council you can write to The Public Archives of Canada, Ottawa, Canada, asking for the petitions filed preliminary to the granting of the order-in-council. These petitions may give you the essential clues.

Yours very truly,

J. J. Talman

P.S. In the petition, the petitioner should put the name of his or her parents.

J. J. T.

Children of Benjamin Fairchild, Sr., (Corporal in the United Empire Army under Burgoyne).

Peter Fairchild, of Townsend, (U. E. L., under Burgoyne). Son of Benjamin Fairchild, Sr., order-in-council, dated, April 18, 1797, and July 24, 1793.

Ruth Fairchild, daughter of Benjamin Fairchild, Sr., order-in-council, dated April 18, 1797.

Mary Fairchild, daughter of Benjamin Fairchild, Sr., order-in-council, dated April 18, 1797, and February 25, 1797.

Benjamin Fairchild, Jr., (Indian interpreter) of Niagara, son of Benjamin Fairchild, Sr., order-in-council, dated, April 18, 1797.

Joshua Fairchild of Townsend, son of Benjamin Fairchild, Sr., order-in-council, dated, April 18, 1797.

Isaac Fairchild of Townsend, son of Benjamin Fairchild, Sr., order-in-council, dated April 18, 1797, and July 3, 1797.

Deborah Fairchild, daughter of Benjamin Fairchild, Sr., order-in-council, dated April 18, 1797.

Children of Benjamin Fairchild, Jr., (Indian interpreter, son of Benjamin Fairchild, Sr., the U. E. Loyalist).

Elizabeth Fairchild, daughter of Benjamin Fairchild, Jr., order-in-council, dated, March 27, 1813.

Margaret Fairchild, daughter of Benjamin Fairchild, Jr., order-in-council, dated, March 27, 1813.

John Fairchild, son of Benjamin Fairchild, Jr., order-in-council, dated, May 22, 1820.

(See petition of Margaret Fairchild, wife of Benjamin Fairchild, Jr., in file number F. 18, No. 10, in following pages).

Children of Peter Fairchild (U. E. Loyalist under Burgoyne), son of Benjamin Fairchild, Sr.

Rebecca Fairchild, daughter of Peter Fairchild, order-in-council, dated May 28, 1811.

Elizabeth Fairchild, daughter of Peter Fairchild, order-in-council, dated, May 28, 1811.

Benjamin Fairchild of Townsend, son of Peter Fairchild, order-in-council, dated July 16, 1816.

Sarah Fairchild, daughter of Peter Fairchild, (born March 6, 1794, the first white child born in the Township of Townsend, Ont.), order-in-council, dated July 16, 1816.

Esther Fairchild, daughter of Peter Fairchild, order-in-council, dated, July 16, 1816.

Mary Fairchild, daughter of Peter Fairchild, order-in-council, dated, May 17, 1820.

Abial Fairchild of Townsend, son of Peter Fairchild, order-in-council, dated October 21, 1839.

Peter Fairchild, Jr., of Townsend, son of Peter Fairchild, (U. E. L.) order-in-council, dated November 28, 1839.

Cornelius Fairchild, of Brantford, son of Peter Fairchild, order-in-council, dated May 27, 1848.

Children of Eleazer Fairchild of Yonge.

Ann Fairchild, daughter of Eleazer Fairchild, order-in-council, dated September 23, 1800.

Phoebe Fairchild, daughter of Eleazer Fairchild, order-in-council, dated July 9th, 1811.

Search No.: 21000.

See Eleazer Fairchild in Chapter XV of this genealogy.

PUBLIC ARCHIVES OF CANADA

Ottawa, May 23rd, 1939

Mr. T. M. Fairchild
Attorney-at-Law
Crescent Block
Iowa City, Iowa, U. S. A.
Dear Sir:

In reply to your letter of the 8th instant you will find enclosed together with extracts from several land petitions signed by members of the Fairchild family, memorandum No. 21000, which gives you part of the information asked for.

* * * * *

Yours very truly,
Acting Deputy-Minister

LB/CD.
23/5/39

(Vernon B)

Search Reference No. 21000

PUBLIC ARCHIVES OF CANADA

Date and place of death of Benjamin Fairchild, senior, names of his parents.

Benjamin Fairchild, junior, in a petition dated Newark, 21 Oct., 1796, gives his father's services during the war of the American Revolution and says that his father came into this Province in 1792 with his family consisting of an aged wife, four sons and three daughters. The mother's name was Metissal (Melissa) Fairchild; the four sons were Benjamin, Peter, Isaac, Joshua and the daughters were Mary, Ruth, and Deborah Fairchild.

The father was dead in 1796 but the mother was still alive.

We have no means of finding the date of birth of Benjamin Fairchild, Sr., the names of his parents, as our first Census Return for Upper Canada is for the year 1842.

23-5-1939
V.B.

L. Brault
Director
Division of the Information

PUBLIC ARCHIVES OF CANADA

Land Papers. Upper Canada

The petition of Benjn Fairchild

No. 41 Your petitioner and all his father's family were ever stedfast in His Majesty's interest and your petitioner was in actual service in H. M's Forces during the war

Newark 12 Augt., 1795 Benjn Fairchild Junr

The name of his father is not given.

(Note: Attention is here called to the fact that each petitioner was at least 21 years of age when his or her petition for a land grant was filed, and that the above dates are the dates their petitions were acted upon by the council and are not the dates on which the petitions were filed).

No. 80 Petition of Benjamin Fairchild, Newark, 17 April, 1797. Petitioner on the 20th Sept., 1790 purchased land from Squire McCoye, 500 acres of land—petitioner prays to have the liberty to locate this land.

No. 85 Newark 17 April, 1797. Benjamin Fairchild served as a volunteer and afterwards as a non-commissioned officer in Gen'l Burgoyne Regiment during the American War—he has drawn 400 acres of land and now prays for a grant of Lots 26 & 27 in the 4th Concession, and Lots 26 & 27 in the 5th Concession in the Township of Ancaster. Endorsed: The petitioner seems to have all the lands he is entitled to. Any specific lots he may wish for as part of the lands granted he must apply to the Surveyor General.

No. 103 Newark 21 Oct., 1796. Petition of Benjamin Fairchild giving his father's services during the war of the American Revolution—the father came into this Province (1792) with his family consisting of an aged wife, four sons and three daughters. Mother & children still living—father dead—Mother's name Metissal Fairchild, 200 acres granted to each of the children: Peter, Joshua, Benjamin, Isaac, Mary & Ruth Fairchild, and Deborah Fairchild.

Ruth Fairchild became the wife of Daniel Springer, of Delaware, district of London.

(Note: The name of Benjamin Fairchild's wife is given as "Metissal". It was probably "Melissa" and misread on account of imperfect writing).

No. 2 York 11 Feb'y, 1808. Petition of Peter Fairchild. Born in the Province of New York (now the State of New York), joined the Royal Army under Gen'l Burgoyne in 1777 and remained till the capitulation when he returned to his father's house which was at that time within the British lines. Prays that his name may be inserted on the U. E. List.

Thomas Welch says that Peter & Isaac Fairchild, of the Township of Townsend, district of London, were sworn, 10th June, 1807.

F. 18 No. 10 Niagara 5th June 1811. Petition of Margaret Fairchild wife of Benjamin Fairchild, Indian interpreter.

Married to Benjamin Fairchild, daughter of late Harmonus Van Alstine, deceased, prays that her father's name be inserted on the U. E. Roll.

Petition received from Peter Fairchild 12 June 1811.

Cannot be recommended.

F. 55 No. 10 Petition of Elizabeth Fairchild, daughter of Benjamin Fairchild, of Niagara, a U. E. Loyalist. Petitioner born in the Township of Ancaster, has attained the full age of 21 years and has not received any land or order for land from the Crown.

Benjamin Fairchild to be her agent.

Niagara 25 Feb'y, 1813. Recommended.

F 56 No. 10 Petition of Margaret Fairchild, daughter of Benjamin Fairchild 6 March, 1813 * * * same as above.

(Note: Elizabeth and Margaret Fairchild must have been born in Ancaster, near where Hamilton is now located, during or before 1792, thus establishing the fact that their parents were living at Ancaster at that time. The son or daughter of a Loyalist petitioning for a land grant would have to be 21 years of age at the time of filing the petition).

F. 97, No. 10. Petition of Sarah Fairchild, daughter of Peter Fairchild, U. E. L. Townsend tp. London district. She has attained the age of 21 years 11 June, 1816. See the first part of this chapter, and Chapter XXII.

F. 98, No. 10. Petition of Benjamin Fairchild, son of Peter Fairchild, U. E. L. of Townsend. 12 March, 1816. Ordered 200 acres of land.

F. 99, No. 10. Petition of Elizabeth Fairchild, wife of Benjamin Fairchild of Townsend, daughter of John Haviland. 12 March, 1816.

PUBLIC ARCHIVES OF CANADA

Ontario Public Archives, 1929

Wednesday, 24 July, 1793. At the Council Chamber, Navy Hall.

* * * * *

Petitions were received from Mordecai Sayles for lot No. 30; Samuel Anibel for lot No. 23; Peter Farechild, for lot No. 12; Benjamin Farechild for lot No. 23; Daniel Farechild for lot No. 15; Isaac Farechild for lot No. 14 etc. * * * See Daniel Fairchild, Number 110½, in Chapter XV.

The above petitioners request that they may have a grant of their lots each on Jones' land from Burlington Bay to the Grand River. Ordered that the prayer of the petitioners be granted.

* * * * *

Saturday, 24th, 1794. Council Chamber, Newark.

Read the Acting Surveyor General's report 26 Sept., 1793.

His report on the petition of Ben Fairchild.

CHAPTER XXII

In July, 1939, having received information from my daughter, Ellen Fairchild Filter, of Dubuque, Iowa, relative to a book written by L. H. Tasker, M.A., of the history of the Long Point settlement on Lake Erie, and failing to locate the work in the libraries of Iowa City or Dubuque, the writer again appealed to Mr. James J. Talman, who at that time was connected with the University of Western Ontario, at London, Ontario, and was kindly furnished with the following information and copies from the work of L. H. Tasker, M.A., and also, later was furnished excerpts from the work of E. A. Owen's Pioneer Sketches of the Long Point settlement. This work of Tasker could not be found in the libraries of Iowa City, and, incidentally, could not be found in the library of the University of Western Ontario, Mr. Talman furnishing excerpts from his own volume as his letter indicates.

Excerpts from Tasker's work and the copy of the principal part of Mr. Talman's letter follow:

THE UNIVERSITY OF WESTERN ONTARIO

London, Canada

July 20, 1939

The Lawson Memorial Library

Mr. T. M. Fairchild

Attorney-at-Law

Crescent Block

Iowa City, Iowa

Dear Mr. Fairchild:

* * * * *

"Your letter caused quite a stir, for when I took it to the University to check up on Tasker we found that the volume had been lost. Fortunately, I had a volume at home and last night I copied the parts which interest you. * * *

"I thought you had seen all the printed sources regarding the Fairchild family. But it strikes me that if you have not seen Tasker you also may not have seen Owen: Pioneer Sketches of the Long Point Settlement. Toronto, 1898. It has some Fairchild references which you should see before you publish your work.

"Also before you publish, if I were you, I would secure the petition which preceded the orders-in-council which I listed for you some time ago. If you send the dates to the Public Archives of Canada, Ottawa, Canada, they will send you copies.

"If you have not seen Owen, I can take the volume home and copy the essential parts. * * *

Yours sincerely,

James J. Talman"

The following are the copies from Tasker enclosed in Mr. Talman's letter:

"Fairchild

"List of United Empire Loyalists who settled at Long Point.

* * * * *

"Fairchild, Peter. Townsend, 1805 (?)

* * * * *

"From L. H. Tasker, M. A., The United Empire Loyalist Settlement at Long Point, Lake Erie, Ontario Historical Society, Papers and Records, Vol. 2, Toronto, p. 69.

"In 1796 a party from New Brunswick, led by Donald McCall, came west to the Long Point Settlement. He was selected as the leader because he had previously visited the country. Among the party were the Loyalist Lieut. Jas. Munro and Peter Fairchild. They landed at the mouth of Big Creek on July 1st, 1796, and took up land in various localities."

Ibid., p. 87.

"Chapter LXI

"Fairchild

"The name of Peter Fairchild was inserted in the original list of U. E. Loyalists by special Order-in-Council, dated 10th of May, 1808. It is here stated that he joined the Royal Standard in 1777. It would seem by this that he did not come to Canada till quite late, probably about the year 1805.

(Note: Peter Fairchild came into Ontario about 1792. See Owen's Sketches of the Long Point Settlement. Also see the dates of land grants and petitions for land grants in the foregoing pages).

"At any rate, it is certain that he was settled in Townsend by the year 1807, for we find mention of him in that year in the records of the township. His family received from the Government the following grants of land:

"Rebecca, daughter of Peter Fairchild, a U. E. Loyalist, wife of Merrill, 200 acres in Charlotteville, 28th May, 1811.

"Elizabeth, daughter of Peter Fairchild, wife of J. Smith, 200 acres in Charlotteville, 21st June, 1811.

"Benjamin, son of Peter Fairchild, 200 acres in Townsend, 7th of August, 1816.

"Sarah, daughter of Peter Fairchild, spinster, 200 acres in Townsend, 8th of October, 1833.

"The Fairchild and Haviland families were connected by the marriage of Benjamin Fairchild, spoken of above, to Elizabeth, daughter of John Haviland of the same place."

Ibid., p. 119.

Mr. Talman then states as follows:

"Regarding Tasker's statement that Fairchild evidently did not come into Canada until 1805, you may be absolutely certain that if his children got lands as the sons and daughters of loyalists (and they did), Peter Fairchild must have been in Canada before July 1798. Where the information I sent you previously conflicts with Tasker, with all due modesty. I should advise you to take my date or figure.

J. J. Talman"

As sustaining the correctness of Mr. Talman's information and figures, see the records and archives of Canada herein set out, and especially see the petitions in Chapter XXI of this work, wherein Peter Fairchild filed a petition for a land grant as early as July 24th, 1793, and also in 1797. Also see Chapter XXI wherein copies of the Public Records and Archives from Ottawa are set out showing that Benjamin Fairchild, Jr., the Indian interpreter, filed his petition and states that his father, Benjamin Fairchild, Sr., and all his family, including the Peter above mentioned, came into Ontario in 1792.

THE UNIVERSITY OF WESTERN ONTARIO
London, Ontario

The Lawson Memorial Library

July 27, 1939

"T. M. Fairchild
Crescent Block
Iowa City, Iowa
Dear Mr. Fairchild:

* * * * *

"I do not wonder that your son had difficulty in finding an Owen. The book has been out of print for many years. I did hear that a man had eighteen copies a few years ago and he sold every one for between fifteen and twenty dollars.

"I am enclosing the Fairchild information given in Owen. I do not think that this will be of any value to you in advancing your researches but it may give you a picture of the ramifications of your family in Long Point. I did not trouble to trace the lines of married daughters, knowing your particular interest.

"I did notice a reference to a Fairchild family Bible. I wonder where that could have got to.

"A final word must be that where there is a conflict in your records, I should take the Ottawa and Ontario Archives information. I think that you already have gone a long way in advance of Owen and Tasker in your Fairchild information. I am looking forward to seeing all your material in printed form.

"If there is any question which you think I may be able to answer please write.

Yours very truly
James J. Talman"

FAIRCHILD, FROM OWEN

"The history of old Boston Baptist Church is, virtually, the history of Boston settlement; and as the Corliss, Beal and Fairchild families made up its principal constituent members, and Elder Peter Fairchild became its first pastor, a brief description of the Elder's family will not be out of place in connection with this sketch.

"The Fairchild family is one of the oldest in the township of Townsend. It is claimed that Sarah, fifth daughter of Elder Fairchild, who, it is said was born in the Townsend cabin on the 26th day of March, 1794, was the first white child born in Townsend. This is a modest claim, to say the

least, for if the dates in the old family Bible are correct, and Sarah Fairchild was born in Townsend, she was, probably, the first white child born in the county. This honor has been claimed by the McCalls, of Charlottesville; the Walkers, of Woodhouse; and the Culvers, of Townsend; but if the Fairchild record be correct this birth occurred more than two years before the McCalls came to the country, and in the early part of the same year the other two families effected a settlement.

"Elder Peter Fairchild married Sarah Fuller in New Jersey, and when the Province of Upper Canada was only about three years old, he came with his family and settled in the wilderness about three miles northeast of Boston. They came in advance of the surveyor, and it was several years before they had a neighbor. Shortly after the arrival of the Corlisses and Beals the three families convened under the trees, near the spot where the old graveyard is located, and covenanted with each other as a preliminary step towards the organization of a Baptist church. This occurred October 21st, 1804, and on November 9th of the following year, the church was formally organized. On the 21st day of October, 1806, Elder Peter Fairchild was regularly installed as pastor, a position he held for fourteen consecutive years.

"Rev. Peter Fairchild had five sons—Benjamin, Peter, Abial, Israel and Cornelius; and seven daughters—Elizabeth, Esther, Rebecca, Rachel, Sarah, Ruth and Rolly.

"In the family of Peter, second son of Elder Peter, were four sons—Alvin, Frank, John and Peter M.; and three daughters—Alvira M., Sarah J., and Eliza V. Peter M. is the present occupant of the old homestead, and John is a Baptist preacher.

"The Fairchilds were numerous in New Jersey, and the two principal Norfolk branches are, no doubt, off-shoots of the same old New Jersey family tree.

E. A. Owen: Pioneer Sketches of Long Point Settlement (Toronto, 1898), pp. 337-338."

FAIRCHILD, FROM OWEN

"Noah Fairchild married Elizabeth, daughter of Donald McCall, before he came to the settlement. As a U. E. Loyalist he drew Lot 13, 5th concession of Charlotteville, upon which he settled. By his first marriage he had one son, Nathaniel, and five daughters—Jemima, Elsie, Rebecca, Mary and Elizabeth. After the pioneer mother died, Mr. Fairchild married Mary Nevill, by whom he had one son, Noah, and five daughters—Deborah, Mahala, Phoebe, Esther and Anseletta. Noah Fairchild died in 1833, in his 61st year. His wife, Elizabeth, died in 1806 in her 25th year; and his wife Mary, in 1856, in her 67th year.

"Nathaniel Fairchild, eldest son of Noah, married Anna Palmerston, and settled on the homestead, where he raised a family. His son Henry married into the Tinbrook family, and settled in the township. One daughter, Elizabeth, settled in Michigan, and another, Hetty, married into the Townsend Fairchild family. There was a daughter Jane, and another, Sarah, in the family. The father died in 1847, in his 44th year; and the mother died the following year, in her 41st year.

(There was a Nathaniel Fairchild who settled near London, Middlesex County, Ont., and was living there with his family in 1809-1810. He could not have been the Nathaniel Fairchild mentioned above because the above mentioned Nathaniel Fairchild was born in 1803.)

"Jemima Fairchild, eldest daughter of Noah, married John Brown, of Middleton. Her children are enumerated in the Brown family genealogy.

"Elsie Fairchild, second daughter of Noah, married Francis L. Walsh. Her children are enumerated in the Walsh family genealogy.

"Rebecca Fairchild, third daughter of Noah, married David Hutchinson, and settled in Malahide. She is a widow, and has reached her 93rd year. Her children are enumerated with the Hutchinsons.

"Mary and Elizabeth Fairchild, youngest daughters of Noah, by his first wife, were twin sisters. The former married James Haze, as his second wife, and died childless; and the latter married Cornelius Corless, and settled in Townsend. Subsequently she married Peter Beal. She had two daughters—Rebecca and Mahala, the first of whom married in the Hazelton family, and the second one married Richard Churchill, and settled in Boston.

"Noah Fairchild, only son of Noah by his second wife, married Sarah Palmerston, and settled on the homestead. He had two daughters, both of whom died young. Mr. Fairchild died in 1839, in his 29th year. His widow subsequently married Jacob McCall.

"Deborah Fairchild, eldest daughter of the original Noah, by his second wife, married John Blainey, and died in 1840, in her 31st year.

"Mahala Fairchild, the second daughter, died single in 1834, in her 20th year.

"Phoebe Fairchild, the third daughter, died single in 1837, in her 21st year.

"Esther Fairchild, the fourth daughter, settled in the Western States.

"Anseletta Fairchild, youngest daughter of the original Noah, married Alanson Wood.

"The Fairchild family, of Charlotteville, are the descendants of Abiel Fairchild, of New Jersey. In the New Jersey family was a daughter, Rebecca, who married a Smith, and settled in that State. Subsequently she was left a widow and came to Long Point, and lived with her brother Noah until her death, which occurred in 1847, in her 77th year. Noah Fairchild's family were victims of that dread destroyer of human life—consumption.

E. A. Owen: *Pioneer Sketches of Long Point Settlement* (Toronto, 1898), pp. 196-198"

(Note: The writer of this genealogy is of the opinion that any inference drawn from Owen's work to the effect that Peter Fairchild came from New Jersey would be erroneous unless some statement to that effect were found in the Fairchild Bible referred to.

Probably Noah Fairchild came from New Jersey and was a descendant of Abiel Fairchild, but the United States census of 1790, and the Canadian Records clearly establish that Peter Fairchild was the son of Benjamin Fairchild, Sr., and came from New York. This also leads the writer to the conclusion that the statement to the effect that Peter Fairchild married in New Jersey may also be erroneous.)

CHAPTER XXIII

It is one of the traditions of the Canadian branch of the Fairchild family, as is set forth in the obituary printed in the *Brantford Expositor*, herein quoted, and in other portions of this work, that Benjamin Fairchild, Jr., was stolen by the Mohawk Indians during some of the raids on the border settlements of New York; while he was a mere boy, and taken into the Indian country, which is now Ontario. It may be that this occurred before the Mohawks were engaged as active allies of the British, or he may have been taken by some raiding parties, not connected with the main forces, for most of the captives were detained at Fort Niagara for bounty and for exchange for captives taken by the American forces (see the works of early writers such as Lossing's *Field Book of the Revolution*; *Simm's History of Schoharie County*; *Campbell's History of Tryon County*; *Stone's Life of Joseph Brant*). This Benjamin Fairchild, Jr., however, lived with the Indians and learned the Mohawk language from them which enabled him to afterwards become an Indian interpreter for the Canadian Government.

The works of early writers of the Revolutionary War, herein cited, indicate that many captives were taken and kept at Fort Niagara for bounty and exchange for prisoners taken by the American Army, nevertheless, some of the younger captives lived in Indian families.

See the story of Frances Slocum, taken at the Wyoming Valley Massacre, as told by Lossing in his *Field Book of the Revolution*, Vol. 1, p. 367; and the accounts of the captivity of Mrs. Campbell and her four children in *Stone's Life of Joseph Brant*, Vol. 1, pp. 377, 387, 391, 392; also, see *Simm's History of Schoharie County* and *Campbell's History of Tryon County*, pp. 125-128.

On one occasion 30 or 40 prisoners were taken at Cherry Valley and the women and children were later released with the exception of Mrs. Campbell and her children, and a Mrs. Moore and her children. See *Stone's Life of Joseph Brant*, Vol. 1, p. 376. On another occasion at Springfield 10 miles west of Cherry Valley, many were killed and taken prisoners and all the houses burned, except one, in which Brant had collected all the women and children and left them unharmed (*Stone's Life of Joseph Brant*, Vol. 1, p. 312).

Some of the accounts of the capture of Benjamin Fairchild, Jr., were to the effect that he and Isaac Fairchild were discovered

by the Mohawks during one of their raids and Isaac escaped by swimming the river, but Benjamin was taken. The article on the Fairchild Family by Isaac Ernest Fairchild, of Toronto, states that these boys were shooting deer at the time, and this may be the correct version of the incident, but it is clear that these Mohawks were too far from their own country to be hunting, consequently it appears safe to conclude they were on one of the raids referred to in the histories of the Revolutionary War.

These captives, of course, were at Fort Niagara, and in the Indian country which is now Ontario, before Isaac Fairchild settled there, and, without doubt, that is where Benjamin Fairchild, Jr., learned the Mohawk language, nevertheless, Isaac Fairchild was the first white man who actually settled in Brant County, Ontario, and possibly the first white man to settle in the western part of Ontario, west of where Hamilton now is located.

The family tradition, based upon the account of those stirring days, as given by Isaac Fairchild, is, that when the treaty of peace was signed in Paris, September 3, 1783, and the news finally reached the border settlements and the Indian country under Chief Joseph Brant, and the captives were permitted to return to their former homes, which probably would not be earlier than 1785, by reason of the inadequate means of travel and communication, Isaac Fairchild started from his home in New York State to search for his captive brother, and about the same time the captives started to return to their former homes. For it is a historical fact that many captives were permitted to return home and Brant was an officer in the English Army, well educated, and it is to be presumed he was following the custom of the white man in this particular (see the story of Frances Slocum, heretofore cited, telling how her brothers, after peace was restored, traversed the wilderness as far as Niagara searching for her and offering rewards for her recovery).

By some chance the searching party and the party of captives met at the Niagara River crossing and Isaac Fairchild, having received a glowing account of that part of the Indian country along Lake Ontario as a trading post site, continued his journey into the Indian country and the captives continued on to their former homes in New York State (see obituary printed in the Brantford Expositor April 10, 1884, setting out the above facts; Chapter XVII of this work).

Isaac Fairchild later established his trading post and store,

first at Port Credit on the north shore of Lake Ontario, northeast from where Hamilton is now located, and later Benjamin Fairchild, Jr., returned from New York State and assisted Isaac in conducting this trading post and store. Isaac Fairchild later settled in Brant County on what is now called Fairchild Creek where he lived until white settlers began to settle in that part of Ontario when he married a daughter of one of the early settlers, named Lucy Kilbourne.

It has always been my understanding and belief, acquired from conversations with older members of the family, that Isaac Fairchild also conducted a trading post and store on Fairchild Creek in Brant County, and that he lived there alone among the Mohawk Indians several years before white settlers began to settle in that part of Ontario, and this is borne out by the article written by Isaac Ernest Fairchild, heretofore referred to, who had had many conversations with Isaac Fairchild, the pioneer, and possibly lived in the same family with his father and grandfather, on the farm herein mentioned and described.

I have also been informed, which is also borne out by the Canadian records herein set out, that the captive brother, Benjamin Fairchild, Jr., returned from his former home in New York State and settled in Ontario, and that two young men named Westbrook accompanied him from New York and they also settled in that part of Ontario.

It will be noticed that two daughters of Isaac Fairchild and Lucy Kilbourne Fairchild, and one of their sons married into the Westbrook family, and that descendants of one or more of these unions still reside in Brant County (see list of descendants of Isaac Fairchild furnished the writer by Courtland Charles Fairchild, C. E., and by his daughter, Nora V. Fairchild, set out in this work in Chapter XVII).

Some of the daughters of Isaac and Lucy Fairchild, the pioneers, and some of the descendants of the Westbrook family are buried in the Fairchild Cemetery in the northeast corner of the old homestead farm of Isaac and Lucy Fairchild, Mt. Pleasant, Brant County, Ontario, which was also the home of Francis Gore Fairchild and his children, including Isaac Ernest Fairchild, the writer of the article referred to.

This cemetery has been visited by the writer and his daughter Mildred, who have taken copies of many of the inscriptions on the monuments therein and also snapshot pictures thereof, but have not the space to set them out in this work.

It is more than probable that Chief Joseph Brant, the Mohawk Indian Chief, endeavoring to assist his own people, had suggested to Benjamin Fairchild, Jr., and the captives, the advantages of a trading post and store in his territory. He was well acquainted with the ways of the white man. He had visited England and had been received with considerable eclat by the nobility there. He had acted as interpreter in various treaties with Indian tribes, and as secretary to a missionary, and had translated portions of the New Testament into the Mohawk Indian language, and later visited England again to secure some concessions for his people and to raise funds with which to build the Mohawk Indian church, which, I believe, is still standing near Brantford, and which was the first church ever built in Ontario. He was evidently anxious to acquaint his people with the ways of the white man. After the war he lived like an English gentleman in his home near Lake Ontario until his death.

The following is quoted from Stone's *Life of Joseph Brant*, Vol. 2, p. 396, with reference to the foresight of Brant and his desire to prepare his people for the change in their manner of living which he knew was inevitable:

"The termination of Brant's military life brought not therewith a state of inactivity. The proverbial indolence of his race in regard to all matters, except the warpath and the chase, was not characteristic of him. On the contrary, the history of man scarcely supplies a parallel instance of such active service, as well in the council as in the field, as was performed by this celebrated man from the day he first fleshed his youthful tomahawk at Lake George, until his death more than half a century afterwards. The war of the Revolution being ended, it has already been seen that he early thereafter directed his attention to the improvement of the moral and social condition of his nation. Nor did he lose sight of this object during the years of his active interposition in the complicated affairs of the western nations with the United States.

"Mention has been made in a former chapter of the difficulties in which, subsequent to the Revolution, the Six Nations were involved, respecting their lands in the State of New York, the adjustment of which repeatedly demanded the attention of Captain Brant. There were, likewise, similar difficulties to be adjusted with the purchasers of the Connecticut reservation in Ohio, respecting which formal negotiations were held. Nor did these constitute all of his troubles. But a few years had elapsed, after the grant of the Grand River country had been obtained, before difficulties sprang up between the Indians and the Provincial Government in regard to the nature of the title by which the former were to hold their new possessions. The chief and his people supposed that the territory allotted to them had been conveyed in fee by a perfect title. But in this supposition they were disappointed. There is scarcely a finer or more inviting section of country in North America than the peninsula formed by Lake Ontario on the east, Lake Erie on the south and Lake Huron on the west—through

the heart of which flows the Grand River. The Indians therefore had not been long in the occupancy of their new country before white settlers began to plant themselves down in their neighborhood. To a man of Brant's sagacity it was at once obvious that in such an attractive region of country the approach of the white man would soon circumscribe the hunting grounds of his people within the narrow boundaries of their own designated territory. He also saw, and without regret, that the effect would be to drive his people from the hunter to the agricultural state; in which case, while his territory was too small for the former, it would be far larger than was necessary for the latter condition of life. * * *

"There was another consideration connected with his desire to make sales and leases of land to white settlers. He was anxious to promote the civilization of his people; and in his first negotiations with General Haldimand, after the close of the war, he made provision for the erection of a church and schoolhouse. It is an interesting fact, that the first temple erected for the worship of the true God in Upper Canada (Ontario) was built by the Chief of a people recently pagan; the first bell which summoned the people to the house of prayer in that province on the Christian Sabbath, was carried thither by him. In the furtherance of his plans of civilization, the Chief knew very well that the increasing contiguous white population would be the means of introducing such of the common arts and employments of life as would materially contribute to the comfort and happiness of his people, while at the same time their progress in civilization would be greatly accelerated."

It was not long after the erection of this first church in Ontario by Chief Joseph Brant that the old Boston Baptist Church was erected a short distance from it, southeast from Brantford, and Peter Fairchild "was formally installed as its first pastor, October 21st, 1806."

It is also more than probable that Benjamin Fairchild, Jr., while a captive, living with the Mohawk Indians, being able to render valuable assistance to the Mohawks as an interpreter, made trips to various points where the Indians could trade their pelts and skins for guns, ammunition, blankets, beads, etc. At any rate, whatever the reason, the subject of a trading post and store was mentioned at the meeting of the captives and the searching party at the Niagara River crossing, as set out in the obituary printed in the Brantford Expositor hereinbefore mentioned in Chapter XVII, for that was the reason given by Isaac Fairchild for continuing his journey into the Indian country after he had met his brother, Benjamin Fairchild, Jr., returning home. Later, Benjamin returned to Ontario to settle.

Isaac Fairchild first established his trading post and store at Port Credit on the north shore of Lake Ontario, a short distance northeast from Burlington Bay (where later Isaac Brant was killed), and later he established a store and trading post on what is now known as Fairchild Creek, in Brant County, On-

tario, where he traded with the Indians several years before white settlers began to settle in Brant County.

The site of this trading post and store on Fairchild Creek was pointed out to the writer on the map of Brant County by Courtland Charles Fairchild, Civil Engineer, while in his office in Brantford, September, 1938.

According to the Records and Archives of Canada, herein set out, Benjamin Fairchild, Jr., the Indian interpreter, settled at Niagara. But doubtless this was after he had assisted his brother Isaac with the trading post and store and after settlement of Ontario had commenced.

At this point the writer calls attention to the fact that there was a white man who lived with the Indians and had married an Indian woman, whom the Indians called in their language, "Whiteman," and who died on what is now called Whiteman's Creek, west from Brantford. He was the first white man buried in the cemetery at Burford, but whether this man was an actual settler, or lived the roving life of the Indians cannot be ascertained. No one appears to know what his name was, except the English version of the name given him by the Indians.

As the history of the Canadian branch of the Fairchild family is somewhat connected with the Mohawk Indians in Brant County, Ontario, and their Chief, Joseph Brant, and apparently the Mohawks left their former homes in New York State and went to Ontario about the time that Benjamin Fairchild, Jr., was taken there as a captive, and frequent references are made to Chief Joseph Brant and his people in this work, the following historical facts and records, in addition to those heretofore cited, will aid in establishing dates and other data in connection with this genealogy and greatly assist the reader in understanding the conditions existing during the time about which this is written:

Joseph Brant (Thayendanegea) was born on the Ohio in 1742 while his father and family were making an excursion there (see History of Brant County, Ontario, pages 85 and 86, and other histories cited herein). He was educated at the Moor Charity School at Lebanon, Connecticut (see histories hereinbefore cited and History of Brant County, Ontario, page 106). He made a speech in England in 1776 and he and his wife were received with considerable eclat by the nobility in England. He was commissioned as a Captain in the English Army and probably attained the rank of Colonel, although this is not at all clear

(see History of Brant County, Ontario, and quotation therein from the History of Schoharie County, New York). He appeared among the Indians in the raids in the Mohawk River country and was present at the massacre of the settlement of Springfield on Otsego Lake in New York, in 1776, also at German Flats in 1778 (see the above mentioned histories).

Some historians state that Joseph Brant was sent to the Rev. Eleazer Wheelock's Indian School at Lebanon, Connecticut, (see General Reference Library).

The following quotation is taken from the New Americanized Encyclopaedia, Vol. XI, page 550:

"Brant, Joseph, an Indian Chief, known as Thayendanege; born in Ohio about 1742, died near Lake Ontario, Nov. 24, 1807. It is thought that he was a grandson of one of the five Indian kings who visited England in 1711, and who was mentioned by Addison in the Spectator. At the age of 13 he accompanied his two elder brothers, who under the Mohawk king, Hendrick, participated in Sir William Johnson's campaign against the French at Lake George. He was sent to the Indian School at Lebanon, Connecticut, became interpreter to a missionary in 1772, and was frequently employed by Sir William Johnson as an agent among various tribes. On the death of Sir William, he became secretary to his son-in-law, Colonel Guy Johnson. During the Revolution the Mohawks adhered to the British, and Brant went to England, where he had access to the nobility; and his portrait was painted by Romney. In 1776 he returned to Canada, and received a commission in the British Army, in which he attained the rank of Colonel. He participated in the battle of Oriskany, Aug. 6, 1777, and led the Indians on many raids on the borders of New York; but he was not present at the massacre of Wyoming. In revenge for the destruction of Newtown (near Elmira) by General Sullivan in 1779, Brant laid waste the Mohawk Valley with 300 Indians and Tories. After the war, the Six Nations found they had no mention in the treaty, and Brant asked for a tract of land on the north shore of Lake Erie, which was granted. He visited England again in 1785; raised funds to build a church, and received compensation to repair the losses his nation had suffered in supporting the English. In 1791 he was present at the defeat of General St. Clair on the Miami River. In his late years he was troubled by efforts to drive the Mohawks from their settlement, and by conspiracies in which Red Jacket was conspicuous. Later he visited the United States, but those who had suffered from his raids feared and hated him and his life was often threatened. His youngest son, John, became a chief and took part in the war of 1812."

A copy of the picture of Chief Joseph Brant, painted by Romney, above referred to, is found in the History of the United States, by John Fiske, on page 226, with the following footnote:

"After a picture belonging to the Earl of Warwick, painted by G. G. Romney; The spelling Brandt is incorrect. His Indian name as he wrote it was Thayendanegea, pronounced Ta-yen-da-naw-ga. He was the most

remarkable Indian known to history. He was a full-blooded Mohawk, not a half-breed as is sometimes incorrectly said. He was well educated and a devout member of the Episcopal Church, and translated the prayer book and parts of the New Testament into the Mohawk language. The combination of missionary and war chief in him was most curious." (See also the same picture of Joseph Brant in Stone's Life of Brant where this picture is found and a later picture of him is also found).

This history of the United States by John Fiske further states with reference to some of the engagements during the Revolutionary War that:

"St. Leger's little army was having strange and wild adventure in the primeval forests. In what is now Onedia County near the site of Rome there was a stronghold called Ft. Stanwix. St. Leger advancing from Oswego laid siege to this fort on the 3rd day of August (1777). On the 6th a force of 800 militia led by General Nicholas Herkimer was marching to relieve the fort, when in a deep ravine near Oriskany he fell into an ambush prepared by the great Mohawk Chieftain, Joseph Brant. The battle which ensued was the fiercest and most obstinate in the Revolutionary War. Each side could claim the victory. Herkimer, mortally wounded, drove the enemy away, but was obliged to retreat from the scene. The same day the garrison at Ft. Stanwix made a sortie and sacked a part of St. Leger's camp, capturing five British flags. They hoisted these flags upside down and raised above them a rude flag made of scraps of a blue jacket and a white shirt, with some bits of red flannel. Congress had in June adopted a national banner of stars and stripes and this was the first time it was ever hoisted." (See John Fiske's History of the United States, page 226. See, also, Lossing's Field Book of the Revolution, and other works cited herein).

The Indian Church founded by Chief Joseph Brant or Captain Brant, as he is also called, I believe, still stands near Brantford, Ontario, and post card pictures of it can be obtained in Brantford. This was the first church ever erected in Ontario. A very fine monument has been erected in honor of Joseph Brant in Victoria Square in the center of Brantford.

According to the Brantford Expositor of May 3, 1883, the City Council of Brantford contributed \$2500.00 to the manumment fund to aid in its completion (see post card pictures of this church and monument in the back part of this work).

December, 1938, I received a snapshot picture of this Mohawk Indian Church, founded by Chief Joseph Brant about 1785, and probably built about 1790, which picture was taken by Nora V. Fairchild of Brantford, and furnished by her for this work. In her letter containing the picture she states:

"I am enclosing a snapshot I took some years ago of the Mohawk Church which shows the stone over Brant's grave in the background on the right hand side."

Quoting again from Stone's Life of Brant with reference to this church:

"There was another consideration connected with his desire to make sales and leases of land to white settlers. He was anxious to promote the civilization of his people; and in his first negotiations with General Haldimand, after the close of the war, he made provision for the erection of a church and schoolhouse. It is an interesting fact that the first temple erected for the worship of the true God in Upper Canada (Ontario) was built by the Chief of a people recently pagan; the first bell which summoned the people to the house of prayer in that province on the Christian Sabbath was carried thither by him."

It was also interesting to the writer to note that not long after the erection of this Mohawk Indian Church near Brantford, and only a short distance from it, the old Boston Baptist Church was erected about three miles northeast of Boston, which was probably the first church, or at least one of the very first churches ever erected by white men in the Province of Ontario. Quoting from the information received from James J. Talman while in Toronto, herein set out, as follows:

"Peter Fairchild married Sarah Fuller in New Jersey (?). He settled in the Township of Townsend about three miles northeast from Boston. He was the first pastor of the 'Old Boston Baptist Church' being formally installed in Oct. 1806."

E. A. Owen in his Pioneer Sketches of the Long Point Settlement, writes:

"Elder Peter Fairchild married Sarah Fuller in New Jersey, and when the Province of Upper Canada was only about three years old, he came with his family and settled in the wilderness about three miles northeast of Boston. They came in advance of the surveyor and it was several years before they had a neighbor. Shortly after the arrival of the Corlisses and Beals the three families convened under the trees, near the spot where the old graveyard is located, and covenanted with each other as a preliminary step towards the organization of a Baptist Church. This occurred Oct. 21, 1804, and on Nov. 9, the following year the church was formally organized. On the 21st day of Oct. 1806, Elder Peter Fairchild was regularly installed as pastor, a position he held for fourteen consecutive years."

The family traditions and also the historical sketch with reference to the Fairchild family printed in the Brantford Expositor, April 10th, 1884, when Timothy Marsh Fairchild, the second son of Isaac Fairchild and Lucy Kilbourne Fairchild, the pioneers, died, are to the effect that Isaac Fairchild was well acquainted with Chief Joseph Brant and on very friendly terms with him, although Brant was about 27 years older than Isaac Fairchild, and it is probable that Brant encouraged the establishment of this store and trading post in his territory and fostered it for

the benefit of his people. Brant was a devout church-man himself as well as a great leader of his people and he was much concerned in his efforts to civilize them, and "improve their moral and social condition."

It appears that Isaac Fairchild was a very young man when he first entered the Indian country, although probably well acquainted with frontier life. However it was common for boys of 15 to take their places beside men in all frontier activity and the fighting forces of any settlement on the frontier were numbered by counting all males over 15 years of age and even younger, for we have seen that Brant was on the warpath at Lake George at 13, and Isaac Fairchild was about 17 years of age when he first entered the Indian country in Ontario. His grandson, Isaac Fairchild, was only 18 when he left his home in Brant County, Ontario, and came to the raw prairies of Iowa.

In Isaac Fairchild's own accounts of his trading with the Indians he frequently referred to the hardships he endured while freighting his supplies on a sled drawn by hand 30 miles through the primeval forest from the source of supplies on Lake Ontario.

It is also more than likely that the brother, Benjamin Fairchild, Jr., while a captive, had accompanied the Mohawks to various points on the lakes to act as interpreter in their trading with the whites, before Isaac had left New York State, for it is reasonable to believe that his services as an interpreter would have been of great assistance to the Indians in their trading with the whites, and the presence of a white boy among the Indians, at that time, would scarcely raise a question among frontier traders, or on the lake boats stopping at various points along the lakes for the purpose of trading.

CHAPTER XXIV

In the year 1927 the Brantford Expositor issued an anniversary number of 144 pages, twelve inches wide and approximately 16 inches long, containing many photographs and interesting facts regarding the people of Brantford, on the front cover of which is the following:

1877 SEMI-CENTENNIAL 1927
INCORPORATION OF THE CITY OF BRANTFORD
THE
BRANTFORD EXPOSITOR
ANNIVERSARY NUMBER
DIAMOND JUBILEE
OF
CONFEDERATION

From the Editorial Foreword I am quoting the following:

"The year 1927 is a memorable one in the history of Brantford. It marks the occasion of the Hundreth Anniversary of the selection of the name Brantford, in honor of Brant's ford, for the then village, the Fiftieth Anniversary of its incorporation as a city, and the Seventy-fifth of the founding of The Expositor. Contemporaneously with these local anniversaries occurs the Diamond Jubilee of the Confederation. Any one of these occurrences would be an event of supreme importance, but when they are combined they become an occasion of the greatest historic significance. In commemoration of these noteworthy happenings, The Expositor has prepared and published this illustrated number containing a comprehensive history of the Progress of Brantford during the last hundred years, but more particularly of the last half century. The narrative is one of thrilling interest, historic reality, and romantic charm. . . .

"Brantford is also a city of thrilling historic interest. The city by its name, recalls the famous Mohawk chief and warrior, Joseph Brant, the faithful friend and ally of the British crown in the war of 1776. Here are the old Mohawk church, with its silver communion service and Bible, the gift of Queen Anne, and the churchyard and tomb of the famous chief. In Victoria Park stands the stately and symbolic monument, erected by the city which bears his name, to commemorate his noble qualities, his valor and allegiance to the British crown. Here also are the Bell Homestead, where the Bell family lived, and where the telephone was invented by Professor Graham Bell, and also the beautiful Bell gardens enclosing the noble monument, to proclaim for all time the fact that the telephone was invented in Brantford."

On page 3 of this anniversary issue of The Expositor is a brief history of the Grand River valley, in which reference is made to its being visited for the first time by a white man, Father La Roche Dailon, who visited the region in 1626 and found 28 villages of the Attiwandaron Indians, who were subsequently

annihilated by the Iroquois, who did not occupy the region themselves but kept it for a rich hunting area. The following are excerpts from this history written by F. D. Reville:

"THE COMING OF THE SIX NATIONS"

"In 1784 the hitherto quiet valley of the Grand River had the silence disturbed as by canoe and otherwise several hundred Indians, with Brant at their head, arrived at the bend in the stream near the present site of the Mohawk church. The great war of the Revolution was over and Frederick Haldimand, captain-general, and governor-in-chief, had signed the deed whereby the Six Nations were given six miles of land on each side of the Ouse (Grand) River, from Lake Erie to the head of said body of water. It was in lieu of territory lost by them in the Mohawk Valley of what is now New York State, because of their adherence to the British cause. The red men has migrated along trails known to themselves, but not all of them came to this location. A portion preferred to settle on the Bay of Quinte, so that the number coming here was about 1400, though the present reserve has a population of over 4000. The Grand River territory had been purchased from the Mississauga Indians, although they had apparently only a nominal title. The whole line of the river on each side of Mohawk village, was settled by Indians in their original state, and the beautiful stream meandered between wooded slopes. . . .

"ERECTION OF MOHAWK CHURCH"

"One of the pledges of Haldimand was that 'a church shall be built wherever the Mohawks shall settle and a clergyman be established for them.' It was in accordance with this obligation that the famous old Mohawk church was erected in 1785, and now bears the legend 'St. Paul's, His Majesty's Chapel of the Mohawks. Erected by King George III, 1785. The first Church to be built in Ontario.' Brant was on a visit to England at the time of the construction and the popular notion that he was in the Old Land to collect funds for the edifice is not borne out by the facts. The erection was in fulfillment of Haldimand's pledge. However, he probably had a part in the promise of the place of worship, as in 1772-73 he became subject to serious religious impressions and was a regular communicant. The first bell, which was ever heard in the call to worship in Ontario, is now housed under a canopy close to the front entrance, bearing the inscription, 'John Warner, Fleet Street, London, 1786.' In 1873 it became cracked and was disposed of for old metal, but rescued just as it was about to be broken up. The timber for the church was cut in the neighborhood of Paris and the logs were floated down the Grand River to the existing site. The building contract was let to John Smith. The communion plate presented by Queen Anne to the Mohawks in 1712, was one of their greatly prized treasures. They had buried it when they fled from their homes, and when later recovered four of the pieces, now in the Mohawk Institute near this city, were brought here and three were given to the Mohawk church near Deseronto. With the coming of these staunch adherents to the British cause, there arose a little trading settlement which was finally to blossom into the city of today.

"Brant lived close to the church in a well-constructed frame residence, and nearby there was a cluster of some twenty other habitations built of log and frame. There is abundant testimony that the Six Nation leader was a man well abreast of the culture of the times. It should be remembered

that when a youth he was a constant and welcome inmate of the home of Sir William Johnson, who was a great power in the Mohawk Valley from 1738 to 1774, and who became united to a sister of Brant after the death of his first wife. Sir William maintained a beautiful home, and this influence Brant carried with him when he came with his braves to the Grand River valley. In the year 1792 Captain Alexander Campbell of the 42nd regiment visited the great Indian chief at his residence near this city, and in a book of travels, which he afterwards published, he tells of his reception by the great Indian 'Captain Brant,' he wrote, 'who, well acquainted with European manners, received us with much politeness and hospitality.' He further records that Mrs. Brant appeared 'superbly dressed in the Indian fashion.' Tea was served on the 'handsomest china plate and every other furniture in proportion.' Afterwards there was music and retirement to bed, of which the 'sheets and English blankets were fine and comfortable.' Of dinner the following day he relates that it was of 'the same elegant style as the meal of the preceding evening. Two slaves attended the table, the one in scarlet, the other also in colored clothes, with silver buckles in their shoes, and ruffles, and every other part of their apparel in proportion.' Afterwards Brant had the young warriors perform the war dance. It was in February 1793 that Col. J. G. Simcoe who had been appointed Lieutenant Governor of upper Canada, paid a visit to Brant. . . . He further records a notable reception and attendance of Simcoe and his party at the service in the church and the 'devout behavior' of the congregation, and Indian performing the services. One of the incidents was the handing to Brant of a letter and a pair of pistols sent by the Duke of Northumberland, and handed to Simcoe before his departure for Canada. The Duke, whom Brant had met in England, signed himself, 'Your affectionate friend and brother.' "

(See Stone's Life of Joseph Brant for similar testimony regarding Brant's mode of living after his immigrating to Ontario).

MOHAWK INSTITUTE

On page 40 of this anniversary number of the Brantford Expositor is a picture of the Mohawk Institute showing a large two-story building with more than one hundred Indian boys and girls in front of the school with the following paragraph with reference to this Indian school:

"While not a civic institution, one which is closely linked with Brantford and which, in point of history, extends to the earliest days of this city named after the famous Six Nation chief, the Mohawk Indian Institute, founded in 1831 by the New England company, London, England, is one which meets the specific needs of the Six Nation Indians. It is a boarding school for the children from the nearby Tuscarora reserve, and is located on three hundred acres of excellent land. This enables the carrying out of the dual instruction system, based on the theoretical and practical work in the school room and practical work on the farm itself, for the boys, and domestic life for the girls. For many years the head of this institution and the rector of His Majesty's Chapel Royal of the Mohawks (familiarily known as the Mohawk church), was Rev. Robert Ashton, who was succeeded

by Major A. Nelles Ashton, and he by Rev. C. M. Turnell. The present heads are Major and Mrs. Sidney Rodgers. The choir of the Mohawk church, it should be noted, is formed from the pupils of the Mohawk Institute, who this term numbered 125."

As the Sturgis, Hardy, Westbrook and Fairchild families intermarried, and I found an early picture in the old family album of a relative named Sturgis, reputed to have been the founder of Sturgis City, Michigan, the following paragraphs taken from this anniversary number of the Brantford Expositor may prove to be of interest to some of the members of the Canadian branch of the family of Fairchild:

"JOHN WESTBROOK—A grandson of Major John Westbrook, one of the earliest Brant County pioneers, John W. Westbrook was born in 1880 on his father's farm, four miles east of Cainsville. His entire career in the matter of public office has proved one of early achievements. He was only 23 when first elected a member of the Brantford Township Council, next becoming reeve and then deputy-reeve. In 1911 he was elected as the Conservative member for North Brant in the Ontario House and was the youngest man then in the Legislative Assembly. In 1914 he was chosen as sheriff of the County of Brant, and was also the youngest appointee ever selected for that post."

The following excerpt of a paragraph from this anniversary issue of the Brantford Expositor with reference to the Honorable A. S. Hardy is of considerable interest to the writer of this work for the reason that not only was the subject of the sketch born in Mount Pleasant the same year that the writer's father was born there, but he also attended the same old Mount Pleasant Academy which the writer's father attended.

"Hon. A. S. Hardy—To Arthur Sturgis Hardy belongs the honor of having been the only native son of Brant County to attain premier honors. The Hardy family originally belonged to the resolute band of Covenanters of Scotland. They were the members of that section whose numbers ultimately found a refuge in the north of Ireland, and it was from that country that Captain John Hardy came to America and settled near Philadelphia prior to the Revolutionary War. After that period he was among the U. E. Loyalists who came to Canada, settling near Queenston Heights, and along with him came a younger brother, Alexander, who later moved into Brant County near Canning, where he erected a mill. His youngest son, Russell, married Juletta Sturgis, daughter of one of the first settlers of Mount Pleasant, so that on both sides, their children, including A. S. Hardy, were descended from pioneer Brant County stock. The future statesman was born in 1837 in a house in the village and first attended the common school there and then an academy presided over by W. W. Nellis, a most scholarly man. Later he went to Rockwood Academy, near Guelph, and then commenced the study of law in the office of his uncle, H. A. Hardy, then prac-

tieng in Brantford. . . . In 1872, when 35 years of age, he was offered the Liberal nomination in North Brant, but refused. The following year E. B. Wood resigned his seat in the Ontario Legislature to run for the Dominion House in West Durham, and Mr. Hardy this time accepted the call from the South Brant Liberals. He defeated his opponent, J. J. Hawkins, by 189, and from that time until his retirement in 1899 he went through election after election without sustaining a defeat in all the 27 years, the only man in either local riding to have such a unique record. He at once took a leading place in the Legislature, and in the short space of three years he was asked to become a member of the Mowat cabinet. On July 1st, 1896, he became premier and attorney-general, when Sir Oliver Mowat resigned to enter the Laurier cabinet at Ottawa. In 1899 ill health caused him to leave public life altogether, and he withdrew from the scene which he had so conspicuously graced for so many years. Two years later, June 13, 1901, he passed away in his sixty-fifth year and was laid to rest in Greenwood cemetery."